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Australia
1903-1906

1903

SEARL & SONS'

CATALOGUE AND GARDENING GUIDE

SEEDSMEN, NURSERYMEN, FLORISTS.

86 KING ST SYDNEY

ROSE GROUNDS. BURWOOD & ASHFIELD

NURSERY: BOTANY

SEARLS' SOVEREIGN SEEDS

SEARLE & SONS

Searl & Sons'

Catalogue

AND

Gardening Guide

FOR

1905

Cable Address:
"MYOSOTIS."

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Our 1905 Catalogue.

IN presenting our 1905 Catalogue, we have much pleasure in stating that in addition to our Nurseries at Botany, Ashfield and Burwood, we are now opening out land at Exeter, on the Southern Line, intended more especially for the cultivation of **Trees, Plants, Shrubs, &c.,** which thrive best in a cool climate. We would specially draw the attention of our numerous Victorian, Tasmanian and other cool climate Patrons to this last addition to our facilities, as we feel sure it will enable us to extend our business with them to mutual advantage. The vast collections of ornamental and other Plants in the several departments of our Nurseries have brought forth expressions of surprise from numerous visitors, and we can confidently assert that they are unequalled in the Commonwealth.

The sales of **Searl's Sovereign Seeds** during the past year has increased beyond our most sanguine expectations and proves that our assertions in the 1904 Catalogue as to their thorough reliability was quite justified. Though we have cause to place complete confidence in the European and American Houses from which we obtain our supplies, we may be pardoned for here stating that our vast Horticultural experience in our various nurseries enables us personally to form a very accurate opinion of the productive value of every kind of seed we import. We test all seeds before we offer them for sale.

We have had an enormous sale of **Yoko Mats** during the year, and we are glad to say that the "Yoko" is still high in public favour. It is evidently one of those articles which has come to stay. It is really too useful and ornamental to prove evanescent. We desire also to draw public attention to the **"Gate" and "Fence" Flower Vases** and the **Celluloid Flower Pot Covers.** The Vases are of varied rustic design, and filled with flowers, have a very pleasing appearance. Both these beautiful articles can be made very useful in home ornamentation, and are well worth inspection.

GERBERA JAMESONI (the Scarlet Daisy of South Africa).—After considerable effort and patience we have succeeded in bringing this lovely plant into seed bearing condition, and shall be able to place a limited supply on the market this season. Early application will be necessary. In another part of this Catalogue will be found an inset, on colored paper, containing an engraving and description of this newest of wonders in floral beauty and gracefulness.

Accurate and prompt despatch of every order with which we are favoured is a *sine qua non* both in our shop and nurseries, and to secure these important business conditions, we have supplied them all with every convenience for meeting the wishes of our patrons. We always hold a large stock of **Decorative Palms** and other plants at 86 King Street, so as to meet very urgent demands in the shortest possible time.

We have again selected (from volumes of correspondence), a few letters from patrons conveying their opinions about Plants, &c., sent by us to their orders, as well as about our method of doing business. These letters may help to give you confidence that you will be treated fairly in every way should you favour us with your kind patronage.

We are very much pleased at the many proofs we have had during the past year of the uniform satisfaction we have been able to afford our patrons, and we would assure them that no effort shall be wanting on our part to meet their requirements in the future and still further justify the confidence with which our numerous friends have honored us.

J. T. SEARL.
F. H. SEARL.

SEARL & SONS.

SEARL & SONS'

Business Memoranda.

PLANT ORDERS

should be separated from Seed Orders, as the departments are separate. But seeds will meet plants from Nursery at our King Street Depôt, and thus be forwarded in one consignment when convenient.

Plants.—Those not listed in this Catalogue have been omitted in favor of more recent introductions. All orders received are subject to the possibility of some plants not being in stock at the time. It is impossible that all varieties can be had at all times of the year. **When we have not the varieties in stock, careful substitution will be made, excepting the customer wishes otherwise,** or perhaps he could add a few extra names for the purpose.

WHEN GIVING ORDERS.

Purchasers, when giving orders, should send their address in full, with directions as to route and to whose care they should be consigned.

ORDERS ON SEPARATE SHEETS.

Customers are particularly requested to make up their orders on separate sheets, together with address and mode of forwarding goods. If the order be a small one, it may be written in a letter, but we would advise each article to be written separately down the page. (See special Order Sheet).

OUR PACKING.

Packing receives our usual good attention, of which our clients of the past are fully aware, and the charges we make are as low as possible, cases and material only being charged for.

CARRIAGE OF GOODS.

We deliver all goods **Free** throughout City and Suburbs. Retail Orders for Seeds (except heavy goods, such as Peas and Beans) **Post Free** to any part of the Commonwealth.

Things you should not miss: The novelties listed on coloured pages, and the *Gerbera Jamiesoni* leaflet.

POSTAL CONVENIENCES.

The Parcels Post System for Seeds, Plants, and Cut Flowers is simple and economical, and we receive very flattering testimonials as to arrival of Flowers in good condition. (See Rates of Postage in another part).

REMITTANCES.

Crossed Cheques (on any bank), Postal and Post Office Orders payable at Sydney. Small amounts may be remitted in stamps. **No receipts sent for sums of 2/6 and under unless stamp is enclosed to cover postage.** Cash or satisfactory references required from new customers.

The full worth of their money to all, is the broad principle in which we always deal, and we refer to our reputation as evidence that we act up to the precept.

COME AND INSPECT.

We cordially invite inspection of our stock, which is larger than hitherto, more varied, and in the best condition. Our customers will, in examining our lists, observe that we have added many of the latest novelties to our stock, for which we are charging most reasonable prices.

Come and see our Nurseries, we give to lovers of flowers a most cordial invitation.

Our aim has always been, and will continue to be to make the name of "**SEARL'S**" and the word "**reliable**" synonymous.

Errors.—We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer; yet, in our busy season, errors sometimes occur. On such occasions, if notified, we shall see that satisfactory correction is made.

Complaints. unless made within twenty-one days after receipt of goods, will not be entertained.

Searls' Kitchen Garden Calendar

JANUARY.—Sowing should be made of French Beans, Sweet corn, Beet (both Red and Silver), Early Horn Carrot, Lettuce, Onions, Radish, Spinach, Turnip, Mustard and Cress, Cabbage, Brussels Sprouts, Savoy, Kohl-Rabi, Cauliflower and Broccoli. These should be sown in protected seed-beds. Shade and moisture must be afforded until the seedlings are well up. Although the cutting of Asparagus is over for the season, the plants should not be neglected ; they should be watered in dry weather, and a good mulching is essential to induce strong growths. Tomatoes are growing vigorously and require frequent thinning.

The bitter taste in the cucumber is caused by the action of the sun's rays on the fruit. So long as a cucumber remains in the shade of the foliage, it retains its pleasant flavor ; when, however, the rigidity of the leaves relaxes through great sun heat, and the latter offers but little shade, the fruit becomes bitter. The obvious means to employ are—shade for the fruit, good culture, and abundance of water.

Good plantings of celery should now be made. For the successful cultivation of this valuable vegetable it is necessary that the ground should be deeply worked, heavily manured, and the crop never allowed to suffer from lack of moisture. The land should be trenched to a depth of two feet. Then throw out a trench about eighteen inches deep, and about the same in width, the soil to be thrown well back on either side of the trench, so that it may not fall back in dry weather or be washed back with heavy rains. It is better that the sides scope out a little at the top ; this has the advantage of receiving more rain, and there is less risk of the soil crumbling and falling to the bottom. When ready, a layer of good rotten farm-yard manure, five or six inches deep, should be placed in the trenches and dug in ; unless the soil be fairly friable and good, it may be necessary to add two or three inches of prepared compost, in which the plants are to be set about nine inches apart.

FEBRUARY.—Unless there are ample facilities for watering, shading and mulching, it is better to defer the sowing of seeds until next month, when the chances are that good rains will fall and cooler conditions prevail. In the meantime preparations may be made for winter cropping by digging and manuring vacant ground. If it is intended to break up new land, do it now, while there is not much routine work. It costs a trifle more to manipulate land in dry weather than it does when the soil is moist ; but for various reasons the work is better done when the ground is rather dry than wet. It is also better to turn over the soil a month or two before it is cropped ; the beneficial influences of the sun, rain and air are considerable. The efficient draining of land is the first consideration, and should be done prior to digging. Many light, sandy soils do not require draining ; but that lying very low, or adjoining swamps, or even high land with a clayey subsoil or of an impervious nature, should be thoroughly drained.

Vegetable marrows are a good stand-by through the summer, for if plenty of water be given the plants, plenty of manure as a mulch, and if the fruits are cut while still quite small, there will be a continuance of fruit until the autumn. The bearing laterals may require to be stopped, and if the shoots are well pegged down to the ground and a little soil or rotten manure placed over the joints here and there, fresh plants will be formed, and there will be a succession of young fruits. Cucumber plants may be served the same as the marrows. The ripening of rock melons is benefited by placing the fruits on a bit of wood or slate —anything to prevent the soil from imparting an earthy taste.

Celery must have plenty of water while the dry weather lasts, for if the plants are allowed to get dry at the roots they may run to seed ; besides, the growth should never be checked if first-class celery is wanted.

Saladings are in great request now. With an abundance of water and manure it is possible to keep up a supply of lettuces, radishes, young onions, cress, mustard, etc.

MARCH.—A good rich soil is necessary, and should the plants be allowed to become stunted from lack of moisture, they will develop worthless heads, and not large handsome flowers. Strong plants can be purchased from our firm.

For ordinary use, the smaller-headed cauliflowers are the more suitable, and these should be planted in rows thirty inches apart and twenty inches apart in the row.

Broccoli requires similar treatment to the cauliflower. The former is the more hardy plant, and when grown in a very rich and moist soil will produce enormous heads. Young plants put out within the next month will succeed the first crop of cauliflowers. Both these vegetables should be planted in a change of ground.

Brussels sprouts does best in a cool climate, but with an abundance of moisture and a rich soil excellent sprouts are grown. A strong loam suits the plant best, but any ordinary garden soil will suit if plenty of manure be added. Plant in rows two feet apart and eighteen inches apart in the row.

Keep the soil well stirred, so that when the rain does come it may sink in. Most soils are now thoroughly dry, and it is necessary that every drop of moisture should be conserved.

With the first good rains make sowings of early carrot, beet, endive, lettuce, leek, onion, parsnip, parsley, radish, spinach, and a full crop of turnip. In small seed-beds, for transplanting from, sow cabbage, cauliflower, savoy, Brussels sprouts, and borecole. In warm soils good crops of peas may be produced during the winter, but in many localities they are often a failure when sown now.

APRIL.—If Aphis attack the young plants of cabbage, cauliflower, &c., spraying with tobacco water and soapsuds is a good remedy ; the suds alone, if strong and frequently applied, will destroy the pest, and there are numerous other effective insecticides.

Onions especially should be sown largely within the next week or two. This crop is such an important one that a few words are necessary on its cultivation. The common method of growing the Onion is to sow the seed where the plants are to remain, but others adopt the plan of sowing the seeds in a small bed, and then, when the plants are a fair size, to transplant them into their permanent positions. Transplanted bulbs are said to be less likely to take disease than the others, and there is the advantage of not having so much ground to keep clean. The onion crop must be kept free of weeds if fine bulbs are wanted. Deepness and richness of soil are essential in onion growing.

Celery plants should be largely planted ; remember that this vegetable needs an abundance of manure. The earlier raised plants will now require earthing up ; this should not be done when the soil is wet or clammy.

Make good sowings of peas in districts and soils where they thrive ; in cold and wet districts peas do not do well in the winter months. A first sowing of broad beans may be made ; also sow lightly of red and silver beet, if needed, early-horn, carrot, lettuce, endive, leek, onion, parsley, parsnip, radish, spinach, and turnip. In localities not subject to frost, a planting of early kinds of potatoes should be made. Eschalots, potato onions, tree onions, and garlic may also be planted.

MAY.—The potato onion is of easy culture, and will furnish well-flavoured bulbs many months before the ordinary onion crop is fit to be harvested. It has the advantage over the annual kinds of always producing good-sized bulbs. A fairly rich loam suits its best, and if dressings of wood-ashes can be given so much the better. The plant seldom perfects its seeds, and is propagagated each year by planting the bulbs. These may be planted now or in the spring. Plant in rows two feet apart, and one foot apart in the row, covering the crown of the bulb with about two inches of soil.

Shallots require very similar treatment ; the bulbs may be planted at almost any time ; they should be planted closer than the potato onion. The plant is very hardy, and the bulbs can be used at almost any season. Many persons prefer the shallot to the onion for frying with steak, etc., and for flavouring soups, sauces, etc. They are excellent when pickled. The tree onion is very prolific and hardy. Instead of producing seeds at the top of the stalk, small bulbs are produced, suitable for pickling. These small bulbs can also be planted, when they will produce large bulbs, similar to those raised from seed. The large bulbs will also produce small ones on their stalks. Plant in rich soil now, or in the spring, in rows eighteen inches apart, and about nine inches in the row ; the distance must be governed by the size of the bulbs.

Sow a full crop of peas, broad beans, radish, leek, and cabbage ; and a smaller sowing of lettuce, onion, turnip, and spinach. Make a planting of garlic, shallots, potato onions and tree onion bulbs, asparagus roots, winter Rhubarb, horse radish, herb roots, and celery plants in trenches

JUNE.—Sow cabbage, Brussels sprouts, and borecolé. All members of the cabbage or brassica family are ravenous feeders, and must have good supplies of manure and moisture, so that the plants may grow quickly and be tender and of a delicate flavour. For the colder districts borecole or kale is well adapted, and is thought to be improved by frost.

Broad beans, and some early varieties of peas, early-horn carrot, lettuce, silver and red beet, spinach, leek, onion, parsley, radish, and turnip may be sown in favourable localities ; but in cold soils it is better to wait a little longer. If hand weeding or thinning of seedlings must be done while the ground is wet, do not tread upon the soddened land, but put down thin boards to walk upon.

Pay attention to the thinning out crops. If this work is left until the plants are a good size, those which remain are weakened.

Plant out winter rhubarb, asparagus, and horse radish roots, herbs, eschalots, garlic.

If any work of a preparatory nature, such as trenching and draining, has been neglected, it would be well to get on with it while the weather remains suitable. The rubbish heap may need looking to ; the decayed portion should be wheeled out on to the ground to be cropped, and the rest should be turned over, and if dry its decomposition would be hastened by being well watered.

JULY.—Good sowings may be made of early peas, shorthorn carrot, broad beans, and lettuce. Light sowings may be made of turnip, red and silver beet, cress, mustard, radish, leek, and parsley. A few early potatoes should also be planted in districts not much subject to frosts. A kind which does well in one locality does not always thrive in another. Both soil and climate seem to influence this tuber. The Early Rose, Lapstone Kidney, Early Vermont, Myatt's Ashleaf, and Beauty of Hebron are all good early and second early varieties. Plant medium-sized sets, whole sets for choice, about one foot apart in the row, and two feet from row to row ; leave one strong eye to each, rubbing off all the rest ; plant tubers six inches deep, and the selected site should be a sheltered one.

Plantings of Jerusalem artichokes may be made now, or at any time before they commence to make fresh growth. The roots will grow in almost any kind of soil, but like most other things they thrive best when afforded liberal treatment ; a deep and light sandy soil, with manure added, will grow excellent tubers. Plant in rows three feet apart, four inches deep, and about one foot apart in the row. Large tubers may be divided for planting, but it is better to use entire sets of medium size. The New White has but few eyes, and these are shallow ; this is of excellent flavour, and is in every way superior to the common kind of artichoke.

If not already done, plants of cabbage and cauliflower may still be set out, taking care that the soil is well manured.

Searls' Kitchen Garden Calendar

AUGUST.—In seed-sowing and plant-raising, have the soil rather dry than wet and cloggy. The depth at which seeds should be buried is important. Small seeds require to be sown in very shallow drills ; some kinds should be only barely covered ; large seeds, such as beans and peas, may be covered to a depth of about 2 in. In light, sandy soils seeds may be sown a trifle deeper than in heavy loams, and in the summer or in dry weather they should be a little deeper than in a wet or cold period. Sow all kinds of seeds in drills ; the seed goes much farther, it is distributed more regularly, and afterwards the plants are more easily thinned and weeded than when broadcasted. It is most important that the seeds be of the best quality ; not only should they be fresh, but pure of their kinds. A few persons make a habit of saving their own seeds, but there is no economy in this. It is generally better to procure what you want from a respectable seedsman. Trenched or deeply dug land is usually more productive, and retains the moisture better than that which is only lightly dug. The seed-bed may be rich, but the seeds should not come in contact with strong manures, especially those of a chemical nature. Seeds vary very much in the time they take to germinate ; some will sprout in a few days when the weather and soil will be favourable, while a few will take many weeks. Newly-dug ground, being moister, is more suitable for seed-sowing than that which has been exposed for some time.

Tomato plants are now procurable at the seed shops, but unless some protection is afforded to the tender, young things, or they are planted in a warm, sheltered spot, there is little chance of succeeding outside so early in the season.

Plant also rhubarb, sea-kale, and Jerusalem artichokes without further delay.

Sow peas, broad beans, beet, cabbage, cress, lettuce, mustard, onion, parsley, parsnip, radish, spinach, turnip, and (under cover) tomato, and all of the more tender annual vegetables may be sown.

SEPTEMBER.—The month of September is the busiest time in the year, for not only can almost any kind of hardy vegetable seed be sown, but towards the close of the month, and particularly in the earlier districts, seeds of most of the tenderer sorts may also be sown. There is always a certain amount of risk in sowing cucumber, tomato, marrow, and such-like seeds in the open until all fear of frost is past. It is well to hazard a little on the chance of obtaining early crops. The following may be now sown :—French beans (dwarf and tall varieties), butter beans, leek, spinach, cucumber, sweet corn, celery, Cape gooseberry, capsicum (or pepper), rhubarb, egg plant, pumpkin, vegetable marrow, squash, and tomato. Also a smaller sowing of peas, turnip, beet, lettuce, radish, carrot, parsnip, onion, and parsley Plant out tomatoes into good rich soil, and protect them until established.

OCTOBER.—Sowings of the common spinach may be made about every four weeks, but in dry, hot weather it is apt to run to seed, it becomes rough, and is useless ; hence the necessity for frequent sowings. The soil must be rich and moist. Sow in shallow drills a foot apart, thinning the plants out to about six inches. The round-seeded variety is considered the best for the summer. The New Zealand spinach (Tetragona expansa) is not a true spinach, but it makes an excellent substitute ; it wants plenty of room, is very hardy, standing the heat well,

A first sowing should now be made of sweet corn, or table maize. Sow in rich soil, in rows three feet apart, and about one foot apart in the row. Pop corn is grown in the same way, but, unlike sweet corn, the cobs are allowed to ripen ; they are then roasted. The sweet corn is used while the cobs are still green and milky.

Make sowings of beet, both red and white, French beans, Cape gooseberry, capsicum, carrot, celery, cress, cucumber, egg plant, lettuce, melon, mustard, onion, parsley, parsnip, peas, pumpkin, radish, tomato, turnip, and vegetable marrow. Plant largely of potatoes.

Cape gooseberry plants are fairly hardy about Sydney, and in some gardens may be termed a perfect weed. The seed should be sown either in a small bed, or where the plants are to remain ; four feet apart each way is a fair distance for the plants to stand, and almost any fairly good garden soil will suit them. The plant is perennial, and, by cutting back and manuring, it will last many years. The fruit is used fresh as dessert, and it makes delicious jelly and jam.

The capsicum plant wants a very rich, light, open soil, and a warm situation. Mulching, liberal waterings (occasionally with liquid manure), and freedom from weeds are essential to good cultivation. The plants should stand from two to three feet apart each way.

Make full sowings of French beans, and smaller ones of peas, red and silver beet, carrot, sweet corn, cress, endive, lettuce, radish, mustard, onion, parsley, salsify, spinach, turnip, all kinds of tender vegetables if not already done.

NOVEMBER.—Make full sowings of French beans, and smaller ones of peas, red and silver beet, carrot, sweet corn, cress, endive, lettuce, radish, mustards, onions, parsley, salsify, spinach, turnip, all kinds of tender vegetables. Full sowings of French beans should be made about every third week, and in cool localities, or where plenty of moisture may be given, peas may also be sown ; good varieties for sowing now are the Yorkshire Hero, Veitch's Perfection, or the sugar or edible-podded may be tried. If peas and beans are sown in shallow trenches, water can be more directly applied to the roots, and a light mulch should always be given in the summer.

Vegetables cannot be grown without moisture. The watering, whether by hose or can, should be thorough.

Marrows, cucumbers, and all plants of a similar nature are beginning to grow rapidly. It is necessary that good mulchings of manure be given before the vines begin to run much, and more especially where water is not plentiful ; the branches should be spread out regularly and secured in their places by pegs. If this be not done, the wind will damage the plants considerably.

Potatoes may still be planted ; the earlier crops must be kept free from weeds, and if blossoms appear they should be picked off ; to allow the plants to seed means a diminution of the crop. Tomato growers should make a point of selecting good hardy varieties, and also those which are noted for early fruiting. The plants at this period and for some time to come will need frequent attention to staking, thinning out of the shoots, mulching and watering. Plants may still be set out ; they will fruit in the autumn.

DECEMBER.—The French Bean is the most reliable of all summer crops, and affords more produce from a small space than any other vegetable. In fairly good soil, with moisture, and if the pods are not allowed to mature, the plant will continue to bear until late autumn. Steep seeds in water for a night before sowing. It is too late to sow broad beans, and peas are a risky crop in the summer unless moisture is forthcoming. Sow radish, lettuce, cress, mustard, onion, and celery may be mentioned. It is late for melons, but cucumbers and marrows will do very well. A few turnips may be tried, also parsnip, early carrot, parsley, and leek. Good sowings of red and silver or spinach beet, and seeds of cabbage, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, savoy, and other winter vegetables should be got in.

Herbs, such as thyme, savory, and marjoram, may be cut for drying just as the plants are coming into bloom. They should be tied in small bundles and hung up to dry in the shade in some cool, airy outhouse. If long exposed to the sun they lose their flavor. When thoroughly dry they should be placed in paper bags or bottles, when, if the air is excluded, they will keep fresh for a long time.

BUSH HOUSE.

We are frequently being asked for information *re* construction of a bush-house, and we answer the questions by giving a description of the bush-house we construct for plant gowing in our Nurseries. The construction is as follows :—We use for outside lines of building sawn hardwood posts, 3 x 4, which are erected 8 ft. apart, 2 ft. in the ground, 6 ft. 6in. out of ground. This height can be increased if required. The posts are bored 12 in. apart, and wire run through and strained tight. This makes the means by which you can interlace Ti-tree. Having finished the outside lines, you continue to erect in rows posts 2 x 3, 8 ft. apart each way. Let the tops come level with the outer row ; then on the top of the posts lay on 2 x 3 plates, and then, running the reverse way of plates, set out 3 x 1 battens, 6 ft. apart, and to these strain tightly wire-netting, large gauge. On top of the wire-netting lay Ti-tree on lightly ; over Ti-tree at intervals run a single wire, thus securing the bush from being blown away. Where practicable the bush-house should be built in a sheltered position, protected as much as possible from high winds, whether they be from the west or the south.

We submit a list of plants suitable for bush-house culture. Some of the more beautiful variegated ivys may be planted at the foot of the posts, they would soon cover the bare timber ; the Ficus stipulata, F. radicans variegata, and the smaller growing varieties of the Virginian creeper could be also used for this purpose. Fastened to the woodwork of the house should be a good specimen or two of the stag's horn fern (Platycerium grande) and the elk's horn species (P. alicorne), and also the bird's nest fern (Asplenium nidus avis). Suspended from the roof in wire baskets may be grown Asparagus Sprengeri, Saxifraga sarmentosa, Nephrolepis exaltata, Davallia canariensis, D. Novæ Zealandiæ, a hardy Adiantum or two, and one or two Selaginellas.

The best results are obtained when large ferns and palms are planted out in a bed filled with properly prepared soil, but where space is limited it may be better to keep to pots and tubs. A compost of turfy loam and peat, a little leaf-mould, a modicum of rotten cow manure, and some sharp sand, would do for most of the ordidary kinds of ferns, palms and many other plants. The common tree fern (Alsophila Robusta) can hardly be dispensed with, but an attempt should be made to have a few of the rarer species, such as the silver tree fern of New Zealand, the black-stemmed tree fern from the same country, viz., C. medullaris ; Dicksonia squarrosa and alsophila excelsa are very desirable tree ferns, and especially if they can be planted out.

If you write us, giving size and particulars of present or proposed Bush-house, we shall be pleased to advise as far as we can.

IF YOU DESIRE THE

Best Vegetables

BUY THE

Best Seeds.

BUY

SEARL'S SOVEREIGN SEEDS.

SEARLS' VEGETABLE SEEDS.

THE

BEST STRAINS

that money can buy.

The products of our Vegetable Seeds are well-known by the growers of same.

All our Packet Seeds POST FREE everywhere.

NOTICE.—We give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, &c., of seeds we send out, and our patrons will realize that it is not possible for a Seedsman to be held responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned.

SEARL & SONS.

ARTICHOKE

(Cynara Scolymus .

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Large Purple Globe. A favourite French variety.

Large Green Globe. Large, globular heads.

Sow in light beds of soil in March or September, and then transplant during the following autumn or spring into rows four to six feet apart, and four feet apart in the rows. The soil really ought to be trenched as deeply as that prepared for Asparagus. They should then produce flower heads fit for use during the following season. It is the fleshy at the base of the flower heads only that is used. A very much sought-after vegetable in other countries, but not sufficiently grown here. The fleshy heads are boiled and served with butter and salt.

ASPARAGUS (Culinary)

(Asparagus Officinalis).

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Connover's Colossal. **Purple Dutch.**

Camden Park Strain. **The Palmetta.**

A delicious, edible-stemmed, garden vegetable. Plant can easily be obtained from seed, which, of course, takes longer than dividing the root. Sow the seed in July and August in a seed bed, and transplant in the autumn. The soil, which should be a deep sandy loam, well trenched, ought to be given a good dressing of stable manure and salt. In the autumn of the second year the plants should be lifted and replanted. Seaweed (decayed) is used largely for manuring, but it is rather difficult to get in sufficient quantity by every one. The vegetable is a native of Britain. (See another part of this Catalogue for Roots.) For cutting Asparagus a special knife is sold for that purpose.

ASPARAGUS PEA

(Lotus Tebragonolobus).

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

This addition is well worthy of a trial ; the plant is dwarf and of trailing habit, which produces a quantity of crimson pea-shaped flowers. These are succeeded by strangely shaped pods, and when cooked possess a flavor very much similar to Asparagus. We recommend sowing in the spring months.

BUTTER BEANS

(STRINGLESS).

1s. 6d. per quart (post free **2s.**) ; **6d.** and **3d.** packet.

This selection from the old French Bean is a great acquisition. The pods are perfectly stringless, and can therefore be cooked whole. The pods when cooked are tender and of a buttery, mellow taste and special flavour, which will be highly appreciated. Largely grown in America and on the Continent.

Searl's Wonder (Golden Pods). A strong, bushy-growing dwarf variety, very vigorous and productive, quite stringless and fine flavour. One of the best. Plants fifteen inches high.

Mont d'Or or Golden Butter (Tall). This Bean, known as "Wax Pod," grows about six feet ; pods of great substance, remarkably tender, and fine flavour. Pods need not be sliced before cooking.

The "Startler" (Golden Pods). Six inches long, perfectly stringless, delightful buttery flavour ; plants about twelve to eighteen inches high ; abundantly prolific.

Yosemite Mammoth. Strong grower ; pods golden colour ; ten inches long, tender, and very productive.

Sow from September to end of January in rows two feet apart, and six inches from plant to plant for the dwarf sorts, which only grow to the height of 18 to 24 inches. Mont d'Or is the tall growing variety, which will assume the height of six feet (climbing).

BROAD BEANS

(Vicia or Faba Vulgaris).

1s per quart (post free, **1s. 6d.**) ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

(The varieties quoted here are the best in cultivation.)

Broad Windsor. Largest seeded Broad Bean grown ; bears immense crops.

Early Long Pod ("Hangdown"). Favourite with market gardeners.

Searl's Giant Long Pod. An abundant bearer ; excellent flavour.

Johnson's Wonderful. Fine variety, with long pods.

A highly nutritious vegetable when the seeds are eaten young and fresh. Sow seed in March, April, May, June and July, in drills four feet apart, and twelve inches from plant to plant. The soil should be a strong loam, and even of clayey substance.

FRENCH BEANS

(Phascolus Vulgaris).

1s. 6d. per quart (post free **2s.**) ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

DWARF VARIETIES.

Burpee's New Stringless Green Pod. The pods are stringless, long, and nearly straight. A first-class Bean, very little labour being required in preparation for the table. Very early and prolific bearer, excellent quality, quite distinct. **2s.** per quart (post free, **2s. 6d.**)

Canadian Wonder. Very long pods, excellent flavour, wonderful bearer, very hardy, always grown by market gardeners. The best green pod French Bean grown.

Dwarf Inexhaustible. This interesting Novelty is of distinct habit, as it produces its pods, not only among the leaves, but above them in clusters. The plants are always in full flower, and bear pods right through the season.

Governor Denison. Excellent flavour and productive ; large pods.

Negro Long Pod. Very productive and of fine quality.

Pale Dun. Old favourite ; productive ; medium pod.

RUNNER VARIETIES

(Phascolus Multiflorus).

Scarlet Runner. Suitable for the colder districts of the State ; fine quality ; tall grower.

White Dutch. Large and fine ; tall grower.

Zebra or Napoleon. A good variety, not much grown.

Start to make successional sowings when all danger of frost is over of the dwarf sorts, up to the end of February, in a suitable climate. A good loamy soil that has been well enriched will produce satisfactory results. These beans bear their pods in great profusion, and when carefully picked will continue to bear all through the summer. No kitchen garden is complete without them in their season. The varieties we offer are true to name, and are the best now in cultivation.

SNAKE BEANS

(Chinese or Yard Long).

6d. per oz. ; **6d.** and **3d,** per packet.

Pods about two feet in length, in pairs. They are stringless and of good flavour, like French Beans, and used exactly in the same way. This is a tall variety. We cannot speak too highly of this excellent Bean, as all through the drought when other sorts were burnt up, the Snake Bean continued to bear right on to the approach of winter, although the plants never had water given to them. There is no trouble in the preparation of the Snake Bean for the table ; only requires to be cut into sections. Sow during spring and summer.

Our Packet Seeds POST FREE Everywhere.

VEGETABLE SEEDS.—Continued.

LIMA BEANS.

2s. per quart (post free, **2s. 6d.**); **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Burpee's Dwarf. The best dwarf type of this delicious vegetable. Plants from eighteen to twenty inches high; they spread into some three feet in diameter.

Henderson's Dwarf. A bush variety (eighteen inches high) selected from the Tall Lima; keeps on bearing during the summer if the pods are kept well picked.

King of the Garden (Tall). The best of the tall growing varieties; pods are large and well filled, and are produced in great abundance. The quality is all that can be desired.

This is a most valulable addition to our culinary vegetables, as the flavour is most delicious and quite distinct from any other vegetable. The Beans are shelled before cooking and served with butter. No garden is complete without Lima Beans.

Sow during October, November and December; prefers a good loamy soil well enriched. Sandy soil will produce good results if liberally treated. The dwarf sorts should be sown in rows two feet apart and six inches from plant to plant. Very nutritious. A favourite in the United States.

BEET

(Beta Vulgaris).

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Burpee's Improved Blood Turnip. Globular shape, bright blood red; flesh close and of excellent texture, tops small; a valuable introduction.

Searl's Early Turnip Rooted. A beautiful deep crimson, round variety. Grown largely by market gardeners.

Eclipse. A very early variety, dark red, perfectly round; excellent for domestic use. Close-grained and finest quality.

Egyptian Turnip Rooted. Very flat in shape, having blood-red flesh and being a very fast grower; very early.

All the Turnip Rooted Varieties are much earlier than the long-shaped sorts, and quite equal in quality.

Searl's Long Blood Red. One of the finest table Beets. Short and crisp in the grain; beautiful deep rich color; tender, of fine flavour. Twelve inches long.

Nutting's Dwarf Long Red. An old favourite sort, of medium size, solid and fine colored. Twelve inches long.

Although grown in the garden as a vegetable, it is sometimes grown in the flower garden on account of the coloring of the foliage, which is most effective. It likes a good open loam, not too rich. Sow the seed in rows, 24 inches apart, thinning out so as to leave a space of 12 inches between each plant. From July to December, and again in February and March are the best months to sow. The aim of the cultivator is to get shapliness of root, quality and color. These are the chief points.

SPINACH BEET

(Beta Cida).

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Giant Seakale Spinach Beet. An improvement on the Silver Beet, and has larger leaves and broader mid-ribs. Its pure white stalks, when cooked, are not unlike Seakale.

Silver Spinach Beet. The old favourite variety, which yields a continuous supply of Spinach Leaves during the Summer.

This is quite a distinct class, grown for the leaves only, the roots being worthless. The green leaves, if cooked like Spinach, are nearly equal to it, and the broad white stems, served with white sauce, are delicious when flavored with celery seed.

BORECOLE or KALE

(Brassica Oleracea Fimbriata).

9d. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Dwarf Green Curled. Only suitable for the colder districts of the State. An excellent Winter vegetable, highly esteemed in England for Winter greens, as it is rendered more tender by the frost and snow lying upon it, which, of course, will cut it down if very severe.

First sow in seed beds and afterwards treat as cabbage. Sow during January and June, and transplant into rows two feet apart, eighteen inches in the rows. Likes a well-worked, rich soil, with liberal manuring.

BROCCOLI

(Brassica Oleracea Botrytis Asparagoides).

1s. 6d. per oz.; **6d** and **3d.** per packet.

Adams' Early White. **Elletson's Mammoth.**
Knight's Protecting. **Walcheren.**

A useful garden vegetable, the flower heads of which are edible. Sow for a main crop either December, January or February, and again in June and July. Plant out the seedlings two feet apart each way, and to ensure good results the soil must be good, strong and well manured. It must be understood that they are decidedly more at home in the cooler parts.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

(Brassica Oleracea Bullata Gemmifera).

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Common. A large, fine growing variety.
Rosebery. Early, very fine and tender.

One of the most prolific, hardiest and useful members of the Brassica family; a favourite in England. Sow June, July and August for use in the Summer months, and January and February for Winter use. Prick out of seed beds, finally placing the plants two feet apart in rows three feet apart. A good retentive is the best soil.

CARROT

(Daucus Carota).

9d. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Improved Scarlet Intermediate. Of fine size and shape, with short top; early and excellent.

Early Short Shorn. Good colour and quality. Very early, and a favourite.

Long Blood Red. A splendid quality carrot; skin purple-red, flesh deep orange-red, short green top; excellent variety.

Long Red Surrey. Very long variety, grows to perfection on deep rich land.

Large Red Altringham. Long red, coarse for domestic use, but an excellent field carrot for horse-feed.

St. Valery. A splendid scarlet carrot, longer and thinner than "Intermediate." A great favourite with the gardener, being of perfect shape.

The sandiest, sunniest part of the garden should be selected for the carrot beds. The roots cannot thrive in a wet, heavy soil. Freshly-manured ground should be avoided, to prevent forking and bad shape. Sow the seed in drills 18 inches apart, in July, and for the main crop in September, thinning the plants out so as to leave six inches from plant to plant. Small intermediate sowing may be made in January and February.

CABBAGE

(Brassica Oleracea)

9d. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Autumn King or Worldbeater. Perhaps the finest late Cabbage in cultivation, it is recognised as such by market gardeners. It is quite distinct from all others, as its outer leaves are of a glaucous green colour, and are decidedly crimped. It produces enormous hearts and very few outside leaves, which enables the grower to plant it closer in the rows than other sorts of the same size; it goes all to head, and is fine, close-grained and not coarse. Excellent for market or private use.

Burpee's All-Head Early. A short-stemmed variety, of good, compact growth, with but few spreading leaves. We recommend this for growing at all seasons, and place it next to the favourites "Succession" and "St. John's Day."

Drumhead. Large late Cabbage, immense size; a fine Winter Cabbage.

Early Dwarf York. Small but very early, good flavour, for private use.

Searl's Sovereign Seeds.

Savoy Cabbage.

Early Jersey Wakefield. Great favourite; early medium size; fine table sort.

East Ham and West Ham. Excellent marketable varieties for Autum and Winter crop; large, firm, and white-hearted.

Flat Dutch. Winter variety, late, flat, and solid.

Improved St. John's Day, Early. One of the finest Summer Cabbages; will heart during the hottest months, and produce large solid heads. It can be sown at any time of the year, although it is better and larger in Summer. It turns in quickly, and is all heart; leaves are dark green; short-stemmed.

Large Schweinfurt. Very large, fine white hearts, excellent quality.

Large White Brunswick. A splendid large Summer variety, not quite so subject to aphis as some varieties, and a favourite with market gardeners on that account.

Large York. Medium size and of fine quality, and very early.

London Market and Enfield Market. Splendid sorts for general crops, white firm hearts.

Marble Head Mammoth. Magnificent cabbage, hardy and of immense size.

Red Dutch or Pickling Cabbage. The best pickler. A grand variety; large. Colour, intense blood-red; excellent strain.

VEGETABLE SEEDS. Continued.

CABBAGE—Continued.

SUCCESSION. A very fine cabbage of recent introduction, and one that we can recommend with the greatest confidence. **1s.** per oz.

Sugarloaf. Most delicate flavour, excellent for private use.

Winningstadt. Cone-shaped; good sort to market; very heavy, excellent keeper, resists aphis.

Wheeler's Imperial. A large-growing, solid variety; a good market cabbage.

CULTURE.—In its wild state the cabbage grew freely on the sea-shore cliffs in various parts of Great Britain, and it is from this plant the numerous garden varieties have originated. Amongst green vegetables the cabbgae has no superior for usefulness. The red cabbage is chiefly used for pickling purposes. Strong loam produces the finest cabbages. Two successive crops should not be planted in the same ground, or after any of the Brassic tribe. Sow in a seed bed and transplant into rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches between each plant. More room will be wanted proportionately when growing larger and stronger varieties.

Strong Plants, **1s.** per 100, posted extra.
Can be supplied from January to December.

SAVOY CABBAGE.

9d. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Drum Head. **Dwarf Green Curled.**

An excellent Curled Cabbage; does remarkably well in the cooler parts of our State. Has a distinct flavour of its own; is at its best during cold frosty weather.

Plants **1s. 6d.** per 100; postage extra.

CAPE GOOSEBERRY.

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Cape Gooseberry (Physalis Edulis). Can be used for dessert; makes a delicious jelly; splendid for jam making.

Sow in September.

Giant Cape Gooseberry (Japanese Winter Cherry—Physalis Francheti). A variety of CAPE GOOSEBERRY from Japan, of erect habit, from 1½ to 2 feet high. The fruit is edible, and makes a choice preserve. It is first green, changing to yellow, orange, and bright crimson, and will ripen after it is cut.

Sow seed of these in September, and prick out in a row along a warm sheltered border in rich soil, say 2 feet apart. The plants can be stopped by pricking out the tops of the shoots occasionally, to induce a sturdy, bushy growth. These are comparatively little known. If they were once tried we feel sure they would be more sought after. Being of the simplest culture, they will surely appeal to most folks. We can also offer plants at **1s.** per dozen, postage extra.

CAULIFLOWER

(Brassica Oleracea Botrytis Cauliflora).

1s. 6d. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Early London. A first-class early variety. Fine white heads, not liable to button; for private gardens one of the best; a very old favorite.

Early London Cauliflower.

Large Asiatic. A large variety, of fine quality, for private use and for market; of excellent color and very hardy.

ALL OUR PACKET SEEDS are Post Free everywhere.

CAULIFLOWER—Continued.

Veitch's Autumn Giant. First-class variety, producing magnificent very large, snow white, firm heads; plants are of vigorous growth, requiring plenty of room. Hundreds of tons of this splendid variety are annually sold in the Sydney market, and no variety is more grown in Europe. It is not early, however. Best months to sow are December, January, and February.

Walcheren. Good reliable sort, and a favourite with some growers. Medium, early; a vegetable much esteemed for its great delicacy of flavour. Sow in a light rich soil in December, January, February, and March. The plants should not be allowed to cramp each other or become stunted. If possible, wait for dull, showery weather to plant out in rows 3 feet apart, 2 feet apart in the rows. Do not grow on the same ground two years in succession.

Strong plants, **1s. 6d.** per 100; postage extra.

Will supply you with

GOOD, CRISP VEGETABLES.

CELERIAC

(Turnip-Rooted Celery). **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Much hardier than ordinary Celery, and develops a base somewhat like that of a Kohl-Rabi. It is excellent for soups and stewing. Sow in September and October, and treat same as Kohl-Rabi. It is not necessary that trenches should be formed; it requires about 18 inches of space all ways.

CELERY

(Apsum Graveolens).

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

WHITE VARIETIES.

Cole's Crystal White. Large and fine quality; crisp and well-flavoured.

Turner's Incomparable White. Old favourite; very fine quality; always reliable; fine flavour; tender when blanched.

White Plume. First-class variety, very tender. The stalks and the inner leaves and heart are white, which simplifies the blanching process.

White Solid Paschal. This fine Celery has remarkable breadth of stalk; fine flavour; a self-blanching variety.

Winter Queen The ribs are solid, crisp, and of a nutty flavour, and when blanched are of a fine cream-white color.

RED VARIETIES.

Cole's Red Solid. Fine; pink color; large solid stems, tender and crisp.

Pink Plume. Beautiful pink variety of the White Plume; stalks tender, but of a pale pink color and delicate flavour; self-blanching.

A British wild plant, which in its native ditches and unblanched state is credited with the possession of poisonous properties, has been so vastly improved by years of patient cultivation and selection that today it is hardly too much to suy that it ranks in the first flight of garden esculents. Good culture should be accorded at every stage of its growth. Abundance of moisture and liberal supplies of food are necessary, for the Celery is a veritable glutton among vegetables. Sow for a main crop in September and October. Seed beds for this sowing should not be too rich. So as to furnish plants for putting out for several months, a later sowing (say in December or January) may be made. Open the trenches eighteen inches wide and of a like depth; stack the soil on either side, to be ready for drawing back into the trenches as the plants progress. In the bottom of trenches place about six inches of stable manure, partially rotted, and fork it well into the soil. Cover this with a couple of inches of the soil previously thrown out, and water copiously the night before planting. Then carefully raise the plants from the seed bed, and plant along the centre of the trench, about nine inches apart. Weed often, and draw in soil as the plants advance, taking care that the hearts of the plants are not buried; continue to do so until the plants are full grown and the trench is nearly filled up. Keep plants going with water, when in a young state, if necessary, and use liquid manure; with this treatment the Celery stalks will be well blanched and tender.

CELERY PLANTS can generally be supplied from January to July. **2s.** per **100**; postage extra.

VEGETABLE SEEDS.—Continued.

White Plume Celery.

SWEET or TABLE CORN

(The best sorts now in cultivation).

9d. per pint (post free, **1s.**); **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

This delicious vegetable, so largely grown in America, is not sufficiently appreciated here. The cobs should be cooked when they are quite soft and tender, like green peas. Plant in September and October, in rows three or four feet apart, and one foot in the rows. Sweet Corn will succeed in any moderately rich garden soil. It should be hoed and hilled when about a foot high.

How to Cook Sweet Corn.

BOILED IN THE COB.—Corn should be used as quickly as possible after it is gathered, and this should be when the cobs are soft. Before cooking remove the husks and every thread of silk, throw the corn into a pot of fresh boiled water, boil five minutes. Serve immediately, wrapped in a cloth on a dish, or like Asparagus.

ROASTED.—Husk the corn and remove the silk. Brush each cob with melted butter, and dust with salt and pepper; line a baking dish with paper, place the cobs in it, and put in a very quick oven 10 or 15 minutes to brown. Serve on a table napkin.

POP CORN.

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

This is a favorite sweet in America. Allow the cobs to ripen thoroughly, and then roast the grains in a close iron vessel until they "pop," shaking the vessel meantime. This is produced by the explosion of the gas in the grain, generated by the heat. The "Pop Corn" is then taken out and slightly dusted with flour sugar, when it forms a delicious sweet.

CULTURE.—The same as Sweet Corn.

CRESS

(Lapidium Saturim).

6d. and **3d.** per packet. Price, **2s. 6d.** per lb.

American or Land. A splendid variety during Winter.

Triple Curled. The old English Favourite, largely grown with Mustard; making excellent salad.

Water Cress (Nasturtium Officinale). Sow in moist land, or on a creek bank. 1s. 6d. per oz.

Cress being slower growing than Mustard, it must be allowed three days longer if both are needed at the some time. Cress has a much more delicate flavour than Mustard. So hardy and free rooting is the Water Cress that anyone may grow it in a very moist or wet corner of the garden.

Triple Curled Cress may be sown every two or three weeks (with or without Mustard) the whole year round.

CUCUMBER

(Cucumis Saturim).

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Apple-shaped. Singular variety, round in shape, fine white tender flesh; a profuse bearer.

Choice Long Green. Excellent variety; fruit 18 inches long, of fine flavour.

CUCUMBER—Continued.

Commercial. Early, hardy; very productive; dark-green fruit, fine; 6 to 8 inches long; does not run much to vine.

Crystal White. White skin, firm flesh, good keeper; early.

Fordhook Pickling. Considered by some growers the best pickling Cucumber; a strong vine, and fruits produced in enormous quantities. Thin skin and fine quality flesh; few seeds.

Green Gherkin. Very small fruit; used only for pickling.

Long Green Prickly. Fine size, deep green color, crisp and delicious; a favourite.

Rollison's Telegraph. Beautiful long green variety, splendid fruit, excellent quality, dark green skin.

Short Green Prickly. A favourite with some growers; very hardy; good sort for small gardens.

Sowings can be made from middle of August to November.

EGG PLANT.

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Improved New York Purple.

Improved White (Giant). Large egg-shaped fruit.

Long White China.

Sow in September, and plant out in rows two feet apart, and the same distance from plant to plant. Shade and water until the plants are established. When the fruits are set, remove all but from eight to twelve on each plant—that is, allow only a single fruit to mature on each shoot. The young plants should be stopped to induce branching.

ENDIVE. Winter Substitute for Lettuce.

(Cichorium Endivia).

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

This salad plant, when well grown and blanched, is by some preferred to Lettuce.

Batavian. **Green Curled.**

A hardy plant, chiefly cultivated for salad purposes, though the broad-leaved or Batavian Endive is sometimes cooked as a vegetable. Any garden soil, which has been deeply dug and made moderately rich by the addition of manure, is suitable. Sow in February and March, and plant out when fit in rows two feet apart, and one foot plant from plant; hoe, and, when the plants are well advanced, tie the leaves into a bunch, surrounding the hearts to blanch and keep them tender.

GOURDS, Ornamental.

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

This curious family, the fruit of which is most fantastic in shape, should be more largely grown. The foliage is handsome, and the plants are of rapid growth; highly ornamental climbers, and the Dish Cloth Gourd bears a fruit which is most useful.

Dish Cloth Gourd (Loofa or Vegetable Sponge). This Gourd has lovely dark green foliage, with large yellow blossoms; the fruit is about two feet in length, and the woody fibre lining of the inside of the fruit when ripe and properly dried is the Dish Cloth. They are also most useful in the bath as a flesh rubber, and are far superior to any other flesh glove.

Mixed Gourds. All the best sorts, including ORANGE, PEAR, PORTMANTEAU, and CLUB.

Nest Egg Gourd. A very pretty climbing plant, for trellis or verandah, bearing very profusely; fruit the size, shape and color of the ordinary hen's egg. Can also be used as Vegetable Marrow.

Sowing can be made from September to November, and cultivate same as Cucumbers or Marrows.

HERB SEEDS, Culinary.

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Anise	**Dandelion**	**Purslove**
Balm	**Dill**	**Rosemary**
Basil	**Fennel**	**Rue**
Borage	**Hyssop**	**Sage**
Caraway	**Lavender**	**Savory**
Chervil	**Marigold**	**Sorrel**
Coriandoi	**Marjoram**	**Thyme**

No garden is complete without a bed of Herbs. The culture is exceedingly simple. Sow seed in Autumn and Spring; and for the most of them it is advisable to sow in pans or boxes, or in some place where attention and water can be given them, and where they can be gradually hardened off and planted out as soon as they are strong enough.

Plants of Sage, Thyme, Mint, Marjoram and others can be supplied **postage extra.**

VEGETABLE SEEDS.—Continued.

KOHL-RABI Turnip Rooted Cabbage.

(Brassica Oleracea Caulo-rapa).

Also known as the Turnip-stemmed Cabbage, Knol Kohe or Cape Cabbage.

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

A delicious vegetable, but must be tasted in good condition to be appreciated.

Earliest and White Vienna. **Large Green.**

Large Purple.

Sow January to March in beds, and plant the seedlings when fit 9 inches apart in rows 18 inches asunder, the treatment throughout being precisely like that given to cabbages, any well manured and good garden soil will suit them. If cooked when young they make a delicious vegetable as a substitute for, or a change from, Turnips.

LETTUCE

(Lactuca Scariola).

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

CABBAGE VARIETIES.

Deacon. A variety of the famous Butter Lettuces, and one of the best; large heads; leaves pale green without, with beautiful rich cream yellow within; delicious buttery flavour, making a fine, fresh, crisp salad. Stands heat of summer without becoming bitter or running to seed.

Drumhead. The most popular variety of Cabbage Lettuce among Sydney market gardeners, producing white solid hearts during winter and spring; crisp and of fine flavour. Drumhead is very similar to Neapolitan.

Iceberg. A quick grower, with hard, handsome heads, of exquisite flavour. A variety that we can highly recommend. A decided advance on the old sorts.

New York. Of unusual size and solidity, with but little tendency to run to seed, often growing to 18 inches in diameter, and weighing 3 lbs.; perfectly solid, crisp, tender, and of excellent flavour.

Cos Lettuce.

Ohio. Early and hardy, beautifully crisp, and hearts freely when young; finely curved leaves, medium size.

Mammoth Salamander. An excellent variety of rather recent introduction, beautiful tender foliage (black seeded).

Mignonette. A very ornamental kind, the leaves being a pretty russet color.

Tom Thumb. A small, compact variety, of good quality, and does not go to seed quickly.

LETTUCE—Continued.

UPRIGHT OR COS VARIETIES.

Paris Green Cos. **Paris White Cos.**

Favourite sorts, suitable for cold or warm districts, and will grow anywhere provided the soil is rich and moist. The leaves grow erect, and it is necessary to tie them in to produce crisp, compact, white hearts. A most valuable salad, as judicious cultivation will ensure a supply practically the whole year round. It is said to possess marked antiscorbutic properties. Sow seeds out of doors at almost any period. For main crop, however, March, April and May. Some growers prefer sowing in a seed bed and transplanting; others sow in drills and thin out. Either method is advisable as may be convenient.

LEEK

(Allium Porrum).

9d. per doz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

London Flag. A favourite Leek, and largely grown; much cultivated by growers for market.

Musselburgh. A very large variety; when transplanted grows to an immense size.

A valuable winter vegetable closely related to the Onion, but having a more delicate flavour. No culinary vegetable is of easier culture. Sow in prepared beds in April, May, or June at the latest, and plant out in rows eighteen inches apart and eight inches in the rows, if the soil is rich and a large Leek desired. When the plants are six inches high they are fit for planting out.

MELONS, ROCK or MUSK.

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Anne Arundel. A superb Melon, of great size and quality; flesh solid and of a beautiful green colour and delicious flavour. The netting is perfect, and, notwithstanding its size, this variety comes to maturity soon after the first earlies.

Early Hackensack. Early, delicious, thickly-netted green skin and green flesh, deeply ribbed and flattened; 4 to 10 lbs.

Emerald Gem. Delicious, early, and prolific; a smooth-ribbed skin; emerald green color; flesh, salmon color.

Golden Perfection. A green flesh variety, of excellent flavour, fine quality.

Improved Jenny Lind. A great improvement on the old and highly esteemed Jenny Lind; the fruit is larger and keeps better, while it retains all the fine flavour and high qualities of the parent stock.

Large Yellow Cantaloupe. A fine large Melon, and an old favourite; excellent flavour; very productive.

Large Persian. Standard sort, of superior quality and of large size.

Netted Gem. Light green flesh, melting, and sweet; a hardy variety and a good cropper; very early.

Nutmeg. A medium-sized Melon, delicious flavour; a great favourite.

Pineapple. Highly flavoured, medium size, green flesh, and an abundant bearer.

Skillman's Netted. Early sort, roundish oval; flesh deep green, sweet, and richly perfumed.

The Banquet. Red fleshed, beautifully netted, medium size, handsome appearance, flesh being deep and granulated.

The culture of the Rock Melon is somewhat like that of the Cucumber. Sow out of doors in September and October. The hills need not be so wide apart as for Water Melons, nor should the soil be so highly manured. Water during dry weather to bring on the young plants and bearing vines. When the fruit begins to show signs of ripening, a frame of calico or canvas covering should be provided to prevent any external moisture injuring the fruit, otherwise the most delicious varieties will prove insipid, watery and worthless. Do not leave more than two of the strongest plants in each hole; but do not thin them out until they begin to run.

GOOD VEGETABLES
OFTEN MEAN
GOOD HEALTH.

MESSRS. SEARL & SONS.

Dear Sirs.—"Your parcel of Tomato Plants, Lettuces and Pansies arrived in tip-top condition. If they do not come on well it must be my fault. Thanking you for sending such good plants."

Yours truly,

"Colinroobie," W. G. ELWYN.

October 21, '04.

VEGETABLE SEEDS. - Continued.

MELON, NANGO.

Or VEGETABLE PEACH.

1s. per oz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

A very productive little Melon ; fruit about the size of an orange, and of delicate flavour when baked or boiled like a Vegetable Marrow.

MELONS, PRESERVING.

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Citron. A round variety with red seeds. It is excellent for jam making.

Long Green. Excellent for jam or pie making, but cannot be used without cooking.

Sandy loam is the most suitable, but in fair seasons they do well in any good garden soil. Sow five or six seeds in prepared hills five or six feet apart each way, eventually leaving only two of the best plants in each hill. The best time for sowing is September and October.

MELONS, WATER.

9d. per oz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

American Champion. Melon of great merit, thin rind, delicious flavour, same type of Melon as Cuban Queen.

Black Spanish. Useful variety for main crop, very juicy, good size and flavour.

Cole's Early. Of great quality and ranks beside the famous McIver Sugar Melon. Cole's Early is a selection from Cuban Queen ; is very early, has bright red flesh, delicate flavour, and very prolific.

Cuban Queen. A very large, bright, crimson-fleshed Melon, of superb quality and delicious flavour. It crops enormously.

Ice Cream. White seeded, excellent, with a delicious flavour.

Kolb's Gem. Light green skin, nearly round in shape ; 30 to 50 lbs. in weight ; flesh bright red ; rich and sweet.

Mammoth Ironclad. Beautiful Melon, oblong, with mottled green skin, an average weight of 50 lbs. ; crisp, delicious, sugary flesh.

McIver Sugar. Fruit is uniformly large, often two feet in length ; skin shows bands of white shading into green ; quality is very superior ; flesh is pale pink, crisp, juicy and luscious ; highly recommended.

Ruby Gold. Very fine flavoured and delicious Melon, with peculiar crimsom markings ; weighs some 40 to 50 lbs.

Sugar. Red seeded, very luscious. A favourite Melon, and one of the richest flavoured grown.

The Dixie. Very early variety ; thin skin, flesh bright red, skin dark green, beautifully striped, fruit oblong.

Volga. Globe shaped, flesh bright crimson ; unsurpassed in flavour.

Sandy loam is the most suitable for this delicious fruit, but in fair seasons it will do well in any good garden soil. Sow five or six seeds in prepared hills five or six feet apart each way, eventually leaving only two of the best plants in each hill. The best time for sowing is September and October.

MUSHROOM SPAWN.

English. Procured from the most reliable source. **6d.** per brick (post free, **1s. 3d.**).

MUSTARD, Finest White.

6d. and **3d.** per packet. Price, **2s. 6d.** per lb.

Can be sown (with or without Cress) all the year round.

ONION

(Allium Cepa).

9d. per oz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Brown Spanish. A splendid variety, large and firm, largely grown for market.

Brown Globe. Like above, with all its good qualities ; in shape more globular ; a fine keeper, very solid.

Extra Early Yellow Globe. Very early, remarkable keeper, excellent domestic variety.

Extra Early Flat Red. Very early, mild flavour, keeps well, moderate size, good shipping sort.

Giant Rocco. A fine onion, of Italian origin, mild flavour.

ONIONS—Continued.

James' Keeping. One of the best ; keeps well ; resembles above.

Silver King. Similar to Brown Globe in shape, but larger in size, the diameter averaging about six inches, skin a beautiful silver white, mild and pleasant flavour.

Silver Queen. A good early white skinned, long-keeping onion, rather flat in shape ; an excellent variety.

Onion.

Silver Skin. Pickling, excellent, clean silver skin ; sow thick.

The Onion is one of the most valuable and popular vegetables. For ordinary garden culture, and to produce large bulbs, sow in rich, well-prepared soil in the months of March or April, transplanting during the following July and August into drills two feet apart and ten inches in the drill. The young plants should be carefully raised from the beds, so that the fibrous roots may not be injured. The rows where the young Onions are to be planted should have the soil raised in small ridges about three or four inches above the rest of the bed. After the plants have taken firm hold of the ground the ridges should be drawn away from the plants, so as to leave the whole of the bulb exposed to the air nothing but the fibrous roots left underground. This rule is very generally neglected, the consequence being thick-necked and imperfect bad keeping bulbs.

ONION (Potato or Underground)

1s. per oz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

PARSLEY

(Carum Petroselenum).

6d. per oz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Champion Moss. Beautiful moss-like variety, pretty dwarf-growing sort.

Extra Triple Curled. Fine garnishing, one of the best ; beautifully mossy.

Fern Leaved. Ornamental, and of strong flavour.

Verdant Beauty. A variety of special merit, very early and ornamental.

This is the most valuable of all the garden herbs, and is in constant demand for flavouring and garnishing. Sow in March, and again in August or September and October. The soil should be finely worked, although Parsley will thrive in any ordinary fertile garden soil. Places that are generally selected are the edges of the borders in the Kitchen Garden. Sow in drills, but very thinly.

Plants **1s.** per dozen ; postage extra.

PEAS

(Pisum Sativum.)

1s. per quart, Post Free, **1s. 6d.** ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Early.

American Wonder. Height 1 foot. A very early and very dwarf Pea, and a wonderful bearer ; pods well filled, of deep green color, and of superb flavour.

McLean's Little Gem. 1½ feet. An excellent Pea, and one of the very best dwarfs ; an abundant bearer, pods well filled, excellent flavour.

The Daisy. 12 to 18 inches. This Dwarf Wrinkled variety, covered with pods five inches in length, is one of the best of the latest introductions in this class of pea.

Wm. Hurst. 1½ feet. One of the very best Dwarf Marrow Peas grown ; large pods.

VEGETABLE SEEDS.—Continued.

PEAS—Continued.

Medium

Duke of Albany. Height 3½ to 4 feet. A Pea of unusual merit. Thrives well early or late, and withstands the frost remarkably well, even in the coldest climate.

Stratagem. 2½ to 3 feet. This fine Dwarfed Wrinkled Marrow has given most excellent results; crops wonderfully; pods large and fine. A deliciously flavoured Pea.

The Queen. Of fine branching habit; grows 2½ feet; delicious flavour.

Veitch's Perfection. 2½ to 3 feet. A somewhat more delicately flavoured Pea than the Yorkshire Hero, and a little taller; not quite so hardy however.

Yorkshire Hero. 2½ to 3 feet. The most highly esteemed Wrinkled Pea grown. A wonderful cropper, with abundant well-filled pods; delicious flavour and vigorous growth.

Of all vegetables grown in British Gardens, the Pea is the most nutritious and, probably, with the exception of the Potato, the most popular. It is richly nitrogenous, and this proves a disadvantage to some constitutions, to which peas act almost as a poison. The best season for sowing for a large crop of peas is May, June and July, but an early sowing may be made in March, and successive planting during winter and spring. In fair seasons, by judicious selection of varieties, a constant succession may be kept for nine months in warm localities. Peas like a strong loamy soil, if somewhat sandy the better. It is one of the grossest feeders amongst vegetables. If the situation be a dry one, crops sown later than July will not yield a return unless ample moisture be forthcoming, either from artificial or natural sources.

SUGAR PEAS (Edible Podded).

2s. per quart (**2s. 6d.** post free); **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Tall and **Dwarf.** Do not require shelling if picked young. Culture same as the ordinary varieties.

PARSNIP

(Pencedanum Sativum.)

Hollow Crown. **6d.** per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

One of the most valuable tap-rooted vegetables. It must be boiled and served whole to ensure its true flavour and highest nutritive qualities being retained. Parsnip prefers rather stronger soil than the Carrot, but is otherwise grown exactly like it; however, the land must be well and deeply worked. Freshly manured land is not suitable, as it will cause the roots to fork. The rows should be two feet apart, and the plants should be thinned to eight or ten inches. Parsnip seed, not being a good keeper, should be sown thickly, so as to ensure plenty of plants.

PEPPER or CAPSICUM.

1s. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

We offer only the best sorts now in cultivation. Sow in pots or boxes in a frame or bushhouse in July and August, or in beds in the open border in September or October, and plant out when the plants are three inches high—two to three feet apart—water and shade until they are established plants. The soil can hardly be too rich; but Chillies will thrive in any ordinary garden soil.

PUMPKIN.

9d. per oz; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

PUMPKINS FOR TABLE USE.

Crown. Choice stock, medium size, thick flesh, fine quality; good keeper and dry.

Ironbark, True. Not large, but of fine quality; thick flesh, good flavour; excellent keeper.

Large Button. Fine dry sort, good variety, fine keeper.

Gramma. A very useful sort; both for cooking in various ways and for cattle or pigs feed

Japanese. Flesh a rich salmon color, fine grained, very dry when cooked

Turk's Cap. A fine table variety, and a good keeper; red top.

For garden culture, heavily manure the land all over and dig in deeply; give an extra dressing to the holes or hills where the seed is to be sown, and fork well in. The holes should be six to eight feet apart, and only two plants should be allowed to remain in each hill. Sow six or eight seeds in each hill so as to guard against total loss of plants by insects. A good mulch of manure greatly increases the yield. Sow August to November.

(For Cattle Pumpkins see Farm Seeds.)

All Packet Seeds Post Free Everywhere.

RADISH

(Raphanus Sativas.)

6d. per oz.; **3d.** per packet.

Black Spanish.

Celestial or White Chinese. Flesh firm, solid white; skin creamy white.

French Breakfast. Red, tipped white, favorite sort.

Long Scarlet. A splendid strain; bright colored, crisp and tender; favourite market variety.

Long Radish.

Mixed Turnip. A mixture of the red and white varieties in equal proportion.

Red Turnip. An old favourite, brilliant crimson skin, white flesh, tender, crisp.

Scarlet Olive Shaped. A delicious variety, white flesh.

White Olive Shaped. Similar to the above, fine.

White Turnip. Resembling the Red Turnip in habit of growth and high quality; skin and flesh pure white.

It is possible, by a little management, to have radishes all the year round. Sow in light, rich sandy soil every fortnight for succession; use a shaded border during the summer months, and a mulching of manure on the surface and water freely. Sow in drills or broadcast.

RHUBARB.

1s. 6d. per oz.; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Giant. **Mitchell's Albert.**

Crimson Winter. This seed can now be supplied, from which a large proportion will come true.

This is one of the most valuable vegetables grown in the garden because it possesses such marked medicinal properties, the crop is often a neglected one because growers appear to think that good Rhubarb can be obtained with the smallest amount of attention.

For Roots see Culinary Plants. Sow under shelter of a few dry leafless boughs and a manure mulch in August or September. The young plants should be kept growing with frequent waterings if the weather is very dry. Let the plants remain in the seed beds until Autumn, when they should be transferred to the permanent beds, made on the best soil, trenched two feet deep, and manured with half decomposed stable manure. The plants should be three by four feet apart, and the whole bed dug and heavily manured every year.

ROSELLA

(Hisbiscus Subdorifa).

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

It is from the fleshy calyx of this handsome plant that the celebrated Queensland Rosella jam is made, said to be superior to the Black Currant.

This plant requires a hot climate, and should be suitable for warm, sheltered situations near Sydney and on our coast. To get the plants early so that they may have a long summer and flower freely, it should here be raised in artificial heat in June or July, and kept in pots until towards the end of September, when the plants may be planted out in rows four or five feet apart.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

SALSAFY or SALSIFY

(Tragoopogon Porrifolium).

(VEGETABLE OYSTER.)

1s. per doz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

This delicate vegetable thrives well in our climate. The roots are used like Carrots or Parsnips, and they can be cultivated exactly in the same manner, that is, in drills at similar distances and similar soil.

IMPROVED SEAKALE

(Crambe Maritima.)

1s. per oz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Raise in seed beds, and when yearlings transfer to prepared beds which have been trenched and manured to a depth of two feet, and plant from two to two and a half feet apart each way. Forced Seakale is a greater delicacy than Asparagus, and all that is necessary to produce it is as follows :—Early in June place a 10-inch common drain pipe, chimney pot (no matter if cracked or damaged), box, or barrel over each plant, and stack a good heap of fresh stable manure around them to the height of three feet ; cover the top of the pipes or boxes with a board or slate so as to keep the plants in the dark ; the heat produced by the manure outside will cause the plants to grow, and owing to the darkness the shoots will be blanched pure white ; the growth may be cut for four or five weeks, when it is not more than five to six inches long, then the pots should be removed and the plants allowed to make their natural growth.

SPINACH

(Spinacia Oleracea).

6d. per oz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Round and Prickly. Two well-known varieties ; the Round should be grown for Summer use and the Prickly for Winter use.

Monstrous Viroflay. A very fine large sort.

This vegetable is in high favour in many gardens, its flavour being quite distinct from that of any other green vegetable. Sow in rows about eighteen inches apart, and thin out to about nine inches ; good rich soil is necessary to produce a succulent growth. February and March are the best months for sowing, but where moisture is obtainable Spinach may grown six months in the year.

SQUASH.

(This is a name given to different varieties of edible Gourds.)

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Boston Marrow.

Crookneck (Bush). This sort is much sought after by small growers.

Delicata. One of the earliest of the running varieties and very prolific ; fruit small and solid, dry and rich.

Early White Custard. Wonderful bearer, delicate flavour, compact growth.

Early Golden Bush. Delicate flavour, wonderful bearers, compact growth.

Improved Hubbard. One of the most reliable.

White Pineapple (Runner). A variety well worth a trial ; a favourite with some.

Sow in August, September, October and November successively. Prepare the beds as for Pumpkins, including the manure and top-dressing. The seeds, however, should be planted about two feet and the rows about four feet apart for the bush kinds. Running kinds at the same distances as Pumpkins. Squashes should be gathered for use while the faded bloom still adheres to the fruit They should always be boiled whole, and be well drained before being placed on the table.

TOMATO (or Love Apple)

(Lycopersicum esculentum)

6d. and **3d.** per packet.

Combination. Strong grower and wonderfully productive ; fruits are uniformly of large size and quite deep, though smooth, solid, and free from cracks ; very meaty, with small seed cells and few seeds ; deep glossy scarlet, good keeper.

Crimson Cushion. Large fruiting ; flesh very solid and of superb flavour ; a very early and prolific variety.

Duke of York. Rich scarlet, smooth, round in shape, flesh very firm, fine flavour ; ripens uniformly, fruit in clusters of sometimes eight and ten.

Dwarf Champion. A beautiful red Tomato, medium size, solid, prolific, excellent ; a self-supporting variety, on strong upright stems.

Dwarf Champion, Golden. In dwarf compact habit of growth and crumpled foliage the plant is an exact counterpart of the well-known Dwarf Champion, but the large handsome fruits are of a beautiful lemon-yellow colour, very solid, and of unusual fine flavour, and more productive.

TOMATO—Continued.

Early Red Ruby. Heavy bearer, very early, good form, colour, and solidity ; the plant grows very openly.

Fordhook Fancy (or Potato Leaved). A beautiful red-skinned variety, of remarkably sturdy growth and foliage quite distinct from all other varieties. Very similar to potato foliage, hence its name.

Golden Trophy. Golden color ; medium sized ; delicate flavour.

King Humbert. Smooth, glossy, scarlet, plum-shaped fruit ; very early and productive

Large Red Smooth. An abundant bearer, large, smooth, solid, firm fruit, superior quality and fine colour ; highly esteemed for market purposes.

Matchless. Very large, and of the brightest cardinal red color, flesh nearly solid, entirely without core, and not liable to crack.

Mikado. A red Tomato, of immense size, single fruits, sometimes weighing 1 lb. to 1½ lbs. solid ; the fruit is of a purplish red color produced in clusters.

New Peach. The skin of this very pretty Tomato is of a deep orange rose colour, with a bloom like the Peach ; rich flavour.

Optimus. Fruit large, handsome, smooth, free from cracks, and borne in clusters of five ; form excellent.

Ponderosa. A splendid large red variety, of immense size, solid, and fine flavoured fruits, smooth ; a great bearer.

Red Cherry. A very useful variety ; much sought after by a large number.

Red Pear Shaped. Very ornamental sort.

Red Plum Shaped. Similar, of course, in shape to the favourite.

Trophy. A grand old favourite ; a fine hardy sort, fruit smooth, solid, and with few seeds ; one of the best.

Yellow Cherry. Favourite ornamental variety ; productive.

Yellow Pear Shaped. Very useful and ornamental ; of easy culture.

Yellow Plum Shaped. Small sized useful fruit ; good grower,

This well-known and popular fruit (for the word fruit is quite right) is a member of the solanum or potato family. Sow under glass in July, and in open during September, October, and November, and plant out as soon as ready into good, strong, rich soil. Plenty of room and manure is all that is necessary to produce this favourite fruit vegetable in abundance. We consider by far the best way to grow them is to plant in rows four feet apart each way, and grow them on poles or a trellis five feet high, regularly pinching back all the laterals to the second joint until the plants have reached the top of the stakes ; then top the main stem and continue to pinch back the laterals, and so remove all useless growth until the trellis or stakes are covered with fruit from top to bottom.

Plants (**6d.** per doz. ; Postage extra), see Culinary Plants.

TURNIP

(Brassica Rapa).

(**6d.** per oz. ; **3d.** per packet).

Early Red American Stone. Much like White Nepaul but with a purple top.

Early Six Weeks. A favourite with some growers, beautiful shape ; extra early.

Early Snowball. This is a variety in constant demand ; resembling the famous White Stone.

Garden Swede (Laing's). A favourite Turnip, suitable for autumn sowing.

Green-top Stone. A most esteemed variety, fine.

Orange Jelly. A superior, globular, yellow-fleshed Turnip ; flavour is rich and excellent.

Searl's White Model. An improvement on the White Stone ; fine, clear, white color ; perfect in shape.

White Nepaul. Early short-topped ; delicate, tender, snow-white, flat-shaped.

White Stone. Pure white flesh, oval-shaped ; excellent for market.

Although not an ind spensable vegetable the Turnip is highly esteemed in many quarters. A good light soil suits Turnips best, but with fairly rich soil of any kind and favourable weather very fine crops are obtainable. Sow in February and March in drills eighteen inches apart, and thin out to six or eight inches. Turnips may also be sown in November and even earlier ; but if dry weather sets in only poor crops can be expected.

VEGETABLE MARROW.

9d. per doz. ; **6d.** and **3d.** per packet.

Custard Shaped. Fine flavour, and a most desirable variety for private use.

Long Fruited Bush (White). Excellent, prolific, very early ; requires less space (3 feet apart each way) as plants do not run.

Long Fruited Bush (Green). Of equal merit to the white fruiting variety.

Long White (Early). Large fruiting, good bearer.

Moore's Vegetable Cream. One of the oldest in cultivation ; a much esteemed variety.

Rice Marrow. Delicious when cooked ; separating like grains of rice.

Searl's Long White (Runner).

Sow from September to end of December in nice, rich, deep loam. The young plants are very tender, and will, perhaps, require shading if weather is very hot. They can also do with a liberal supply of water. The Vegetable Marrow is high in favour as a cottager's vegetable. Usually the fruits are eaten whilst young and tender. If the skin is too hard to allow the entry of the thumb nail it is considered too old.

SEARL'S SOVEREIGN VEGETABLE SEEDS

PRICES TO LARGE GROWERS

NOTE.—Orders for half pounds are supplied at the pound rate; for less quantities a slightly increased rate is charged. All goods sent at purchaser's risk.

TERMS OF SALE.—We give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality or productiveness of seeds we send out, and we do not hold ourselves in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms the seeds are at once to be returned.

FLUCTUATION OF PRICES —These prices are subject to fluctuation caused by unexpected scarcity of supplies of any of the lines; but although we do not bind ourselves to the quotations, we will do our best to adhere to them right through the season.

Our Catalogue is Posted Free to anyone. **SEARL & SONS.**

Post Free at Prices named.

Beet.

		s.	d.
Searl's Early Turnip, Rooted	per lb.	3	0
Searl's Long Blood-Red		3	0

Broccoli.

		s.	d.
Adams' Early White	per oz.	1	0
Elletson's Mammoth		1	0

Carrot.

		s.	d.
Long Red, No. 1	per lb.	3	0
Improved Scarlet Intermediate, No. 2		3	0
Early Short Horn, No. 3		3	0

Cabbage.

		s.	d.
Burpee's All-Head, Early (very fine)	per lb.	15	0
Drumhead		5	0
East Ham		5	0
Flat Dutch		5	0
Improved St. John's Day (3 months)		5	0
Large Schweinfurt		6	0
Large White Brunswick		8	0
London Market		5	0
Marble Head Mammoth		8	0
Red Dutch, or Pickling		8	0
Succession (very fine)		15	0
Sugarloaf		6	0

Savoy Cabbage.

		s.	d.
Drumhead	per lb.	6	0
Dwarf Green Curled		6	0

Cauliflower.

		s.	d.
Early London (3 months)	per lb.	10	0
Large Asiatic (4 months)		10	0
Veitch's Autumn Giant (6 months)		10	0
White Queen	per oz.	3	6

Celery.

		s.	d.
Cole's Crystal White	per lb.	6	0
White Plume		6	0
Cole's Red Solid		6	0

Cress.

		s.	d.
Triple Curled	per lb.	2	6
Water	per oz.	1	0

Cucumber.

		s.	d.
Apple-shaped	per oz.	2	6
Choice Long Green	per lb.	8	0
Crystal White		10	0
Green Gherkin	per oz.	1	0
Long Green Prickly	per lb.	8	0
Short Green Prickly		10	0

Herbs.

		s.	d.
Sage	per oz.	0	9
Thyme		0	9
Marjoram		0	9

Kohl-Rabi.

		s.	d.
Green	per lb.	6	0
Purple		6	0

Leek.

		s.	d.
London Flag	per lb.	6	0
Musselburgh		8	0

Lettuce.

		s.	d.
Drumhead or Malta	per lb.	5	0
Ohio		5	0
Mammoth Salamander		6	0

Lettuce (Cos).

		s.	d.
Paris Green	per lb.	6	0
Paris White		6	0

Water Melon.

		s.	d.
Cuban Queen (black seed)	per lb.	5	0
Ice Cream (white seed)		5	0
Kolb's Gem (black seed)		5	0
McIvor Sugar (white seed)		5	0
Sugar (red seed)		6	0
The Dixie (black seed)		5	0

Rock or Musk Melon.

		s.	d.
Early Hackensack	per lb.	6	0
Emerald Gem		6	0
Improved Jenny Lind		6	0
Large Yellow Cantaloupe		6	0
Large Persian		6	0
Netted Gem		6	0

Preserving Melon.

		s.	d.
Citron (red seed)	per lb.	6	0
Long Green (green seed)		5	0

Mustard.

		s.	d.
Finest White	per lb.	2	6

Onion.

		s.	d.
Brown Globe	per lb.	5	0
Brown Spanish		5	0
Extra Early Flat Red		6	0
Extra Early Yellow Globe		6	0
Silver King		8	0
Silver Queen		7	0
Silver Skin (Pickling)		7	0

Parsley.

		s.	d.
Champion Moss	per lb.	3	6
Extra Triple Curled		4	0
Verdant Beauty		4	0

Parsnips.

		s.	d.
Hollow Crown	per lb.	2	0

Pepper or Capsicum.

		s.	d.
Long Red	per oz.	1	0
Long Yellow		1	0
And other sorts		1	0

Pumpkin.

		s.	d.
Crown	per lb.	5	0
Large Button		5	0
Ironbark		6	0

Radish.

		s.	d.
Black Spanish	per lb.	2	6
French Breakfast		2	6
Long Scarlet		2	0
Mixed Turnip		2	0
Red Turnip		2	0
White Turnip		2	0

Rhubarb.

		s.	d.
Giant	per lb.	8	0
And other sorts		8	0

Spinach.

		s.	d.
Monstrous Viroflay	per lb.	2	6
Prickly (Winter)		2	0
Round (Summer)		2	0

Squash.

		s.	d.
Boston Marrow	per oz.	0	9
Crookneck (Bush)		0	9
Early Golden Bush		0	9
Early White Custard		0	9
Improved Hubbard		0	9
White Pineapple		0	9

Tomato.

		s.	d.
Duke of York	per oz.	1	6
Dwarf Champion		1	0
Early Red Ruby		1	6
Golden Trophy		2	0
Large Red Smooth		0	9
Matchless		2	0
Mikado		1	0
Optimus		1	6
Ponderosa		2	6
Trophy		0	9

Turnip.

		s.	d.
Early Red American Stone	per lb.	2	6
White Nepaul		2	6
White Stone		2	6

Turnip (Swede).

		s.	d.
Imperial Purple Top	per lb.	2	6
Laing's Garden		3	0
Skirving's Purple Top		2	6

Vegetable Marrow.

		s.	d.
Custard Shaped	per lb.	6	0
Long Fruited Bush (white)		6	0
Long White		6	0

For all varieties of Peas and Beans kindly ask for quotations.

Orders on all these quotations are sent Carriage Paid, but Peas and Beans are Carriage extra.

Culinary Plants, Roots and Bulbs

Asparagus Plants.

Can be supplied during June, July, and August.

Colossal ... ... **7s. 6d.** per 100
Perfection ... ... **7s. 6d.** ,, 100
Erfurt Giant .. .. **7s. 6d.** ,, 100
Camden Park Strain ... ... **7s. 6d.** ,, 100

Artichokes.

Can be supplied from May to July.

Globe, green and purple plants ... ... **6s.** per doz

Artichokes.

(Helianthus tuberifera).

Can be supplied during May, June, and July.

Jerusalem Tubers .. .. **3d.** per lb.

Horseradish.

Can be supplied at any time during the year.

Roots or Crowns... ... ... **3s.** per doz.

Seakale.

Can be supplied at any time during the winter months.

Plants, two years old ... . **6s.** per doz.

Rhubarb Roots.

Can be supplied from May to end of December.

Market Varieties ... . **6d.** each **4s.** per doz.
The Giant ... ... **1s.** ,, **10s.** ,,

Hogan's Shillelagh is a splendid new variety, of excellent quality and immense size; the stalks are very long and flat, and dark green in colour; the flavour is delightful. When liberally treated the growth is surprising. Propagated by division of roots. Plants only of this Rhuharb can be supplied. **1s.** each; **10s.** per doz.

Crimson Winter Rhubarb. A splendid variety. This fine sort is at its best when all other varieties are dormant; it can be used nearly all the year round where the frosts are not severe. This is a boon to all, as it is at its prime when stewing fruits are particularly scarce. It produces thin crimson stalks of excellent flavour. It never dies down or rests like other varieties, and may therefore be termed an "All the year round Rhubarb." Should be in every garden. **9d.** each; **7s. 6d.** per doz.

Broccoli Plants.

Can be supplied from January to May.

Early and **Late** ... ... **1s. 6d.** per 100, postage extra.

Brussels Sprout Plants.

Can be supplied from January to May

Improved ... ... **1s. 6d.** per 100, postage extra.

Cabbage Plants.

Can be supplied from January to December.

East Ham... ... ... } **1s.** per 100,
London Market ... ... } postage extra.
St. John's Day .. .. }
Succession, etc., etc. ... ... }

Cape Gooseberry.

Plants can be supplied during November, December, and January, **1s.** per doz., postage extra.

Capsicum or Pepper.

Plants can be supplied during November, December, and January, **1s.** per doz., postage extra.

Cauliflower Plants.

Early London ... ... } **1s. 6d** per 100,
Large Asiatic ... . } postage extra.
Veitch's Autumn Grace ... ... }

Celery Plants.

From January to July is the best time to plant.

Red and White ... ... **2s.** per 100, postage extra.

Choko.

Bulbs for Planting can be supplied during July, August, and September.

3d. each, postage extra.

Tomato Plants.

Can be supplied during August, September, October, November, and December.

All varieties ... . **6d.** per doz., postage extra.

Lettuce Plants.

Can be supplied any time during the year. **1s. 6d.** per 100, postage extra.

Parsley Roots.

Can be supplied at any time during the year. **1s.** per 100, postage extra.

Potatoes (For Seed).

During July, August, and September we will supply at marketable rates Seed Potatoes, delivered free within the reach of carriers, but carriage extra to other addresses. Early Rose, Brownell's Beauty, etc.

Potatoes (Sweet).

Rooted cuttings can be supplied during spring and summer. **1s.** per doz., postage extra

Tubers during autumn, at **3d.** per lb.

Peas and Beans (For Cooking).

Peas, Boiling ... ... **8d.** per qt. **10s.** per bushel
Beans, Haricot ... . **9d.** ,, **15s.** ,,

Can be supplied all the year round.

Lentils.

Grey, or German .. .. **6d.** per lb.
Red, or Egyptian . ... **5d.** per lb.

Can be supplied all the year round.

Eschalots.

6d. per lb ; post free, **1s. 3d** Special price for large lots.

The cloves must be dividen, and planted separately. Fresh manure should be avoided.

Potato Onions.

4d. per lb. ; **1s.** post free. Special price for large lots.

Plant during autumn. They come in at a time when Onions are scarce. The bulbs are produced like Potatoes.

Garlic.

6d. per lb. ; **1s. 3d.**, post free. Special price for large lots.

Tree Onions.

9d. per lb. ; **1s. 6d.**, post free. Special price for large lots.

Herbs.

Strong plants of the following can be supplied all the year round.

Marjoram ... ... **4d.** each ; **3s.** per doz.
Sage .. .. **4d.** ,, **3s** ,,
Thyme ... . **4d.** ,, **3s.** ,,
Mint ... ... **3d** and **6d.** per bundle

DECORATE YOUR TABLE

With the Pretty

Gate & Fence Flower Vases

WE ARE OFFERING.

We have a Large and Varied Stock
at Low Prices for value.

SEARL & SONS.
83 King Street.

Australian Flower Garden Calendar

SPRING—August, September, October. **SUMMER - November, December, January.**

AUTUMN—February, March, April. **WINTER—May, June, July.**

JANUARY is a hot and dry month, and unless rain falls little can be done in the way of sowing flower seeds out of doors, unless shading and a copious and regular supply of water are supplied, and a mulching of manure is placed over the surface after sowing. The Amaranthus Salicifolius, or fountain plant, with fine colored leaves, the small single-flowered Sunflowers, the Phlox Drummondii, of gorgeous colors, and the Portulacca and Balsams are some of the best and most effective.

Make the first sowing of Pansies in rich soil, and as soon as the plants are fit to handle transplant them into another position in the shelter frame, in rows two inches apart, so that they may make strong well-rooted plants, which can be lifted with a ball, and planted out into the bed or border when ready.

FEBRUARY.—This is the first month of autumn, and rains often fall at this season, and although the weather during the day is hot, the nights are cooler, and any favourable conditions of temperature should be taken advantage of for making a full sowing of seeds of plants marked as seasonable.

The canvas shade-frame should be taken advantage of if dry weather prevents sowing out of doors. Plants raised from seed now will make much more rapid progress than they will do a few weeks later, when the nights are cold. A good sowing of Pansy should be made under canvas frame. Strong seedlings that may be in stock can be planted out to fill up vacant places in the garden, and if the sun's heat is strong, shade the young plants with light boughs until they are established. (See list of flower seeds suitable for autumn sowing.)

MARCH.—The days may still be warm, and a full sowing of all the annuals and biennials named in the list for autumn sowing should be made, as seeds germinate much more quickly when the soil is warm from sun's heat.

Most of the seeds named can be sown out of doors, but any tender annuals and biennials which do not object to transplanting are better sown under the canvas shade frame even now, as they are better under control. Stocks are beautiful plants which should not be neglected. The Intermediate and Ever-blooming section should be sown under cover now. Sow Godetia, a fine showy annual. Pansies can still be sown to advantage.

APRIL.—This is the last month of autumn, and sowing of suitable annuals and biennials should not be delayed; old English favourites should not be neglected; Primrose, Forget-me-Not, Foxglove, Stocks, Wallflower, and Pansy will all do well if sown this month. All the annuals mentioned in list can be sown. Continue to plant out seedlings and keep the soil well open with the hoe.

MAY.—Cold nights this month will check the growth of plants, but many flower seeds may still be sown to keep up a succession of bloom. (See those for winter sowing.) Early frosts would injure more tender varieties of biennials and perennials, but if these are sown under the protection of canvas frame no danger may be feared. The hardier plants named for winter planting can be sown out of doors; Mignonette and Sweet Peas will do well. These charming English flowers are appreciated by everyone, and should always have a place in the garden. Stock, Daisy, Violet, Primrose, Pansy (raised in the frame) should be planted out, also all other perennials from reserve stock.

GARDEN TOOLS. There's difference in convenience between antique and up-to-date tools. We sell the best only, knowing well that they are cheapest in the long run and will give entire satisfaction. We know good tools when we see them. See list on another page.

SEARL & SONS.

JUNE.—The hardiest varieties of flower seeds only can be sown, such as mentioned in our list for winter.

The garden must be thoroughly done up during the present month, all vacant land should be dug over, manured, and made ready for the coming season. All seedlings of hardy spring flowering plants in reserve, such as Daisies, Violets, Primroses, Polyanthus, Wallflower, Forget-me-not, etc., should now be planted out.

JULY.—This month is usually warm in the daytime, with cool nights, and there is little growth, but preparatory work should be pushed forward, and if the season is a mild one, continue to plant out from the reserve bed, and sow all annuals mentioned in list.

One of the most charming annuals is Salpiglossis; its flowers are superb and of every shade of color, and it cannot be surpassed for table decoration. To have these charming plants in bloom early, sow now under canvas, but next month is even better.

AUGUST.—Now spring has arrived, all plant life will have become active, and growth will be much more rapid than it has been during the previous months. No time should be lost in making a full sowing of all the hardy annuals mentioned in list in the open border, and the tender varieties in the shelter frame; transplant from reserve all seedlings required to fill up beds.

Sow Poppy, Salpiglossis, Phlox Drummondii. Two of the most charming varieties of the Poppy are the "Alpine" and "Shirley."

SEPTEMBER.—Weeds will be growing very rapidly during this month, and they should be removed while they are small and easily got rid of; the surface of the soil should be frequently gone over, so as to conserve the moisture which may be in it, and obtain the full benefit of any rains. Continue to sow all seeds in Spring List, and thin out any seedlings too thick in the border.

Mulch the surface of the soil with manure, as it will keep it cool and retain the moisture.

OCTOBER.—We can still sow a great many hardy annuals with success. The following are gay throughout the summer, and should not be neglected: Portulacca, Zinnia, Sunflower, Clianthus Diampierii, Colored-leaved Amaranthus (Salicifolius is a gorgeous species, 4 to 5 feet high); all these charming plants are admirably suited to our climate, and are very easily grown. A garden can be kept gay during the hottest months if plenty of water and care is given to these beautiful plants.

NOVEMBER.—Little can be done in the garden in the way of sowing, although the annuals mentioned in list are in good time, and must not be neglected. Most of these plants can be transplanted, and from the reserve bed a full supply of them can be put out. They will make a fine show in the garden during the dry summer months.

Salpiglossis will now be in full bloom, and will continue to flower for months, and we are sure they will bear out all that we have said about them; they should be in every garden.

DECEMBER is generally a very hot and dry month, during which little can be done in the way of sowing except under careful treatment, when all plants named in list can be sown for autumn display.

Water freely and well if necessary, so as to keep the plants growing, but be careful not to allow the soil to cake; keep it loose with the hoe, but, better still, have it well mulched; this will save labour and water.

Gerbera Jamesoni

(The Scarlet Daisy of South Africa.)

THE Novelty of the year is the lovely Gerbera Jamesoni, which we are this season, for the first time, offering to our patrons. This brilliant scarlet Daisy from South Africa is of easy culture, flowering continuously throughout the summer when planted in the garden in an open, sunny border. In fact it is rarely ever out of bloom, and if placed in a sunny position in the greenhouse during the winter, where Carnations or Geraniums flower freely, it will continue to bloom all the year round. The plant forms a dense tuft of leaves, from the crown of which it sends up in constant succession stout stems 12 to 18 inches long, which are terminated with single daisy-like flowers fully 3 inches across and varying in color from bright orange-red to deep vermillion,—a rich, glowing and also entirely new color in this shape of flower, it really being a scarlet Marguerite. The plant has been under cultivation in our trial grounds for some years, and has now approached perfection in form and brilliancy of color; many have seen it and been charmed by its novel and striking beauty.

Plants 2/- each.

Searl & Sons,

86 King Street, Sydney.

THE TIME FOR

SOWING FLOWER SEEDS

We have the best and most popular Flowering Plants which can be grown from Seed. List of Flower Seeds on other pages for varieties and particulars.

SOW IN AUGUST, SEPTEMBER and OCTOBER (Spring).

Abutilon	Canna	Dianthus	Linum	Picotee
Adonis	Cardiospermum	Digitalis	Lobelia	Poppy
Agathœa	Carnation	Dolichos	Lophospermum	Portulacca
Ageratum	Carnation, Marguerite	Erigeron	Lupinus	Potentilla
Alonson	Castilleja	Eschscholtzia	Martynia	Pyrethrum
Alyssum	Celosia	Forget-me-not	Matricaria	Rhodanthe
Amaranthus	Centaurea	Fuchsia	Matthiola	Ricinus
Ammobium	Centrosema Grandiflora	Gaillardia	Maurandya	Romneya
Anagallis	Cerinthe	Gentiana	Medeola	Rudbeckia
Anchusa	Cheiranthus	Gladiolus	Mesembryanthemum	Saintpaulia
Angelonia	Chrysanthemum	Godetia	Mignonette	Salpiglossis
Antigonous	Clarkia	Gomphrena	Mimosa Pudica	Salvia
Arabis	Clianthus, Dampierii	Gypsophila	Mimulus	Scabiosa
Arctotis	Clintonia	Helichrysum	Mina Lobata	Schizanthus
Aristolochia	Cobœa	Heliopsis	Nasturtium	Solanum
Armeria	Collomia	Heliotropium	Nemophila	Statice
Aquilegia	Convolvulus	Heuchera	Netera	Sunflower
Aster	Coreopsis	Hibiscus Africans	Nigella	Tacsonia
Begonia	Cornflower	Honesty	Nycterinia	Tagete
Brachycombe	Cosmos	Hesperis	Oxalis	Thunbergia
Browallia	Cosmidium	Ipomopsis	Pæony	Verbascum
Calandrinia	Cyclamen	Larkspur	Passiflora	Verbena
Calendula	Dahlia	Leptosiphon	Pentstemon	Wallflower
Calliopsis	Datura	Limnanthes	Petunia	Whitlavia
Campanula	Delphinium	Linaria	Phlox Drummondi	Zinnia
Candytuft				

SOW IN NOVEMBER, DECEMBER and JANUARY (Summer).

Amaranthus	Clianthus, Dampierii	Marigold	Phlox Drummondi	Scabiosa
Balsam	Coreopsis, Lanceolata	Mesembryanthemum	Portulacca	Sunflower
Calliopsis	Cosmos	Pansy	Pyrethrum	Tagete
Celosia	Gomphrena	Petunia	Ricinus	Zinnia

SOW IN FEBRUARY, MARCH and APRIL (Autumn).

Abronia	Campanula	Delphinium	Lathyrus	Portulucca
Achimenes	Candytuft	Dianthus	Limnathes	Potentilla
Acroclinium	Canna	Digitalis	Linaria	Primrose
Ageratum	Carnation	Dolichos	Linum	Primula
Alonsoa	Carnation, Marguerite	Eschscholtzia	Lophospermum	Ranunculus
Althæa	Chrysanthemum	Forget-me-not	Lupinus	Rhodanthe
Alyssum	Chrysanthemum, Annual	Freesia	Matricaria	Salpiglossis
Anagallis	Cineraria	Gaillardia	Maurandya	Scabiosa
Anchusa	Clarkia	Gentiana	Mignonette	Schizanthus
Anemone	Clianthus, Dampierii	Glœcinia	Mimulus	Senecio
Antirrhinum	Clintonia	Godetia	Nasturtiuum	Solanum
Aquilegia	Cobœa	Gypsophila	Nemophila	Stocks
Armeria	Coleus	Helichrysum	Nigella	Sunflower
Aster	Collinsia	Heliopsis	Pansy	Sweet Pea
Aubretia	Coreopsis	Heliotropium	Pentstemon	Tacsonia
Bartonia	Cornflower	Hesperis	Pelargonium	Verbascum
Brachycombe	Cosmidium	Heuchera	Petunia	Verbena
Calampelis	Cosmos	Honesty	Phlox Drummondi	Violet
Calandrinia	Cowslip	Ipomopsis	Picotee	Wallflower
Calceolaria	Cyclamen	Larkspur	Polyanthus	Whitlavia
Calendula	Dahlia	Lobelia	Poppy	Zinnia
Calliopsis	Daisy			

SOW IN MAY, JUNE and JULY (Winter).

Antirrhinum	Coreopsis, Lanceolata	Forget-me-not	Lupinus	Pansy
Aquilegia	Daisy	Godetia	Marguerite Carnation	Phlox Drummondi
Calliopsis	Delphinium	Larkspur	Mignonette	Rhodanthe
Campanula	Dianthus	Linaria	Nasturtium	Stocks
Candytuft	Eschscholtzia	Linum	Nemophila	Sweet Peas
Centaurea				

SEARL & SONS for GOOD FLOWER SEEDS.

Sovereign Flower Seed Collections.

THE BEST WAY TO BUY.——OUR SPECIAL OFFERS.——ALL POST FREE.

No. 1 Sovereign Packet Rainbow Collection 2s.

14 Packets (Our Selection)

We make up the above with the best and strongest Annuals, which, beyond doubt, must produce a good show of bloom at a nominal fee.

No. 2 Sovereign Packet Six Sterling Annuals 1s.

6 Packets. This is comprised of

Grandiflora Phlox Drummondii **Star Phlox Salpiglossis** **Sweet Peas Wallflower (double) And Zinnias.**

All mixed packets. A Tempting Offer.

No. 3 Sovereign Packet Twelve Varieties 5s.

Any twelve packets our customers may select, not exceeding **6/-** in value, at Catalogue rates. They all contain Searl's good seed, and may be relied upon for making a good show.

No. 4 Sovereign Packet of Rainbow Pansies 3s.

This includes **9** varieties. Here are the names.

Bugnot's Superb Blotched
Cassier's Blotched
English (Fine Mixed)
Large French Stained
Lord Beaconsfield
Non Plus Ultra
Odier's or Blotched
Striped and Mottled
Trimardeau

No. 5 Sovereign Packet Thirty Varieties 4s.

Any thirty packets a customer may select, priced at 3d. each, in our General List of Flower Seeds. A splendid assortment, which must give entire satisfaction to the most critical amateur.

No. 6 Sovereign Packet Six Varieties 5s.

This includes:—

Begonia, Calceolaria, Cineraria, Cyclamen, Gloxinia, Primulas } All Mixed Strains

For Pot Culture, should be raised in seed pans.

Pictorial Collections.

Nasturtium, Dwarf, six varieties	1/-	**Pansy**, six varieties	1/6
Dwarf, twelve varieties	2/-	Twelve varieties	3/-
Tall, six varieties	1/-	**Sweet Pea**, six varieties	1/-
Tall, twelve varieties	2/-	Twelve varieties	2/-

SIX AND MORE DISTINCT COLORS.

Assortments

FOR MASSING IN LARGE BEDS.

Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora, six varieties	1/3	**Stock, Ten-week**, six varieties	1/3
Twelve varieties	2/-	Twelve varieties	2/-
Salpiglossis, Tall, six varieties	1/-	**Stock, Brompton**, six varieties	1/3

SEARL & SONS for GOOD FLOWER SEEDS.

Ornamental Grasses

6 Packets for 1/-
12 „ „ 1/6
Customers' Selection.

Agrosta Nebulosa. 3d. per packet.
Very ornamental; graceful habit; sutiable for bouquets and mixing with flowers in vases.

Agrostis Pulchella.
Handsome, splendid for bouquets.

Avena Sterilis (Animated Oats).
Curious large spikelets, and of very elegant habit.

Briza Maxima (Quaking Oats).
One of the best known grasses, of the easiest culture.

Briza Minima (Gracilis).
Similar to the above, but finer; very graceful and useful.

Coix Lacryma (Job's Tears).
Very suitable for masses.

Eragrostis Elegans (Love Grass).
Strong growing, with broad foliage, of considerable beauty.

Erianthus Ravennæ.
A very stately and hardy grass, bearing beautiful silvery plumes. Has been much used for sub-tropical effects in the garden.

Eulalia Japonica.
Most distinct hardy, ornamental grass, being a fine feature when planted near water and on a somewhat rising grouud.

3d. per packet.

Gynerium Argenteum (Pampas Grass).
Sometimes referred to by botanists as Cortaderia Argentea. It is a handsome grass of stately appearance.

Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrel Tail).
A hardy grass; the only one of a family which is cultivated as a garden plant.

Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's Tail Grass).
A pretty, hardy annual grass, cultivated for its plume-like spikes.

Lasiagrostis Argentea.
An elegant, hardy annual grass. Height1 foot.

Pennisetum Rupellianum.
Most elegant variety; long, slender leaves and stems, and beautiful plumes, charmingly decorative. One of the best.

Stipa Pennata (Feather Grass).
Elegant for bouquets; presents a most attractive appearance in the border.

Tricholaena Rosea (Red Top Grass).
Very strong grower, very ornamental red spikes.

Zea Japonica Fol Variegata (Striped Japanese Maize).
Tall-growing, prettily marked; will assume the height of 6 feet.

Soak LEGUMINOUS SEEDS in Hot water 12 hours before sowing. Use Firewood ashes in compost.

Native Tree and Flower Seeds

Offered in Small Packets.

6d. per packet.
5/- per dozen.

POST FREE TO ANY PART OF THE WORLD.

Our "FLORA" is much appreciated in European, American and other Foreign Countries.

Acacia Baileyana ("Cootamundra Wattle").
Of great beauty, free flowering. Height 2 feet.

Acacia Decurrens (Green or Black Wattle).
A very beautiful variety; foliage and bark very dark, and valuable. Height 25 feet.

Acacia Dealbata (Silver Wattle).
Nery usefnl, quick growing, and ornamental. Height 15 feet.

Acacia Pyenantha (Golden Wattle).
Suits a warmer district best. Bark is also as valuable as that of Acacia Decurrens. Height 20 feet.

Acacia Longifolia.
A very handsome variety; free grower.

Lopantha.
This is generally looked upon as the fern-leaved variety; very handsome.

Actinotis Helianthe (Flannel Flower).
A herbaceous perennial, very appropriately named, the petals of the flowers much resembling flannel. Height 3 feet.

Bignonia Australis (Tecoma) (Wonga Wonga Vine).
A pretty climber, bearing clusters of creamy-white flowers. Height 20 feet.

Boronia Ledifolia.
Bears beautiful rose-colored flowers. Height 2 feet.

Boronia Megastigma.
Very handsome; sweet-smelling; flowers of a very dark-brown color Height 2 feet.

Boronia Pinnata.
This variety has flowers almost of a flesh color, delightful perfume. Height 2 feet.

Boronia Serrulata (Native Rose).
Color of flowers, deep rose. Height 2 feet.

Blandfordia Nobilis (Christmas Bells).
This pretty orange bell-shaped flower is in constant demand for home embellishment at Christmas-tide. Fairly good lasting. Height 2 feet.

Callistemon Lanceolatus (Bottle Brush).
The best one of the species, bearing handsome crimson flowers much resembling a bottle-brush. Height 6 feet.

Ceratopetalum Gummiferum (Christmas Bush).
Without doubt the best of our native shrubs, very gorgeous and attractive about Christmas-tide. The flowers, which are borne in clusters, are of a pretty pink shade. Height 20 feet.

Dampierii (Desert Pea). **Clianthus.**
A native of the driest portions of Western Australia. The flowers are brilliant crimson, about 3 inches long, and in the centre there is a large clear black marking, rendering it one of the most beautiful and attractive plants in cultivation. This biennial plant is a trailer, and is a little difficult to cultivate, but will repay all trouble. Sow from July to end of September in a sunny situation; a sandy soil is most suitable, but in any ordinary good loam it will bloom well. Do not transplant seedlings.

Puniceus (Glory Pea). A very handsome perennial shrub, resembling the Dampierii, but more easily grown and of more erect habit.

Puniceus Alba. A white variety, much prized on account of its highly decorative character.

Correa Speciosa (Native Fuchsia).
An exceedingly beautiful little flowering shrub, flowers red. Height 3 feet.

Hardenbergia Monophylla.
A lovely climber; purple flowers. Height 20 feet.

Telopea Speciosissima (Waratah).
This glorious flower is one, if not the handsomest, of our native flowers. Grows 10 feet high, producing large flowers, on hard stems, of a brilliant crimson color.

WE WILL ENDEAVOUR TO SUPPLY ANY OTHERS THAT MAY BE WANTED.

SEARLS' SOVEREIGN FLOWER SEEDS

OUR . . . SOVEREIGN PACKET or RAINBOW COLLECTION.

We make up Seasonable Collections of **14** Packets, post free, for **2s.**, which comprise the best and strongest Annuals.

Abronia. **3d.** per pkt.

Arencaria, yellow, fine.
Umbellata, rosy lilac.
Villosa, dark rose.

Pretty trailing plants, suitable for rockeries ; waxy, verbena-like flowers, scented ; hardy annual. Sow in spring and autumn. Height 6 inches.

Abutilon. **3d.** per pkt.

Hardy flowering shrub, with large bell-shaped flowers, of drooping habit ; various colors.
Hybrids, fine mixed.

Achimenes. **1s.** per pkt.

Best mixed, choice strain. These make fine pot or basket flowers for the greenhouse during summer months, producing in abundance flowers ranging through many colors. Sow in the autumn. Height 6 inches.

Aquilegia.

Acroclinium. **3d.** per pkt.

Roseum, single, rose color, dark eye.
,, fl. albo, white, pretty.
,, fl. pleno. Color rose, double flower, 50 per cent. true.
,, ,, Album, Color white, double flower, 50 per cent. true.

Most beautiful, everlasting, which flowers in great profusion. Can be dried for winter bouquets ; hardy annual. Sow autumn and spring. Height 12 inches.

Adonis. **3d.** per pkt.

Aestivalis (Flos Adonis), red, annual.
Free Flowering, feathery foliage. Sow in Spring. Height 12 inches.
Vernalis, bright yellow, fine, star-shaped, perennial.

Agathæca (*Blue Margueriti*). **6d.** per pkt.

Cœlestis, a beautiful perennial ; blue, white flowers, yellow centre ; similar to Paris Daisy. Sow autumn or spring.
Floriferous. Height 4 feet.

Ageratum. **3d.** per pkt.

Conspicuum, white, fine.
Mexicanum (Imperial Dwarf , blue.

Hardy, free-blooming plants, useful both for cutting and bedding effect. Sow autumn or spring. Annuals. Height 12 inches.

Alonsoa. **3d.** per pkt.

Albiflora, white, very constant.
Warscewiezi, brilliant scarlet.

Very showy, half hardy annuals. Sow autumn or spring. Height 12 inches.

Althæa. **6d.** per pkt.

Chater's Superb. Splendid mixed, choice strain, double.

This noble plant produces flower spikes 6 feet high, studded with splendid Camellia-like blooms some 3 feet of their length. It is not difficult to grow from seed ; likes a rich soil (tender perennials). Sow in autumn. Height 6 feet.

Alyssum. **3d.** per pkt.

Benthami Compactum *Ltittle Gem)*, quite distinct, charming.
Maritimum Benthami *(Sweet Alyssum)*. One of the hardiest and best annuals ; produces small trusses of flowers in great profusion ; should be cut down after flowering to promote new growth.
Saxatile, yellow perennial.
,, Compactum, yellow perennial ; the best variety of edging ; compact habit. Sow autumn or spring. Height 6 inches.

Amaranthus. **3d.** per pkt.

Abyssinicus, splendid specimen for lawn.
Atropurpureus, very fine. Height 4 feet.
Bicolor, green, striped with red.
Bicolor Sulphurine. A gorgeous variety ; plenty of pale yellow growth, interspersed with green.
Caudatus *(Love-lies-bleeding)*.
Curentus *(Prince's Feather)*.
Firebrand, large leaves, deep blood red, with bright yellow edges. Height 6 feet.
Henderi, leaves carmine, orange, yellow, and green. Height 4 feet.
Melancholicus Ruber, blood-red leaves.
Salicifolius (Fountain Plant), long, narrow, graceful foliage, crimson plumes Height 4 feet.
Tricolor Splendens, very beautfful (new), great improvement on Tricolor.
Tricolor (Joseph's Coat), red, green and yellow leaves, very ornamental, beautiful tropical-colored foliage.

Magnificent foliage plants of tropical appearance, with gorgeous leaves of crimson and gold, and green and yellow ; colours deepen in the autumn. They are beautiful border plants, requiring plenty of room, good soil, and a warm position. Salicifolius is perhaps the best—a most lovely variety—but Tricolor is also a gem. All are grown for their beautiful coloured leaves ; they are hardy annuals. Sow during spring and summer. Height 3 to 6 feet.

Ammobium. **3d** per pk

Alatum, white, with golden centre. Pretty hardy, everlasting ; smal flowers, of easy culture. Sow in spring. Height 18 inches.

Dianthus.

Chrysanthemum (Tricolor).

Anagallis (*Pimpernel*). **3d.** per pkt.

Grandiflora, finest mixed, all colors. A family of dwarf growing annuals, constant bloomers, compact habit ; prefers a rich soil. Sow in autumn or spring. Height 12 inches.

Anemone. (For Bulbs, see List).

Chinensis (Coronaria). Finest mixed, choice strain. Height 12 inches. **3d.** per packet.
Japonica, very pretty, flowers all the summer ; rose, fine. Height 2 feet. **6d.** per packet.
St. Brigid (the Irish Poppy-flowered Anemone). Large single and semi-double flowers of a wonderful variety of color. **6d.** per packet.

Tuberous-rooted plants, easily produced from seed ; bloom early in the spring. Requires good, rich, well-drained soil ; perennial. Sow in the early autumn.

All Our Packet Seeds are POST FREE everywhere.

FLOWER SEEDS- Continued.

Angelonia. **6d.** per pkt

Grandiflora, lilac
,, Alba, white, charming.

Handsome upright-growing plants, produciug numerous spikes covered with flowers; blooms during the autumn; makes a nice pot-plant. Sow in the spring. Height 18 inches.

Aquilegia (or Columbine). **3d.** per pkt.

Single, mixed.
Double, mixed.
Chrysantha, very fine, golden yellow.
Coerulea, very beautiful species.
Californica Hybrida, large yellow flowers, dark orange spurs; splendid.
Nivea Grandiflora, semi-double, white.
Olympica, large, blue.
Skinneri, scarlet, tipped with green, very handsome; quite distinct.

Very showy, hardy, herbaceous perennials; make handsome things in the border; easily grown. They require a light soil. Sow autumn and spring. Height 18 to 24 inches.

Antirrhinum (*Snapdragon*). **3d.** per pkt.

Brilliant, scarlet, golden, and white.
Grandiflorum, large flowering, finest mixed. New large-flowered varieties; splendid.
Dwarf Nanum Album.
Majus, scarlet, golden and white.
,, Luteum, yellow, fine.
,, Striatim. Finest striped varieties.
,, Tall.
Nanum, "Black Prince," new, nearly black, small dark leaves; very fine.
Nanum Picturatum, striped and spotted, showy.
,, (Queen of the North), pure white, small leaved; very pretty.
Searl's Sovereign Strain. New and magnificent varieties of these charming flowers. **6d.** per pkt.
Striatum, Varieties, best mixed, choice strain.
Tom Thumb, Varieties, finest mixed.

Beautiful, hardy, blooming plants, with fine spikes of flowers. The Tom Thumb varieties are very fine. Easily raised from seed. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 1 foot to 3 feet.

Anchusa. **3d.** per pkt.

Capensis, bright azure blue. A free-flowering, hardy perennial, excellent for bouquets; like a strong-growing forget-me-not. Sow autumn or spring. Height 2 feet.

Arabis (*Rock Cress*). **3d.** per pkt.

Alpina, white, very dwarf. Excellent for border or rock work, blooming very freely; hardy perennial. Sow in spring. Height 6 inches.

Arctotis. **6d.** per pkt.

Grandis, white, lilac on the outside, delicate pale violet centre. A charming glaucous green-foliaged annual, of succulent growth; free blooming; splendid for cut blooms. Height 24 inches.

Aristolochia. **6d.** per pkt.

Elegans (Dutchman's Pipe). immense flowers, dark purple and white.
A splendid climber, free flowering; flowers peculiarly shaped. Sow in the autumn. Height 10 feet.

Armeria (*Thrift*). **6d.** per pkt.

Cephalotes, rose, fine.
Fine variety of the old English flower; hardy perennial. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 12 inches.

Asters **3d.** per pkt.

Should be grown in every garden, their chrysanthemum-like flowers of ll colors being most attractive, and very useful late in the autumn, when he borders are generally devoid of bloom.
Dwarf Chrysanthemum, finest mixed, various colors.
,, Crown, finest mixed, superb; very showy class; white centre. Height 18 inches.
,, German, mixed. A favourite sort.
,, Mignon. white; splendid for cut flowers.
,, Pæony Perfection (Benary's Improved), various colors.
,, Pyramidal Bouquet, 8 inches high, various colors.
,, Victoria, finest mixed; effective.
Giant Comet, finest mixed, long petals.
,, ,, white; extra strain.
New Globe Flowered, various colors.
Ostrich Plume, mixed; excellent for cutting.
Queen of the Market, mixed. Three weeks earlier than any other variety; of branching, loose habit.
Quilled German, finest mixed, various colors.
Single Flowered Marguerite, mixed; valuable for cutting; effective.
Triumph, fine mixed, excellent pæony, flowered; variety of Tom Thumb habit. Height 6 inches.
Victoria Needle (Hedgehog). finest mixed, splendid class.
Searls' Sovereign Strain, composed of the best strains grown; splendid. **6d.** per pkt.

A lovely family of annuals, easily grown from seed; must have plenty water during summer; like a light, rich soil. Sow autumn or spring. Height 6 to 24 inches.

Aubretia. **6d** per pkt.

Leichtlini, luminous carmine rose. Very pretty, hardy perennial, suitable for edgings and borders. Sow in autumn. Height 15 inches.

Auricula (*Primula Auricula*). **6d.** per pkt.

Mixed, choice strain.
An old English favourite, requiring special culture, and only suitable for the cooler districts. Variety of color, sometimes green, white edged; the entire flowers appear as if dusted with powder; hardy perennials. To be sown in fine soil in boxes during the autumn and spring, and transplanted when fit to handle. Height 6 inches.

Balsam. **3d.** per pkt.

Our Balsams are from the most superb strains, with beautiful form and colors. The Solferino is of perfect form, and the colors are beautiful The flowers are delicately striped and spotted. Like a rich soil, plenty of moisture. Suitable also for pot cultivation. Sow in the spring and summer. Height 18 inches.
Carnation, Striped and Flaked, various colors.
Camellia Flowered, self-colored (Improved).
Double Spotted, mixed.
Rose Flowered, mixed.
Solferino, Striped and Spotted.

Balloon Vine (See Cardiospermum).

Bartonia. **3d.** per pkt.

A useful showy annual.
Aurea, yellow.

For Dahlia Novelties refer to Coloured Sheets.

Single Dahlias.

Begonia (Tuberous-rooted). **1s.** per pkt.

Single Varieties mixed, choice strain, showy.
Double Varieties mixed, choice strain; from a rich collection.
Begonia Semperflorens **6d.** per pkt.
Fine mixed (fibrous rooted), free flowering, effective for bedding.
Fine decorative plant, very handsome and easily cultivated in pots. These charming plants require great care in raising from seed, which is very small, and must be sown in light soil in a frame or greenhouse, and afterwards grown in pots. Foliage very handsome; graceful, drooping flowers, most attractive; tender perennials. The Begonias will not succeed out of doors. Sow the seed in spring. Height, 18 inches.

Bellis Perennis (*Double Daisy*) **3d.** per pkt.

Longfellow, uncommonly large, very double, dark rose blooms.
Snowball, large double white.
Fine mixed, good.

Blue Marguerite (See Agathæa).

Brachycombe (*Swan River Daisy*). **3d** per pkt.

Iberidifolia, fine mixed.
Hardy annual, compact, stands dry weather, flowers daisy-like, borne in great profusion; likes light, rich soil. Sow autumn or spring. Height 9 inches.

Browallia. **3d.** per pkt.

Most desirable plants, which cover themselves with a profusion of elegant blossoms Should be sown early in spring. Height 15 inches.
Elata, Alba, White.
,, Blue.

Calandrinia. **3d.** per pkt.

Umbellatus.
Fine flowering plants; will grow in any soil; of a dwarf habit, and suitable for edgings. Sow autumn or spring. Height 12 inches.

Calampelis Scabra (Eccremocarpus). **6d.** per pkt.

Deep orange; one of the finest climbers.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Calceolaria 1s. per pkt.

A charming plant for frame, conservatory, or bush house culture, requiring rich, light, fibrous soil, and plenty of pot room. They cannot be grown in the border. Sow in the autumn. Height 12 to 18 inches.
Hybrida Grandiflora, large flowered; self-colored; splendid strain, very robust and floriferous.
Hybrida Grandiflora Tigrina (Tigred and Spotted), most beautiful and brilliantly marked flowers.
Hybrida Grandiflora (Tigred-spotted and self-colored), in splendid mixture, glorious strain; reliable.
Rugosa Shrubby, true bedding varieties, innumerable very small flowers.

Calendula (Marigold). 3d. per pkt.

Hybrida, white.
Meteor, double, orange, striped.
Officinalis, double, fine mixed; good sort.
Officinalis Ranunculoides, fl. pl., (Garden Marigold), splendid.
Prince of Orange, double, rich orange, striped.
Pluvialis (Cape Marigold), white, exterior of petals shaded maroon.
Pongei, fl. plena, double, effective, useful.
Well-known annuals; capital for bedding or border; exceedingly hardy Sow in the autumn or spring. Height 12 to 24 inches. (See also Tagetes).

Calliopsis. 3d. per pkt.

Bicolor (Tinctoria), very pretty.
,, Marmorata, yellow and red-brown. This is one of the best of our hardy annuals. A most beautiful plant in the garden, not particular as to soil; a long time in bloom. Plants should be two feet apart. Sow autumn and spring. Height 2 feet.
Cardaminafolia Bicolor, very fine.
Coronata, yellow, large flower, fine.
Drummondii, yellow-crimson centre.
Nigra Speciosos, a beautiful variety.
Semiplena, semi-double, pretty.
Tall sorts, mixed, a choice strain.

Campanula (*Canterbury Bells*). 3d. per pkt.

Calycanthema, splendid mixed, resembling cup and saucer.
Carpatica, blue; beautiful for groups and edging.
,, Alba, white, edging and groups.
Double Blue.
,, Finest Mixed, various, well assorted.
,, White.
Pyramidalis, long spikes of bloom
,, Alba, a lovely white flowering sort.
Single, Blue, a magnificent variety.
,, Finest Mixed, a choice strain.
,, White, a splendid bloomer.
A family of very showy border plants, the colors being very distinct and rich; the single varieties are exceedingly pretty, and the Calycanthema, double and pyramidalis varieties, are magnificent. Easily raised from seed; sow in frame or box, and plant out in the border later. Free bloomers; hardy perennials. Sow in autumn or spring. Height 1 to 3 feet.

Californian Tree Poppy (See Romneya).

Candytuft (See Iberis).

Canna (*Indian Shot*)

Crozy's Superb Strain. Very ornamental plants, both for flowers and foliage. 6d. per pkt.
Extra Choice, mixed. A choice strain containing many colors. 3d. per pkt.
See also list of named varieties in "Plant Section."
Ornamental plants with handsome foliage; brilliant flowers; easily raised from seed in a frame. Magnificent decorative plants; grown in the garden in sheltered situations, or in pots in a bush-house; half hardy perennials. Height 3 to 4 feet. Sow autumn and spring.

Canary Creeper (See Tropæolum).

Canterbury Bell (See Campanula).

Cardiospermum Habicacabum (*Balloon Vine*) 3d. per pkt.

A vine not very well known. We offer now reliable seed of it; curiously shaped flowers.

Carnation (Marguerite Section). 6d. per pkt.

The Margaret variety, a charming new strain, bearing a great profusion of bloom, which forms a most striking object in the borders; a large percentage comes very double and beautifully fringed; most suitable for bouquet purposes. Sow autumn and spring. Height 30 inches.
Giant or Malmaison, improved type of Margaret, extra large flowering.
Margaret Varieties, a superb strain, mixed; habit robust.
,, White (Snowflake), a beautiful variety.

"ARRIVED IN EXCELLENT CONDITION."

Messrs. Searl & Sons.

Dear Sirs.—The plants per s.s. "Victoria," and also the seeds by post, arrived in excellent condition. Enclosed you will find cheque. Kindly send me your Catalogue, marking the best Chrysanthemums.

Yours respectfully,
H. A. GRAY.

Wellington, N.Z.,
June 11, 1904.

Carnation (Perpetual Section). 1s. per pkt.

Perpetual, choice mixed, 80 per cent. of doubles, superb tree bloomers.
Riviera Market, the finest Perpetual Carnation, and of rapid growth; splendid double flowers.
Yellow Ground Fancies, unrivalled strain, producing the much-required shades.
Double Mixed, superb class; good sorts; border. 6d. per pkt.

Castor Oil Plant (See Ricinus Africanus).

Castlleja. 1s. per pkt.

Indivisa. It is not too much to say that it is one of the best of recent introductions; produces flower-bracts of a brilliant crimson scarlet. Sow in the spring.

Catchfly (See Silene).

Celosia (*Cockscomb*). 3d. per pkt.

Cristata Nana, mixed, a splendid strain of fine quality; excellent.
Empress, bright crimson combs, dark foliage; very beautiful.
Glasgow Prize, very fine crimson combs; splendid.
Pyramidalis Plumosa, splendid mixed, splendid feathery spikes of various colors.
Spicata (Argentea Lenearis), bright rose changing to silvery white; excellent for cutting and drying.
Thompsoni Magnifica, a feathered Cockscomb of great beauty; a stately plant, well branched, producing abundance of side shoots, with feathered crests of crimson. Height 4 feet.
Old English favourites. The three first named produce large cockscomb-like heads of brilliant crimson. Pyramidalis bears its flowers in feathery spikes, and should have the leaders pinched out, which will improve its habit. Height 2 feet. Half hardy annuals. Sow in spring and summer.

Daisy (Double).

Centaurea. 3d. per pkt.

Cyanus (Cornflower), mixed; single varieties; a choice strain.
,, Emperor William, bright blue; fine.
,, Alba, pure white; very good.
,, Flore Plena, semi-double; finest mixed; about 50 per cent. true; a choice strain.
Imperialis, Mixed, a very hardy class; fine.
Moschata, Sweet Sultan.
,, Alba, white; excellent.
,, Cœrulea, a beautiful blue.
,, Fine mixed; a choice strain.
Odorata, light blue, lovely, sweet smelling.
,, Margaritæ, pure white; excellent for cutting.
,, Finest Mixed, excellent; new varieties.
Sauveolens, yellow, fine.
The Single Blue Cornflower, so common in the English fields, is one of the most useful annuals in cultivation. It blooms during winter in profusion, and is most useful for cutting for bouquets in winter and spring. The plants should stand one foot apart, and can be transplanted. This interesting family comprises the well known Sweet Sultan. Height 1½ to 2 feet. Sow during autumn and spring.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Centaurea Candidissima 3d. pkt.

(Argentea vera ragusina).

Valuable perennial foliage plant for ribbon bordering; very effective when massed with other colored leaves; round, compact plants, with silvery foliage. Height 12 inches. Sow in autumn.

Centauridium. 3d. per pkt.

D.ummondii, yellow flowers.

A showy, hardy annual of a dwarf and trailing habit; suitable for edges and rockeries.

Centrosema. 6d. per pkt.

Grandiflorum, flowers from 1½ to 2½ inches across, of a beautiful inverted pea shape; rosy violet to reddish purple, feathered with white.

An exceedingly beautiful perennial climber; easily grown from seed, which should be soaked for a few hours in tepid water before sowing. Sow in spring.

Cerinthe. 3d. per pkt.

Mixed, splendid for bees.

Sow during Spring.

Cheiranthus Maritimus.

Fine Mixed. Height 6 inches. Very dwarf; free blooming hardy annual; very effective for edgings. Sow seed in early spring.

Chrysanthemum. 3d. per pkt.

Chrysanthemums of all classes should be very largely grown, as they are certainly very beautiful and the most useful flowers to be found for cutting purposes.

Carinatum Burridgeanum (Lord Beaconsfield).
,, Dunnetti Aureum, fl. pl., golden.
,, Eclipse, brown and yellow, very fine.
,, Finest mixed, single, good.
,, ,, ,, double, various.
,, Golden Feather, semi-dwarf, yellow foliage.
Frutescens, Marguerite, white.
Inodorum Plenissimum, fine double-white flowers; capital for cutting.
Segetum Grandiflorum, yellow.

These varieties are hardy annuals; strong growers, showy, and are admirably suited for cutting; they keep a long time in water. Marguerites are most popular, and should always have a place, as they are one of our finest garden annuals. Should be sown during autumn or spring. 18 inches to 2 feet high.

(See also Leucanthemums).

Cape Forget-me-not (See Anchusa).

Cineraria. 1s. per pkt.

Hybrida, choicest mixed, dwarf strain.
Hybrida Grandiflora, splendid mixed. A beautiful, large-flowering strain; prize varieties.
Hybrida Plenissima, double mixed. This strain will produce a large per centage of double flowers.

Most elegant and charming bush-house or green-house plants. Should be raised in a frame, in pots and boxes, and transplanted rapidly into small-sized pots, and again into blooming pots, as soon as the smaller are well filled with roots. Use light soil, mixed with old cow manure, a little sand, and old vegetable mould made from decayed leaves; transfer to bush-house as soon as established in blooming pots. Can also be grown as border plants in a sheltered suitable position. Sow in the autumn. Height 18 to 24 inches.

Ornamental Leaved Variety.
Cineraria. **3d.** per pkt.
Maritima Candidissima, very ornamental, large leaves.

This variety, although classed as a Cineraria, is grown as a hardy foliage plant only, its beautiful silvery leaves being very effective in carpet bedding; it is of no value as a flowering plant. Sow in spring. Height 12 inches.

ARE RELIABLE SEEDS.

Clarkia 3d. per pkt.

Elegans, finest mixed, single.
Elegans, finest mixed, double.

A showy, hardy annual; easily grown; very effective in masses. Sow spring and autumn. Height 18 inches.

Clintonia. 3d. per pkt.

Pulchella, rich blue color, yellow eyes.

Charming little plant for edging, pots, or rockeries. Sow the seed in boxes and transplant. Hardy annual. Sow autumn or spring. Height 6 inches.

Cobœa Scandens. 3d. per pkt.

A splendid climber. producing large, bell-shaped flowers, purple.
Fl. Albo, white, very fine.

Most useful and ornamental; perennial; large bell-shaped flowers; rapid grower. Should be raised in pots and planted out in the autumn or spring. Height 6 feet.

Cockscomb (See Celosia).

Coleus. 1s. per pkt.

This strain of seed is saved from a superb collection. As a foliage plant the Coleus, for ordinary cultivation, cannot be surpassed; easily grown and admirably adapted to our climate. As a pot plant, grown either in conservatory or bush-house, it is charming. In the warmer parts of the State it can also be used for bedding, when it sometimes reaches the height of 3 feet. Sow in spring and summer; likes a good rich soil, plenty of moisture.

Large-leaved, finest mixed. A very rich and choice strain.
Finest Varieties, splendid mixed. From a superb collection.
Verschaffeldtii. Good, lovely foliage. **6d.** per pkt.

Collinsia. 3d. per pkt.

Mixed, free blossoming, though not particularly attractive; should be sown in autumn; good.

Collomia. 3d. per pkt.

Coccinea. Hardy annual, flowers Bouvardia-like; of nice compact habit. Sow in the spring. Height 12 inches.

Columbine (See Aquilegia).

At a Funeral Service.

Messrs.
SEARL & SONS.

Dear Sirs,

We desire to express our appreciation of the very tasteful decorations arranged by you for the funeral service of the late Dr. George Lane. On all hands we heard words of commendation.

W. G. TAYLOR.

Centenary Hall,
Aug. 29, 1904.

Erigeron Coulterii.

Convolvulus (*Morning Glory*). 3d. per pkt.

Charming free blooming plants; nice foliage; free bloomers. Sow in the spring.

Minor, dwarf, fine mixed; a variety of colors.
Major (tall), fine mixed. This is a climber, suitable for trellis.
Mauritanicus, blue, for suspending; perennial.
(See also Ipomœas.)

Coreopsis. 3d. per pkt.

Grandiflora, very large, golden yellow; perennial.
Lanceolata, yellow, fine, true.
(See also Calliopsis.)

Cornflower (See Centaurea).

Cosmea (*Cosmos*). 3d. per pkt.

Most showy and charming annuals, producing single flowers of great beauty; white, mauve, purple, etc., with fine foliage; most useful for table decoration. Sow autumn and spring. Height 6 feet.

Bipinnata, pink, beautiful, fine.
,, Purpurea, purple, fine.
,, Alba, white, lovely.
,, finest mixed.
Klondyke, rich deep orange, vigorous grower and free flowering.

Cowslip (See Primula Officinalis).

Cosmidium. 3d per pkt.

Burridgeanum. Velvety-brown, resembling a sort of Calliopsis.

One of the most hardy showy annuals. It is well adapted for massing, splendid for cutting. Sow in autumn or spring. Height 18 inches.

Cuphea. 3d. per pkt.

Miniata, flowers deep scarlet.

A pretty annual, most useful for bedding; very dwarf and abundant bloomer.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Cyclamen. 1s. per pkt.

A most interesting tribe of tuberous plants, easily produced from seed if grown in light soil; raised in a box. They will not flower till the second season, but will then repay all trouble. A good winter flowering pot plant

Giganteum, finest mixed, fine form, and a very free flowering variety.
,, Album, large flowering, very fine.
Persicum, mixed, various; many beautiful shades.
,, Papilio, Butterfly Cyclamen, good strain, mixed.

Cypress Vine (See Ipomœa Quamoclit).

Dahlia. 3d. per pkt.

This universal favourite is easily raised from seed. The Cactus type are exceedingly beautiful, and are now established great favourites. Sow seed autumn and spring. 3 to 5 feet. Of course they readily transplant.

Dahlia Cactus, mixed, saved from the finest named varieties of pointed petalled sorts. **6d.** per pkt.
Dahlia Double, mixed, select strain.
Finest varieties, single, mixed, various; showy.

Daisy.

Double (See Bellis Perennis).
Marguerite (See Chrysanthemum Frutescens).
Swan River (See Brachycombe).
Shasta (See Leucanthemum).

Gaillardia.

Gloxinia.

Datura (Trumpet Flowers). 6d. per pkt.

Ceratocaula. Large trumpet-shaped pink and white flowers, beautifully sweet-scented; a very useful hardy annual. Sow in spring. 36 inches.

Delphinium (Perennial Larkspur). 6d. per pkt.

Cashmerianum, dark blue, very fine.
Caucasicum, new, sky-blue.
Chinense, fine mixed; splendid strain.
Elatum, dark blue, very fine.
,, Hybridum, fl. pl., double varieties, finest mixed; from a very rich collection.
Formosum, dark blue, fine.
,, Cœlestinum, sky blue, handsome.
Zalil, long spikes of yellow flowers.
Searl's Sovereign Strain, a superb variety. **1s.** per packet.

Charming family of perennials, with handsome foliage and fine spikes of flowers. Very effective in the border. They make handsome plants. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 2 to 4 feet when in flower.

Devil in a Bush (See Nigella).

Diadem Pink (See Dianthus).

Dianthus. 3d. per pkt.

The varieties of this magnificent tribe adapt themselves particularly well to our climate, and will bloom nearly the entire season. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 12 inches.
Barbatus *(Sweet William)*, various, single, fine mixed.
,, fl. pl., mixed, double, choice sorts.
Chinensis *(Indian Pink)*, finest single mixed.
,, Finest double mixed, good strain, choice.
Crimson Belle, brilliant; blood-red in color; a companion flower to Snowflake.
Eastern Queen, rose, showy, single flowered variety.
Heddewegi Atrosanguineus, blood red.
,, Hybridus, fl. pleno, double choicest mixed, very large flowering.
,, ,, Diadematus, fl. pl., (Diadem Pink), splendid mixed.
,, Laciniatus, single mixed; extra good.
,, ,, Albus (Snowflake), single, pure white; good.
,, ,, fl. pl., charming variety, finest double mixed.
,, ,, various, large-fringed variety.
,, Finest single mixed, beautiful.
Imperialis, (Imperial Pink), fl. pl., superb, mixed.
Plumarius (Single Pink), fine mixed; a lovely strain,
Searls' Sovereign Strain. **6d.** per pkt.
The Bride, white, with purple centre, very pretty.

Digitalis Gloxiniflora. 3d. per pkt.

Finest mixed.

A well-known English favourite; does well here, is easy of cultivation, and very striking when in flower. Sow in the autumn or spring. Height 4 feet.

Dolichos. 3d. per pkt.

A quick-growing climber, bearing small, red, pea-shaped blossoms in clusters; capital for covering an old wall or fence.
Giganteus, a splendid variety.
Lab Lab (Hyacinth Bean), purple.
,, Albus, white.
,, Mixed.
Lignosus, lilac.

Eccremocarpus (See Calampelis).

Echinops. 3d. per pkt.

Splendid for bees. Sow in the spring. Height 18 inches.

Elichrysum (See Helichrysum).

Erigeron Coulterii. 6d. per pkt.

A new free-flowering plant from Colorado. Graceful, well-shaped flowers on stems 18 inches long; pure white, with black centre, somewhat resembling a Giant Marguerite; a splendid acquisition. Sow in the spring.

Eritrichium. 6d. per pkt.

Barbigerum, white, sweet-scented; dwarf.

Eschscholtzia. 3d. per pkt.

This is one of the most beautiful of the Californian annuals; has handsome foliage; expands its flowers to the blazing sun, and is of a dazzling brightness. It wants plenty of space, and will thrive in any ordinary soil. Sow autumn or spring. Height 9 inches.
Californica, Alba, fl. pl., a beautiful double white Eschscholtzia.
,, ,, white.
,, bright yellow.
Crocea, fl. pl.
,, orange.
,, Striata, prettily marked.
Mandarin, very fine, deep orange.
Maritima, lovely yellow.
Mixed Single Sorts, a choice strain.
,, Double Sorts, lovely, gorgeous.

Euphorbia Heterophylla. 6d. per pkt.

(Mexican Fire Plant or Annual Poinsettia.)

Bushy plants, 4 to 5 feet high, with glossy green leaves, which form at the end of the branches into large whorls and bracts, among which small green flowers appear, and immediately color up to a brilliant orange scarlet.

Evening Primrose (See Œnothera).

Everlasting Flowers (See Helichrysum).

Everlasting Pea (See Lathyrus Latifolius).

Flax (See Linum).

Forget-me-not (See Myosotis).

Foxglove (See Digitalis).

Freezia. 3d. per pkt.

Although generally grown from bulbs, they are very hardy, and easily raised from seed. Sow in early autumn. (See Bulb List for bulbs.)
Leichtlini, yellow.
Refracta Alba, white.

Fuchsia.

The seed we offer has been saved from the choicest varieties; hardy perennials. Sow during spring in pots in a frame or bush-house, and transplant the seedlings into small pots; only a percentage of double flowers can be expected. Seed will not germinate in the open ground. Height 36 inches.
Hybrida Double Mixed, from best varieties.
,, Single Mixed, from best varieties.

Gaillardia. 3d. per pkt.

A most hardy plant, blooms throughout the summer in the driest soil; very attractive, and for decorative purposes stands unrivalled. Sow autumn or spring. Height 1½ to 2 feet.
Amblydon, deep red, tall.
Grandiflora Fol-Aurea Variegatus, leaves striped and blotched with golden yellow.
Grandiflora, splendid, mixed, perennial, lovely.
Picta Drummondii, single, red and yellow.
,, Fistulosa, quilled, pretty, double.
,, Josephus, scarlet, yellow bands.
,, Lorenziana, double, finest mixed, flowers pale yellow and deep crimson.

VERY PLEASED WITH CLEMATIS ROOTS.

Messrs. Searl & Sons.

Mrs. Squire received the Clematis roots and is very pleased with them—they look so healthy.

Cowra, Sept. 15, 1904.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Gentiana. **6d.** per pkt.

Acaulis, dark blue. Lovely border plant, specially adapted for cold climate, its rich, dark blue, tubular flowers being very effective. Sow autumn or spring. Height 6 inches.

Geranium (See Pelargonium).

Gesneria. **1s.** per pkt.

Hybrida, finest mixed hybrids.
A beautiful pot plant; should be better known. Sow in pots autumn or spring under glass and transplant. Height 18 inches.

Gladiolus. **6d.** per pkt.

Gandavensis, splendid mixed.
Lemoinei, finest mixed. We are able to offer seeds of this magnificent class of spotted Gladiolus, saved from the very best strains.
This magnificent genus is easily raised, and from hybridised seeds the variety of color and tints obtainable is endless; light, sandy, loamy soil is the most suitable for raising seedlings. Sow in spring. Height 36 inches.
(For Gladiolus Bulbs, see Bulb list.)

Globe Amaranth (See Gomphrena).

Gloxinia (*Hybrida Grandiflora*). **1s.** per pkt

One of the handsomest tender tuberous plants in cultivation; requires frame culture to germinate the seeds, and pot cultivation, and the shelter of a frame, bush-house, or conservatory. Sow in the autumn.
Crassifolia Erecta, superb mixed, very good.
Searls' Sovereign Strain, same as exhibited and so much admired in our window. Splendid mixture.
Tigred and Spotted, splendid mixed, choice.

Gomphrena Globosa (*Globe Amaranth*). **3d.** per pkt.

Alba, white.
Rubra, purple.
Mixed, pretty, splendid strain.
Very useful autumn flowering annuals. Sow during spring and summer. Height 18 inches.

Golden Feather (See Pyrethrum).

Gypsophila Elegans. **3d.** per pkt.

Pure white, very handsome; bears lovely spray of tiny white flowers, making it very suitable for mixing with flowers in vases. Sow autumn or spring. Height 18 inches.

Salpiglossis: "The Finest we have ever grown."

Gladioli: "In fact, they are superb."

Messrs. SEARL & SONS.

Dear Sirs,—Enclosed please find P. Notes to value of account. Accept our thanks for the excellent seeds you sent us. The Salpiglossis raised from your seeds are the finest we have ever grown, and we have tried most of the Australian Seedsmen for that line of plants. Not only were there nearly a hundred different shades of colour, but the quality was exquisite. Many of the individual flowers, although borne in great clusters, were 4 to 5 inches across.

I may mention the fact that they were the principal Annual exhibited by us at our Show, and received a Special Award of Merit.

I have also great pleasure in saying that the collection of Gladioli sent are of exceptional quality; in fact, they are superb.

Yours faithfully,
WILLIAM S. MATHER.

Sanderdale Nursery,
October 18, 1904.

Godetia. **3d.** per pkt.

A pretty tribe of really beautiful hardy annuals; will grow in the poorest soil, and produce a grand display of gorgeous flowers, even in a dry season. They are of nice compact habit, and cut flowers keep well in water. Should be sown during autumn and spring. Height 12 inches.
Bijou, dwarf and bushy habit; white flowers, dark rose spot; charming.
Duke of York, vivid carmine.
Duchess of Albany, satiny white flowers; beautiful.
Lady Albemarle, bright crimson, large flowers.
Princess of Wales, brilliant red.
,, Henry, satiny rose, with carmine spots.
Rubicunda Splendens, brilliant red; very fine.
The Bride, white and crimson; fine.
White Pearl, pure white.
Witneyii, very attractive.
Mixture of finest Semi-dwarf Varieties (finest mixed); a lovely strain.

Godetia.

Helianthus (*Sunflower*). **3d.** per pkt.

Annuus, sulphur.
,, Primrose. Colored lovely.
Argophyllus, pretty and ornamental.
Californicus, fl. pl., large, double, yellow; 8 feet.
Giant Russian, the largest variety.
Globosus Fistulosus, double, golden, fine; 6 feet.
Nanus, fl. pleno, double; 3 feet high; fine golden yellow.
Cucumerifolius, branching, nice foliage; 4 to 5 feet.
,, Diadem, large flowers, citron.
,, Orion, with crisped petals; good.
,, Hybr. fl. pl., new double and semi-double varieties; very fine.
,, "Stella," flowers 3 inches across; pure golden yellow, black disc; plants 4 to 5 feet. The best of the small-flowered varieties.

These well-known hardy annuals are of a majestic appearance, some of the tall-growing varieties attaining a height of from 6 to 8 feet, with flowers of enormous size. The small-flowered varieties, Stella and Cucumerifolius, are most decorative and useful for cutting. One of the best summer yellow annuals; never out of place. Sow in the spring and summer.

Helichrysum (Everlastings). **3d.** per pkt.

Monstrosum, splendid mixed.
,, fl. Pleno Album, pure white.
,, ,, Roseum, lovely pink.
Everlasting flowers of great beauty, hardy and free blooming, and very useful for cutting; plants about 4 feet; produce their brilliant flowers at a season most wanted. They are hardy annuals, but will often bloom for a whole season. Sow autumn and spring.

Heliopsis. **3d.** per pkt.

Pitcheriana, deep golden color; very free flowering.
A hardy perennial of vigorous growth, with flowers about 2 or 3 inches in diameter; height 2 to 3 feet. Sow in spring and summer, or autumn.

Heliotriopum (*Heliotrope*). **6d.** per pkt.

All Sorts, fine mixed; a good assortment.
New Large Flowering, finest mixed; very choice strain.
Sow in a frame or bush-house in a box or pot, with a sheet of glass placed over it until the young plants appear; then give plenty of air, and pot off as soon as plants are fit to handle. Delicious perfume, tender perennial, border plant. Sow in autumn and spring. Height 2 to 3 feet.

Hesperis. **3d.** per pkt.

Matronalis (Rocket, Sweet). Mixed.
Very pleasing early spring flowering plant; profuse bloomer, very delicious fragrant flowers; commonly called Dames' Violet. Sow autumn or spring. Height 18 inches.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Heuchera. 6d. per pkt.

Sanguinea. The flowers borne on graceful spikes, and are of a bright crimson color. Splendid for cutting.

Beautiful hardy perennial, of dwarf, compact, branching habit. Sow in autumn or spring.

Hibiscus. 3d. per pkt.

Africanus. An annual, with beautiful cream-colored flowers; exceedingly pretty.

The perennial varieties cannot be procured from seed, but plants can be obtained (see List of Plants in this Catalogue). The annual variety here offered thould be sown in spring. Height 18 inches.

WE PACK ALL Seeds, Plants, Trees, Floral Work, &c., &c.. With the GREATEST CARE.

Helianthus (Sunflower).

Hollyhock (See Althæa).

Honesty *(Satin Flower).* See Lunaria.

Hunnemannia. 3d. per pkt.

Fumariæfolia. Fine feathery foliage and charming buttercup yellow single flowers, cup-shaped, with red on the stamens.

A charming little perennial of erect growth, about 18 inches; easily raised from seed, and quite hardy in the open border. The flowers keep well when cut. One of the most beautiful dinner-table decorative flowers grown. If out the day before required the flowers expand better. We recommend sowing in its permanent position, as it does not transplant wel.

Humulus *(Hop).* 3d. per pkt.

Japonicus. Lovely foliage; good climber.
,, Fol. Variegatis. Leaves variegated with white, true from seed; annual climber, beautiful foliage; quick grower. Hardy; likes a rich soil.

Hyacinth Bean (See Dolichos).

Hyacinthus Candicans (Galtonia). 6d. per pkt.

White, Yucca-like; splendid.

Iberis *(Candytuft).* 3d. per pkt.

Coronaria (White Rocket), white; great favourite.
,, Empress, large trusses, pure white.
,, Little Prince, very dwarf, large spikes; handsome.
Umbellata Carminea (Carter's Carmine), true, good variety.
,, Lilacina, lilac or purple.
,, Purpurea, dark crimson, the darkest; the best strain.
,, Queen of Italy, very dwarf, rosy white.
Annual Sorts, finest mixed; a lovely strain, comprising many colors.

The whole of the family well worth a place, but the white and crimson are perhaps the best. Sow in spring. Height 12 inches.

Iberis. 3d. per pkt.

Gibraltarica, large trusses, shading off to white; very fine.

Ice Plant (See Mesembryanthemum Crystallinum).

Impatiens *(Japanese Balsam).* 6d. per pkt.

Sultani Hybrida. Finest varieties, mixed.

Makes a good pot plant; free bloomer, of the easiest culture; worth a trial. Likes a nice loose compost. Sow autumn or spring. Height 18 inches.

Indian Pink (See Dianthus).

Inula Glandulosa. 1s. per pkt.

Grandiflora. A lovely perennial, flowers deep orange. Sow carefully autumn or spring. Height 12 inches.

Ipomœa. 3d. per pkt.

Bona Nox, large blue flowers.
Grandiflora, Alba, splendid.
Imperialis (Japanese Giant), rich colors.
Leari, dark blue.
Quamoclit (Cypress Vine). Scarlet flowers; very fine; feathery foliage.

The above is quite distinct, having elegant feathery foliage, with small scarlet flowers, very attractive and handsome.

A splendid family of climbers, rapid growers, fine foliage; handsome Convolvulus-like flowers; all very beautiful, hardy annuals, excepting the last-named. Sow in autumn and spring.

Ipomopsis. 3d. per pkt.

Fine Mixed, brilliant; succeeds best in light rich soil. Long spikes of flowers delicately spotted, graceful foliage. If planted in a sheltered position, is very attractive; tender biennials. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 3 feet.

Jacobea (See Senecio.)

Larkspur *(Annual Delphinium).* 3d. per pkt.

Dwarf Candelabrum Flowered, a pretty branching variety.
,, Rocket, double, various colors.
,, Stock Flowered, various colors.
Giant Hyacinth Flowered, spikes of beautiful double flowers.

One of the most valuable of our hardy annuals, producing flower spikes 6 or 8 inches in length; the flowers in beautiful colors; graceful foliage. Sow autumn and spring. Height 12 to 18 inches.

Larkspur Perennial (See Delphinium).

Bigger and Bigger

In 1870 we employed	- -	2 Persons
In 1880 we employed	- -	10 Persons
In 1890 we employed	- -	22 Persons
In 1900 we employed	- -	40 Persons
In 1905 we are employing	-	55 Persons

WE are pleased to be able to tell our numerous patrons that our business is still growing at a greater rate than the steadily increasing population of the State. The number of hands engaged in our Nurseries and King Street premises at five different dates *is given here.* These figures in themselves show a sound continuous growth, but our producing power has been increased in even a greater ratio by the exceptional facilities for the rapid despatch of orders which in the last two or three years we have added in all departments of our business.

OUR different nurseries cover no less than 50 acres of especially suitable land, containing thoroughly sound stock, which will be a credit to us when transplanted in the gardens and grounds of our numerous patrons.

Sweet Peas.

Searl's Sovereign Strain

A packet comprised of 12 varieties, MIXED; beautiful.

1s. per packet

Lathyrus Odoratus

(SWEET PEA)

3d. - - per packet

WE strongly recommend this charming annual, as Sweet Peas can be grown here splendidly if properly treated. They are free blooming and delightfully fragrant, and are, for the most part, climbers, being exceedingly effective when grown on a trellis. It has been the rule to sow in spring, but we have found that autumn sown Sweet Peas do exceedingly well, and we advise our customers to try a sowing at that season, as it enables the plants to become strong during the winter and to flower earlier. They are hardy annuals, and the tall varieties grow to a height of 3 to 4 feet.

America. Blood red and white, flaked.
Blanche Burpee. Pure white.
,, Ferry. Red and white; very early.
Captivation. Bright light claret.
Chancellor. Bright orange, wings rosy orange.
Countess of Radnor. Mauve, wings lilac.
Crown Jewel. Primrose, veined violet rose.
Dorothy Tennant. Rosy mauve.
Duchess of York. Delicate white, striped light pink.
Duke of Clarence. Rosy claret.
Emily Henderson. White; splendid.
Empress of India. Rosy standard, white wings.
Gray Friar. Light mauve, marbled.
Juanita. White, striped lavender.
Lady Grisel Hamilton. Pale lavender.
Lottie Eckford. Rosy white, bordered blue.
Mars. Fiery crimson.
Mont Blanc. Very large pure white flower, resembling that of E. Henderson. By far the earliest to bloom, and excellent for forcing. Quite distinct by its narrow light-green foliage and dwarfer habit.
Navy Blue. Ultramarine blue.
Prima Donna. Lovely soft pink.
Primrose, pale yellow.
Queen Victoria. Soft yellow, faintly shaded purple.
Sadie Burpee (White-seeded). Pearl white.
Stanley. Deep maroon self.
Stella Morse. Deep cream, shaded rose.
Venus, Chamois rose; beautiful.

Cupid (*Tom Thumb*). 3d. per pkt.

Beauty. Rose, passing to white.
Pink. Rose and white.
Primrose. Cream.
White. A grand variety.
Mixed. A choice strain of these Tom Thumb sorts.

A dwarf-growing class, now becoming known, and used for bordering and massing; very fine. Sow during the autumn. Height 12 inches.

In Mixture.

Mixed. A choice assorted strain.
Eckford's Hybrids. A really rich variety.

(See Collections of Sweet Peas also.)

Lathyrus Latifolius

(Everlasting Pea)

Price 3d. per pkt.

Latifolius, scarlet; good.
,, Albus, white; splendid.
,, Roseus, pink; beautiful.
,, Fine Mixed; a good strain.

Lathyrus Pubescens (New).

1s. per pkt.

This is without doubt a lovely thing; has all the character of the other good varieties. A beautiful, everlasting pea, bearing most lovely racemes imaginable; very floriferous, and when cut the flowers are of good lasting quality. Sow autumn or spring.

Leptosiphon. 3d. per pkt.

Fine Mixed, mixed colors; fine.
Hybridus, blooms freely.

Pretty hardy annual. Should be sown early in sheltered position; most suitable for bordering, having a dwarf compact habit; pretty foliage. Sow in spring. Height 6 inches.

Leptosyne Maritima. 3d. per pkt.

A hardy annual, producing lemon-yellow flowers, borne on long foot stalks; very effective as a border plant, coming into flower in early spring. Valuable for cut flowers; much resembling the favourite Marguerite. "Stillmani," golden yellow.

Leucanthemum. 3d. per pkt.

Maximum, large white.
Grandiflorum Hybridum (Shasta Daisy), a lovely thing, of easy culture excellent for cutting; showy. **6d.** per packet.

(See also Chrysanthemums.)

Limnanthes. 3d. per pkt.

Douglassi, flowers white, yellow centre.

Free blooming dwarf annual, suitable for edging; much liked by bees. Sow in autumn or spring. Height 6 inches.

Linaria. 3d. per pkt.

Bipartita, fine mixed, beautiful dark violet.
Reticulata Aurea Purpurea, yellow and purple.
Maroccana Fine Mixed, good colors; improved strain.
Cymbalaria. Perennial known as *Kenilworth Ivy*; useful for hanging baskets, vases, etc.

One of the most beautiful species of hardy annuals grown for spring flowering, with beautiful spikes of Lobelia-like flowers. Sow during autumn or spring.

Linum (*Flax*). 3d. per pkt.

Grandiflorum Coccineum. Fine scarlet-flowered; flowers on slender stems; foliage good; soak seed in warm water before sowing. Sow in spring. Height 12 inches.
Flavum (Golden Flax). Perennial variety; rich golden yellow flowers. Height 18 inches.
Perenne (Perennial Flax), blue.
Perennial Sorts, fine mixed; a good sort.

Lophospermum. 3d. per pkt.

Scandens, large purple flower.

Handsome annual climber; raise in a box or sheltered position out of doors. Grows 10 feet. Sow autumn and spring.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Love-in-a-Mist (See Nigella).

Love-lies-Bleeding (See Amaranthus).

Lunaria. **3d.** per pkt.

Biennis (Honesty or Satin Flower).
Free flowering hardy biennial; its silvery seed pods are very pretty, cut and dried for winter decoration. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 18 inches.

Lobelia. **3d.** per pkt.

Cardinalis, red.
Erinus Crystal Palace Compacta. Splendid Habit; the best.
" Emperor William, dark blue, foliage distinct and pretty.
" (Barnard's Perpetual), ultramarine blue, pure white marking; splendid.
" (Gracilis), blue.
" Erecta (White Gem), pure white.
Exceedingly beautiful free-blooming, hardy annuals; good for edgings, ribbon or carpet bedding, producing a dense carpet of bloom. Cardinalis, though a true Lobelia, is quite distinct from the annual varieties, and is a perennial. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 6 to 9 inches.

Mignonette.

Sow.. Searl's Sovereign Seeds

Lupinus. **3d.** per pkt.

Nanus, Dwarf, blue.
" Albus, pure white.
Mixed Annual Sorts. A good variety; showy.
Arboreus (Yellow Tree Lupin). A good sort.
Polyphyllus (Perennial Sorts), finest mixed; producing superb spikes of flowers.
All are very hardy; great favorites. Sow in the autumn or spring.

Lychnis (*Chinese Catchfly*). **3d.** per pkt.

Chalcedonica, scarlet, fine, in trusses. Attractive, hardy perennial. Sow autumn or spring. Height 2 feet.

Malope. **3d.** per pkt.

Mixed. Sow in the autumn or spring. Height 12 inches.

Mandevillea Suaveolens. **6d.** per pkt.

A beautiful white flowered climber; one of the best. The foliage is graceful, and the flowers are light and wax-like; very useful for bouquets. Sow in the spring. Height 20 feet.

Marguerite, White (See Chrysanthemums).

Marguerite, Blue (See Agathœa).

Marigold, French and African (See Tagetes).

Marvel of Peru (See Mirabilis).

Martynia. **3d.** per pkt.

Formosa (Craniolaria Fragrans), crimson purple flowers.
Beautiful sweet-scented, hardy annual; very handsome spikes; makes a nice showy pot-plant. Sow in spring. Height 2 feet.

Matthiola (*Evening Scented Stock*). **3d.** per pkt.

Bicornis. Beautiful pink and lilac flowers, fragrant, which open in the evening.
Hardy annual. Sow in spring. Height 18 inches.

Matricaria. **3d.** per pkt.

Eximia fl. pl. Pure white double flowers.
Beautiful hardy annual; pretty for bouquets. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 10 inches.

Maurandia. **3d.** per pkt.

Fine Mixed. Beautiful flowers.
A most superb climber, remarkably quick-growing and free-blooming; its foliage is small but dense, and of a lively green color. They are half-hardy perennials, liking a rich, friable soil. Sow autumn and spring.

Medeola (*Smilax*). **6d.** per pkt.

Asparagoides. Flowers white, orange scented.
Very handsome climbing bush-house plant. The graceful beauty of its foliage renders it valuable for vases. Can be used either to climb or droop. Soak seed in tepid water some hours before sowing. Hardy perennial. Sow in spring in pots.

Michauxia. **3d.** per pkt.

Campanulata. Large white, bell-shaped flowers.
A handsome hardy plant, effective for borders; thrive well in warm, sheltered spots.

Mignonette (See Reseda).

Mesembryanthemum. **3d.** per pkt.

Crystallinum (Ice Plant), peculiar glistening foliage, small white flowers; very pretty. Height 6 inches.
Cordifolium Variegatum, a pretty variegated-leaved variety, rose-colored flowers, cream colored leaves. Height 6 inches.
Tricolor, crimson, white, and purple; suits sandy soil well; only grows to a height of 3 inches.
Tricolor Album, a pure white variety, excellent.
Beautiful dwarf growing plants, of compact habit; half-hardy perennials. The first is a good rockery plant; the second is prized for its foliage which looks as if the plant was covered with ice. Cordifolium is very suitable for bedding; bright rosy flowers. Sow spring and summer.

Mimosa Pudica (Sensitive Plant). **3d.** per pkt.

Very pretty foliage. A tender annual for bush-house culture; curious from the fact that when touched its leaves close and droop for a time, hence its name. Sow in spring. Height 18 inches.

Mimulus (*Monkey Flower*). **3d.** per pkt.

A charming plant for pot culture; likes rich, light soil, and a liberal supply of water. It can be grown also in the open ground where the conditions are favourable. Tender perennials. Sow in spring.
Moschatus (Musk), scented, yellow flower.
Trigrinus, Tigred and Spotted Varieties.
" Grandiflorus (*Queen's Prize*), very large flowered, beautiful.

Mina Lobata. **6d.** per pkt.

A charming climber requires a sheltered position. Its beautiful creamy-white flowers are bright orange when half blown, and when in bud of a vivid red. Pretty half-hardy annual climber. Grows to a height of 20 feet, and produces flowers abundantly. Sow in spring.

Mirabilis **3d.** per pkt.

Jalapa, splendid mixed.
A very hardy plant, well worth a place in any garden; will grow in almost any position; not particular to soil. Sow seed spring or autumn. Height 3 feet.

Mina Lobata.

Dear Sirs,- Plants received in splendid condition. I made special request for a good strong rose—"Compt de Frigneuse"—but was not prepared to receive such a clean, healthy, and exceedingly strong robust plant as the one you forwarded. It was for a fellow officer, who said it was the finest he had ever seen.

Yours very truly,
T. A. FERGUSON.

East Maitland,
August 10, 1904.

Morning Glory (See Convolvulus).

Mourning Bride (See Scabiosa).

Musk (See Mimulus).

Myosotis (*Forget-me-not*). **3d.** per pkt.

This charming plant should be sown in the autumn, when it will bloom profusely during spring, covering itself with flowers of the most lovely hue; very useful for bouquets. Height 1 foot.
Azorica, a large blue variety, with white eye.
" Fine Mixed, a good strain.
Alpestris (*Forget-me-not*), blue.
Palustris, a true marsh Forget-me-not.
" Semperflorens, dwarf.
" " Grandiflora, new and splendid variety.
" Tom Thumb, very dwarf.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Nasturtium (See Tropæolum).

Nemophila. **3d.** p... pkt.

A charming family of Californian annuals, of dwarf growth, and profuse bloomers, and charming colors. Sow autumn or spring. Height 6 inches
Atomaria, white with black spots.
Insignis, azure blue.
„ Alba, white.
Maculata, white, spotted brown
Mixed, all sorts, a choice strain, beautiful.

Nemesia. **6d.** per pkt.

Strumosa Suttoni, the best of this class; flowers various, large.
Pretty compact-growing annual of great merit. Sow in autumn. Height 12 inches.

Nertera. **6d.** per pkt.

Depressa. A charming miniature bush-house pot plant, of a moss-like habit; very compact, forming a perfect carpet over the surface of the pot. The flowers are small, but are followed by beautiful coral-red berries about the size of a small pea; very attractive, hardy perennial. Should be sown in spring.

Nicotiana Affinis (*Tobacco Plant*). **1s.** per pkt.

Variety of tobacco, beautiful white flowers, with a long, delicate tube; it is delightfully scented in the evening, and is a most desirable border or pot plant; hardy annual. Sow during spring. Height 36 inches.

Nicotiana Sanderæ (Novelty). Messrs. Sander, the well-known plant merchants, have obtained this novelty by crossing Nicotiana Affinis with a Brazilian species. They describe it as follows:—"Nicotiana Sanderæ bears large, brilliant, carmine red flowers on bushy, freely branching plants 2 feet high; the shape of the flower resembles that of Affinis, but has a short, stout tube; it comes true from seed. Plants raised in spring in the same manner as any of the hardy annuals flower in May, give a continuous display of bloom all the summer and autumn in the open ground, and make extraordinary branched specimens, retaining their leaves to the base. Among Nicotiana we know nothing approaching it in point of floriferousness nor in its graceful and copiously-branching habit. The whole plant is laden with flowers from base to summit—literally ablaze with most handsome carmine red blossoms. Its combined hardiness and character of producing flowers continuously under all circumstances in every kind of soil and situation are undeniable recommendations, and we certainly know of no plant that produces such an abundance of blossoms for the little care that is necessary to bestow on it. It possesses all the best qualities of Nicotiana Affinis, but bears myriads of lovely Calanthe-like blossoms, and is decidedly much more branching in habit and of far greater floriferousness than any other Nicotiana. Although the scent of N. Sanderæ is not so powerful as that of its white parent, it yet possesses a decidedly sweet odour. This hardy plant, with its rosy carmine flowers, produces a startlingly beautiful effect, and is charming either in flower beds, shrubbery borders, or in the wild garden, whether in the background or in the open. It should be sown in the spring, pricked out and transplanted during summer in the position where it is intended to flower."

Nierembergia. **3d.** per pkt.

Calycina (Gracilis), light blue flowers.
Charming little hardy annual, dwarf.

Nigella (*Love in a Mist*). **3d.** per pkt.

Damascena, fl. pl., blue.
„ Alba, fl. pl.
Pretty hardy annual, with graceful foliage. The flowers are nearly hidden in light feathery leaves; an attractive flower. Sow in autumn or spring.

Nycterinia. **6d.** per pkt.

Capensis, white, with dark centre.
Selaginoides, lilac, sweet scented.
Very compact little hardy annuals; the plants are covered with pretty star-shaped flowers; very fragrant; pretty for rockeries. Sow during spring.

Œnothera (*Evening Primrose*). **3d.** per pkt.

Mixed. Sow in autumn.

Oxalis. **3d.** per pkt.

Floribunda Rosea
A charming, dwarf, free flowering perennial. Sow in the spring. Height 9 inches.

Pæony (*Herbacea*).

Double Mixed, finest varieties and colors. Height 18 inches.
A magnificent family of plants, but difficult to raise from seed. Must be sown in pots or boxes, and germinated under glass; require a cool climate; hardy perennial. Sow in spring.

"IN SPLENDID CONDITION."

Messrs. Searl & Sons,

Dear Sirs,—Cheque herewith. The roses arrived in splendid condition. The packing was most creditable.

Yours faithfully,

Tamworth, July 13, 1904. J. P. ALLEN.

Pansy or Heartsease (*Viola Tricolor Maxima*).

We have secured some of the finest strains of this favourite flower. The seeds should be sown in boxes in autumn, and planted out early in spring, so as to secure good flowers; a sandy soil is most suitable. Liquid manure during blooming season will greatly assist the size of the flowers. Height 6 inches.
Azure Blue, very fine. **3d.** per pkt.
Bugnot's Superb, blotched; very beautiful, extra large flowers, with broad blotches. **6d.** per pkt.

Bugnot's Exhibition, a good strain. **1s.** per pkt.
Candidissima, snowy white, showy strain. **3d.** per pkt.
Cassier's, large flowered; blotched; good. **6d.** per pkt.
English, Finest Mixed (The True English-faced Pansy), very showy plants; compact. **3d.** per pkt.
Emperor William, cornflower blue, splendid. **3d.** per pkt.
Faust, King of the Blacks, darkest, true, fine. **3d.** per pkt.
Giant Peacock, superb variety, blue and violet. **3d.** per pkt.
„ Yellow, black centre; one of the finest. **3d.** per pkt.
Gold Margined, splendid. **3d.** per pkt.
Golden Yellow, fine spotted, excellent and quite distinct. **3d.** per pkt.

Nicotiana Sanderae.

Large French Stained. We consider this one of the finest strains in cultivation; the colours are most beautiful, and include the grand new shade of mahogany crimson; yellow and blue; fine form. **6d.** per pkt.
Lord Beaconsfield, deep purple violet, shaded white, very handsome; not large; very attractive. **3d** per pkt.
Non Plus Ultra, a very attractive strain. **6d.** per pkt.
Odier's or Blotched (large stained) Choicest Strain, showy variety; finely marked flowers; good substance. **6d.** per pkt.
President Carnot, white, each petal adorned with a deep violet blotch. **3d.** per pkt.
Psyche, violet, bordered white, waved petals, splendid. **1s.** per pkt.
Rœmer's Superb Masterpiece strain, very distinct rich-colored varieties, extra fine mixture. **1s.** per pkt.

Searls' Sovereign Strain, a mixture embracing all the best strains from the famous growers on the Continent. **1s. 6d.** per pkt.
Striped and Mottled, splendid strain. **6d.** per pkt.
Trimardeau (or Giant Pansy) Various, a distinct and beautiful race of Pansies. **6d.** per pkt.
Tufted, finest mixture of these long and free-blooming varieties. Most adapted for bedding purposes. **6d.** per pkt.
Victoria, wine red, very fine. **3d.** per pkt.
White, black centre; very showy. **3d.** per pkt.
Yellow, pure, effective for masses. **3d.** per pkt.

FLOWER SEEDS– Continued.

Papaver *(Poppy).* 3d. per pkt

The Poppies are undoubtedly the most desirable of all annuals. Their lovely shades of color cannot be surpassed for table and all decorative purposes, especially the Shirley varieties. Sow during autumn or spring. Height 18 to 36 inches.
Alpinum. Orange; charming variety.
,, Album.
,, Fine Mixed. Charming, lovely colors.
Double French.
Danebrog. Brilliant scarlet, blotched with silvery white.
Glaucum (Tulip Poppy). Vivid scarlet, with dark spots; handsome.
Lævigatum Brilliant dark scarlet, with black spots; effective.
Mephisto. Scarlet, black spots.
Mikado. New fringed varieties.
Murselli, fl. pl. (Mikado).
Nudicaule Croceum. Yellow, very fine.
,, Album. White, splendid.
,, (the Iceland Poppy). Single, finest mixed; red, yellow and white; perennial; unsurpassed for cutting; lasts wonderfully in water.
Orientale. Flowers of the darkest red.
Rhœas, fl. pl. Ranunculus Flowered. Very fine, rich mixture.
,, (Shirley Poppy). Finest mixed, single flowered; lovely.
Somniferum, fl. pl. Double Carnation, finest mixed.
The Bride. Single, white, fringed.
Umbrossum. Glowing vermillion.

Still Public.. Favourites

Those Pretty

YOKO MATS

There's no doubt they improve the appearance of ornamental plants either in room or hall.

PRICES from

1/- each.

Single Fringed Petunia.

Passiflora Edulis *(Passion Fruit)* 3d. per pkt.

This splendid creeper has fine foliage of a dark green color, and bears fruit of a delicious flavour. It is a first-class verandah or trellis plant, but the flowers are not very attractive; hardy perennial, and an evergreen; grows 10 to 15 feet high; soak the seed before sowing. Sow in spring.
Cœrulea Grandiflora, very large flowers of blue; very handsome. **6d.** per pkt.

Pea, Everlasting (See Lathyrus).

Pea, Sweet (See Lathyrus).

Pelargonium *(Geranium).* 1s. per pkt.

The above-named are the large flowering perennial class known as "Pelargoniums," as distinct from "Geranium," and are best suited for pot culture, although nearly all of them will stand in the garden if they are in a sheltered situation. Must be raised in pots in a frame. Sow during autumn.

Pentstemon. 3d. per pkt.

Hartwegi, mixed. Various colors. Choice strain.
A fine hardy genus, free flowering, and bearing fine spikes of pendent trumpet-shaped flowers; perennial. Sow during autumn or spring.

Perilla Nankinensis. 3d. per pkt.

Lovely dwarf plant for bordering; a rich mulberry black foliage. Sow during spring. Height 12 inches.

Perennial Phlox (See Phlox).

Petunia.

Of this magnificent family we offer a splendid collection of every conceivable color. Seed sown in spring will bloom during summer and autumn. This plant is at home here, admirably adapted to our climate, and blooms in profusion. Seeds from the double varieties will produce 50 per cent. of single flowers. Height 30 inches.
Choice Mixed, single, large flowered, good. **6d.** per pkt.
Double Fringed Choice Mixed. **1s.** per pkt.
Double Large Flowered, striped and flaked. **1s.** per pkt.
Single Fringed Varieties, superb mixed. **1s.** per pkt.

Phacelia. 3d. per pkt.

Campanularia. Flowers are of a beautiful rich blue.
A highly interesting Californian annual. The plant is much branched, and of spreading habit: hardy annual. Sow during spring. Height 12 inches.

Phaseolus Caracaila *(Snail Creeper)* 3d. per pkt.

Mixed Sorts, a lovely assorted strain.

Physianthus Albens *(Cruel Plant).*

A very curious climber, bearing strongly shed pods, lined with a silky substance.

Phlox Drummondii. 3d. per pkt.

Among our summer blooming annuals the Phlox Drummondii must take a first place, as it has everything to recommend it. If sown in the autumn it will flower in the winter, and continue to bloom for several months. A later sowing in early spring will continue to give plants which will bloom throughout the summer, and if planted in beds will produce a most dazzling effect, as the plants are simply covered with flowers, which often entirely hide the foliage. Plants which have been flowering during the summer are sure to seed and produce a host of seedlings, which can be planted out when the weather is favourable. The Phlox possesses a great variety of color; it is dwarf in habit, hardy, and blooms for many months. Some varieties are of delicate colors, while others are brilliant and dazzling. Our stock of these showy and favourite flowers is most complete, and our finest mixed seed contains the Grandiflora varieties only. Sow during autumn and spring, and early in summer.
Cuspidata, Finest Mixed, distinct class, with long-winged and hinged petals; attractive.
Drummondii Heynholdi Mixed, variegated; for growing in pots.
Drummondii Nana Compacta, a beautiful dwarf variety, with a profusion of exquisite flowers; bush-like habit; does not run.
Grandiflora, Finest Mixed, lovely, large-flowered varieties, with beautiful markings; the finest strain in cultivation.
Grandiflora Scarlet, most brilliant color.
,, Stellata, star-striped, very beautiful; finest mixed.
,, White, fine.
Phlox Decustata (Perennial Phlox). **6d.** per packet.

Picotee. 6d. per pkt.

Finest Mixed. From the finest flowers.
This charming plant, which is included in the family of the Carnation, is a general favourite; must be sown in seed pots or boxes, or in canvas frame, and transplanted; a large percentage of the flowers will be double; hardy perennial, and the seed should be sown during autumn and spring. Height 12 inches.

Pinks (See Dianthus).

Polyanthus (See Primula)

Phlox Drummondii Cuspidata.

Portulacoa. 3d. per pkt.

A plant particularly well adapted to our climate, and flowers magnificently in the warmest situation. Sow spring and summer. Height 8 inches.
Grandiflora, double, mixed; large variety.
,, single, mixed; splendid colors.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Potentilla. 3d. per pkt.

Hybrida Single, Finest Mixed. The colors are shades of red and brown, some striped.

Handsome herbaceous perennials. They keep in flower a long time; both double and single varieties. Sow during autumn and spring. Height 12 inches.

Salpiglossis.

Primula. 6d. per pkt.

Beautiful tender plant, suitable only for pot culture; extremely hand, some and free flowering, and of easy culture. Should be raised in the autumn in shallow boxes placed in a sheltered position; and as soon as the plants are fit to move plant them off into small pots, and place them in a frame or bush-house, and as soon as they are well rooted shift them into their flowering pots.

Auricula (Alpine) Mixed. Good, gorgeous.
Obconica Grandiflora, very floriferous, and excellent for pots and bouquets.
Sinensis Fimbriata, finest mixed; good. **1s.** per packet.
Veris (Elatior, Polyanthus), finest mixed; good quality.
Vulgaris, the true Yellow Primrose.
Officinalis (Yellow Cowslip), very pretty.

The fern-leaved varieties of Primulas are very elegant, with their beautiful divided foliage and splendid large-rimmed flowers. The robust habit of the plant makes it a most desirable decorative plant.

Prince's Feather (See Amaranthus).

Pyrethrum. 3d. per pkt.

Aureum (Golden Feather). The flowers are insignificant, but when kept down by pinching the flower stems, the young leaves produced are of a bright golden color, which is most effective as a carpet border or ribbon bordering. Sow in spring. Height 9 inches.
Roseum Hybridum, single, fine mixed; lovely. Height 18 inches.

Ranunculus. 6d. per pkt.

Asiaticus Superbissimus, finest varieties, mixed. Producing flowers in a great variety of color the first season from sowing seed. Seed should be sown in early autumn.

Roots or tubers of the above can be obtained in March. See Special Bulb List.

Reseda Odorata. 3d. per pkt.

Bismarck. An improved Machet. **6d.** per packet.
Crimson King. A beautiful red flowering sort. **6d.** per packet.
Defiance. Strongly developed middle spikes.
Gabriele. Robust, reddest spikes; fine.
Golden Queen. Flowers yellow, compact habit.
Goliath. Enormous trusses, red. **6d.** per packet.
Grandiflora (Large Flowering).
Imp. Large Flowered. Lovely Variety.
Machet. Excellent for pots; reddish spikes; the best variety grown.
Machet Golden. Large spikes of yellow flowers.
Mignonette (Common). Sweet-scented.
Miles' Spiral. A favourite sort.
Paris Market. Excellent variety for pots; red-flowered, robust.
Parsons' White. New, white spikes; rare; worth a place.
Ruby. Flowers coppery scarlet; very fine.
Victoria. Dark red; fine.

This grand old annual is known to all, and its delicious perfume cannot be surpassed. It is easily grown, and some of the new varieties make excellent pot plants.

Rhodanthe. 3d. per pkt.

Finest Mixed, single sorts; choice
Maculata Alba, pure white.
Maculata, rosy pink, dark centre. One of the choicest of the early flowering everlastings; we highly recommend it. Should be in every garden. Is particularly beautiful for bouquets.
Manglesii, large flowered, pink.
Hardy annuals. Sow in spring. Height 12 inches.

Ricinus Africanus *(Castor Oil Plant).* 3d. per pkt.

Sow spring and summer. Height 5 feet.

Rocket, Sweet (See Hesperis Matronalis).

Romneya *(Californian Tree Poppy).* 6d. per pkt.

Coulteri. Pure white flowers of 4 to 5 inches in diameter, with delicate perfume.

A hardy perennial plant, suitable for ontdoor cultivation; foliage deeply cut and glaucus. Sow in spring. Height 6 feet.

Rosa Polyantha. 1s. per pkt.

Multiflora. Graceful clusters of single, double, and semi-double flowers of various shades.

A novelty from the fact of its flowering the first year from seed; height about 1 foot. Sow in July and August under shelter, and plant out in September and October.

Rudbeckia. 6d. per pkt

Bicolor.
Laciniata, yellow.
Neumanni, dwarf, floriferous; flowers vivid yellow, dark centre

A beautiful class of annuals, which make very effective garden plants; splendid for cutting. Sow in spring.

Schizanthus

Saintpaulia. 1s. per pkt.

Ionantha Grandiflora. Fleshy leaves of a beautiful dark green; large flowers clear deep blue, shading to yellow.

A beautiful plant for glass or bush-house cultivation. The seed being very fine, it is necessary to bestow extra care and attention to successfully germinate it. Biennial. Sow in spring.

Salpiglossis.

Variabilis Grandiflora, Finest Mixed. **3d.** per pkt.
" " Superbissima, Emperor, Best Mixed. **6d.** per pkt.
" Nana Dwarf, Fine Mixed. **3d.** per pkt.

For brilliancy of color, variety of tint and marking, and size and striking effect, Salpiglossis may be fitly designated "the Orchids of the hardy annuals." It can scarcely be said that there are any true self-colors, for diversity of marking is seen on all, but some more nearly approach the self-character than others, while some are very handsomely striped and flaked. There is no other annual which makes such a striking effect when bunched as does the Salpiglossis, and it is a flower which should find a place in every garden.

Searls' Novelty and Recently Introduced

Betty Berkeley (Tea Scented).- Deep red, verging on crimson scarlet and blood-red, a very intense colour; long, oval buds produced on firm, stiff footstalks. **2/6**

Comtesse E. Guigne (Tea Scented). Brilliant carmine, tinted with crimson, centre coppery; fine, long, oval, coppery carmine buds; petals of the open flower large and stout; slightly curving. **3/6.**

Comtesse O. de Logeril (Tea Scented). Buds deep rose, shaded with salmon red, open flowers bright rose, reverse of petals coppery red; growth robust. **2/6**

Commandant Felix Faure (H.P.) Rich lake, shaded with black and flushed with vermilion, of globular shape; very showy. **2/-.**

David Harum (H.T.) (E. G. Hill & Co., 1904). Rose peach pink, good size and fine form; free blooming and vigorous. **3/6.**

Dean Hole (H.T.) (Dickson & Sons, 1904). Flowers freely and continuously throughout the entire season. The blooms are very large, of great substance, high centre of fine elongated form; petals very large and smooth; color silvery carmine, shaded salmon; absolutely distinct, and by far the finest in its way of color; a superb rose for any purpose. Awarded Gold Medal, N.R S., and several First Class Certificates. **3/6.**

Dr. J. Campbell Hall (H.T.) (Dickson, 1904). An absolutely distinct and transcendently beautiful rose, producing free and continuous blooms which are large, full, and perfectly formed, with high centre; color coral rose, suffused white, base of petals yellow; growth vigorous and erect. Awarded several First Class Certificates. **3/6.**

Duchess of Portland (H.T.) Large pale yellow; fine form; splendid rose. **2/-.**

Earl of Warwick (H.T.) Flowers rich soft salmon pink, shaded in the centre with vermilion; large and full; of beautiful shape, and quite distinct from any rose in cultivation; a magnificent variety either for exhibition or decorative purposes; growth vigorous. **3/6.**

Frau Lila Rautenstraugh (H.T.). Coppery orange buds, open flowers; rosy flesh, shaded with reddish orange: a promising new variety. **2/.**

Fusion (Tea). Saffron yellow, with deep chamois yellow centre; of medium size; full. **1/6.**

Grossherzog Von Oldenburg (H.T.) Fine deep red, very large and full, handsome pointed globular buds; opens well; very sweet; has received a prize of honour at the exhibition of the German Rose Society. **3/6.**

Goldquelle (H.T.) Golden yellow; medium size; fairly full. **2/6.**

Gertrude (H.T.) A pale sport from the Countess of Caledon, so valuable for its constitution. **2/6.**

George's Schwartz (Tea Scented). Bright deep canary yellow, very deep and rich in color; large and fairly full; a distinct and promising new rose. **2/-.**

Gladys Harkness (H.T.) Salmon pink; large and fragrant, of fine form; growth vigorous. **1/6.**

Gardenia (Wichuriana). Bright yellow in bud, changing to cream as the flowers open; double. **1/6**

Hugh Dickson (H.P.) (Dickson, 1904). Color brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet; good size and fine form; petals smooth, slightly cupped and reflexed; free flowering, and vigorous in growth; very highly perfumed. **3/6.**

Hugh Watson (H.P.) (Dickson, 1904). Perhaps the most valuable addition made to its class during the past decade; the blooms are very large, full, and most perfect shape; quite exhibition form; petals unusually large, smooth, and massive; buds long and pointed; growth vigorous; free branching habit; very sweetly perfumed; color crimson, shaded carmine. **3/6.**

Irene (H.T.) A seedling from Caroline Testout and Mme. Jules Finger, resembling the former parent in habit of growth and shape of flower. The color is silvery white, sometimes faintly touched with pink; it may be appropriately termed a white Caroline Testout, surpassing in constancy and purity of color other light-colored sports and seedlings from this well-known excellent rose. **2/6.**

Irish Engineer (H.T.) (Dickson, 1904). Single; a very distinct and robust-growing rose, of dwarf habit; the color is dazzling scarlet, very brilliant and attractive; the flowers are very large, with massive circular petals, and are usually borne in trusses of three to five blooms on perfectly erect stems; the light green foliage and brilliantly-colored flowers make the most charming contrast. **3/6.**

The above are taken from the Raiser's description.

Roses for Season 1905

Irish Harmony (H.T.) (Dickson, 1904). Single; a delicately sweet and beautiful rose, of vigorous growth and perfect branching character, flowering in the utmost profusion throughout the entire season. The color is variable, novel, and distinct, and the buds when opening are saffron yellow, crayoned or smeared claret; the flowers when expanded are creamy white and of immense size, measuring from five inches in diameter. Superb and absolutely distinct from any existing variety. **2/6.**

Lady Ashtown (H.T.) (Dickson, 1904). Flowers continuously in the greatest profusion throughout the entire season; the blooms are large, full, with high pointed centre, buds unusually long and beautifully pointed; petals very large, smooth, and of great substance; color very pale Rose du Barri, shading to yellow at base of petals, reflex of petals silvery pink; growth vigorous; of erect and branching habit. This is an ideal rose for exhibition, and one of the best we have produced. Awarded several First Class Certificates. **3/6.**

Ligne D. Arenberg (H.T.) Satin white; outer petals large, those at the centre pointed like a Chrysanthemum; fine long buds. **2/-.**

Mrs. David McKee (H.T.) (Dickson, 1904). A superb variety of strong and robust growth and erect branching habit, with large handsome foliage. Every shoot is crowned with a flower of large size and great substance; the petals are large, smooth, and circular; color a beautiful creamy yellow. It ranks as one of our best productions, either for exhibition or garden decoration, being a wonderfully free and continuous blooming rose. Awarded Gold Medal of the N.R.S. and several First Class Certificates. Stock limited. **3/6.**

Mrs. A. Byass (Decorative Tea). Color madder rose, shaded with crimson, and occasionally beautifully mottled with pale rose and white. This is one of the most distinct and attractive roses we have ever seen, and will prove a charming decorative plant in the garden; growth vigorous. **3/6.**

Madame G. P. Strassheim (Tea). Yellowish white in summer, sulphur yellow, changing to buff, in autumn; very free and good. **1/6.**

Madame P. Olivier (H.T.) Salmon, shaded with rosy carmine; very large, full, and globular; long, oval buds, and fine bronzy green foliage. **2/-.**

Mrs. Conway Jones (H.T.) (Dickson, 1904). Stock limited. A magnificent variety possessing every quality required in a good rose, and flowers continuously throughout the season; the blooms are of enormous size, very full, and of perfect form; petals of great size and substance; the color is creamy white, flushed salmon pink; confidently recommended for all purposes. Several First Class Certificates. **3/6.**

Madame J. P. Soupert (H.T.) Almost white or pale yellow, with white shading; free. **2/6.**

Marie Bulow (H.T.) China rose, suffused carmine and yellow; flowers large and full, bud very long; growth vigorous. **2/-.**

Mons. de Arcice (H.T.) Rosy red, large full flower, sweetly scented. **2/-.**

Petrus Donzel (Hybrid Chinese). Velvety purplish crimson, tinted with fiery red; of medium size; full; very free flowering and very sweet; closely resembling Gruss au Teplitz. **2/6.**

Perle des Neiges (Clb. Polyantha). Foliage and growth of Crimson Rambler, with large corymbs of double snow-white blossoms; likely to be a great acquisition. Award of Merit, Temple Show, 1904. **2/6.**

Perle des Jaunes (Tea Scented). Fine golden yellow, centre strongly shaded with copper; large and full. Received First Class Certificate at Lyons. A very promising new rose. **3/6.**

Rev. D. R. Williamson (H.T.) (Dickson, 1904). A most distinct and excellent variety, of vigorous growth and erect branching character; dark green foliage; every shoot develops a flower of large size and enormous substance and globular form, with large shell-shaped petals; color dark velvety crimson, shaded maroon; a very free blooming good rose; sweetly scented. **3/6.**

Rosamane Gravereaux (H.T.) Flowers silvery white, reverse of petals slightly tinted pale rose; very large and full; of good form and habit. **1/6.**

Salmonea (H.T.) (Paul). Deep bright crimson, with light salmon centre, flowers large and full. **2/-.**

Una. A strong-growing hybrid briar, with pale buff buds changing to nearly white. **2/-.**

The above are taken from the Raiser's description.

Searls' Novelty Cactus Dahlias, 1905

REAL CACTUS TYPE.

NOTHING is hailed with more joy by all lovers of floriculture than gradual and marked improvement in our florists' flowers from year to year; change without attractiveness is of little or no value. Cactus Dahlias still continue to be as popular as ever, and again we bring before our patrons a most up-to-date collection. **2/6 each, 25/- per doz.**

Alberich. True cactus shape, with claw-like inward florets of a beautiful terra cotta color; the underneath points of florets are violet rayed. This is an excellent free flowering variety on long hard stems.

C. N. Richardson. Deep yellow, outer petals shaded rosy salmon; large and refined form.

Duchess Agnes. A most beautiful rose color, delicately fading towards the points; the ground color a yellow sheen; florets quill-like, very pointed; flowers good lasting quality.

Fenella. Chamois ground, inward pointing florets; the greater half of the florets are strong lilac colored, giving a most pleasing combination; very long stem, graceful, erect, and free flowering.

Flamme. Flaming carmine red on yellow ground; long, fine florets; flower gracefully built.

Gotelinde. Flowers of a deep golden yellow, gracefully rayed in the shape of Geiselher, on strong hard stems carried well over the foliage, making it a beautiful garden Cactus Dahlia of a most graceful type.

H. J. Jones. A magnificent variety, delicate primrose in centre, shading off to sweetest of rosy pinks.

Ianthe. Yellow buff ground, edged and tipped pale salmon rose, centre salmon rose; large and refined flower.

Ibis. Bright orange shot, and sometimes edged brilliant scarlet; very free flowering.

J. W. Wilkinson. Deep, rosy crimson; strong grower.

Mabel Tulloch. Clear rosy pink, beautiful color; a most telling flower.

Minnie West. Clear yellow, shading off to white tips; much admired.

Mrs. Egginton. Scarlet, shaded crimson; large, refined, high built flower of splendid form.

Mrs. Jowett. Rich, orange red; good form.

Mrs. F. McQuade. An exquisite variety, large, pure white; an exhibition variety of the first order; very fine incurving florets.

Oda. The earliest flowering Cactus Dahlia, being fully four weeks before any other. It is of dwarf, strong growth; carries large noble flowers on long wiry stems free of foliage; color beautiful amethyst violet, on the points bright magenta; the goose-quilled inward pointing florets show a silvery reverse.

Rother. A very dwarf grower and flowers very early, the plant being actually covered with velvety dark red flowers hiding the foliage; a true cactus kind.

Spitfire. Bright glowing scarlet; long claw-like petals; stiff stems well above the foliage.

Syringa. Delicate silvery lilac; the florets strongly twisted; the numerous flowers stand free of the foliage.

Walthari. This is a beautiful florists' Dahlia of a clear cream color, dwarf growing, and carries flowers loosely built on long stems giving the whole a graceful appearance.

White Geiselher. A pure white sport of the beautiful and graceful true Cactus Dahlia, Geiselher.

Zugabe. This variety is the only clear rose-colored Cactus Dahlia up to date. It is an exquisite variety and late flowering, making it useful for florists.

Searls' Novelty Chrysanthemums, 1905

1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
(POST FREE).

Attraction. Cinnamon red, old gold reverse.

Cannell's Favourite. A good white variety; fine thread-like petals.

Calvat's Sun. Canary yellow; one of the best.

Dorothea. Lilac cushion centre, white fringe petal.

Flambeau. A light reddish chestnut; golden reverse.

Golden Crown. Rich yellow; similar in form to Nellie Pocket; the petals are, however, more recurving.

Lady Hutton (Jap.) A grand variety, with long curling petals, incurving to the centre; color a beautiful waxy white; large flower; distinct.

Mrs. G. H. Kerslake. One of the best, white, large, massive, and refined.

Mrs. Edwin Currie (Jap.) A handsome pink variety, lightly veined lilac, reverse of petals silvery; a splendid variety for show purposes.

Mrs. James Marshall (Jap.) Color a light mauve, with clear silvery reverse, incurving right to the centre; a good variety.

Mrs. Alexander McKinley (Jap.) Terra cotta; drooping petals; sturdy grower.

Mrs. C. J. Salter (Jap.) Crimson scarlet, beautifully reflexed, showing one of the richest colors imaginable.

Queen Alexander. Rosy salmon buff; very distinct shade.

Red Madame Carnot. A flower o good form and substance.

The Argus (Jap.) A large handsome flower, of a beautiful deep bronzy red, reverse of petals golden yellow, incurving right to the centre.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Streptocarpus. **1s.** per pkt.

Choice mixed hybrids, very beautiful, miniature Gloxinia-like flowers. Veitch's Hybrids.

Sunflower (See Helianthus).

Sweet Alyssum (See Alyssum).

Sweet Pea (See Lathyrus).

Sweet Sultan (See Centaurea).

Sweet William (See Dianthus).

Tacsonia. **1s.** per pkt.

Van Volxemi, bright crimson flowers.

A very handsome, evergreen climber, somewhat resembling a Passion Flower; it is a half-hardy perennial, growing some 10 feet high. Sow the seed during autumn and spring.

Tagetes *(Marigold)* **3d.** per pkt.

(See also Calendula.)

Double Wallflower.

Erecta, fl. plena, Aurea, tall orange.
" " Sulphurea, tall lemon.
" Tall Double African, fine mixed
" Dwarf Double African, fine mixed.
Patula, Tall Double French, mixed.
" Dwarf Double French, mixed.

Hardy constant bloomers. French varieties have beautifully shaped orange flowers, striped and flaked with brown. African varieties have large self-coloured flowers; all are annuals. Sow during spring and summer. Height 18 inches to 2 feet.

Thunbergia. **3d.** per pkt.

A beautiful half hardy annual, of twining habit, flowers of brilliant colors and very striking; the plant grows rapidly when once started. Sow in spring. Height 36 inches.
Alata, fine, mixed colors

Torenia **1s.** per pkt.

Tournieri (edentula), blue.

An elegant and extremely ornamental pot plant of great beauty; a tender perennial, suitable only for glass or bush-house cultivation. Height 12 inches.

Tropæolum. **3d.** per pkt.

MAJUS. TALL NASTURTIUMS.

Coccineum, scarlet.
Finest Mixed, all the best varieties.
King Theodore, darkest, dark leaves.
Pearl, whitish.
Regelianum, purplish violet.
Vesuvius, salmon, dark leaves.

NANUM (Tom Thumb), DWARF NASTURTIUMS.

Beauty, yellow and scarlet.
Empress of India, deep crimson, dark leaved.
Finest mixed, all the best sorts.
Golden King, fine.
King Theodore, the darkest.
Pearl, whitish.
Vesuvius, salmon.

The value of this family for decorative purposes cannot be over-estimated. It is particularly hardy; will thrive in any soil, and its many forms are so varied that it possesses a pleasing variety of color. Dwarf varieties do not grow more than 9 inches, and form compact bushes and flower abundantly; can be transplanted, and should stand 12 inches apart; hardy annuals. The tall varieties will spread or climb 15 feet. Sow autumn and spring.

Tropæolum Canariense *(Canary Creeper).* **3d.** pkt.

Yellow. One of the most beautiful of our tender annuals; the foliage is very delicate, and the flowers of a golden yellow color; must have a sheltered position. Sow in the spring.

Tydea Hybrida Grandiflora. **1s.** per pkt.

Mixed, specially saved collection; very fine.

Valeriana. **3d.** per pkt.

Valerian, mixed, floriferous; fine for bouquets.

Verbascum. **6d.** per pkt.

Pannosum, large sulphur-yellow flowers.

Introduced from Macedonia. The plant grows to 5 feet; splendid leaves 2 feet long and 8 inches wide; flower stalks 2 feet long; strikingly beautiful decorative plant. A perennial. Sow in spring or autumn.

Verbena. **3d.** per pkt.

Aricula Flora, mixed colors.
Candidissima, flowers pure white.
Coccinea, scarlet, very showy.
Cœrulea, blue shades.
Hybrida, mixed, very fine quality.
"Mammoth" Grandiflora, new large flowered; very fine.
Striata, Italian, striped; handsome.

One of our most beautiful bedding plants; very hardy and of magnificent colors; not particular to soil or situation; blooms in profusion. Sow in autumn or spring. Height 18 inches.

Violet. **3d.** per pkt.

Odorata Alba, white.
" Mixed, all sorts.
" (Sweet Violet), old fragrant variety.
The Czar, rich dark purple. **6d.** per packet.
" fl. pl., white. **6d.** per packet.

Virginian Stock (See Cheiranthus).

Wallflower. **3d.** per pkt.

Well-known English favourites; beautiful perfume, and the double varieties are striking and most beautiful. Sow autumn or spring. Height 12 inches.
Double German, various colors.
Golden King, yellow.
Mixed, single, blood red to pale yellow.
Ruby Gem, single, violet, with bluish sheen.
Single, Blood Red.

Whitlavia. **3d.** per pkt.

One of the most charming Californian annuals; very effective for bedding; grows freely in any soil; flowers bright blue. Sow in the autumn or spring.
Gloxinoides, white and blue.
Grandiflora, blue.

Zinnia.

The Healthy Annuals

Which can be seen in boxes, in season, at 86 King Street,

..Are all Grown..

at our own Nurseries,

From Searls' Sovereign Seeds

This is good proof of our assertion that our Seeds may be thoroughly relied on for productiveness.

Xeranthemum. **3d.** per pkt.

Annuum, double sorts, fine mixed.

Zinnia. **3d.** per pkt.

One of the grandest annuals in cultivation; has been wonderfully improved of late years, and Zinnias flower throughout the entire summer. They should always be transplanted. Tall varieties, 2ft. 6in. to 3ft.
Crispa, new, crested; fine.
Elegans Grandiflora Robusta Plenissima, mixed. A new Zinnia of immense size, and very robust in growth, the flowers measuring 5 to 6 inches across.
" Pumila, fl. pl. A surprisingly beautiful dwarf strain, wonderful shades of color, and flowers nearly all double.
" Tom Thumb, double. Various brilliant colors; very dwarf, only 6 inches.
Grandiflora Queen Victoria, magnificent double white.
Lilliput Flowered, mixed. A charming small flowering class of double Zinnias, suitable for borders; flowers adaptable for bouquets, etc.
Striata, fl. pl., striped; fine.

SEARLS' ...

Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs,

&c.

ALL our Plants in this Section are kept in the healthiest condition and hardy, by being grown in the open, and are thus made quite safe for transplanting.

OUR extensive Botany Nurseries have hitherto afforded us facilities in this branch of our business possessed by no other firm in the Commonwealth, yet in order to still further extend our production of cold climate Trees and Plants, we have this year opened new ground at Exeter, at an altitude of 2,300 feet above sea level. By this addition we will be in a position to hold by far the most complete stock in New South Wales, and always take care that every plant we send away is clean, healthy and vigorous. Parties about to plant and beautify large areas of Park Lands, Streets, &c., will find it to their advantage to visit our Nurseries, and personally inspect our unrivalled stock.

Abutilon.

BUY SEARLS' SOVEREIGN SEEDS! They are Reliable.

	Ft. high.	s.	d
Abelia Rupestis, rose and white, sweet scented	4	1	0
Aberia Caffra (*Kaffir Apple*), very spiny, most useful for cattle-proof hedge. Special quotation for quantity	20	1	0
Abutilon, Boule de Niege, white	3	1	0
Cloth of Gold	6	1	0
Darwini Tesselatum, leaves variegated green and yellow	3	1	6
Eclipse, orange and purple	6	1	0
Emperor, large flowers, dark crimson	6	1	0
Golden Fleece, yellow	4	1	0
Hibiscus, canary yellow, shaded dark rose violet	6	1	0
Lilaceum Album, white, shaded lilac	4	1	0
Rosæflorum	6	1	0
Sawitzii a very distinct variety, with green palmate leaves, regularly margined with silvery white; keep variegation always	4	1	0
Scarlet Gem, brilliant red, distinct	3	1	0
Souvenir de Bonn, leaves a beautiful silver margin; flowers orange-veined scarlet	8	1	0
Thompsonii, deep rich orange shaded and streaked with crimson	6	1	0
Thompsonii Plenum, fine double	6	1	0
Vexillarium, yellow and red	3	1	6

Abutilons are very showy, decorative and free flowering shrubs throughout the year.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Acacia Baileyana, known as the "Cootamundra Wattle," silver-leaved, of great beauty, free-flowering	15	1	0
Cyanophylla, yellow	12	1	0
Cultriformis, orange yellow; a splendid shrub	8	1	6
Dealbata (Silver Wattle)	15	1	0
Decurrens	25	1	0
Elata, makes a perfect tree, and will do well in any climate	30	1	6
Farnesiana, very ornamental	10	1	6
Lophanta, fern-leaved variety	10	1	0
Mollisima Floribunda	10	1	0
Pycnantha, golden wattle	20	1	0

Very useful, quick-growing ornamental shrubs or trees; indispensable where quick shelter or break wind is required.

Agave Americana	50	1	0

If You Hope — for satisfaction from the Plants you buy, they MUST HAVE a fresh and healthy appearance, and be put in as quickly as possible.

SEARL'S Plants are full of life, and carefully handled always thrive.

Searl AND Sons,

86 King St., Sydney.

FUMIGATION. Having erected a Fumigating Chamber, by permission and under the supervision of the Government, all Plants for Inter-State Ports are fumigated at our Nursery under the Hydro-Cyanide Process.

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Acer Negunda *(Box Elder)*	50	1	0
Platanoides *(Norway Maple)*	70		
Pseduo Platanus, Sycamore or False Plane	100	1	6
Saccharinum *(Sugar Maple)*	50	1	6
Acer, Japanese Varieties *(Maple)*—			
Atropurpureum, deep maroon, large regular palmate		2	6
,, Dissectum, deep maroon, richly fringed thread-like leaflets, drooping nature		2	6
Atropurpureum Variegata, bright crimson, with deep maroon, variegated		2	6
Osaka-zuki, large leaved regular palmate, light maroon, changing to blood red in the autumn		2	6
Rosa-Marginatis, small green leaves, crimson margined		2	6
Roseum, small palmate, leaves margined deep pink		2	6
Sanguineum Chishio, blood red, regular palmate, small leaves		2	6
Sanguineum Seigen, blood red, regular palmate		2	6
Washino-o, green thread-like long leaflets, with deep serrate		2	6

None, of ornamental trees, excel these beautiful Japanese Maples. They are striking in foliage, and thrive well in the cool parts of New South Wales. Strong plants at 2s. 6d. each and up to 5s. each.

Abutilon Souvenir de Bonn.

It's a Great Joy to us

to receive notes like this one, after doing our level best to please.

"Messrs. Searl & Sons,

"Dear Sirs,—I enclose with pleasure amount of accompanying account.

"The ferns and palms arrived in **good condition**, and gave **every satisfaction.**

"Accept our very best thanks for your prompt despatch and care for safe arrival on day mentioned.

"Yours faithfully,
"T. SMITH, MA.,
"St. Mary's, "Rector.
"Bundarra, Nov. 9, '04.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Acmena Elliptica, Lillipilli	20	1	0
Floribunda	12	1	0
Myrtifolia	15	1	0
Pendula	20	1	0
Beautiful trees, with glossy green leaves and pretty edible berries; a beautiful type of native trees.			
Ailanthus Glandulosa *(Tree of Heaven)*	30	1	0
This tree grows with great rapidity for the first 10 or 12 years in favourable situations; afterwards it grows much slower. It is a desirable tree for plantations or to stand singly on lawns. When in flower it has a striking appearance, producing large clusters of reddish crimson flowers.			
Alectryon Excelsum *(New Zealand Oak Tree)*; a handsome tree	20	2	0
Allamanda Nerifolia. Flowers deep golden yellow, elegantly streaked with orange, between funnel and bell shaped. We can highly recommend it	3	1	6
Aloysia Citriodora, lemon-scented Verbena	8	1	0
The scent of the leaves is delicious.			
Amygdalus Persica	10	1	6
Crimson	10	1	6
Pink	10	1	6
White	10	1	6
The double-flowering peach trees; very ornamental.			
Aralia Papyrifera, Rice Paper Tree	10	1	0
Evergreen shrub, with fine large ornamental foliage.			
Arduina *(Cape Plum)* Grandiflora, beautiful white-flowering shrub; strongly scented	5	1	6
Bispinosa, small, white, sweet-scented flowers	3	1	6
Arbutus Canariensis	20	1	6
Unedo, Strawberry Tree	10	1	6
Both varieties are hardy, and are known as Strawberry Trees; they bear handsome edible fruit, and are very ornamental trees.			
Ardisia Crenulata, crimson berries	2	1	6
Aster Argophyllus *(The Australian Musk)*	4	1	6

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Aucuba Japonica *(The Gold-dust Tree or Variegated Laurel)* in variety	4	1	6
The varieties of Aucubas are very numerous. They require a cool situation. For variegated ornamental plants they cannot be excelled. The best varieties are:—A. Latimaculata, A. Albo-variegata, A. Aurea, A. Bicolor, of which we have a fine stock, and they are striking objects.			
Æsculus Hippocastanum *(Horse Chestnut)*, flowers white, tinged with red, which are produced in great profusion, no tree possessing greater beauty	60	1	0
Rubicunda *(Scarlet Chestnut)*, red flowers, very distinct and beautiful tree		1	0
Bauhinia Alba	6	1	6
Scanden's semi-climber		2	0
Purpurea	25	1	6
Berberis, Dulcis	4	1	6
Darwini, pretty orange yellow flowers, a great favourite	4	1	6
Japonica	4	1	6
Vulgaris, Common Barberry	8	1	0
,, Purpurea		1	0
Vulgaris is the well-known English fruit, Barberry. It is a dense-growing and prickly bush, and makes a perfect hedge in cold climates.			
Benthamia Fragifera *(Strawberry Flowered)*, flowers large, white, densely aggregate, forming a round head. This is a beautiful evergreen tree, and produces reddish fruit, somewhat resembling the Arbutus, very effective	10	1	6
Betula Alba *(The Silver White or Common Birch)*, a most beautiful and invaluable forest tree	20 to 30	1	6
Boronia Megastigma. Flowers, maroon purple outside and yellow within, sweet-scented	3	1	6
Brachychiton Acerifolia, Fire Tree, produces masses of scarlet flowers	80	1	0
Brassia Actinophylla, handsome foliage	15	1	6
Browallia Jamiesoni, yellow	8	1	0
Brugmansia Knightii, a large, white, trumpet-shaped flower; very showy	10	1	0
Broussonnetia Papyrifera, small compact shrub		1	6
Buddlea Globosa, flowers orange or honey-colour	10	1	6
Variabilis, with long spikes of lilac flowers; very florierous	10	1	6
Paniculata	20	1	0
Good for hedge and shelter purposes.			
Brunsfelsia (Franciscea), Americana, pure white, very sweetly scented	6	1	6
Eximea, flowers blue and white at same time	10	1	6
Latifolia, Lavender, with white eye	6	1	6
Elegant, free-flowering, evergreen shrubs; they prefer a warm, sheltered situation.			

Brugmansia.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Buxus Aborea *(Tree Box)*	20	1	0
Arborescens	6	1	6
Argentea Variegata	3	1	6
Aurea Variegata	3	1	6
Macrophylla Rotundifolius		1	0
Sempervirens, English Box for edging, 7/6 100, 1/6 doz.			

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Callicarpa Rosea	4	1	6
Callistemon *(The Bottlebrush)* Lanceolatus	8	1	0
Glabra	8	1	0
Rugulosum	8	1	0
Colors, red and crimson shades; very ornamental and free flowering native plants; highly recommended			
Calodendron Capensis *(The Cape Chestnut)*, flesh coloured flowers. This is one of the finest trees produced from the Cape of Good Hope	40	1	6
Calycanthus Floridus, Allspice	4	1	6
A deciduous hardy shrub; the flowers have a sweet apple scent; the wood and roots when cut have a strong smell of spice; spreading habit.			
Præcox	4	1	6
Camphora Officinalis *(Camphor Tree)*, special quote for large quantity	50	1	0
Carya Sulcata *(The American Hickory Nut)*, very handsome, hardy, deciduous tree		1	6
Olivæformis *(Pecan Nut)*		1	6
Cassia Condolleana	15	1	6
Marrylandica	10	1	6
Quick growing, showy, and very hardy flowering shrubs			
Castanospermum Australis, Moreton Bay Chestnut, flowers saffron-coloured	70	1	0
Castania Vesca (Sweet or Spanish Chestnut), flowers yellowish, a very ornamental tree, but requires good rich soil	50	2	6
Catalpa Bungei, admirable tree; it forms a perfect half globula head, of a very deep green colour; flowers greenish yellow, with red spots	10	1	6
Syringafolia, white	20	1	0
Speciosa, a showy, rapid-growing tree, with pyramid clusters, a foot long, of white and purple fragrant flowers	20	1	0
Catalpa's make splendid lawn specimens and shrubbery trees.			
Celtis Australis	30	1	0

STILL
PUBLIC
FAVORITES—
Those Pretty
Yoko Mats!!
There's no doubt they improve the appearance of Ornamental Plants, whether in room or hall.

Cerasus Lauro-cerasus (English Laurel or Bay)	20	1	0
Lusitanica (Portugal Laurel)	20	1	0
The Laurels are old English favourites; they thrive well here if planted in good strong soil, and make splendid hedges.			
Cerasus *(Double-flowering Cherry)*			
Asahi-cotan, comes out in bright red and fades to pink as flower opens; very double		2	0
Aveum fl. pl.		1	6
Caproniana Ranunculiflora		1	6
Hizakura, very deep pink, large double, almost crimson		2	0
Japonica flore Rosea Plena		1	6
Ko-fugen, double pink, a striking variety		2	0
Mikuruma-gaishi, brilliant pink, semi-double		2	0
Ojochin, large semi-double, white slightly tinted pink, heavy bloomer		2	0
Padus, white		1	6
Shiro-fugen, large, double, purplish flowers		2	0
Ukon, greenish yellow flower, one of the rare kinds		2	0
Virginalis Alba		1	6
Virgineana, white		1	6
DWARFED CHERRY			
Dwarfed Cherry, with twisted branches, semi-double, in pink shades		2	6
Dwarfed Cherry, with straight branches, semi-double, in pink shades		2	6
These Japanese double-flowering cherries are the most beautiful flowering shrubs you could wish to have. They are showy, ornamental, and the flowers sweetly pretty. We can most highly reccommend. Can do larger plants at 3s. 6d. of Japanese varieties.			

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Ceratapetalum Gummiferum, The Christmas Bush	40	1	6
Cercis Siliquastrum (Judas Tree), flesh colour	20	1	6
Canadensis, red	20	1	6
Siliquastrum Album	20	1	6
The Cercis are very pretty ornamental trees, and a great addition to the shrubbery.			
Ceratonia Siliqua, Carob Tree	15	1	6
The Carob Tree, St. John's Bread, or Locust Tree.			
Cestrum Aurantiacum, orange	8	1	0
Diurnum, white	4	1	0
Nocturnum, greenish white; sweetly scented at night time	6	1	0
Purpureum, purple Crown		1	0
Free-flowering, evergreen shrubs.			

Cestrum Nocturnum.

Chamœcerasus *(The Bird Cherry)*			
Flora Alba		1	6
Grandiflora Rosea		1	6
Chilianthus Disophyllus		1	0
White, a semi-climbing plant useful for covering unsightly buildings; winter flowering.			
Chimonanthus Fragrans, Allspice, yellow	5	1	6
Christia Grandiflora	5	1	6
Compact shrub, flowers red and yellow			
Choisya Ternata	6	1	6
Dwarf shrub, with flowers like orange blossoms, sweetly scented.			
Chorizema Cordatum, pretty dwarf flowering shrub, producing flowers, red and yellow, drooping	1	1	6
Cistus			
Aborescens	2	1	0
Albidus, white, pale purple petals, yellow at the base	2	1	0
Crispus, purple and red	2	1	0
Laurifolius, petals white, yellow spot at base	3	1	0
Purpurens, reddish purple petals	2	1	0
Serphyllifolius	2	1	0
Vulgaris	2	1	0
This useful genus of dwarf flowering shrubs have been, so far, too much neglected, when their beauty and general value is taken into consideration. The only wonder is that they are not grown by everybody.			

ARE RELIABLE SEEDS.—TRY THEM!

TREES AND SHRUBS - Continued.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Citharexylum (Subs erratum *Fiddle Wood*), white .. Fine evergreen shrub.	10 ..	1	6
Clerodendron Glasnum	6 ..	1	0
A useful shrub, bearing creamy white flowers.			
Trichotum, hardy shrub, nice foliage, flowers white and fragrant	8 ..	1	6
Clethra Arborea *(Lily of the Valley Tree)*	10 ..	2	0
Alnifolia (alder leaved), a hardy shrub producing white flowers	..	1	6
These are very ornamental. C. Arborea has pure white flowers very like the Lily of the Valley from which it gets the name.			

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester.

PALMS

HOW THEY ARRIVED IN NEW ZEALAND.

Messrs. Searl & Sons.

"Dear Sirs,—Just a line to acknowledge yours of 9th inst. Palms per "Victoria" arrived all right and unpacked in good order. It may interest you to know that I have three large Palms of yours in my house, and they are all very healthy."

Yours &c.,
W. S. MOORE.

"Mornington,"
July 21/'04.

Clianthus Puniceus, Parrot's Beak, pink	6 ..	1	0
Puniceus, Albus, pure white	5 ..	1	6
Handsome shrub, bearing a profusion of pretty flowers.			
Coprosma.			
Lucida, a handsome evergreen shrub, with bright shining leaves, very hardy; most suitable for hedge purposes near the sea shore	5 ..	1	0
Variegata	6 ..	1	0
Coffea Arabica, Coffee	10 ..	1	6
Handsome evergreen shrub, covered with red berries in Autumn.			
Coronilla Glauca, beautiful yellow	4 ..	1	0
Pontophylla	4 ..	1	0
Velutina	3 ..	1	0
Corynocarpus Lævigatus, Karaka Tree of New Zealand	30 ..	1	6
A pretty evergreen, producing white flowers and a plum-like fruit.			
Corylus Purpurea *(Purple leaved Filbert)*. Very ornamental, and distinct for shrubbery ..	..	1	6
Cotoneaster Buxifolia, white	3 ..	1	6
Microphylla, white	..	1	6
Simonsi	8 ..	1	0
Their tinted foliage in the autumn makes them conspicuous.			
Crotolaria Trifoliastrum, yellow	15 ..	1	6
Cupania Australis. Australian Tamarind	50 ..	1	6
Cupania, or Australian Tamarind, is a tree of considerable size, and magnificent and remarkable foliage.			
Cratægus *(English Hawthorn or May)*. Oxcyantha, white, single	12 ..	1	0
Azarolus, white, sweetly scented	..	1	6
Crenulata. Bears a profusion of red berries, very decorative	..	1	0
Pink, double	12 ..	1	0
Red, double	12 ..	1	0
White, double	12 ..	1	0
Cratægus are general favorites, flower profusely in spring time. The double varieties are exceedingly beautiful, and particularly showy and effective.			

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Cuphea Jorullensis, yellow and red	4 ..	1	0
Platycentra, red; the cigar flower	2 ..	1	0
Roezelii; flowers red and green	4 ..	1	0
Cydonia Japonica, scarlet	6 ..	1	6
Alba Plena	5 ..	1	6
Candidissima	5 ..	1	6
Cardinalis	5 .	1	6
Rosea Plena	6 ..	1	6
Sanguinea Plena, double red	6 ..	1	6
,, Nivalis, white	6 ..	1	6
Handsome shrubs; should be largely planted (commonly called flowering quinces).			
Cytisus Laburnum (*English*).	8 ..	1	0
Canariensis, sweet-scented, golden-yellow flowers ..	8 .	1	6
Nigricans, purple	3 ..	1	6
Proliferus (*Tree Lucerne*), flowers white, branches and leaves velvety. Sometimes used for hedge purposes	8 ..	0	6
Schipkænsis, beautiful flowers, white, very floriferous; dwarf variety introduced from the Balkans.			
These are hardy shrubs and great favorites.			
Cyphomandra Betacea. The Tomato Tree, an ornamental tree, bearing a profusion of edible fruit; makes a good preserve	10 ..	1	0
Chionanthus Virginica. The American Fringe Tree, white, very pretty	..	2	0
Daphne Indica Rubra, red	3 { from	1/6	
Odora, white	6 { to	2/6	
They are pretty, very highly perfumed, free bloomers; suitable for bouquets; universal favorites.			
Deutzia (*Wedding Bells*) Crenata fl. pl.	1½ ..	1	0
Campanulata, free-flowering, exquisite	..	1	6
Crenata Argentea Variegata	..	1	6
Candidissima Flore Plena; Semi-double flowers .	6 ..	1	0
Corymbiflora	..	1	6
Discolor Grandiflora	..	1	6
Gracilis	1½ ..	1	0
,, Folius Aureis; variety with golden leaves ..	..	1	6
Gracilis Campanulata	..	1	6
Lemoinei Compacta	..	1	6
Marginata Aurea	..	1	6
Pride of Rochester, double flowering, pure white ..	5 ..	1	0
Rosea	..	1	6
Scabra	6 ..	1	0
Venusta	..	1	6
Dwarf, hardy flowering shrubs which can be highly recommended.			
Derringia Amhersti Variegata, a pretty shrub, leaves white and green, variegated			
Diervillea (*Wiegelia*)			
Abel Carriere, flowers of rich, rosy crimson color ..	4 ..	1	0
Amabilis	6 ..	1	0
Amabilis Variegata	6 ..	1	0
Augustus Wilhelm, an intensely dark-colored variety; flowers of an amaranth red shade	4 ..	1	0
Candidissima, white	..	1	0
Conquête, flowers enormous. The largest flowered variety, flowers deep rose measuring 1½ to 2 inches across; exquisite	6 ..	1	6
Eva Rathke, vigorous shrub, flowering abundantly; the flower is large, nice form and of crimson red color	6 ..	1	6
Gloire des Bosquets, deep red flowers	6 ..	1	0
Hendersonii, beautiful carmine flowers, spotted white on edge	4 ..	1	0
Hortensis Nivea, neat growing variety, with pure white flowers; distinct	4 ..	1	0
Jem Mace, flowers of very dark crimson purple color ..	4 ..	1	0
Montesquien, fine reddish crimson flowers, of elegant shape, very handsome	4 ..	1	0
These are very desirable and beautiful plants for the garden; they are profuse bloomers, and require but little attention. They produce fine clusters of tube-shaped flowers; very hardy, can be highly recommended.			
Diosma Ericoides	3 ..	1	6
Charming little evergreen plant, with light feathery foliage, which is, during September and October, studded with small starry white flowers.			
Diplacus Hybrida	3 ..	1	0
A dwarf, yellow flowering shrub, very attractive evergreen.			
Dombeya Dregiana, white	8 .	1	6
Mollis, white	8 ..	1	6
Mastersii, white	8 ..	1	6
Evergreen free flowering shrubs, with good foliage; flowers perfumed, white in colour; require plenty of space.			
Doryanthes Excelsis, Gigantic Lily; a striking native scarlet flowering plant	12 ..	1	0
Palmeri, a North Australian species; red shading to white. Commonly known as the Queensland spear lily	..	1	0

TREES AND SHRUBS.—Continued.

	Ft. high	s.	d.
Dracæna—Australis	8	1	6
Cannæfolia	8	1	6
Draco—Dragon's Blood	10	1	6
Fragrans, very ornamental, bush house or verandah	8	1	6
Terminalis	20	1	6
Stricta	10	1	6

Handsome, tropical-looking plants, hardy.

Dracæna Stricta.

ICHTHEMIC GUANO . .

Is a really effective fertilizer and serviceable for nearly all garden purposes.

SEARL & SONS

Duranta Alba, white	6	1	0
Plumieri, blue	6	1	0

A pretty family of dwarf growing evergreen shrubs, very free flowering and quite hardy ; makes pretty hedges.

Edwardsia Macrophylla, New Zealand Laburnum	12	1	0

Handsome evergreen flowering shrub, quite hardy. Commonly known as the yellow parrot beak of New Zealand.

Elæocarpus Sarratus. White, sweetly scented, and makes a beautiful evergreen shade tree	30	1	6
Elœagnus Japonica Macrophylla, Aurea Variegata. A beautiful plant, with gold variegation and silver underneath the leaves; a suitable plant for covering unsightly buildings	6	1	6
Augustifolia	15	1	6
Edulis. Very good fruit	4	1	6
Japonica (Longipes)		1	0

Fine hardy shrubs, grow freely in any ordinary soil ; very ornamental ; should be planted more.

Elm (see Elmus).

Eriostemon Nerifolius, pale pink	4	1	6

Handsome flowering shrub.

Erythrina arborea	20	1	6
Bidwilli	5	1	6
Caffra		1	6
Crista Galli, bright deep scarlet, compact	8	1	6
Indica	15	1	0

Erythrinas, or Coral trees, are splendid objects in pleasure grounds, producing large spikes of brilliant coloured flowers ; they will thrive in the poorest soil or even barren sand.

Escallonia Exoniensis, white dwarf	6	1	6
Macrantha, crimson red	6	1	6
Montevidensis, white	10	1	0
Rubra, red	6	1	0
Sanguinea, crimson	8	1	0

Beautiful free flowering evergreen shrubs ; Montavidiensis has white flowers borne in bunches ; it will stand clipping. E. Macrantha is valuable as a hedge plant.

Eucalyptus Citriodora, lemon scented ; the fragrance of the foliage renders it a most desirable acquisition	75	1	0
Corynocalyx, sugar gum. This is, without doubt, one of the finest and most useful of the Eucalypti for planting in exposed situations. Sheep will eat the young shoots readily in dry seasons—in fact, largely planted for that purpose	100	1	0
Ficifolia, scarlet, one of the finest flowering trees in cultivation ; flowers of various crimson shades	15	1	6
Globulus, Tasmanian Blue Gum	100	1	0
Gomphocephala, Tooart Gum	120	1	0
Hæmastoma, white gum		1	0
Platens		1	0
Pilularis		1	0

We list only a few of the ornamental varieties of this large genus.

	Ft. high	s.	d.
Eugenia Jambosa Malacensis, rose apple	20	1	6
Myrtifolia, white, with crimson berries	20	1	6
Parvifolia	15	1	6
Uniflora, Brazilian cherry ; a good fruit	20	1	0

Ornamental trees ; some of the varieties have white, red, and purple berries.

Euonymous Japonicus	12	1	0
Alba Variegatus	6	1	0
Alba Latifolius	12	1	0
Aurea Marginatus	6	1	0
Argenteus Marginatus	6	1	0
Radicans (Japanese spindle tree)	4	1	0

Very useful handy evergreens ; will stand the coldest climate, and their beautiful coloured leaves and red berries make them conspicuous.

Euphorbia Splendens	4	1	6
Eupomatia Lauriana	12	1	6

An evergreen shrub, bearing curious flowers and foliage ; a native of Australia ; flowers perfumed.

Exochorda Alberti (Pearl bush); one of the loveliest flowering shrubs in cultivation ; flowers pure white, borne in great profusion	6	1	6
Fabiana Imbricata, white ; very hardy ; producing heath-like flowers	4	1	6
Fagus Sylvatica, beech	60	1	6
Sylvatica Cupreus, copper colour	50	2	0
,, Purpureus	50	1	6

These Copper Beeches make lovely specimens in the cool climates ; they are noble-looking trees.

Felicia Augustifolia, lilac, a pretty flowering shrub	2	1	6
Ficus Australis	60	1	0
Benjaminii, the Weeping Fig	40	1	6
Cunninghami	25	1	6
Elastica, the true India Rubber Tree	60	2	6
Macrophylla, Moreton Bay Fig	100	1	0
Religiosa, very ornamental	25	1	6

This genus is remarkable for its magnificent foliage, and far surpasses all others as shade trees. They form enormous trees, and seem to thrive anywhere. Ficus Australis is specially adapted for growing at sea frontages. It will even grow on rocks.

Hibiscus.

Forsythia Viridissima (Golden Bell), yellow, very showy	5	1	0
Variegata Aurea	5	1	6

Very free flowering shrubs, showy.

Fourcroya Gigantea Variegata ; very ornamental for lawns or large shrubberies and park planting	8	1	6

TREES AND SHRUBS.—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Fraxinus Excelsior, ash	50	1	0
Alba	40	1	0
Excelsior Aurea	40	2	6

Hardy, ornamental trees, of great beauty.

Gardenia Globosa, flowers white and globose, very handsome	15	1	0
Intermedia, very free flowering	3	1	6
Magnifica	4	1	6
Radicans	1	1	6
Thunbergi	12	1	6

Evergreen flowering shrubs; foliage of a beautiful dark glossy green, and the lovely pure white flowers are most deliciously fragrant.

Gleditschia Horrida *(Honey Locust Tree)*, a splendid deciduous tree	30	1	6
Goldfussia Anisophylla	3	1	0
Glomerata	3	1	0
Graptophyllum Earlii, a red flowering shrub from Queensland	6	1	6
Gymnocladus Canadensis *(Kentucky Coffee Tree)*	30	1	6
Grevillea Robusta, Silky Oak	40	1	0
Genista Alba, the white flowering broom, a very floriferous shrub	8	1	6
Floridus, yellow	8	1	0

Fine ornamental plants, with handsome foliage and attractive flowers.

Hakea Eucalyptoides, a magnificent flowering shrub, with crimson flowers	8	1	6
Saligna		1	6
Habrothamnus Elegans, scarlet	6	1	0
Scabra, red	4	1	0

Handsome flowering, quick growing evergeen shrubs; very hardy.

Halesia Tetraptera, Snow-drop or Silver-bell tree, flowers pure white. This tree is not too well known, but will be found a great addition to the shrubbery or a single specimen on lawns; can highly recommend 15 .. 1 0

Hardenbergia Alba	3	1	6

A lovely shrub, bearing a profusion of white flowers.

Hawthorn (See Cratægus).

Heliotropium Aureum	2	1	0
Peruvianum	2	1	0
President Garfield	3	1	0
Priapo	3	1	0
Roi des Noires, very dark	3	1	0
White Lady	3	1	0

Well-known, highly fragrant, free flowering plants.

Hibiscus Andersonii, dark crimson, with dark eye	6	1	6
Camdeni, single red	6	1	6
Chrysanthus, a free-growing plant, producing large golden-yellow flowers, with perfect black eye	4	1	6
Cooperii, red and white variegated, the so-called Chinese rose	3	1	6
Elata, purplish copper colour, large	30	1	6
General Courteges, scarlet, one of the largest flowering Hibiscus	6	1	6

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Hibiscus Grandiflora, crimson, black centre	6	1	6
Harwoodi, a beautiful large single pink variety, with dark centre, new and much admired	6	1	6
Lutea	10	1	6
Luteola Plena	6	1	6
Manihot, large, yellow, with black eye, very fine	6	1	6
Mutabilis, Chinese rose, double pink	8	1	6
,, double white	8	1	6
Pendunculatus, produces pale pink bell-shaped flowers, which appear in one mass all over the shrub	6	1	6
Splendens	6	1	6
,, variegata	6	1	6
Syriacus Alba	5	1	0
,, ,, Luteola Plena	8	1	6
,, Double light violet	6	1	6
,, Pæoniœflora	6	1	6
,, Violareus Atropurpureus flore Plenissimo	6	1	6
,, Violacea variegata	6	1	6
,, Purpurea variegata	6	1	6
,, Boule de Feu (ball of fire)	6	1	6
,, Alba variegata	5	1	0
,, purpurens, double purple	6	1	6

Hibiscus rank among our very best flowering shrubs, and and as they are so thoroughly adapted to our climate and fulfil so many requirements of the flower garden, they can be safely recommended.

Horse Chestnut (See Æsculus).

Hydrangea Cyanoclada, black stemmed, very floriferous, dark blue	4	1	0
Empress Eugénie	4	1	6
Hortensis, light blue, single	4	1	0
,, variegata	3	1	0
Otaska, pink	4	1	0
Paniculata Grandiflora, white	4	1	0
Stellata Fimbriata	4	1	6
Thomas Hogg, white	4	1	0

Strong-growing plants, having bold, dark green foliage, and immensely large flowers. They thrive best in moist situations; make good specimens when grown as pot plants.

Hypericum Moserianum, bright yellow	3	1	6
Tricolor Variegata, yellow	3	1	6

Beautiful shrubs, growing about 3ft. high, and late in summer, covered with deep yellow flowers.

Hymenospermum Flavum, yellow flowers	20	1	0

A splendid tree, hardy, with beautiful foliage; fragrant flowers.

Illicum Anisatum, Aniseed Tree	6	1	6
Ilex *(Holly)*, Aquifolium, English Holly	15	1	0
Alba Marginata, Silver Holly	10	1	6
Aurea, Golden Holly	10	2	0
Cornuta, Chinese Holly	15	1	0
Ferox Argentea, var.	10	1	6
Paraguariensis (Paraguay), Brazillian tea, large Holly	15	1	6

Everyone's favourite; most beautiful tribe of evergreen shrubs, with bright, shining green foliage, generally prickly, and in winter they produce bright red berries. They also represent a variety of forms of variegation very pleasing. The varieties thrive in almost any part of the Colony.

Hypericum Moserianum.

SEARL'S...

FERNS and other plants for BAZAARS

The Best in Sydney.

Our prices are very reasonable. We shall be pleased to give special quotations for Bazaar Requirements.

TREES AND SHRUBS.—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Indigofera Australis, pink	4	1	6
Decora, pink and white	2	1	6
Flowers abundantly.			
Inga Pulcherrima, scarlet (tassel flower), a very handsome mimosa-like shrub	4	1	6
Jacaranda Mimosœfolia	40	1	6
A magnificent tree, with mimosa-like graceful foliage. It makes a beautiful tree, in the warmer districts especially, in any parts of our suburbs. The flowers are of a beautiful lavender shade, bell-shaped, and a well-grown specimen, the admiration of everyone.			
Justicia Carnea, rose	2½	1	6
Adhatoda, white	4	1	0
Magnifica, pink	4	1	0
Splendens, pink	3	1	0
Beautiful flowering shrubs, only requiring shelter and ample watering, except J. Adhatoda, which is particularly hardy, and makes a shapely shrub.			
Kalosanthes Coccinea (Crassula), beautiful heads of crimson flowers	1½	1	6
Kerria Japonica, yellow	3	1	0
,, fl., pl., yellow	3	1	0
Kerrias are very hardy, yellow flowering, and effective shrubs.			
Lagerstrœmia Indica, pink	20	1	6
Indica Alba	10	1	6
,, Red	20		
Splendid flowering, hardy, deciduous shrubs; the flowers are very handsome, red, pink and white in colour, and distinct.			
Lagunaria Patersoni, pink	40	1	6
This is one of the most suitable trees for shelter from sea breezes known in the colony.			
Lasiandra Heteromala, blue	5	1	6
Macrantha, purple	6	1	6
Rosea, pink, free bloomers	4	1	6
Lasiandras are the best flowering shrubs of their colour.			
Lantana, splendid flowering shrubs; will thrive anywhere. We can supply in six coloure, name varieties	6	1	0
Laurus Nobilis, Sweet Bay	30	1	6
Lavendula Spica, Common Lavender		1	0
Stœchas, French Lavender		1	0
Libonia Floribunda, orange and red; a free flowering plant	3	1	0
Ligustrum Japonicum	8	1	6
Lucidum — 7s. 6d. per 100	12		
,, Variegatum	8	1	6
Ovalifolium Aureum Elegantissimum	4	1	6
Ovatum	8	1	6
Pubescens — 7s. 6d. per 100	6		
Robustum Marginatum Aureum	6	1	6
Sinensis Minum foliis variegatus Aureuris	4	1	6
Vulgaris — 7s. 6d. per 100	6		
Ligustrums, or Pivets, are useful in shrubberies; they are frequently used for ornamental hedges, either to conceal fences or to form break-winds for flower beds, &c. They stand exposure well, and will grow in most soils. Vulgaris and Pubescens are expressly used for these purposes in England and elsewhere. The variegated sections make beautiful single specimens to plant on lawns.			
Lilac (See Syringa).			
Linum Trigynum	1	1	0
A handsome dwarf yellow-flowering shrub; winter flowering.			
Liquidambar Styraciflua (the sweet gum tree). Greenish yellow flowers; an elegant tree, somewhat resembling the maple; the leaves turning to a bright red in the autumn. Will grow in any soil and situation	40	1	6

ARE GOOD SEEDS.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Liriodendron Tulipiferum (Tulip Tree). An elegant, hardy, deciduous tree, resembling a plane tree in habit, having handsome foliage and yellowish red flowers	60	1	6
Lophostemon Australis	40	1	0
A handsome shelter tree, suitable for planting with pines and camphor. Special quotations for large quantities.			
Macadamia Ternifolia (Queensland Nut); yields a nut of good flavour; an ornamental tree	10	1	6
Mackaya Bella, lilac-purple	6	1	0
Magnolia Anonæfolia (the Port Wine Magnolia)	8	1	6
Bicolor	10	1	6
Conspicua, deciduous, purple and white	20	1	6
Fuscata	8	1	6
Grandiflora, white	25	1	6
Purpurea, deciduous	15	1	6
The Magnolia Grandiflora is an evergreen flowering tree, and grows well everywhere; foliage large showy, and large white, powerfully-fragrant flowers. Fuscata is a pretty, shiny-leaved shrub, having curious pale chocolate-coloured flowers, and a powerful odour, with a resemblance to port wine. Purpurea, Conspicua, and Bicolor are deciduous, with large, purple and white tulip-shaped flowers.			
Mahonia Aquafolium (Holly-leaved); flowers yellow, racemes erect, much crowded; very pretty foliage, changing in the autumn	6	1	6
Malus (the Crab-apple). Covered with beautiful pink and white blossoms in the springtime, and in due season there appears on the trees a profusion of small apples about the size of a cherry, which can be used for preserving purposes.			
Augus ifolia, fl. pl.	10	2	0
Floribunda	10	2	0
Atrosanguinea	10	2	0
Scheideckerii	10	2	0
Parkmani	10	2	0
Spectabilis, Alba, fl. pl.	10	2	0
,, Rosea, fl. pl.	10	2	0
These are without doubt a decided acquisition, and will prove to be very ornamental wherever planted.			
Maple (see Acer).			
Melaleuca Hypericifolia, a scarlet-flowering ti-tree; very showy; a fine plant for sea coast	8	1	6
Melastoma (refer to Lasiandra).			
Melia Azederach, Bead Tree or Chinese White Cedar	20	1	0
Suitable for street and ornamental planting. Special quotation for quantity.			
Metrosideros Tomentosus, New Zealand Christmas Bush	25	1	6
Meyenia Erecta, corolla dark blue, with a rich orange throat and pale yellow tube; pretty. A very continuous bloomer, producing flowers nearly throughout the whole year	5	1	6
Mitraria Coccinea. A dwarf-growing shrub, with pretty orange-scarlet flowers	2	1	6
Murraya Exotica	6	1	6
A beautiful dwarf evergreen shrub, with perfumed white flowers like small orange blossoms.			
Musa Ensete, Abyssinian Banana	10	2	6
Very handsome, large foliage, for sheltered situation.			
Myrtus (Myrtle) Communis	6	1	6
Romanis, white flowers	6	1	6
Charming plants, with dark green leaves, flowers white.			
Nandina Domestica	5	1	6
A fine shrub, with clusters of pretty flowers and graceful foliage; very elegant.			

... A Wedding Order. ...

MESSRS. SEARL & SONS,

Dear Sirs,—On behalf of Miss A. Young and Mr. J. Lumley, I wish to thank you for the manner in which you executed order for their wedding. The flowers were much admired.

Yours sincerely,

Gray Street, Lithgow, WM. YOUNG.

October 7, 1904.

TREES AND SHRUBS.—Continued.

Salisburia Adiantifolia. (See Conifers.)

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Nerium (*Oleander*) Album	15	1	6
Grandiflora	20	1	6
Punctatum, very large flower, a beautiful shade of light pink	5	1	6
Rosea Splendens	12	1	6
Mdlle. Dubois, flowers single, pure white	6	1	6
Splendens Variegata, with gold variegation, making it most attractive		1	6

Neriums are so hardy and showy, and thoroughly at home in this climate.

OUR TASTE AND JUDGMENT.

Messrs. Searl & Sons,

Dear Sirs,—Flowers arrived in good condition. Many thanks for the benefit of your good judgment. They were put up with the tasteful skill for which you are so noted.

"Boorooma," Brewarrina, August 7, 1904.

Yours faithfully, J. BULL.

Oak (see Quercus).

Ochna Multiflora, yellow	3	1	6

The flowers, which are produced in great profusion, are very fragrant, and are succeeded by ornamental berries of a scarlet and black colour.

Olea Europa (the Common Olive), for hedge purposes, or makes a good solitary shrub 10s. per 100.

Osmanthus Illicifolius	6	1	6
Variegatus	6	1	6

These elegant shrubs produce Holly-like foliage.

Paeonia Arborea, Tree Pæony, very showy	4		

A named collection of various shades, at 3s. 6d. ea.

Paulownia Imperialis	15	1	6

A very beautiful, hardy, deciduous tree, with large leaves and an abundance of spikes of flowers; corolla, pale violet with dark spots.

Pepper Tree (see Schinus).

Philadelphus (or commonly called *Mock Orange*).

Coronarius	4	1	0
Gordonianus, large, single	6	1	6
Grandiflorus, very handsome	6	1	6
Multifloris Pleaus, large, double	6	1	6
Microphyllus, dwarf, deliciously scented	4	1	6
Mont Blanc, entirely covered with large fragrant flowers, white	5	1	6
Primuleeflorus	5	1	6
Speciosa, single, sweetly scented	6	1	6
Specie Pekinensis, introduced from the mountains of Pekin	6	1	6

Hardy plants, bearing single and double white flowers. The single flowers are not unlike orange blossoms. (Better known as Mock Orange).

Phormium Tenax (*New Zealand Flax*).

Tenax	5	1	0
Tenax Variegata	5	1	6

A fibre plant of great value; the variegated variety is very ornamental.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Photinia Serrulata, creamy white	10	1	0
Glabra, same as Serrulata, with smooth-edged leaves	10	1	6

A fine foliage, hardy evergreen, of compact habit; flowers profusely.

Phygelius Capsensis, coral red and yellow flowers on long stems; a first-class shrub	3	1	6
Pisonia Grandis, white	10	2	0
Pittosporum Crassæfolium	12	1	0
Eugenoides	15	1	0
,, Variegata. 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per doz.			
Nigrescens Variegata	12	1	6
,, green	12	1	0

Nana Compacta. A remarkably dwarf compact variety not exceeding 2 feet in height, and of very bushy habit; an excellent plant for small border or hedge purposes. 1s. each, 9s. dozen.

Tobira	10	1	6
Tobira Variegata	6	1	6
Undulatum, the so-called Victorian Laurel, producing creamy white flowers, very highly scented	25	1	0

All the Pittosporums are highly ornamental, and are suitable for single specimens in the shrubbery. Undulatum, Eugenoides, and Eugenoides Variegata are suitable for ornamental evergreen hedges.

Platanus (Plane), Orientalis—Oriental, Plane Tree	50	1	0

Most handsome deciduous trees, suitable for avenues or pleasure grounds; quick growing and splendid shade trees, with large leaves. Special quote for quantity.

Plectranthus, Eckloni, blue	3	1	0
Plumbago Capensis—Lavender	5	1	0
Capensis Alba	4	1	0
Larpentæ, blue		1	0

A favourite family of free-flowering plants; also very suitable for hedges; white and blue alternately.

Plumiera Acuminata—Frangipanni		2	6

Charming white trumpet-shaped flower, very sweet perfume, and does well in warm climates.

Poinsettia Pulcherrima (pretty). This is without doubt the finest shrub you can add to your garden. Flowers greenish yellow, subtended by large vermilion bracts; very showy and much admired; requires a sunny position	10	1	6
Albidus. The same as above, with pure white bracts		1	6
Populus (*Poplar*)—Argentea	40	1	0
Alba (Silver Poplar)	50	1	0
Balsamea (*Balsam Poplar*)		1	0
Betulifolia	40	1	0
Bolleana, silver-leaved	70	1	0
Dilitata (Upright Poplar	50	1	0
Nigra	40	1	0

The varieties of this fine deciduous hardy tree have a very upright habit of growth, and form fine contrasts in plantations where pines predominate.

Spirea Reevsiana, fl. pl

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Poinciana Regia (*Royal Peacock Flower*), bright scarlet, with red and yellow	..	1	6
Gillesii (*The Bird of Paradise*), orange yellow and red; a magnificent flower, and will do well anywhere	10 ..	1	6
The flowers of both these beautiful shrubs resemble a bird, and the foliage is very graceful.			
Protea Mellifera (honey bearing) (Cape Honeysuckle or sugar bush), beautiful flowers, pink and creamy white, 3½ inches long; foliage of a pleasing green colour, branches spreading	8 ..	1	6
Prunus Sinensis—Alba Plena	6 ..	1	6
Double flowering prune, white, very pretty.			
Flora Rubro, double red flowers	6 ..	1	6
Mume, white, double	..	2	0
,, Red, double	..	2	0
These are the greatest favourites among the Japanese blooming trees, owing to the fragrant flowers and long-lasting beauty.			
Pissardi. An ornamental species from Persia, having splendid coppery crimson foliage, strikingly pretty; also produces highly-coloured edible fruit, equal, if not superior, to American plum in flavour, and fruits in a very young state	16 ..	1	6
Triloba, Double Rose. Very free growing, one of the most beautiful of these early flower-plums	..	1	6
Psidium Cattleyanum, Purple Guava	8 ..	1	6
Pyriferum, Yellow Guava	15 ..	1	6
Parker's Hybrid, one of the largest yellow fruiting varieties	15 ..	1	0
Splendid plants to grow, as they produce an abundance of fruit which makes an excellent preserve.			

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Punica Granatum (*Pomegranate*), fruiting variety	10 ..	1	0
Granatum, fl. pl.	10 ..	1	6
,, Alba	10 ..	1	6
These make charming hardy shrubs; the double flowering varieties are particularly fine			

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Pyrus Aucuparia (*Mountain Ash or Rowan Tree*). This tree produces large bunches of scarlet fruit, which looks exquisite, combined with its beautiful foliage. We can most highly recommend it to our clients who have country homes	30 ..	1	6
Domestica. Splendid tree, with edible fruit	30 ..	1	6
Quercus (*Oak*) Coccinea, scarlet	40. ..	1	6
Ilex	..	1	6
Pallustis, the American crimson-leaved oak	30 ..	1	6
Pedunculata, English Oak	60 ..	1	0
Rubra, red	40 ..	1	6
Robur Pyramidalis	40 ..	1	6
Virens, Evergreen Oak	40 ..	1	6
A hardy family of beautiful trees, mostly requiring the cooler districts of the colony. The scarlet oak is strikingly beautiful in the autumn.			
Raphiolepsis (*Indian Hawthorn*)			
Indica	8 ..	1	0
Intermedia	10 ..	1	0
Ovata	4 ..	1	0
Free flowering hardy shrubs.			

Rhododendron Hybrid varieties. A good collection.

(See special list of named varieties.)

Rhondeletia Anomala, scarlet	3 ..	1	6
Speciosa-Major, crimson	6 ..	1	6
Amœna, salmon	10 ..	1	6
Versicolor	6 ..	1	6
Highly ornamental and brilliant flowering shrubs.			
Rhus Vernicifera (*The Lacquer Tree*). Leaves during autumn turn to a bright crimson	10 ..	1	6
Cotinus (Smoke Plant). Feathery flowers, the leaves in autumn, when turning yellow, have a fine effect	6 ..	1	6
Succedanica. The leaves turn to a beautiful deep crimson in autumn	10 ..	1	0
Toxicodondron	10 ..	1	6
Typhina (*Vinegar Tree*), branches and stalks densely velvety and hairy	10 ..	1	6
Rloinus Communis. Castor oil plant, large ornamental foliage	10 ..	1	0

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Robinia Pseudo Acacia, Bastard Acacia	40 ..	1	0
Decaisneana, rose flowers in great abundance	30 ..	1	6
Hispida Compacta	15 ..	1	6
,, Rose (Rosea Acacia)	4 ..	1	6
These plants produce Wisteria-like blooms in various shades of colour, and no grounds are complete without them. They should be better known.			
Rosmarinus Officinalis (Rosemary)	5 ..	1	0
Russellia Juncea	3 ..	1	0
Multiflora	4 ..	1	6
A small family of plants, with rush-like leaves, ornamental and suitable for outdoor and greenhouse culture; scarlet flowers.			
Salix Aurea (The Golden Willow)	25 ..	1	0
Alba Flava	40 ..	1	0
Babyloxica (The Weeping Willow)	60 ..	1	0
Purpurea Americana	40 ..	1	0
Sacrementa	40 ..	1	0
Smithiana	40 ..	1	0
Viminalis (Basket Willow)	..	1	0
Well-known willow trees.			
Sambucus Nigra (The Elderberry)	12 ..	1	0
Variegata	12 ..	1	0
Argentea Variegata, the silver-leaved variety	12 ..	1	0

Tecoma Smithii (Half Natural Size).

Sambucus Aurea, the golden leaved Elderberry)	12 ..	1	0
Roseaflora Plena, the double pink flowering Elderberry	12 ..	1	6
Sambucus are all hardy, and of simple culture; will thrive in any soil and situation. They could be better known to the public.			
Schinus Molle—California Pepper Tree (Price per 100 on application.)	25 ..	1	0
A beautiful fast-growing graceful tree; light green foliage and bright scarlet berries; leaves have a strong aromatic scent. Well-known suitable tree to this climate.			
Schotia Latifolia (White Kaffir Bean Tree)	8 ..	1	6
Speciosa—Scarlet	10 ..	1	6
Sophora Japonica (Japanese Pagoda Tree). Leaves bluish green, graceful; flowers whitish or cream colour; very hardy	20 ..	1	6
Sollya Heterophylla (*Australian Blue Bell*). Very ornamental shrub, producing blue flowers	6 ..	1	0
Sparmannia Africana, fl., pl., white	15 ..	1	6

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Spiræa. Anthony Waterer, crimson Spiræa, very beautiful	1 ..	1	0
Ariæfolia. A most profuse bloomer, and the most elegant of the Spireas	2 ..	2	0
Californica, pink	2 ..	1	0
Callosa Rubra	2 ..	1	6
Caryopteris Mastocanthus (called the Blue Spirea)	2 ..	1	0
Douglassi	3 ..	1	0
Gracilis, small, white, dwarf habit	2 ..	1	0
Grandiflora, large white flower, handsome	6 ..	1	6
Hypericifolia. Italian May, single white	6 ..	1	0
Prunifolia	4 ..	1	0
Reevesiana, fl. pl. Beautiful Hawthorn-like double flowering May	4 ..	1	0
Rupestris, white	4 ..	1	0
Very hardy and beautiful spring flowering shrubs; should be largely planted; valuable for hedge purposes also.			
Spartium Album Multiflorum, fl. pl.	5 ..	1	6
Junceum (Spanish broom), yellow, a hardy free-flowering shrub, suitable for any climate	5 ..	1	0
Scoparium	5 ..	1	0

Thrysacanthus.

We Please our Customers Every Time!

Messrs. Searl and Sons.

"Dear Sirs,—The box of ferns arrived this morning in perfect order. I am pleased with them."

A. S. E. DUNLOP.

"Commercial Bank,
Queanbeyan,"
June 30, '04.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Styrax Japonica	10 ..	2	0
Officinalis	10 ..	2	0
Obasca	10 ..	2	0
Hardy, deciduous shrubs, producing white flowers.			
Stenocarpus Cunninghamii (Fire tree, or tulip tree of Queensland)	25 ..	1	6
A beautiful tree; flowers bright red, produced in clusters; large, handsome foliage; evergreen and hardy in the warmer parts of the State.			
Salignus (Beef wood), a fine evergreen tree	..	1	6
Sterculea Diversifolia Kurrajong	50 ..	1	0
Heterophylla, Bottle Tree	30 ..	1	0
Acerifolia, Flame Tree	30 ..	1	6
Strelitzia Augusta (Majestic); flowers white; a noble plant	10 ..	1	6
Staphylea Colchica. A shrub of great excellence, bearing clusters of creamy white flowers in the spring; a decided acquisition	6 ..	2	6
Swainsonia in variety of colours; very perpetual blooming and useful shrubs	..	1	0
Syncarpia Laurifolia	15 ..	1	0
Syncarpia Laurifolia, or Turpentine, is one of our native trees, now thought much of as a shelter tree, particularly where heavy shelter is required.			
Syringa (*English Lilac*) Persica, Alba	...	1	6
Persica, lilac	6 ...	1	6
Vulgaris, lilac	12 ...	1	6
,, Alba	12 ...	1	6
Alba, Grandiflora, large single white	...	2	6
Princess Marie, single white	...	2	6
Condorcet, semi-double blue, white underneath	...	2	6
Corrine, single, bright carmine, very floriferous	...	2	6
La Lorraine, purplish red	...	2	6
And 12 other named varieties of assorted colours, from 2s. 6d.			
They will do well in nearly every part of the State, and deserve much more extensive cultivation. They bear exquisitely perfumed flowers in bunches.			
Symphoria (*Snowberry Tree*).			
Racemosa, white berries	3 ...	1	6
,, Aureo Variegata, the golden-leaved Snowberry Tree	4 ...	1	6
,, Fructo Rubra, the red berry Snowberry Tree			
These are beautiful dwarf ornamental shrubs.			

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
Tamarix Gallica (*Flowering Cypress*). Very hardy; for sea coast or exposed situations	12 ..	1	0
Plumosa. An improvement of T. Gallica	15 ...	1	6
Tecoma Capensis, red. Very suitable for a flowering hedge	12 ...	1	0
Smithii, orange yellow, with brown markings	5 ...	1	0
Velutina, yellow	15 ...	1	0
These are valuable evergreen shrubs, flowering more or less all the year round.			
Thea Bohea (Tea of commerce). Single white flowers, with 5 petals, and pretty dark-green foliage; makes a very pretty shrub, also a good hedge	6 ...	1	0
Thyrsacanthus Rutilans, scarlet. A beautiful shrub with drooping spikes of bloom, very handsome	4 ..	1	6
Tilia Europea (Linden Tree)	40 ..	1	6
Argentia, the silver-leaved Linden Tree	40 ...	2	0
Platyphyllis (large leaved)	40 ..	1	6
Tilias are hardy, ornamental, lofty-growing trees.			
Toxicophlæa Spectabilis, white; a pretty flowering shrub, sweetly scented	5 ..	1	6
Thunbergii, white	5 .	1	6
Tristania Conferta (see Lophstemon).			
Laurina (*the Swamp Oak*), handsome Native Tree	15 ...	1	6
Ulmus (*Elm*) Campestris, English Elm	80 ...	1	0
Campestris Picturata Variegata (variegated Elm)	...	2	6
,, Louis van Houtte, a beautiful golden variety	30 ...	2	6
Medio Argentia Variegata, silver and green variegated	30 ..	2	6
Montana Dovei	30 ..	1	6
Chinensis, Chinese Elm	30 ...	1	6
Suberosa, Cork Bark Elm	60 ...	1	6
Vegata, Huntingdon Elm	60 ...	1	6
Splendid shade trees, and worthy of a place. The Chinese evergreen variety is most beautiful; it has a drooping habit, with small dense foliage. For a shade tree on a large lawn it cannot be surpassed. The new variegated varieties are exquisite.			
Veronica Cœlestial, pale blue	3 ...	1	0
Diosmaefolia, lavender	3 ...	1	0
Gracilis, white; good for hedge	2 ...	1	0
Hendersonii	2 ..	1	0
Hendersonii Variegata	3 ...	1	0
Hulkei, lavender	4 ...	1	0
Imperialis, a brilliant amaranth red, changing to magenta; one of the best	3 ...	1	0
Kermesina, mauve	3 ...	1	0
Lobeliæoides, blue	3 ...	1	0
A useful tribe of free-blooming, soft-wooded plants; the several varieties bear racemes of various colours; all are hardy, and stand cold climates.			
Viburnum Lucidum, white; large shining leaves	10 .	1	6
Opulus, Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree	10 ...	1	
Sieboldti, white	3 ...	1	
Sinensis, white	4 ...	1	
Suspensum, yellow, sweet-scented	15 ...	1	
Tinus, Lauristinus, white	8 ...	1	
As ornamental foliage plants they are well worthy a place. All thrive equally well in the coldest as well as in the hottest parts of New South Wales.			
Virgilia, Lutea	..	1	
Vitex Trifolia Variegata	8 ...	1	
Handsome, quick-growing shrub.			
Willow (see Salix).			
Wiegelia (see Diervillea).			
Yucca Aloefolia Variegata	8 to 10 ...	2	6
Filamentosa	4 ...	1	0
Gloriosa, Adam's Needle	12 ...	1	6
Quadricolour	3	3	6
Recurva	5 ..	1	6
A fine genus of plants, very ornamental on banks or rockeries or dry places; some of them producing magnificent tall spikes of flowers; very hardy, and will grow anywhere in the warm climates, even in pots or vases. Aloefolia Variegata is a superbly variegated variety.			

Your Lawns!

The Lawn is the heart of the garden, and happy times follow on it after sowing

SEARL'S LAWN GRASS and WHITE CLOVER SEEDS

Will quickly give them a Refreshing Appearance.

Searl's Pines and other Conifers.

THE majority of these do especially well in all the States, thriving in any common soil, however poor, and for ornamental purposes they are very imposing and attractive. The principal precaution needed to ensure success is to trench the ground at least eighteen inches deep, and if naturally wet it should also be drained. Amongst Conifers are to be found trees suitable for all purposes, either for the Park, Pleasure Garden, or Cottage Garden.

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS FOR LARGE QUANTITIES.

Unless otherwise instructed, all COUNTRY Orders are despatched in Paper Pots, thereby saving at least **30** per cent. in freight and other charges.

	s.	d.
Araucaria Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya Pine), 100 to 150 feet	1	6
Cookii, 80 to 100 feet	1	6
Cunninghami (Moreton Bay Pine), 80 to 100 feet	1	6
Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine), 100 to 150 feet	1	6
From 1s. 6d. upwards. From 18 inches to 5 feet.		
Imbricata (the Monkey Puzzle), 50 feet	2	6

An exquisite Pine, specially adapted for cooler districts.

A magnificent family of grand ornamental trees, which should be used freely in all plantations. Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine), of fine symmetrical habit will grow on the coast, but not too far from the sea; it grows quickly, is hardy, and not particular to soil. Cunninghami, a very handsome tree; its foliage is produced on the end of its branches, giving it quite a unique appearance; foliage dark green; branching habit; native of Queensland. Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya Pine), handsome tree of regular and symmetrical habit; leaves deep green, shining and very prickly.

Abies, Douglassi, 100 to 150 feet; silver fir	1	6
Alba, 80 to 100 feet; White spruce	1	6
Excelsa, 70 to 100 feet; Norway spruce	1	6
Nordmanniana, 80 to 100 feet; Crimean Pine	1	6
Pinsapo (The Spanish Silver Fir), 60 to 80 feet; a very magnificent species, very regular and symmetrical in habit	1	6
Smithiana, 80 to 100 feet; Himalaya spruce	1	6

A beautiful tribe or Fir Trees of symmetrical habit of growth, rather slow grower, but should be in every shrubbery and avenue. During spring, when they are making young growth, they are clad with beautiful pale green foliage.

Cedrus—Deodara (or Sacred Indian Cedar), 50 to 60 feet 1s. to 2 6

A beautiful tree; especially well adapted for specimen tree on extensive lawns, and can well be introduced into large avenues, and has proved to be drought resisting.

Cupressus (*Cypress*), Benthamiana	1	0
Corneyana	1	0
Funebris (Funeral Cypress), 50 feet	1	0
Goveniana, 15 to 20 feet	1	0
Guadalupensis	1	0
Knightii, 60 to 80 feet	1	0
Lambertiana Aurea (The Golden Cupressus; propagated from cuttings; 50 to 60 feet. This is seen to great advantage on the mountains, and we can strongly recommend it to all plant buyers	2	6
Lambertiana Horizontalis; propagated from cuttings; 50 to 60 feet	2	6
Majestica	1	0
MacNabiana, 10 to 15 feet	1	0
Macrocarpa, 50 to 60 feet	1	0
,, Variegata	3	6

This is a perfectly variegated Cupressus, the foliage of the plant being about half green and half yellow, giving it a most charming appearance, as it always looks bright, and the young growth is strikingly beautiful. It is quite hardy, a free grower, and makes a fine specimen plant.

Sempervirens, 30 to 50 feet	1	0
Torulosus, 50 to 60 feet	1	0
,, propagated from cuttings; very useful for hedge purposes. (See description in Hedge Plants).	1	6

The best known and most largely grown of all the Conifers, embracing a large number and variety of beautiful and quick-growing trees; they all do well near Sydney and other parts of the State. Lambertiana, the finest of this splendid family of tree shrubs, grows 15 to 20 feet in three years; of dense habit; pyramidal, branching to the ground, hardy, will stand cutting freely; can be grown as a hedge or breakwind.

Cryptomeria Elegans, 50 to 60 feet	1	6
Japonica (the typical tree of Japan), 60 to 100 feet	1	6

Fine ornamental trees from Japan; hardy. Elegans of upright habit, well branched, and covered with fine foliage, which changes from green to bronzy crimson during the winter. When well-grown, they are magnificent specimens.

Juniperus Bermudiana, Pencil Cedar; an exquisite tree, 20 to 30 feet	1	6
Chinensis, 40 to 50 feet	1	6
Hibernica, Irish Juniper, 5 to 6 feet	1	6
Thujaoides	1	6
Virginiana (Virginian Cedar)	1	6

(The above can be supplied in large plants at advanced prices).

Hardy, upright-growing Conifers, will thrive well in any climate; distinct in form and foliage, and contrast with Cupressus or Pines. The Juniper tribe is a very useful one for ornamental planting. They are of compact habit.

	s.	d.
Libocedrus Doniana, 30 to 40 feet	2	0
Decurrens, 80 feet	1	6

Libocedrus (*Incense Cedar*). Handsome tree, is densely branched, conical shaped; hardy in the colder parts of our State; the leaves are scaled formed, compressed in opposite pairs, and in four imbricated rows; its leaves are aromatic. Decurrens forms a magnificent specimen tree for a lawn, with bright, glossy, green foliage.

Norfolk Island Pine (See Araucaria).

Picea (See Abies).

Pinus Benthamiana, Ponderosa, 50 to 100 feet	1	0
Canariensis, 40 to 50 feet	1	0
Halapensis (Aleppo Pine, 100 feet; very hardy, one of the best pines for exposed situations, particularly so for the sea coast	1	0
Insignis. This is described as one of the handsomest of all the Pines, and a most popular tree in the Australian States. It makes rapid growth, and is perfectly hardy; will do well in any soil or locality, and makes one of our best shelter trees	1	0
Longifolia, 80 feet; dense habit	1	0
Maritima, Syn. Pinaster (Cluster Pine), 80 to 100 feet	1	0
Muricata (Bishop's Pine), a distinct species with a somewhat irregular growth; 50 to 60 feet	1	0
Pinea (Stone Pine)—this very picturesque tree thrives best in a sandy soil near the sea—50 to 90 feet	1	0
Rigida (the Pitch Pine), 40 to 50 feet	1	0
Strobus (Weymouth Pine), 50 to 60 feet	1	0
Sylvestris (Scotch Fir), 80 to 100 feet	1	0
Toeda, the well-known beautiful and graceful Turpentine or Incense Pine	1	0
Price per 100 on application.		

This family include some of the finest trees in cultivation; they are hardy, quick growing, and beautiful specimens for lawn embellishment, or for avenues, and make excellent break-wind plantations.

Podocarpus Spinulosis (Illawarra Pine), 50 to 80 feet; a much branched erect tree	1	6
Totara (New Zealand Yew tree)	1	6
Elatus, the largest variety	1	6

We can offer a fine stock of this beautiful shade tree.

Retinospora Ericoides, 10 to 15 feet	1	6
Obtusa, 20 to 30 feet	1	6
Pisifera, 10 feet	1	6
,, Aurea, 10 feet	2	0
Plumosa, 10 to 25 feet	1	6
,, Aurea	2	0

Retinospora, a beautiful tribe of tree shrubs, from 15 to 20 feet high, closely allied to the Cupressus family, which they resemble; close habit, branching and pyramidal.

Salisburia Adiantifolia (Maiden Hair Tree), 50 to 60 feet	1	6

A fine tree, with foliage somewhat resembling an Adiantum.

Sciadopitys Verticillata (The Umbrella Pine of Japan). This is known as the parasol fir of Japan; and is a most remarkable tree; of great beauty; does best in a rich, moist loom; 60 feet	2	6

Taxodium Distichum (the deciduous Pine)—resembling the Yew—50 to 100 feet	1	6

Taxus (*Yew*) Baccata, 20 to 30 feet	1	6
Argentea Variegata (striped with silvery white, sometimes changing to straw color; a very charming variety)	2	0
Hibernica Variegata	2	0

Very handsome tree-shrubs, quite hardy, compact in growth, and with good foliage.

Thuja Lobbi, a handsome tree from California	1	6
Occidentalis, 40 to 50 feet	1	0
,, Ellvangeriana	1	6
Orientalis (the Book Leaf Pine), 30 to 40 feet	1	0
,, Aurea (Golden), 4 to 8 feet	1	6

A very beautiful family of plants, of compact, dwarf habit of growth, suitable for small gardens and lawn embellishment; hardy.

Thujopsis Borealis, 40 to 50 feet	1	6
Dolobrata, 60 to 80 feet	1	6
,, Variegata, 40 to 50 feet	1	6

A hardy, evergreen, coniferous tree, resembling the Thuja.

Wellingtonia Gigantea (the giant tree of California)	2	6

This is one of the most beautiful trees grown for avenue planting, or, as single specimens; there is no more handsome tree—to see it is to admire. Specially adapted for cold districts.

Yew (See Taxus).

Searls' Annuals

For the convenience of our City and Suburban Clients we Keep a daily supply of Annuals in the soil in boxes at our King Street Depot. These carry splendidly per post to all parts of N.S.W. and States at a cost of 2d. per doz. extra.

WE can supply any of our patrons, wishing to save the trouble of raising Annuals from seed, with young plants of the following select Annuals by post at small cost. They carry splendidly and give the utmost satisfaction

We would like to lay stress on the fact that our Annuals are sown in open beds first, and in due course transplanted to and strengthened in another bed before being sent out; not simply pulled from seed beds, which results in drawn sickly plants, unsatisfactory alike to purchaser and seller, their only merit being that they can be purchased cheaply. **6d.** per doz., **4s.** per 100, unless otherwise marked.

Ready from MARCH to AUGUST.

Asters, best varieties.
Acroclinium Roseum.
,, Alba.
Antirrhinum, best varieties.
Aquilegia Vulgaris, fl. pl. 8d.
Althæa (Hollyhocks). Double mixed. 8d.
Bellis Perennis (or Daisies). Sorts.
Centaurea (or Cornflower). Sorts.
Calendula. Best mixed.
Calliopsis Drummondi Bassile.
Grandiflora.
Bicolor Tinotoria.
Lanceolata.
Best mixed.
Candytuft. Sorts.
Campanula (or Canterbury Bells). Mixed. 8d.
Carnation, Margaret Malmaison. 2s. 6d. per dozen.
Carnation (Marguerite). 1s. per doz.
Carnation, "Riviera Market." A beautiful ever-blooming strain, produces a profusion of flowers of all shades, a perfect florist's strain for cutting; seedlings give 90 per cent. double flowers. Mixed Seedlings, 1s. 6d. per dozen.
Cosmea. Mixed colors.
Cosmidium Burridgeanum.
Delphinium Perennial. 2s. per doz.
Dianthus, in variety.
Eschscholtzia. Best mixed.
Gaillardia, in variety.
Gardon Marigold. Sorts. 8d. per doz.
Helichrysum. Mixed.
Linum Grandiflora Rubrum (Scarlet Flax).
Linum. Best mixed.
Lupins. Best mixed.
Myosotis (or Forget-me-not). Sorts.
Nigella. Mixed.
Pansies. First-class strains. Mixed Continental. 1s. per doz.
Large English. Mixed. 1s. per doz.
French strain. 1s. per dozen.
Papaver (or Poppies). Best varieties.
Phlox, in variety.
Polyanthus. 2s. per dozen.
Primrose. English. 2s. 6d. per dozen.
Rhodanthe Maculata Manglesi.
Scabious. Mixed.
Summer Chrysanthemums, in variety.
Sweet Alyssum.
Stock, Ten Week.
,, Brompton.
Wallflower. Best mixed. Double and single. 8d.

Ready from SEPTEMBER to JANUARY.

Ageratum. Mixed.
Amaranthus. Sorts.
Arctotis Grandis. 8d.
Aster. Sorts.
Balsam. Best mixed.
Celosia. Mixed.
Cosmea. Mixed.
Cosmidium Burridgeanum.
Digitalis (or Foxglove). Mixed.
Godetia.
Gomphrena Globosa (or Globe Amaranthus).
Helianthus (or Sunflower). Sorts.
,, Cucumerifolius. Small single Sunflower.
Lobelia. Mixed.
Nasturtium. Best mixed.
Petunia Hybrida. Best mixed.
Portulacca. Single.
,, Double.
Pyrethrum Aureum.
,, Flowering, assorted. 2s. per dozen.
Rudbeckia. Bicolor.
Salpiglossis. One of the best annuals ever grown. Should be in every garden. Colors very rich and gorgeous.
Tagetes (or Marigold). Sorts.
Verbena. 1s. 6d. per dozen.
Zinnia. Sorts.

A GRAND SHOW IN YOUR GARDEN..

Can be made by purchasing from the above List of Annuals. To meet the convenience of customers with limited space for planting, we are prepared to supply these Annuals in lots of half-a-dozen of a sort.

SEARL & SONS.

Searls' AQUATIC PLANTS

WATER Lilies are easily cultivated wherever a small pond or tank can be utilised for the purpose. The few varieties we mention do well and give splendid results for little trouble.

Aponogeton Distachyon. Flowers white and black, beautifully scented; good aquatic 1 6

Azolla Rubra. A dense floating aquatic, minimising evaporation.. .. .. per doz. 1 0

Limnocharis Humboldtii *(Water Poppy).* An interesting and pretty aquatic, which in summer covers the surface of the water with broad heart-shaped leaves of a beautiful glistening green, and soft yellow flowers, which continue for several months 1 6

Nymphea Alba. Tubers 1 6
The lovely White Water Lily always seen in such profusion during summer and autumn.

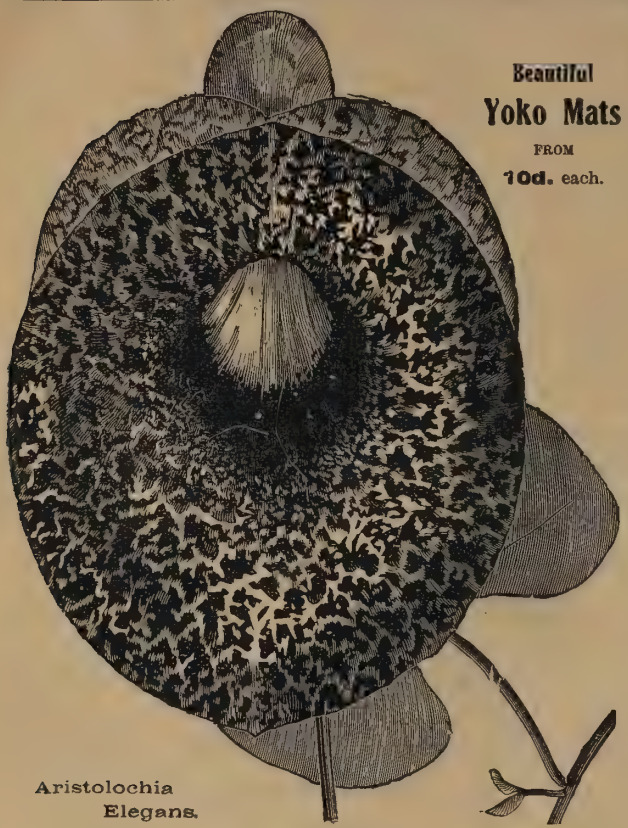
Nymphea Gigantea. Strong tubers; May to October .. 2 6
The beautiful blue variety, native of our Northern rivers, which prefers a warmer situation than the others.

Nymphea Lutea. Tubers 1 6
The beautiful yellow variety; rather a shy bloomer as compared to Alba.

Nymphea Stellata. Flowers blue, very delicately scented; produced in abundance throughout the summer months .. 2 0

Papyrus Antiquorum *(Egyptian Paper Reed or Rush).* It is usually cultivated as an aquatic, but may be grown in a pot of rich, heavy loam if kept standing in a pan or tub of water. For sub-tropical gardening it is a very useful subject, and is best grown in shallow water in a warm position 1 6

Searls' Hardy Climbing Plants



Aristolochia Elegans.

Beautiful Yoko Mats FROM **10d.** each.

	s.	d.
Akebia Quinata. A beautiful climber from Japan; flowers are of a dark heliotrope color, borne in small clusters	1	0
Allamanda Hendersonii, large yellow flowers. It is usually grown as a green-house plant, but will do well in warm situations out of doors	1	6
Ampe'opsis *(Virginian Creeper).* Hederacea	1	0
Dissecta	1	0
Engelmanni	1	0
Hirsuti	1	0
Hoggii, foliage large, ornamental	1	0
Muralis	1	0
Quinquefolia	1	0
Rubricaulis	1	0
Sempervirens (Evergreen)	1	0
Sieboldtii Variegata, beautiful white and pink variegated foliage	1	6
Species Nova	1	0
Veitchii Purpurea, foliage beautifully tinted red	1	0
Grown for their beautiful autumn-tinted foliage. A Veitchii Purpurea adheres to walls in the same manner as Ivy, and has a most picturesque appearance. The others are new varieties; we can highly recommend them all.		
Antigonon Leptopus, pink	1	6
Amabile	1	6
A charming slender creeper, producing an abundance of bright rose-colored flowers and bracts.		
Aristolochia Elegans, the so-called Dutchman's pipe. Blackish purple flowers of peculiar shape; one of the most beautiful and free flowering of this genus	1	6
Grandiflora, interesting plant with handsome foliage and singularly shaped flowers; a fine creeper for a wall, fence, or side of a bush-house	1	6
Beaumontia Grandiflora, white; a magnificent climber, bearing large trumpet-shaped flowers, highly perfumed	1	6
Bignonia.		
Australis, Wonga Wonga Vine	1	0
Capreolata, red, very distinct	1	6
Excelsa, yellow, handsome	1	0
Grandiflora, orange	1	6
Guilfoyleii, red and orange	1	6
Jasminoides, rose and white	1	6
Latrobeii, white, brown spots	1	6
Lindleyana, lavender	1	0
Mackeni, grand evergreen, bearing lovely rose-colored blooms	1	0
Madame Galem, orange bronze	1	6
Radicans, red	1	6

	s.	d.
Bignonia—Continued.		
Sanguinea Præcox, orange and red	1	6
Speciosa Flava, yellow and red	1	6
Tweediana, a rich yellow	1	0
Venusta, orange	1	6
All the Bignonias are worthy of a place, being of easy culture, fast growers, and profuse bloomers. Venusta, when grown on a trellis, or trained against a wall, is unsurpassed in the profusion or magnificence of its large racemes of bright orange-colored flowers during the winter. Most varieties attach themselves to walls and fences and gain their own support.		
Bougainvillea Braziliensis, bright mauve	1	6
Conspicua, purple shade	1	6
Glabra, rose lilac	1	6
Glabra Sanderiana, rose. The most perpetual flowering Bougainvillea of all	1	6
Grandiflora, magenta	1	6
Hessiana, purple	1	6
Speciosa, purple, white centre	1	6
,, Variegata. A charming variegated foliage form of this very popular climbing plant; flower the same as the parent plant, Speciosa	1	6
Spectabilis, rose lilac	1	6
Splendens, crimson	2	6
Bougainvilleas like a warm, northerly aspect and shelter; their flowers are magnificent, and they continue to bloom for a long time. Glabra and Glabra Sanderiana may be grown as shrubs, but are best trained against a wall in a northerly aspect.		
Canavallia Bonariensis	1	6
This plant has scarcely an equal in extent or quickness of growth, or beauty of foliage; its leaves are large and of a brilliant shining green, with bright purplish-red spikes of pea-like flowers.		
Clematis Jackmanii, in named varieties each	1	6
Jackmanii Alba, pure white, faintly tinted pink	2	0
Montana (American Virgin Bower), pure white; a valuable climber, suitable for all parts of the State	1	6
Deciduous plants of great beauty; require a sheltered position and good soil; grown on a trellis, they are very effective; produce large single and double flowers of a variety of colors.		
Cobœa Scandens, dark purple	1	0
Scandens Alba, white	1	0
This is one of the best creepers, and very suitable for covering a trellis; it grows freely, has fine foliage, and produces an abundance of bloom.		
Dolichos Lignosus, white	1	0
Lignosus, pink	1	0
Fast-growing twiners.		

Clematis Montana.

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS—Continued.

s. d.

Ficus Stipulata (Climbing Fig) 1 0
Minima, very pretty small-leaved variety 1 6
Adhering to walls, fences, rocks, and are very useful in general.

Fuchsia Procumbens *(Climbing Fuchsia)* (Kirki). Flowers small; tube yellowish, upper portion reflexed blue. This exceedingly pretty little hardy creeper is principally grown on account of it producing magenta-crimson berries, which remain on for months, and are very attractive during the winter 1 0

Gelsemium Sempervirens 1 6
A beautiful climber; corolla of the flower deep yellow, with protruding anthers.

Bignonia.

Hardenbergia Digitata, purple and white 1 6
Monophylla, purple 1 0
,, white 1 0
Pretty climbing plants.

Hedera *(Ivy)*, Helix, Ivy .. 1 0
Chrysophylla 1 6
Helix Rhomboidea Variegata . 1 0
Latifolia Maculata 1 6
Madariensis Variegata, the best of the variegated tribe, free growing and very effective; leaves broadly margined with creamy white .. 2 0
Palmata Aurea 1 6
Tricolor Marginata . 1 6
Ivies are so well known that they need no description here, further than to remark that no garden or grounds should be without them; they thrive well anywhere. The variegated varieties are particularly fine, and cold climates suit them admirably.

Honeysuckle (See Lonicera).

Hoya Carnosa (Wax Plant), flowers pinkish white, corolla fleshy. It sometimes becomes attached to the wall like ivy, and grows freely when planted out 1 0
Variegata 1 6

Humulus Lupulus (English Hop). Makes a most graceful and quick-growing climber; the heads of the fruit are used in brewing, and the young branched foliage is a good pot-herb 1 0

Ipomæa Hardyii, pink 1 0
Learii, blue 1 0
Pandurata (the White Moon Flower). This plant has few equals for fast growth and beautiful foliage; flowers are pure white, single, and very shiny, and are supported on a long graceful tube 1 0

Cobæa Scandens.

Ivy (See Hedera)

Jasminum Fruticans, Yellow Jasmine, 8 feet 1 6
Gracilis, white; 5 feet 1 0
Grandiflorum, white; 10 feet.. .. .. .. 1 6
Nudiflorum, yellow; 10 feet 1 0
Officinale, white; 8 feet 1 0
Poicocium, white star-like flowers; 8 feet 1 6
Reevesii, a good white variety 1 6
Souvenir de Poiteau, cream; produces a profusion of berries, black in color 1 0
Jasminums all produce sweetly-scented flowers, and can also be grown as shrubs.

s. d.

Lathyrus Latifolius Alba 1 0
Pink Beauty.. .. 1 0
Pubescens, blue; a new variety (see Novelty pages) 1 6
These are Everlasting Sweet Peas; they are exceedingly ornamental and very desirable plants; they are of easy culture, thriving in any ordinary garden soil.

Lophospermum Grandiflorum, red Gloxinia-like flowers .. 1 6

Lonicera Gigantea, a grand new climbing plant; flowers buttercup-yellow; quick grower 1 6
Aurea Reticulata, white and yellow foliage 1 0
Bra hypoda, yellow, very fragrant 1 6
Caprifolium. English 1 6
Confusa, yellow 1 0
Japonica, cream, sweetly scented, resembling Daphne .. 1 0
Semperflorens, beautiful scarlet outside, yellow inside.. .. 1 6
Sinensis, white and red 1 0
,, variegata 1 6
Tartarica Splendens (Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle) 1 6
A large family (Honeysuckles) of charmingly-scented flowered climbers and trailers with fine foliage; of quick growth; flowers abundantly.

Lapageria Rosea, one of the most beautiful climbers in cultivation, producing numerous large brilliant carmine bell-shaped flowers .. .. 5s. to 7 6

Mandevillea Sauveolens 1 6
A beautiful, slender, deciduous creeper, bearing lovely white flowers and fine foliage.

Manettia, Bicolor, yellow and red 1 6
Glabra, scarlet 1 6
Useful climbers.

Menispermum Canadense, a deciduous climber; flowers yellowish green; remarkable for its beautiful foliage 1 6

Physianthus Albans.

Maurandya Alba, white 1 0
Barclayana, blue 1 0
A beautiful close-growing climber; would do well on a wire fence or on a verandah trellis.

Medeola Asparagoides Smilax 1 0
The graceful beauty of this handsome plant renders it most valuable for vases or hanging baskets, and it is suitable for bush-house or verandah culture. It lends itself admirably to table decoration, either in pots or for mixing the foliage with cut flowers and fern leaves; a quick grower.

Nasturtium *(Double Flowering)*, brick-red, striped yellow .. 1 0
Scarlet Flower 1 0
Two charming, hardy, quick-growing climbers, with fine foliage; profuse bloomers, and perfectly double flowers.

Pereskia Aculeata (Climbing Cactus), white Barbados Gooseberry (edible) 1 6

Phaseolus Carracalla (Snail Flower) 1 0
A slender climber, with full foliage, producing clusters of lovely lilac flowers, shell-shaped; very curious and beautiful.

Physianthus Albans *(Arranga or Cruel Plant)*, white flower, somewhat resembling Stephanotis 1 0

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS—Continued.

	s.	d.
Passiflora *(Passion Flower)*		
Cœrula, blue and white	1	0
Constance Elliott, pure white	1	0
Edulis (Edible Passion Fruit), white, tinged purple	1	0
Empress Eugene	1	6
Eynesford Gem, purplish crimson	1	6
Fragrant Beauty	1	6
Granadilla, deep crimson; large fruiting	1	6
Incarnata, red	1	6
Kermesina, scarlet or deep red	1	6
Lutea	1	6
Sanguinolenta, crimson	1	0

Passifloras should always be included among plants selected for covering unsightly objects; the flowers are very beautiful; they are of singular form and very interesting.

Quisqualis *(Rangoon Creeper)* Indica, flowers red, white, and orange, at the same time sweetly scented, indeed a handsome climber .. 1 6

Stephanotis Floribunda.

PACKING PLANTS

ALL the expensive care taken in rearing strong, healthy plants may be, and often is, thrown away by careless packing.

We always PACK MOST CAREFULLY.

Read testimonials on various pages in this Catalogue.

SEARL & SONS, 86 King St.

	s.	d.
Rhyncospermum Jasminoides	1	6
Jasminoides, Variegated	1	6

A bright, perfumed, white-flowered creeper, of quick growth and fine foliage; it is evergreen and hardy, except in the coldest districts.

Solanum Jasminoides, white, a fast-covering climber	1	0
Jasminoides, Alba Marginata	1	0
,, Aurea Variegata	1	0
Seaforthianum, beautiful clusters of blue flowers	1	0
Wendlandii, one of the most superb summer flowering vines it is possible to conceive; it blooms continuously, not stray blossoms, each one nearly three inches across, as many as 100 being in a cluster. The color is an attractive shade of lavender blue, strikingly beautiful	2	0
Stephanotis Floribunda	2	0

Stephanotis is prized as a first-class plant for exhibition; it is usually grown in the green-house, but will do well in warm situations out of doors. The foliage is wax-like, and the flowers are pure white, very fragrant, and produced in abundant clusters.

Stigmaphyllum *(Golden Vine)* Ciliatum	1	6

Producing orchid-like flowers, yellow, very pretty.

Solandra Grandiflora, peach colored, trumpet flowered	1	6
Tacsonia *(Passion Flower).*		
Exoniensis, rose pink	1	0
Ignea, intense scarlet	1	0
Manicata, scarlet color	1	6
Smytheana. This handsome hybrid was raised from T. Mollissimma and an unknown species; flowers very distinct in color, which is a peculiar shade of orange scarlet; fruit edible	1	6
Van Volxemii, crimson color	1	6

This family is distinguished from the Passiflora by the long cylindrical tubes of the calyx of their flowers; they are very handsome, quick-growing, beautiful climbers.

Thunbergia Laurifolia, large blue flowers	1	6
Coccinea, small red flowers	1	6

These are fine, free-flowering plants of great beauty

Tropæolum Pentaphyllum, vermilion and green	1	0
Speciosum, bright orange scarlet	1	0

These are climbers which gain great admiration; free flowering and bulbous climbers.

Virginian Creeper (See Ampelopsis).

Vinca Argentea Variegata *(Periwinkle).* Useful for low bordering; trailing habit	1	0
Vitis Lebrusca, large-leaved American vine	1	0
Wistaria Magnifica, blue flowers when in full leaf	1	6
Multijuga, a Japanese variety, with dark purple racemes; attains a length of from 2 to 3 feet; an extra fine form	1	6
Multijuga Alba	1	6
Sinensis, lavender	1	6
,, Alba	1	6

Wistaria Sinensis is a handsome climber. In deep soil it grows to an enormous size. The flowers hang in pendent clusters a foot long. The time of flowering is early spring; the plant is in full bloom before it puts forth a leaf.

ALL OUR PACKET SEEDS are Post Free everywhere.

Searls' Hedge Plants

Atriplex Semibaccata (Salt Bush)

(See Illustration next page).

—Plant 12 inches apart, not less than 50 at 100 rate.

1s. 3d. per doz. .. .. 7s. 6d. per 100

The silvery grey, neat-looking hedges which are to be seen in various parts of our suburbs are made with a native plant—Atriplex Semibaccata—which is popularly known as Salt Bush. Hedges can be made with it from 1 ft. to 6 ft. high, and even more if properly trained. Their neutral color forms the very best background for flowering plants of any description. It is very hardy, and not affected by parasites of any kind. It will need clipping quite often during the growing season. Although growing so quickly, it will never die off and leave unsightly gaps.

African Box Thorn (Lycium Horridum)—Plant 12 inches apart, not less than 500 at 1000 rate, 2s. 6d. per 100 .. .. 20s. per 1000

This prickly hedge plant is a quick-growing evergreen, suitable for fencing large gardens. Very dense in growth, and if kept pruned will make a most perfect hedge.

Coprosma Lucida—Plant 3 ft. apart .. 8s. per dozen

This is a good hedge plant, and is particularly hardy, especially on the sea coast; nice glossy green foliage.

Cupressus Torulosa—Plant 3 feet apart. Plants of the true variety, propagated from cuttings, and established in pots .. .. 15s. per dozen

This makes a splendid shelter hedge or break-wind; there is nothing that we know of in this State that can equal it for this purpose. It is easily managed, requiring little or no trimming for a long time, and does not produce quantities of seed pods, which are so objectionable.

Hawthorn Quicks *(May)*—Plant 9 inches apart, not less than 500 at 1000 rate, 3s. per 100 .. 25s. per 1000

A fine thorny, deciduous hedge plant, which flowers freely in the spring; flowers have a delicious perfume; fruit, dark red. It must be clipped every year.

Ligustrum Lucidum—Plant 12 inches apart, not less than 50 at 100 rate, 1s. 6d. per dozen .. 7s. 6d. per 100

Maclura Aurantiaca (Osage Orange), an excellent plant for forming hedges, being armed with stout spines .. .. 7s. 6d. per 100

Strong growing evergreen hedge plants.

Olive, Common (Olea Europea)—Plant 12 inches apart, not less than 50 at 100 rate, 1s. 6d. per dozen .. 10s. per 100

The very best hedge plant for this State, as it withstands drought and heat splendidly, is a quick grower, and stands any amount of cutting back.

Pittosporum Crassifolium, 8s. per dozen .. 60s. per 100
,, **Eugenoides,** 8s. per dozen .. 60s. per 100
,, ,, Variegated, 12s per dozen 90s. per 100
,, **Nigrescens,** 8s. per dozen .. 60s. per 100
,, **Undulatum,** the well-known Victorian Laurel, 8s. per dozen .. 60s. per 100

These make a fine evergreen hedge for a garden, and can be trimmed close into any desired shape; the foliage is handsome, and of a fine fresh green color; the plants are quite hardy. Plant in single rows 2 feet apart

Privet, Evergreen—Plant 12 inches apart, not less than 50 at 100 rate, 1s. 6d. per dozen .. 7s. 6d. per 100

A beautiful dense-growing evergreen hedge plant; much grown in England; makes strong roots.

Privet, Golden—Plant 12 inches apart .. .. 4s. per dozen

Searl & Sons,

86 King Street,
Sydney, N.S.W.

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VEGETABLE SEEDS
ARE PURE AND
RELIABLE.

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VEGETABLE SEED ORDER.

Quantity.	Name of Seed.	£	S.	D.	Quantity.	Name of Seed.	£	S.	D.

FLOWER SEED ORDER.

Quantity.	Name of Seed.	£	S.	D.	Quantity.	Name of Seed.	£	S.	D.

BULB, FRUIT TREE, AND PLANT ORDER.

Number.	Name.	£	S.	D.	Number.	Name.	£	S.	D.

The Australian Saltbush

(Atriplex Semibaccata).

This **Perfect Hedge Plant** is an evergreen, and can be moulded to any shape, or trimmed to make borders or hedges from 6in. in height upwards. 1s. 3d. per doz.; 7s. 6d. per 100.

THIS Picture shows a Saltbush Hedge grown by Mr. C. D. Patterson (Secretary of the Railway Horticultural Society), at his residence, Summer Hill. The density of the hedge is shown by the fact that the child and dog are lying on it without making any apparent depression.

Searls' Azaleas.

STRONG PLANTS. The Azalea is a lovely early spring-flowering evergreen shrub, and has no equal for richness and purity of colouring. Planted in masses it affords a strikingly beautiful display. In very dry seasons Azaleas should be helped with heavy waterings about once a fortnight. They can be grown as pot plants, and are suitable either for bush-house or verandah culture. **1s. 6d.** each; **15s.** per doz.; large plants at advanced prices.

S denotes Single; D, Double; SD, Semi-double.

Alba Magna (S). Large, white, occasionally striped.
Baron de Oriere (S). Pure white; very large.
Bernard Andrea Alba (SD). Double white.
Charmer (S). Bright amaranth; of good form.
Cocarde Orange (S). Orange scarlet; splendid round flowers.
Comte Charles de Kerchove (D). A very free-flowering variety of perfect shape; flesh color, with white stripes.
Comtesse de Flanders (S). Very large flower, clear satin rose.
Dame Melanie (S). Very bright rose, edged with pure white, carmine blotch.
Daphne (S). Pure white, sparingly striped with pink; crisped edges.
Deutsche Perle (D.) This is without doubt the best double white Azalea, being very free flowering, early blooming, and well adapted for forcing purposes.
Distinction (S). Salmon, margined with white.
Duc de Nassau (S). Large, dark, rosy purple.
Empress of India (D.) Flowers perfect; the other segments are gracefully wavy and well expanded; the segments which occupy the centre are carmine, white, and salmony rose.
Empereur de Brosil (D). Large double rose of exquisite form, banded with white, upper petals marked with glossy red.
Indica Alba (S). Pure white.
Madame Dominique Vervæne (S). Rose, the upper segments marked with purple.
Madame Herman Siedel (SD). Pure white.
Mont Blanc (S). White, shaded lemon, beautifully striped.
Morti (S). Bright white, green tinge.
Marquis of Lorne (S). Bright orange, with saffron yellow blotch.
Mollis (S). Orange color.
,, (S). Pale yellow.
,, (S). Red.
Sigismund Rucker. Rosy lilac, bordered white.
Souvenir de Prince Albert (D). Deep rose, broadly margined with white.

Those Pretty YOKO MATS, from 10d. each

Searls' Camellias.

THESE Grand and Favourite Plants succeed admirably in this climate. The best soil for them is strong, well-drained loam of good depth, with liberal manurings once a year. In favourable soil the trees will grow to a height of from 12 to 20 feet. With proper attention fine specimens can be grown in large pots or ornamental tubs for decorative purposes. Bloom from May to September. **1s. 6d.** to **2s.** each, according to size.

Alba Plena—White, fine. **2s.** each.
Angelo Cocchi—White, striped rose.
Archduchess Augusta—Red, white stripe.
Aspasia—White, pink spots.
Augusta Superba—Pink cupped.
Beauty of Japan—A lovely pink.
Blanda—Rose, very hardy.
Bonomiana—White stripes, splendid flower.
Candidissima—White, very beautiful.
C. H. Hovey—Velvety crimson, shaded violet.
Comptesse Callina—Pure white, fine.
Dionisia Poniatowski—Pure white, perfect flower.
Dryade—Rose, fine form.
Fimbriata Alba—Splendid, white fringed. **2s.** each.
Florence—White.
Great Eastern—Red, very large and showy.
Harriet Beecher Sheather—Rosy salmon, fine flower, free bloomer
Imbricata Alba.
Imbricata—White, striped with rose.
Innocence—Pure white.
Isabella—Large and handsome, white.
Jubilee—Delicate pink, rose striped; splendid.
Lady St. Clair Pale pink.
La Pace—White, shaded rose, striped crimson.
Lavinia Maggi—White, crimson blotches.
Maria Theresa—Blush crimson spots.
Mrs. Fairfax—Rose pink.
Mrs. Hope—Blush color.
Mrs. Mort—Flesh splendidly imbricated.
Mrs. Shottowe—White, striped and dappled rose.
Mathotiana Alba—Large, pure white.
Pauline Maggi—Pure white, very double.
Princess Louise—Pure white, very fine.
Prince Frederick William—Superb rose, reflexed, perfect shape.
Sarah Frost—Bright red; splendid.
Sulpheurous—Dark red.
Tabbs—Crimson, marbled and blotched with white.
Tricolor Imbricata.
Valteveredo—Vivid rose; fine.
Venus de Medicis—Crimson, veined rose.
Virginia Franco—Rose, changing to spot pink, flesh margin.
Wrightii—Rich crimson; large, magnificent.

Searls' Begonias.

Begonias, Single and Double.

Plants that Thrive.

SEARLS' PLANTS THRIVE *because they are supplied to you full of life to begin with.*

Flowering Begonias.

These charming pot plants are now most highly esteemed for the magnificence of their flowers and their beautiful foliage; we offer both single and double varieties. They are easily managed, and can be grown very successfully in a bush house; abundant bloomers; all shades of colors. They flower spring and summer and rest in winter.

TUBEROUS ROOTED.

Single Varieties, **1s.** each, **10s.** per doz.
Double Varieties, **1s. 6d.** each, **15s.** per doz.

SHRUBBY.

1s. each. Distinct from the Tuberous Rooted Varieties.

Argyrostigma
Dregiana
Fuchsiaoides
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Manicata
Metallica
Nymphœfolia
Spotted Leopard
Weltoniensis

Begonia Argenta Guttata.

Ornamental-Leaved.

Highly decorative pot plants for green-house, verandah, or bush-house culture. The leaves are beautifully marked with bronze, silver and crimson. Most charming house plants.

All **1s.** each; **9s.** per dozen. A fine collection of the most beautiful varieties.

Begonia (Ornamental-Leaved).

Searls' Beautiful Cannas.

THIS is a decorative plant of great beauty, quite hardy, nearly always in flower, magnificent in foliage like the leaves of the banana; not particular as to soil or situation, a very ornamental plant apart altogether from its surpassingly lovely flowers.

The new race of Cannas which we offer may well be termed "Orchid-Flowered," as they completely eclipse in beauty the old-fashioned varieties, now quite out of date. A very fine collection of the above, **1s.** each, **10s.** per dozen.

New Canna, Mt. Blanc. Creamy white, free flowering. **1s. 6d.** each.

Begonia Semperflorens.

Searls' Bouvardias

1s. each, 10s. doz., except where otherwise marked.

BEAUTIFUL plants for outdoor cultivation. The plants bloom profusely during the year, and some even in winter. They are charming for Bouquets. The varieties are from pure white to deep crimson, and some are perfumed.

The following collection embraces the best varieties in cultivation.

Alfred Neuner—Double petals, waxy white, beautiful.

Beauty of Brisbane—Pure white, very robust habit, free flowering.

Bocchii—Bright pink, with white throat, very fine.

Cardinale—White tube, carmine petals, very effective.

Coral Queen—Scarlet, white throat.

Countess Hopetoun—Color rosy salmon, changing with age to flesh pink; blooms very large and of great substance; are freely produced for a long season, with remarkable lasting qualities in a cut state.

Dazzler—Fiery red.

Duchess of York—A colonial raised variety of remarkable merit. It is a very cheerful blush pink, shading to a tinge of heliotrope.

Elegans—Color, intense vermilion scarlet, rich and bright; a good, well-tried variety.

Etna—Reddish vermilion; double flowers, very distinct.

Flavescens—Improved.
" Yellow, changing to white.
" fl. pl.—Double yellow.

Hogarth, fl. pl.—Dark scarlet

Hogarthi—A good hardy variety, producing masses of scarlet flowers.

Humboldtii Corymbiflora. Improved snow-white, large.

Jacquiniflora—Bright scarlet, hardy.

King of Scarlets (F.C.C.)—The immense blooms of this deep scarlet variety are freely produced on the terminal and lateral branches; vigorous grower; exceptionally good variety.

Luteola Plena—Double, pale yellow tubes and flowers.

Mafeking—Very dark crimson, with florets larger than President Cleveland.

Maiden's Blush—Bright blush pink.

Meteor—Brilliant scarlet flowers; fine truss, short, thick pips; strong, vigorous habit; a fine addition to this beautiful class of flowering plant.

Miss Ida Cheeseman.—1s. 6d. A very distinct variety, with large flowers of a pale delicate pink color, the tube and reverse of petals being of a deeper shade, giving it a charming appearance; the plant is compact and robust, a very free bloomer, and is very sweetly perfumed, a quality that most varieties are devoid of.

Mrs. G. H. Kerslake—1s. 6d. Combining the large flowers of B. Humboldtii Corymbiflora with the larger truss and free-flowering qualities of the smaller flowered section. The segments are variable—four to six—large, massive, and waxy white, set upon a very stout tube of medium length; deliciously fragrant, dwarf, sturdy habit, and keeps in condition for three or four days after being cut.

Bouvardias in our Botany Nursery.

Mrs. McCulloch—1s. 6d. A very beautiful Bouvardia, producing immense trusses of large flowers of a reddish salmon color.

President Cleveland—Very large, brilliant scarlet.

President Garfield—Double rose.

Priory Beauty—Pale shade rose, very fine, large trusses.

Rubra—Dark crimson variety; very floriferous

Sang Lorrain—Produces large corymbs of double flowers of an orange-scarlet color.

Umbellata Carnea—White, changing to rosy blush.

Unique—Cherry red, rich and bright, good variety.

Victor Lemoine—Double scarlet.

Vreelandii—White, hardy.

Walhallow—1s. 6d. For the first time offered this season. A new coral pink variety; very floriferous.

HAVE YOU USED THEM?

Those Pretty

YOKO MATS

There's no doubt they improve the appearance of Ornamental Plants, whether in room or hall.

From 10d. each.

Searls' Carnations

THE wealth of its flowering, the charm of its coloring, combined with its delightful perfume, place the Carnation very high indeed in popular estimation ; whilst the long time during which it produces flowers, makes it invaluable to the florist. It is easy of culture, as it thrives in any fair soil, and may be planted out from pots at almost any time of the year. We have considerably reduced our list this year, having eliminated many older varieties for newer sorts of greater merit. It would be impossible to list all of **250 varieties** ; still, we keep a stock of those varieties not catalogued, as we are often asked for them.

The plants we have to offer this year are strong and healthy, and if the selection is left to ourselves we will see you get the choicest varieties. **1s.** each, **10s.** per dozen. For prices of Novelties, see colored pages.

See . . . for the NOVELTY PAGES

Finest Carnations yet offered to the public.

Albert Pier. Silvery white, richly edged and striped ruby ; exquisite form.

Amaranthus. A beautiful deep purple self.

Alice Lee. An immense carnation, of good form, fine calyx, smooth petals ; ground, white, with pencillings of purple rose.

Alice (Fripp). A perfect carnation in every way ; white, edged and pencilled with bright pink ; petals perfectly smooth.

Annie Douglas. Very fine ; a canary ground, with edge flaked carmine.

Artemis. Scarlet, handsomely flaked and streaked lavender ; the flowers of fine form and large size ; a distinct and very attractive fancy.

Atalanta. Dark buff ground, striped bright coral, shaded with rose lake.

Blue Metal. Slatey blue colour, smooth petal.

Brodick. Yellow ground fancy ; petals admirable ; beautifully flaked and marked with clear rosy red.

Buttercup. A very handsome yellow ground fancy, beautifully maroon ; one of the best ; never bursts.

Beauty of Granville. Bright pink throughout.

Cecilia. Has clear yellow flowers as large as the Malmaisons.

Czarina. A remarkably distinct and handsome variety, of large size, yellow ground, heavily edged and marked with bright scarlet.

Daimio. Flowers large, splendid shape, blush white ground, broadly flaked with bright scarlet and cardinal.

Dandy. A beautiful Carnation, of true form, smooth edged, and pencilled and picoteed with heliotrope on a creamy-white ground ; one of the best. A grand show bloom.

Deering's Conqueror. Magnificent variety ; delicate cream, finely marked with maroon pencillings.

Dervish. Primrose yellow ground finely margined lilac rose.

Deppie. A very pretty Carnation of fine form and petal, smooth edged ; colour, with ground, heavily suffused with carmine

Doreen. Bright primrose yellow, richly picoteed with rose.

Dick Donovan. Blush changing to pure white ; large handsome flowers.

Don Juan (Smith). A very fine variety, flowers well formed, large smooth petal, buff ground curiously flaked and streaked with red and purple ; a fine bold flower, strong grower.

Dr. P. M. Wood. Clear salmon, pencilled and flaked with pink ; of splendid habit ; very perpetual.

Duchess of Portland. White, striped with rose.

Duchess of York. Superb self-colour, light coral, changing pale flesh, delicately scented.

Edith Harries. Deep yellow, finely striped and pencilled bright rose.

Empress Eugenie (Smith). Another striking and handsome variety by this noted raiser ; color a rich yellow, with rose colored marking on the margin of each petal ; a large and perfect flower.

Engadine. Deep rose pink.

Enid. White ground striped, and pencilled rose ; smooth petal, one of the best perpetuals.

Fairy Bower. Perfect in form ; smooth petal ; a delicate shade of salmon pink.

Florrie Henwood. Clear yellow ground. Picotee, the edge well marked with rose, large and beautifully formed flowers.

F. S. Bryant. White, pencilled and flaked with bright scarlet.

George Cruickshank. Orange buff ground, flaked with crimson.

Gertrude (Smith). A grand yellow ground Picotee, the flowers of admirable form, petals broad marked with a wide margin of bright rose.

Glady's Peir. Rich apricot ground, flaked crimson, good shape.

Golden Eagle. Rich golden yellow ground, fancy. Flowers large, perfect form, edged and prettily marked bright red.

Goldy Locks (Smith). A large, handsome yellow fancy, beautifully marked with stripes of carmine ; a very striking flower strong grower.

G. Tilley. Intense flesh pink ; very large flowers.

CARNATIONS—Continued.

Hermoine. Pale lemon, heavily striped with purplish rose.

Hesperia (Smith). Large fine flower, lemon yellow ground, margined rosy lilac; perfect in form and petal.

Huon. Yellow, richly picoteed with mauve and purple; fine form; full size, refined and very distinct; extra.

Jack Earnshaw. Dark glossy maroon.

James Greine (Douglas). A beautiful red and white flake; fine, large, smooth petal; perfect in markings; a grand snowflake.

Jas. Douglas (Simonite). A beautiful and charming flake white ground, flaked with broad stripes of purple, perfect in form and petal. This is considered the best purple flake in England.

Jeanette. Pearly white ground, faintly pencilled cerise.

Jesse. A handsome carnation, of nice form and petal; pencilled and picoteed with light purple on a white ground.

Jessica. Soft, deep yellow, broadly margined with rich imperia purple; a very imposing flower; full size, finely formed, great substance, very distinct; extra choice.

Jim Curry. Salmon ground and red; strong grower.

Jim Smyth. Brilliant scarlet free flowering, non-bursting.

Our Carnations

Have always given the greatest satisfaction, and the really splendid assortment we are offering this year will surpass all our previous efforts

Lady St. Oswald (Smith). A handsome yellow ground picotee; well-formed petals; the ground color a deep rich yellow, with the margin of each petal a bright red.

Lady Taleton. A superb carnation; creamy white ground, pencilled chocolate.

Lord Cardigan (Morris and Goodwin). A beautiful carnation; fine, large, smooth petal; ground form a light shade in scarlet; an acquisition in selfs; strong grower and an attractive variety.

Lord Hampden. A rich, dark purplish shade of color, very distinct, and a most useful Winter-flowering variety.

Lorna Doon. Bright scarlet flake.

Lurline. Pure white ground, edges striped and pencilled dark claret; flowers well formed.

Marquis of Lorne. Dark maroon; a very large variety; strong grower.

M. Douglas. A fine pink self, fine form, smooth petal; large flowers.

Mephisto. Intense crimson self, a full, smooth and well-formed flower.

Mikado. Bright red ground, marked and flaked dark crimson.

Miss Barber. Dark crimson ground, heavily splashed dark purple.

Miss Knaus. Brown orange ground, tipped and flaked blood red; large flower.

Miss Lily Hill. Rose pink, flushed with white; free flowering and dwarf.

Miss Nellie Stewart. Light buff ground, heavily splashed with heliotrope, scarlet and pink. **1s. 6d.**

Miss Ellen Terry. Extra large, pure white variety.

Miss Milla. Cherry yellow ground picotee; very fine.

Mrs. Adamsthwaite. Yellow ground, heavily pencilled bright red; good perpetual.

Mrs. M. Georgeson. Creamy white ground, splashed purple and orange, perfect bloom; far superior to the well-known Miss E. Hudson; never bursts the calyx.

Mrs. E. Kirwan. Deep rosy pink, very lightly pencilled dark purple.

Mrs. Reynold Hole. Deep salmon; outer petals lighter.

Mrs. Eric Hambro. Pure white, perfect form.

Mrs. Robert Sydneyham (Smith). A charming flower; clear yellow ground, margined with scarlet; fine in form and petal; strong grower. This is one of the best yellow grounds in England.

Mrs. Tremayne (Smith). A really distinct and beautiful variety, the ground color a deep yellow, heavily edged and flaked scarlet.

Mrs. Shaw. Golden yellow, pencilled and laced vermillion; good perpetual.

My Lady. This Carnation is the best of its kind; color, a salmon pink; smooth petal.

Nabob (Smith). A bright orange buff self colour, quite distinct from any other; well-formed flowers, smooth petals.

Newhaven. Flowers very large; color rich crimson, base of petals dark steel blue.

Pilot. Blue and pinkish shade. **1s. 6d.**

Prime Minister. Bright scarlet malmaison, large flowers.

Pride of Penshurst. Flowers are of good size, capital form, and of a deep clear yellow.

Princess Alice. White ground, pencilled rose.

Red Hero. One of the best red varieties yet raised in the colony; for the first time offered to the public. **2s.**

Renown. Dark claret, smooth-edged petals.

Rosy Miller. A very beautiful variety, embracing two shades of pink.

Sadek. Dark rose or admirable form and charming colour.

Sandow. White ground, pencilled red and rose.

Sansparel. Beautiful light pink, smooth petals.

Scarlet King. Fine scarlet.

Schneewitcher. Ivory white ground, pencilled lilac; good show variety.

Sirius. White ground, pencilled cardinal; large flowers; extra good; vigorous grower.

Striata. Salmond ground, striped pink.

Sigurd. Clear salmon apricot, an improved Mrs. Reynold Hole.

Sulphide. Yellow ground, marked red.

Syren. Orange ground and red.

Tiroili. White ground, heavily pencilled red.

Tom Shaw. Yellow ground and rose, good grower.

Tristram. A fine bright red self, of fine form and petal; large size flowers.

Triumph. An enormous flower of deep rose colour, edged and heavily striped purplish rose.

Trojan. Fine large white.

Venus. White ground, edges pencilled claret.

White Clipper. One of the best whites.

White Champion. A grand white sweet-scented perpetual; fine form. **1s. 6d.**

White Perle (Fripp). Snow white flower, of good form and large size, nearly four inches across from crown buds.

William King. Very dark glossy claret throughout.

All Shades of Color **YOKO MATS** Numerous Patterns

YOKO MATS

YOKO MATS

YOKO MATS

Frequent Shipments of New Designs **YOKO MATS** Prices from 10d each each

Searls' Chrysanthemums

A SPLENDID COLLECTION at Prices within the reach of all.

Culture. This plant will grow in almost any climate or soil. A mixture of loam and leaf-mould, with a little sand or any tolerably rich light soil may be used; but to produce the vigorous plants and fine blooms seen at the Metropolitan Shows the plants require, in the more advanced stages of their growth, soil of a rich and more substantial nature. As Chrysanthemums produce far more flower buds than they can bring to maturity, it is necessary, where effect with fairly good bloom is desired, to disbud them to a great extent, as it greatly enhances the beauty of the blossoms without decreasing too much the supply of flowers. Where show blooms are desired, a much more liberal treatment and excision is of course necessary. Our collections this year have been improved by some new varieties and also novelties (see coloured pages).

1s. each, 9s. per dozen. Ready for delivery September, October and November.

Ada. Cerise, with silvery reverse, the inner petals incurving to the centre, making a complete ball of silver.

Agnes Mary Henderson (Jap.) A large snowy white, quite full to centre.

Alfriston (Reflexed). Color, a very deep maroon red, reverse of petals gold; a handsome variety on account of the inner petals showing the gold while the outer petals exhibit the deep rich maroon red.

Amber Queen. Good amber shade.

American Flag. An immense double and solid Japanese variety of most novel and striking effect; color, silvery rose, each petal regularly lined and striped with darkest crimson.

Aureola (Jap.) A reflexed flower, canary yellow, large and full.

Balaclava (Jap.) Color a light buff; flowers reflex; an easy grower.

Beatrice May (Jap.) White, sometimes flushed lilac crown buds.

Beauty of Exmouth. Without a question one of the finest acquisitions to this favourite family; flowers of immense size, snow-white, florets beautifully twisted and incurved, somewhat after the style of Florence Davis, but far superior.

Beauty of Castle Hill. Rich golden yellow, reverse of petals lined bright salmon rose; very long, broad florets, incurving.

Ben Wells (Jap.) Very large, blush-white; strong grower and good flower.

Blenheim (Reflexed). Color, bright rosy purple, reverse of petals silver.

PARCEL POST. We adopt this mode of transit for Chrysanthemums to a very great extent with the utmost success; and, as the postage only costs 6d. per dozen, it is far the cheapest mode of conveyance. We shall in all cases send per post unless otherwise instructed.

Brockhampton (Jap.) A beautiful, deep rich golden yellow, full to centre.

Camden. This is an excellent variety for show purposes, on account of it being an easy grower and a very large flower; color, rich carmine rose, the reverse of petals silvery; medium height.

Charlie Cronin (Jap.) An immense flower, light buff, petals long.

Commandant Blusset. Dark crimson red, with silvery white reverse broad florets.

Crimson Exmouth. Identical with Beauty of Exmouth in shape; a good crimson.

Daniel Lambert (Jap.) Named after the reputed biggest man in the world, and as a flower will hold its own in that respect; color, creamy white, veined and flushed lilac; long broad petal; immense reflexed variety.

Director Kowallek. Flowers of immense size and substance, very broad petals, forming a perfect ball; purple violet.

Distinction. Bright crimson, golden reverse; incurve flower of good depth.

Dorothy. Color, terra cotta, with gold reverse, the inner petals incurving right to the centre, showing the gold prominently.

Duchess of York. Delicate light yellow; very graceful.

Emily Doon (JI). The flowers are large and of good substance, creamy white, changing to pink as they mature, the centre being pale yellow.

General Hutton. A fine large flower of a bright yellow; each petal is margined with chocolate brown, full to the centre.

General Roberts (J.) Red shaded carmine; an enormous flower, the lower florets of which are tubulated and spatulate, gracefully intermingling.

George J. Warren (JI.) A deep canary yellow.

G. H. Kerslake, Jun. (Jap.) Pearly white; a most handsome flower.

G. M. Childs (Jap.) The flowers are massive and of immense size, with broad reflexed petals of great substance; deep, rich velvety crimson flower.

Godfrey's Pride (Jap.) Reddish carmine crimson, bronze reverse; long, broad petal variety.

Good Gracious. Delicate pink, long tubulated petals, loosely incurved.

Guinea Gold. Good yellow, large.

Guy Hamilton. Very large, pure white; same type as Mrs. C. Brown.

Hilda. Very deep rosy lilac, immense flower.

..Our.. Special Offer OF Chrysanthemums

(Our Own Selection)

6s. per Dozen. Post Free anywhere.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

Irene. Yellow, passing to white; narrow, recurving petals.

Lady Esther Smith (JI.) Pure ivory white, with broad incurving petals of good substance, intermingling and forming a grand and massive flower.

Lady Hopetoun (Reflexed). Color, the most lovely shade of heliotrope pink imaginable, reverse of petals silvery; as the flower expands the petals recurve right to the centre, thus showing its beautiful shade of color.

Lælia Filkins (Jap.) Soft, rosy pink, recurving petals.

Lilian Bird. A variety always sought after; a beautiful flower for table decoration; color, bluish pink, reflexed.

Lord Hopetoun (Reflexed). A very handsome flower of the most beautiful rich crimson, with golden reverse; when fully expanded the centre petals exhibit the gold, whilst the outer petals recurve, thus showing the lovely shade of rich crimson.

Lord Salisbury. Yellow, suffused with crimson; a magnificent flower, with long drooping curling florets 8 inches long.

Mabel Morgan. Color, butterfly yellow; one of the most lovely flowers ever raised.

Madame Carnot. Pure white, enormous large flowers.

Majesty (Jap.) Deep glowing red.

Meredith. Deep terra cotta, reverse of petals golden.

Millicent Richardson. Color, purple claret, silvery reverse.

Miss Amy Castles. Deep golden yellow, with wide petals, irregularly arranged, giving the flowers a graceful appearance.

Miss Baden Powell. Color, a beautiful, clear golden yellow, slightly shaded red.

Miss Elsie Teichmann. Pearly white, dwarf habit.

Miss Georgina Pitcher (JI.) Lemon yellow.

Miss Mabel Simpkins. Chinese bloom, purest snow-white; a solid ball.

Miss Nellie Pockett. Creamy white, long drooping florets, curled at the tips; perfectly full.

Modesta (J.) The florets are beautifully curled.

Mr. W. T. McNeice. A large and handsome flower; color, deep rosy lilac, reverse of petals much lighter shade.

Mrs. Albert E. Tyson. Old golden yellow, faintly lined red; good form.

Mrs. Bruce Findlay. Deep blush, pink petals, long, flat, and slightly serrated.

Mrs. C. M. Page. White, slightly tinted pale rose on the outer petals.

Mrs. E. Thurkell (Jap.) Very deep yellow, late, flowers bronzy-yellow; extra large.

Mrs. F. S. Grimwade. Color, a beautiful high heliotrope, with silver reverse, incurving right to the centre, the finer petals showing the silver prominently.

Mrs. George Fairbairn (Reflexed). Color yellow, suffused with chocolate brown.

Mrs. H. Cannell. Pure white.

Mrs. H. Emmerton. Color, a nice bright amber, shading off to straw; a large and refined flower of good depth.

Mrs. J. Shaw. A very fine, bold, sturdy bloom of the Etoile de Lyon type; color, a rich, deep pink, and very broad petals.

Mrs. John Shrimpton (J.) A deep drooping flower, valuable as a corner or prominent front row flower; golden buff, shaded and striped crimson red.

Mrs. T. W. Pockett (Jap.) Deep canary yellow; one of the largest and most refined varieties ever raised; a grand exhibition variety.

Mrs. White Popham. Color, white, lined and frosted with carmine.

Mrs. W. R. Church. White, flushed with lilac rose, the ends of petals showing a deeper shade of color.

Mrs. W. T. McNeice (Reflexed). Color, dark Indian red, the reverse of petals straw shade.

Old Gold (Jap.) A beautiful shade of old gold color; large and good form.

Phœbus (Jap.) Pure chrome yellow.

Phyllis. A large incurving variety; full to the centre, of a soft canary yellow; edges of petals flushed with light mauve.

Pink Heuby. A good pink variety.

Royal Standard (Jap. Ref.) Handsome flower of the deepest crimson.

Rupert. Cinnamon red, shaded with buff; reverse a soft gold shade of color, incurving towards the centre.

Silver Queen (Jap.) Lovely mauve pink, flowers very large.

Sir George White. Golden terra-cotta.

Sir H. H. Kitchener. Color, a very rich bright terra-cotta, without a trace of brown, golden reverse; the outer florets are long aud slightly drooping, while the inner ones incurve regularly to the centre.

S. T. Wright (Jap.) This is the largest crimson yet raised; flowers of good lasting quality.

Sunstone (J.) A beautiful spreading Japanese, of a beautiful shade of buff suffused with orange, and pale buff reverse.

Syringa. Lilac flowers, very large an curiously twisted.

Walleroo. Deep rosy pink.

White Thread. White, dwarf, and free.

W. Tricker (Jap.) Sweet delicate rose, every flower incurving in a most attractive form.

Yellow King (Jap.) Bright golden yellow, long petals.

Yellow Thread, Bronzy yellow.

Zulinda. Petals clear rose pink, reverse silvery glossy pink, good stem and foliage.

Our Special Lines.

Chrysanthemums	5000
Dahlias	5000
Bouvardias	4000
Carnations	10,000
AND	
Roses	30,000

These are Special Lines with us; and we carry the largest stock and best varieties.

Carpet Bedding Plants

Effective Bedding Plants should be planted from October to January.

	Per doz.	Per 100
ALTERNANTHERA AUREA	1s. 6d.	10s.
ALTERNANTHERA AMABILE or AMŒNA	1s. 6d.	10s.
ALTERNANTHERA PARENCHOIDES ...	1s. 6d.	10s.
ALTERNANTHERA VERSICOLOR	1s. 6d.	10s.
ECHEVERIA SECUNDA GLAUCA	1s. 6d.	10s.
GERANIUM MADE. SALROY	2s	12s.
IRESINE HERBSTII—Crimson	1s. 6d.	10s.

	Per doz.	Per 100
IRESINE ACUMINATA—Green & Yellow, variegated	1s. 6d.	10s.
IRESINE LINDENI — Pointed leaves; crimson...	1s. 6d.	10s.
IRESINE LINDENI AUREA VARIEGATA	1s. 6d.	10s.
MESEMBRYSANTHEMUM CORDIFOLIUM —Variegata	1s. 6d.	10s.

Searls' Dahlias

CACTUS DAHLIA.

We have a truly grand collection in the most up-to-date varieties of these lovely plants. The Cactus Dahlias are particularly attractive. Blooming can be maintained from January to May in favourable seasons. Plenty of water and manure must be applied to induce good flowers. Tubers and green plants are available from September to December, and may be planted late, especially the Cactus varieties, which really bloom better when planted late.

1s. each, 10s. per dozen.

..For..

NEW CACTUS DAHLIAS

See Novelty Pages.

TREE DAHLIA

(*Imperialis*)

grows from 7 ft. to 8 ft. high, and produces large, single pendant bell-shaped flowers of pinkish lilac colour. Makes a fine showy plant in the garden, and flowers late Autumn and Winter. Invaluable for cutting purposes. **1s. 6d.** each.

SHOW DAHLIAS.

Bishop of Durham. Salmon red.
Bob Ridley. Glowing crimson.
Canary Bird. Bright yellow.
Champion. Large yellow.
Dido. Orange red.
Florrie Lucas. Red, violet markings.
Gem of the West. Magenta
Leah. Orange.
Maud Fellowes. French white, tinted purple.
Mrs. Gladstone. Delicate soft pink, of model form.
Prince of Denmark. Dark maroon, shaded crimson.
Queen of the Whites. Pure white; fine form.
Rising Sun. Rich scarlet, at times tipped white.
Snowball. A splendid pure white.
W. H. Williams. Bright scarlet, high centre.

FANCY DAHLIAS.

Agnes. Salmon pink, edged crimson.
Frederick Smith. Deep lilac, striped purple.
Lotty Eckford. White, striped purple.
Maid of the Vale. Dark red.
Mrs. Miller. Black and white.
Mrs. Saunders. Yellow, tipped white.
T. R. Sneddon. White, edged violet rose.
T. W. Girdlestone. Lilac, flaked deep maroon.

POMPONE DAHLIAS.

Donovan. White, lavender tips; distinct, attractive.
Fairy Primrose. Canary yellow, distinctly tipped white.
Firefly. Clear dark scarlet.
German Favourite. Orange.
Hypatia. Amber, shaded fawn, centre of petals lemon.
Jewel. Pale primrose, blotches of pure white, occasionally comes pure white.
Robert Burns. Salmon, tipped crimson.
Senator. Creamy white.
Sou de Ed. Bull. White, quilled edges.
White Aster. Pure white, fimbriated edges.

TRUE CACTUS DAHLIAS.

1s. each; **10s.** per doz.; except where otherwise priced.

Alpha. A fancy Cactus, white ground, speckled and striped with purple, crimson and lilac. **2s.**
Alfred Vasey. Amber and pink; exquisite form.
Artus. Dark apricot, edges of petals shading to orange buff.
Aunt Chloe. Very dark petals of a deep glossy black color.
Austin Cannell. Mauvy-pink, fine-formed petals.
Beauty of Kent (Decorative). Crimson red, quite distinct, with tips of the purest white; an abundant bloomer. **1s. 6d.**
Bernice. Pale yellow buff, tips of petals tinted and shaded cinnamon. **1s. 6d.**
Britannia. Delicate shade soft salmon pink.
Brunhilde. The loosely rayed flowers are of a lovely tint of brilliant plum color, on long firm stems; the flowers reach well above the foliage.
Capstan. Soft brick red, tinted apricot.
Captain Dreyfus. Petals narrow and pointed, dark velvety maroon.
Cannell's Crest. It seems almost impossible to excel several of those we already have in this class, but this is by far the richest color of the cherry-red section; long-pointed petals, fine size and splendid growth.
Clara G. Stredwick. Clear bright salmon, shading to yellow; perfect blooms, narrow petals. **1s. 6d.**
Columbia. Bright vermilion; the centre and tip of each floret pure white.
Countess of Hopetoun. Pure white, true cactus type.
Countess of Lonsdale. An exquisite rich shade of salmon apricot at the base of petals, carmine pink towards the tips.
Countess of Radnor. Combination of delicate hues.
Dankwart. Flowers beautiful rose carmine.
Diamond. Colour, unique and difficult to describe—yellow disc, shading off to a rosy mauve, and blended and tipped distinctly with salmon.
Dr. Nansen. Most excellent variety; a telling shade of bright scarlet or signal red.
Eastern Queen. A fine, true cactus-shaped flower, rich magenta maroon.

Things you should not Miss!

The NOVELTIES on Coloured Pages.

DAHLIAS—Continued.

Elfe. Sulphur, full flowers, with narrow petals.

Exquisite. A lovely tint of reddish cinnamon or pinkish apricot, the long twisted claw-like petals beautifully arranged.

Firebrand. Rich velvety crimson, petals long, narrow, and quite pointed.

Florence. Pretty shade of yellowish orange. **1s. 6d.**

Frank Woodgate. Yellow, with scarlet points.

Gabriel. Ground color, soft velvety crimson ; upper half of each petal is pure snow-white. **2s.**

Geiselher. This splendid sort has everywhere excited well-deserved admiration. It is in form one of the most graceful cactus dahlias we know. The florets are thread-like, and form a middle-sized flower of ruby red, with shining violet points.

General Buller. Rich velvety crimson, nearly black at the base, every floret having a white tip. **2s.**

Goldfinch. An ideal Exhibition variety, rich yellow buff, pink centre, beautifully incurving. **2s.**

Green's White. A very fine white.

Harry Freeman. Pure white.

Hogarth. Deep maroon, with crimson shadings.

Hunold. Flower of perfect form, with long florets of a brick red ; very floriferous.

Island Queen. Charming light mauve.

Jealousy. Dark yellow, finely pointed florets. **1s. 6d.**

Jessie. Pale pink, passing to white in the centre.

J. H. Jackson. Darkest variety yet raised ; color brilliant crimson-maroon, almost black.

Kathleen. Rich deep orange.

Keynes White. Pure white.

Khaki. Glowing orange mingling with fawn and yellow.

King Edward VII. Color, beautiful bright cherry red shade ; has the finest petals of any Cactus yet raised. **1s. 6d.**

Kriemhilde. Very finely rayed petals ; flowers are of a clear bright rose, with a pure white centre.

Lady Edmund Talbot. A charming color, pale terra-cotta, shaded salmon, pointed florets.

Lord Roberts. Said to be the grandest White Cactus Dahlia yet raised. The blooms are of good exhibition size and beautiful form, splendid long narrow petals ; a truly lovely variety. **2s.**

Lovely Eynsford. Amber colour, well-pointed petals, good habit. **1s. 6d.**

Mahala Sheriff (Decorative). Pure white, broad petals.

Major Weston. Bold flower of a rich, deep, velvety crimson color.

Mars. Soft crimson ; distinct silk-like sheen over the whole flower. **1s. 6d.**

Mary Service. A pinkish heliotrope, shaded yellowish brown.

Master Carl. An attractive self color of amber. **1s. 6d.**

Mrs. J. J. Crowe. Clear yellow, petals extremely twisted and pointed, and tapering on long, stiff stalks ; so narrow are the petals that it has been mistaken for a Chrysanthemum. **2s.**

Mrs. Kerslake. A soft salmon pink ; true Cactus type.

Mrs. Sanders. Pure deep yellow. It blooms freely.

Mrs. Walter. Fine claw-like petals ; pure delicate white, with a tinge of red at the centre, and very slight red stripe ; much admired.

Mrs. Horace Wright. Ground color crimson maroon, upper half of petals pure white.

Night. Color intense dark maroon, nearly black. **1s. 6d.**

Ophir. A soft golden apricot color, slightly paler in the centre. **1s. 6d.**

Queen Alexandra. Ground color a very distinct yellow, tipped red ; a lovely contrast in colors. **2s,**

Radiance. Vivid orange scarlet, base of petals passing gradually to a paler shade, almost yellow, giving the flower an appearance of being lighted from inside.

Ranji. Dark velvety maroon, nearly black.

Richard Dean. Vermilion-scarlet ; distinct white tips to petals. **2s.**

Rosine. A beautiful rose color, brilliant and distinct from all others. Large magnificent flowers of the best shape.

Siegfried. This deep built flower throws out of a long narrow centre long rayed incurved narrow florets of a clear ivory white. **1s. 6d.**

Sindoid. Is of a delicate lilac rose color, running towards the middle into pure white, and the florets are delicately pointed and twisted.

Skylark. Deep crimson plum, shadings of bluish heliotrope, petals are thread-like.

Spotless Queen. Pure white.

Stella. Rich vivid crimson, shaded lighter, long beautifully formed petals, large bold flower.

Strahlenkrone. Crimson scarlet ; large fine cactus-shaped flower.

The Queen (Decorative). Pure snow white, long stiff stems.

Viscountess Folkestone. Soft pink.

Volker. This beautiful Cactus Dahlia is of a pure clear golden yellow, with long, claw-shaped petals, **1s. 6d.**

Wallace (Decorative). Bright amber, suffused and pencilled red.

COLLARETTE DAHLIA.

A NEW FORM.

Forerunner of quite a new race of Dahlias, absolutely distinct from any other hitherto in cultivation. The first and only one we have to offer.

President Viger. Large circular flowers on stiff footstalks of a reddish carmine color, with a smaller collar of pure white florets ; very distinct and effective. Plants, **1s.**

WE GROW OUR OWN PLANTS.

We desire to draw attention to the fact that all Plants which we offer for sale at our King Street Depôt are grown in our own Nurseries. We therefore feel confident that they will give satisfaction to all our Patrons.

SEARL & SONS.

Edging Plants.

BOX. Plant 6 inches apart. Not less than 50 at per 100 rate, **1s. 6d.** per doz ; **7s. 6d.** per 100.

OXALIS, pink. Plant 6 inches apart. **5s.** per 100.

THRIFT. Plant 4 inches apart. Sufficient to plant 100 feet, **2s. 6d.**

ERICAS, The Heath.

THIS plant should be placed out of doors and in an open position, in a sandy porous soil. When cleaning about them the moving of the soil more than sufficient to clear it of weeds is much to be deprecated, as the fibrous roots are extremely sensitive. In our Nursery we have had ample evidence that many of the more robust varieties succeed admirably in any soil, even in stiff clay.

We can supply nice plants of the following at **1s. 6d.** each ; **15s.** per dozen. **All dwarf growing.**

Autumnalis. Red.
Boweana. Pure white.
Cavendishii. Yellow.
Charsleyana. Rose pink.
Cerinthoides Coronata, a beautiful dark crimson, velvety, bell. **2s.** each.
Grandinosa. White.
Hentyana. White and light rose.
Hybrida. Red.
Hyemalis. Pink and white.
Intermedia. Pure white ; an improvement on Boweana.
Linnæoides. Rose.
Mammosa. Purple.
Persoluta Alba. White.
Ventricosa. Of varieties.
Webbleyana. Light waxy rose.
Wilmoreana. Pink and white.

Searls' Ferns

Searls' won the Gold Medal presented at the Horticultural Fete, April, 1904, for Best Plants and Floral Work, being the most successful Exhibitors.

SUPERIOR. WELL-GROWN. At Moderate Prices.

FOR house decoration Ferns cannot be excelled, as they require little attention, and if watered carefully will last a long time indoors. They should be put outside at night in a sheltered place and occasionally syringed. Most of the Ferns are quite hardy out of doors, and can be grown successfully in any shady sheltered place. Ferns require abundant moisture during their season of growth.

Platycerium Grandis (Staghorn Fern).

Our FERNS and other Plants are clean and healthy

WE pay especial attention to the growth of plants for house, bazaar, and other decorative purposes, and our very large stock is now in fine foliage.

Tree Fern Trunks
From .. **3/6**

Adiantum (varieties Maiden Hair Fern)— s. d.
- Affine .. 1 0
- Amabile .. 1 6
- Æmulum .. 1 6
- Capillus Veneris 1 6
- „ „ Pacottii 1 6
- Conciunum .. 1 6
- „ Latum 1 6
- Cuneatum .. 1 0
- „ Grandiceps 1 6
- Curvatum .. 2 0
- Decorum .. 1 6
- Elegans .. 1 6
- Fergusoni .. 2 0
- Formosum .. 1 6
- Fragrantissimum .. 1 6
- Gracillimum .. 1 6
- „ Cristata 1 6
- Hispidulum .. 1 0
- Hybridum .. 2 0
- Japonica .. 1 6
- Le Grandi .. 1 6
- Lathomi .. 2 0
- Macrophyllum .. 2 0
- Marissi .. 1 6
- Mundulum .. 1 6
- Pedatum .. 1 6
- Pendulum .. 2 0
- Peruvianum .. 2 6
- Plumosum .. 2 0
- Pubescens .. 1 0
- Sanctæ Catherine .. 1 6
- Sangvilli .. 1 6
- Strictum .. 1 6
- Tenerum .. 1 0
- Trapeziforme .. 2 0

Alsophila (Tree Ferns), Excelsa .. from 2 0
- Cooperi .. from 1 6
- Robusta .. from 2 0
- McArthuri, 4 feet stems .. 7 6

Asplenium Bulbiferum .. 1 6
- Diversifolium .. 2 0
- Lucidum .. 1 6
- Nidus (Bird's Nest) .. 1 6
- Viviparum .. 1 0

Cyathea Delbata (the New Zealand silver tree fern) .. from 2s. to 7 6
- Medullaris (the black tree fern of New Zealand), with immense fronds; black stem .. from 2s. to 7 6

Cyrtomium Falcatum .. 1 6

Davallia (Hare's Foot Fern) Bullata .. 1 6
- Dissecta .. 1 6
- Pyxidata .. 1 0

Dickeonia Antartica, large growing tree fern .. 2s. to 7 6

Dictyograma Japonica, a deciduous fern, with large fronds .. 1 6

Diplazium Thwaitsia .. 1 0

Doodia Caudata .. 1 0

Doryopteris Palmata .. 1 6

Gleichenia Microphylla .. 1 6

Gymnogramma Chrysophylla (Golden Fern) .. 1 6
- Sulphurea .. 1 0

Gymnogramma Peruvianum Argentum (the true Silver Fern) .. 1 6

All the Gymnogramma species are exceedingly handsome.

Hemitelia Moorei, a very graceful tree fern .. from 2s. to 7 6

Lastrea Richardsii Corymbosa .. 2 0

Onychium Japonicum .. 1 6

Osmunda Falcata (the Flowering Fern) 1 6
- Regalis, the King Fern .. 2 0
- Japonica Corymbifera .. 1 6

Platycerium Alicorne (Elkhorn Fern) from .. 1s. 6d. to 7 6
- Grande (Staghorn Fern) from 1s. 6d. to 7 6

Platycerium, both varieties are mounted and growing on boards ready for despatch.

Epiphytal Ferns of great beauty; may be grown on trunks of Tree Ferns, Virgin Cork, etc.

Polypodium Aureum .. 1 6

Pteris Argyrea, commonly called Silver Fern .. from 1 0

A handsome variety of the Pteris.
- Cretica Alba Lineata .. 1 0
- Lord Howe species; a beautiful variety; the best Pteris .. 1 6
- Major .. 1 0
- Nemoralis .. 1 6
- Ouvrardi .. 1 0
- Serrulata .. 1 0
- Serrulata Cristata .. 1 6
- Serrulata Tenuifolia .. 1 6
- Tremula .. 1 0
- Umbrosa .. 1 6
- Wimsetti .. 1 6

This is one of the most varied, useful, and hardy genera of Ferns.

Selaginella Alamanda .. 1 0
- Cæsia Arborea .. 1 6
- Emeliana .. 1 6
- Formosum .. 1 6
- Grandis .. 1 6
- Metallica .. 1 6
- Nidus .. 1 0
- Stoloniferum .. 1 0
- Tasselata .. 1 6
- Umbrosum .. 1 0
- Wildenovii .. 1 6

Todea Superba (The Crape Fern), from .. 2 0
- Barbara (a most beautiful tree fern) from .. 1 6

Lomaria Discolor .. 1 0
- Gibba .. 1 6

Free growing, useful and very ornamental. Ferns of easy culture.

Lygodium Scandens (Climbing Fern) .. 1 6

Lycopodium
- Aureum .. 1 0
- Denticulatum .. 1 0

Microlepia Hirta
- Cristata .. 1 6
- Dixeana .. 1 6

Nephrodium Molle
- Corymbiferum 1 6

Very useful and graceful Ferns for show purposes.

Nephrolepsis Davalliodes .. 1 6
- Bostoniensis .. 1 6
- Bridgesi .. 2 0
- Davalliodes Furcans .. 2 0
- Duffii .. 1 6
- Erecta .. 1 6
- Exaltata .. 1 6

Very useful and graceful Ferns for show purposes. All free-growing and handsome Ferns, eminently suited for hanging baskets.

Large Plants of any of the above Ferns may be obtained at advanced prices.

Established FERN BASKETS. Always in Stock from 3/6 each.

Japanese Fern Ball.

JAPANESE DAVALLIA

FERN BALLS AND DESIGNS

From - - **3s. 6d.**

These are made to hang up, and are very ornamental.

Doves	**3/6**	**Crosses**	**2/6**
Junks	**3/6**	**Frogs**	**4/-**
Turtles	**3/6**		

And many other designs in stock. All the above are supplied in a growing and furnished condition.

These are beautiful ornaments for the house, verandah, or any place in the garden where there is shade. The structure, so to speak, is made of sphagnum moss, upon which the fern roots are tied. The fern used is Davallia Bullata. The string used for tying is made of chamœrops fibre, which has the advantage that it does not rot for a number of years. The culture is the easiest possible. In spring they are dipped in water and hung up anywhere in the shade; after that they must be regularly syringed or dipped. They last for years.

WE invite inspection of our Nursery Stock, which is more varied and in better condition than ever offered to the public before.

Searls' Fuchsias

IT is surprising what beautiful kinds, when well-grown, there are in this List, which embraces all the best in cultivation. Fuchias demand shelter from the wind, plenty of water during dry weather, with a mulching during the summer months, and the ordinary treatment of other outdoor plants. They may be grown without much trouble, and make splendid decorative plants; any good garden soil will suit them.

1s. each, **10s.** doz.; **11s.** doz. post free.

Single Fuchsias.

Arabella. White tube and sepals, corolla rosy pink.
Aurora Superba. Sepals recurved, of a coral colour, very large; purple coralla.
Beauty of Exeter. A novelty in colour, being a mixture of light and crimson.
Black Prince. Sepal carmine, pale pink corolla, margined with deep rose.
Countess of Aberdeen. The nearest approach to totally white, corolla and sepals being milk white.
Fair Maid. Creamy white, tube and sepals tinted blush; corolla deep carmine, flushed magenta.
General Roberts. Drooping habit; sepals rose, deepening into the corolla of shaded crimson.
Mrs. Henry Roberts. Tube and sepal rose, corolla dark crimson shade.
Mrs. Marshall. Tube and sepals white, corolla pink.
Peasant Girl. Tube and sepals tinted with blush, corolla pink and carmine, slightly shaded violet.
Rose of Castile. White sepals, corolla violet.
Rupert. Short tube, completely hid by the broad recurved cerise red sepals; single corolla, very large and spreading, of a rich, bright purple, veined and suffused with crimson at base.
Star of Wilts. White sepals, salmon corolla.
Speciosa. Tube and sepals flesh color, rosy carmine corolla.

Double Fuchsias.

Alfred Rambaud. Very large double flowers, reflexed scarlet sepals, rich violet corolla.
Avalanche. Tube and sepals crimson, purple corolla.
Christopher Colomb. Large scarlet sepals, enormous carmine double corolla.
Countess of Hopetoun. Very large corolla, pure white, dark red sepals.
De Cherville. Large double rose corolla, sepals dark red and well reflexed.
Duchess of Edinburgh. Largest double white.
Edmund About. Double white, carmine sepals, white corolla suffused with red.
Extraordinary. Plum colour, with red sepals.
Flora. Dark blue, crimson sepals.
Frau Emma Topfer. Distinct and novel; tube and sepals rosy coral, corolla clear rosy blush, large.
Gertrude. Semi-double, white veined carmine.
Jubilee. Sepals crimson, rosy mauve corolla.
Jumna. Bright crimson sepals, rich purple double corolla, the base marked with rosy crimson.
Madame Bruant. Sepals bright red, reflexed, corolla lilac mauve, maculated and veined with rose.
Madam Jules Chretien. Short, sepals reflexed, crimson, pure snow-white corolla.
Molesworth. Sepals bright carmine, reflexed, corolla double, unusually large, and pure white.
Monument. Corolla deep purple, outer petals striped carmine, tube and sepals crimson.
Mrs. W. Cannell. White, large.
Mrs. E. G. Hill. Sepals crimson, double white corolla.
Noveau Mastdonte. Dark violet, veined red.
Phenomenal. Short tube and reflexed, sepals crimson, corolla azure violet, flaked red.
Storm King. Sepals rosy coral, corolla rosy blush.
Vicerory of Canada. Violet corolla.
Victor Hugo. Large blood red sepals, large double corolla, violet purple, marbled red.
Violet le Duc. Reddish, expanded corolla of a metallic violet.
White Giant. White corolla, red sepals.
White Jubilee. Enormous, sepals red, reflexed corolla.

Hybrid Fuchsias.

Boliviana. Rich crambise crimson coloured trumpet-shaped flowers; tube three inches in length.
Crimson Bedder. The leaves are crimson and bronzy green striped with white.
Earl Beaconsfield. Tube and sepals light rosy carmine, corolla deep carmine.
Furst Otto Von Wernigerode. A very pleasing shade of pink, quite distinct.
Gracillis. Dwarf variety, flowers very small.
Gracillis Variegata. Dwarf, leaves green, broadly margined with white.

Mary. A very pretty and attractive variety, producing rich crimson flowers and bright green foliage.
Mrs. Rundle. Sepals flesh colour, while the corolla is orange scarlet; single
Procumbens. Bearing large scarlet edible berries. Plant is a trailer, and may be made to cover a fence.
Sunray The leaves are of a bright rich crimson, white and bronzy green in equal parts; one of the showiest of the variegated-leaved Fuschias.
Triphylla. A Fuchsia of very handsome and distinct character. having neat, dark, bronze-green foliage, and producing bunches of medium-sized Fulgen shaped flowers of a brilliant orange-scarlet color.

Searls' Greenhouse & Stove Plants

	s.	d.
***Acalypha** Marginata (Fijian Fire-plant)	1	6
Mosaic	1	6

Very handsome variegated plants.

Achimenes.

NOTE.—Plants marked * can only be grown in glass houses artificially heated. Those not thus marked, in a cool greenhouse, and many of them in a bush-house also.

Achimenes. These make fine pot or basket flowers for the greenhouse during summer months, producing in abundance flowers ranging through many colors. Bulbs 6d. each.

Anthurium Crystallinum	3	6
Allamanda Hendersonii	2	0

Beautiful climbing plant, with large yellow bell-shaped flowers.

	s.	d.
Aralia Veitchi	1	6

Very pretty decorative plant.

Aspidistra Lurida each 2s. 6d. to	7	6
Lurida Variegata ,, 2s. 6d. to	10	6

Aspidistras are hardy graceful plants, and thoroughly adapted for indoor decoration. The white and green leaves are strikingly attractive.

Asparagus Consanguineus	1	6
Capensis	1	6
Crispus	1	6
Decumbens	1	6
Plumosus Nana. This variety is quite hardy, and can be planted outside from	1	0
Sprengerii from	1	0
,, Variegata	2	6
Tenuissimus from	1	0

Beautiful evergreen climbers, for bush-house, greenhouse, and pot culture; lovely feathery foliage. Large plants of the above can be supplied at advanced rates.

Searls' Sovereign Seeds

With reasonable care may be depended upon for best results for both Flowers and Vegetables

SEARL & SONS.

Aspidistra.

Asparagus Sprengerii.

Bilbergia. Sorts each	1	6

Unique and handsome plants, useful alike for foliage and flower.

Caladiums. Strong bulbs, from 3s. 6d. to	7	6

Beautiful tribe of tender greenhouse foliage plants, and are the better for artificial heat to start them in the spring when making their new growth; leaves magnificent, of a diversity of color, curiously spotted and veined with wonderful combinations.

Cissus Discolor	1	6

A most beautiful climber, with lustrous magenta-colored leaves covered with silvery white dots giving a most charming effect.

Clerondendron Balfouri	1	6

The flowers are of a most striking character; creamy white, crimson tipped; very pretty.

Coleus. New Large-leaved Hybrids. We have varieties of the new large-foliaged kinds; fine large foliage and very robust, each	0	6
Thyrsoideus (The Delphinium Coleus). A new species. It produces beautiful spikes of Delphinium-like flowers; foliage green	1	0
Curculigo Recurvata	1	6

Very effective decorative plant, with handsome palm-like foliage.

Cyperus. Alternifolius	1	0
Laxus Variegata	1	0

These are very useful, and of easy culture; for fountains they are very ornamental.

Dalechampia Roezli, peculiar pink flower	1	6
***Dieffenbachia** in varieties each	1	6

SEARLS' Name is becoming a household word, owing to their straight-dealing and general courtesy.

GREENHOUSE AND STOVE PLANTS—Continued.

s. d.

Dioscorea Illustrata, climbing plant producing large leaves of beautiful colors .. .. from 2 6

Dipladenia Boliviensis 2 0
A most beautiful climber, pure white flowers with golden yellow throat.

Dracæna Shepherdi
Amabilis
Baptisti
Belmoreana
Fraseri
Hendersoni
Robusta
} From **2s.**

Lindeni
Massangeana
Sanderiana
} From **2s. 6d.** upwards.

We are prepared to do any of the abovenamed Dracænas in strong, shapely plants, some of the varieties having beautifully colored foliage.

Eucharis Amazonica .. .. from 2 0
The lovely Eucharis Lily of the Amazon.
Candidum 2 0

Eranthemum Bicolor 1 6
Some of these are grown for the foliage, others for their pretty flowers.
Tuberculatum. Flowers pure white, branching freely into slender twigs; tuberculated, very floriferous 1 6

New Hybrid Coelus.

Euphorbia Jacquiniflora, producing pretty flowers of a brilliant orange scarlet 1 6

Ficus Australis Variegata 3 6
Elastica 2 0
Elastica Variegata 3 6
The true rubber tree of commerce; will stand a long time in a room; its leaves are thicker than the ordinary F. Macrophylla, and its habit makes it a beautiful plant.
Parcelli 2 6
Radicans Variegata 1 6
Ficus Radicans Variegata is a charming and effective variety, without doubt destined to become a plant for everyone, its easy culture, effective variegation, and regular growth making it one of the best ornamental plants yet sent out. As a variegated plant for hanging pots and baskets it cannot be excelled

Graptophyllum Pictum 1 6

Gloxinia. Dry Tubers, **1s.** each, **10s.** per doz.
In Pots, **1s. 6d.** each, **15s.** per doz
Dry Tubers can be obtained during April, May, June, July, and later on, in a growing state in pots. In our opinion, these rank second to no other plant for noble form and beauty. They are the most gorgeous green-house plants grown. Trumpet-like flowers of every color, in upright form; leaves very beautiful, continue to flower for a long period; the shelter of a frame is all that they require.

s. d.

Ixora Coccinea 2 0
Prince of Orange, a dwarf variety, with brilliant orange-scarlet flowers 2 0
Striata 2 0

The Fairies' Grove,

86 King St.

NOTHING is more pleasant to the eye than SEARLS' daily window displays.

"The Public say so."

Gloxinia.

Maranta, in variety 2 0
A very varied and useful class of plants, with fine, bold foliage, and of many shades of color, almost beyond description.

Medinilla Magnifica .. .. from 3 6
Handsome foliage plant, bearing large flower clusters of a lovely pink color.

Monstera Deliciosa 2 6
Has large, shining, dark-green perforated leaves, and large boat-shaped flowers; it also produces a most delicious fruit.

Pandanus Baptisti .. .. from 2 0
Utilis, beautiful shining green, margined with red streak, from 1 6
Veitchii, variegated foliage .. .. .. from 2 6
Charming table decorative plants, with exquisite foliage

Panicum Variegatum 1 0
A beautiful little plant for baskets; very ornamental.

Peperonia Argyrea 1 6
Foliage resembling a Begonia.

Pilea Muscosa (Artillery Plant) 1 0
Highly interesting plant on account of its flowers exploding.

Plumbago Rosea, pretty rose-colored flowers like the ordinary plumbago 1 6

Ruella Rosea, brown, green, and silvery foliage, pink flowers .. 1 6

s. d.

Saintpaulia Ionantha 1 0
A prolific flowering plant; the leaves are dark green, fleshy, with downy surface, spread laterally over the soil forming a rosette; from the centre and sides spring up quite a bouquet of flowers, violet-like both in color and shape. Suitable for bush and greenhouse.

Schubertia Graveolens 3 0
Large, white, star-shaped flowers, very floriferous, and a magnificent green-house climber.

Stroptocarpus Hybrids 1 0
Charming flowering plants, in colors, blue, lavender, pink, red, and white; very attractive flowering plants, and useful for floral work.

Cyperus Alternifolius.

Tabernæmontana Coomassa, fl pl. 1 6
A charming greenhouse plant, bearing a profusion of beautiful snow-white flowers of Gardenia form, sweetly scented.

Vresia Tricolor (Telansia) 2 0

SEARLS' **OUR LIST IS INCREASING EACH YEAR.**

Herbaceous, Bulbous and other Hardy Plants

ONE of the best ways to enjoy the beauty of hardy Herbaceous Perennials is by planting borders. Success greatly depends upon the judicious choice of varieties in order to obtain a succession of flowers all the year round. They are a very valuable class of plants for small gardens.

	s.	d.
Agapanthus (the African Lily) Umbellatus, blue	1	0
Umbellatus, Alba	1	0
Strong, tuberous plants, with flower stem 3 feet in height, surrounded by a crown of beautiful blue and white flowers; perfectly hardy.		
Umbellatus Variegatus	2	0
Similar to Umbellatus, with the exception that its foliage is variegated.		
Agathœa Cœlestis Blue Marguerite). Flowers similar to Paris Daisy, blue-yellow centre.		
Agave Attenuata	2	0
Americana	1	6
Aurea Variegata	1	6
Very compact habit, leaves dark green; beautiful plants for lawn decoration.		
Aloe Aborea	1	6
Hanburiana	1	6
Saponiaria	1	6
Socatrina	1	6
Useful plants for rockeries.		
Alocasia Macrorhiza (the Spoon Lily). Very useful for bush-house or verandah culture	1	6
Macrorhiza Variegata	2	0
Alstrœmeria Aurantica, brownish orange	1	6
Alba, pure white	1	0
Pelegrina, pale yellow striped white rose	1	0
Few plants need less attention to grow them successfully, either in pots or planted out. They are very effective in masses.		
Amaryllis, of sorts. New exquisite varieties of different colors, very fashionable flower in England at the present time from 1s. to	3	6
Amorphophallus Rivieri. Flowers of this lily are dark green color, speckled or dotted with rose; pretty leaves, beautifully marbled stem	2	0

Anemone Japonica (Double).

Anemone Japonica, pink	1	0
Japonica Alba, Honorine Joubert, pure white	1	0
Two beautiful herbaceous plants of great value for cut flowers; large leaves, flower stems 2 feet, flowers abundantly in cluster; single, hardy.		
Jap. Brilliant, single, pink	1	0
„ Honorine Joubert, single, white	1	0
„ Whirlwind, double white	1	0
Lord Ardilaun, pure white, large flowers	1	6
Sylvestris, flore pleno, flowers double white, measuring 2 inches in diameter; very hairy leaves	1	6
Well known handsome flowering border plants.		
Anthericum Elegantissimum, foliage a band of yellow through the centre	1	6
Alba Variegatum, foliage a band of white through the centre	1	6
Showy variegated foliage plants, suitable for hanging baskets and rockeries.		

	s.	d.
Arundo Donax Variegata, beautiful bamboo-like reeds, variegated yellow and white, 12 feet	1	6
Arum Palæstinum (Black Calla), flowers purplish blotched outside, rich velvety black inside, and yellowish white at the base of the tube. (Syn. Arum Sanctum.)	1	6

Aster Alpinia (Michaelmas Daisy), of sorts	1	0
Novi Belgii, Lady Trevelyan, best white	1	0
White Queen	1	0
Bambusa (Bamboo Cane) Arundinacea, one of the strongest Bamboos, 50 feet from	2	6
Falcata, beautiful plumed species, 8 feet	2	0
Humilis, 15 feet	1	6
Nigra, black bamboo, 20 feet	1	6
Piyoniensis, dwarf	1	6
Bamboos, or tree grasses, thrive well here, and are quite indispensable in first-class grounds; they add a distinct and picturesque feature.		
Brodiœa Coccinea (Fire Cracker). Handsome crimson flowers, umbels composed of 6 to 12 drooping flowers, 3d. each, per doz	2	6

Amaryllis.

Clivea Mineata, red and orange flowers, drooping habit	2	0
Nobilis	2	0
A splendid, free-flowering bulbous plant, with orange-yellow Amaryllis-like flowers, produced on spikes about a foot high; beautiful pot plant for verandah or bush-house culture.		

HERBACEOUS, BULBOUS & OTHER PLANTS—Continued.

	s.	d.
Calla Elliottiana. This valuable aroid has buttercup-yellow flowers, and its leaves are spotted with white; one of the most beautiful of all Callas	3	6
Ethiopica (Arum Lily), "Lily of the Nile;" one of the easiest culture; prefers moist situation especially; foliage large, flowers white	1	0
Lemon Giant. This magnificent Calla is one of Mr. Burbank's recent novelties; large yellow spathe, yellowish foliage, white spotted leaves	3	6
Maculata Alba, with leaves spotted with silver; effective, flowers white	1	6
Little Gem, small flowering variety of Calla Ethiopica	1	0

Chrysanthemum Frutescens (Paris Daisy)—		
Single White, 4 feet	1	0
Double White, 4 feet	1	0
Single Yellow, 4 feet	1	0
Double Yellow, 4 feet	1	0
Leucanthemum, White Ox-eyed Daisy	0	3
,, Maximum	1	0
,, Shasta Daisy	0	3
Clidanthus Fragrans	1	0
Beautiful golden yellow flowers, of exquisite fragrance, produced abundantly; quite hardy, and not particular as to soil.		
Cooperia (Zephyranthes) Drummondi, flowers pure white	1	0
Oberwetteri	1	0
Crassula Coccinea, scarlet (synonymous with Kalosanthes Coccinea)	1	0
Crinum, Choice Varieties	1	6
Asiaticum	1	6
Maritimum, the Sea Daffodil, pure white; an exquisite form	1	6
Pendulatum, and other choice varieties	1	6
Resembles Agapanthus in its habit; also produces tall flower stems, but its crown of flowers is more feathery; a beautiful plant.		
Colchicum Amabilis	1	6
Benthami	1	6
Venustus Lilacina	1	6
,, Purpurea	1	6
,, Robustus	1	6
,, Roseus	1	6
,, Vesta	1	6
Colchicums are among the most beautiful of autumn flowering plants, and their cultivation is of the easiest.		
Convallaria Majallis (Lily of the Valley)	1	0
Convolvulus Mauritanicus, flowers blue, with a white throat and yellow anthers; very useful for baskets each	1	0
Cyclamen, of various colors 1s. 6d.; per doz.	15	0
Very fine winter and spring flowering plants, which we can highly recommend. They are hardy, very handsome (both in foliage and flowers), and are most excellent plants to cultivate in pots, and are easily managed by amateurs.		
Cyperus Alternifolius	1	0
Laxus	1	0
,, Variegata	1	0
The so-called umbrella grass.		
Papyrus (Egyptian Paper Reed)	1	6
Synonymous with Papyrus Antiquorum. (See Aquatic Plants).		

	s.	d.
Doronicum Harper Crewe, very striking large Daisy-like flowers of a deep yellow color; very useful for cutting purposes, 2 feet	1	0
Delphinium (the Perennial Larkspur), in pots, 1s. each; per doz.	10	6
This is one of the showiest of hardy perenniais, producing long spikes of all shades of blue; they excite the admiration of all lovers of flowers; strong plants. As Seedlings (see Annual List), 2s. per doz.		
Album, the white variety, very floriferous	1	0
Echeveria Metallica	1	0
Secunda Glauca (see Carpet Bedding Plants).		
A magnificent family of foliage plants. Metallica is a hardy plant, and is highly ornamental when used in carpet bedding; the leaves are large and with a metallic color; the other varieties have green leaves, and grow in the shape of a rosette.		
Epiphyllum Truncatum; of sorts	1	6
A hardy class of plants, and very showy when in bloom.		
Eulalia Japonica, 4 feet	1	6
Japonica Zebrina, variegata, 4 feet	1	6
Beautiful grass-like plants, suitable for edge of ponds, or may be used with great effect as a border plant, or specimen on lawns.		
Farfugium Grande	1	0
A Japanese plant; produces dark-green shining leaves, blotched with yellow, or sometimes white and rose; very ornamental.		
Funkia (Plantain Lily), Aurea	1	6
Aurea Striata	1	6
Cucullata	1	0
Japonica, white	1	0
,, variegata, with variegated foliage and blue flowers; very ornamental	1	6
Ovata	1	0
Sieboldti Elatior	1	0
Subcordata	1	0
An attractive tribe of hardy, herbaceous plants; good foliage and perfumed flowers.		
Gazania Lutea, flower of a pure golden yellow	1	0
Splendens	0	6
Hardy, showy, herbaceous plants from the Cape; produces large flower-heads of bright orange, with black and white spots at the base of each petal; of a trailing habit; good for bordering.		
Gloriosa Superba (the beautiful Glory Lily of East India) from	3	6
A climbing Lilium, with exquisite flowers which, at opening, are green, then they turn yellow, and at last a bright scarlet, with orange red at the base.		
Gynerium Argenteum (Pampas Grass), white	1	6
Aurea Variegatum, not only remarkable for its plumes, but its beautiful golden variegated foliage	1	6
Roseum, pink	1	6
A beautiful strong-growing grass, which grows freely in any position, and throws up tall stalks 8 feet high, and surmounted by splendid feathery plumes of great beauty.		

Sow Reliable Seeds.

Sow Searls' Sovereign Seeds.

Improved Cyclamen.

Hedychium Coronarium Album, sweet-scented, snow-white flowers	1	6
Gardnerianum, lemon yellow, large and fragrant	1	6
Tall, Canna-like plants; very showy, with heads of Orchid-like flowers; very ornamental.		
Heliopsis B. Ladhams, yellow flowers on long graceful stems; one of the best Sunflower species, 3 feet	1	6
Helleborus Niger (White Christmas Rose)	1	6
Hybrida	1	6

HERBACEOUS, BULBOUS & OTHER PLANTS—Continued

s. d.

Helianthus Multiflorus Plenus (the Double Perennial Sunflower) 1 0
Multiflorus (the Single Perennial Sunflower) 1 0
Both very showy floriferous perennials.

Hemerocallis (Day Lily) 1 0
Disticha, double flowers 1 0
Orange, crimson 1 0
Middendorfii, large yellow 1 0
Major, very large, single, yellow 1 0

Very ornamental, hardy herbaceous perennials. All varieties are of easy culture, and are admirably adapted for shrubberies or clumps. The flowers are produced successively and in abundance.

Heuchera Alba, white 1 0
Sanguinea 1 0
Throws up spikes with blood-red flowers; very pretty; requires the same pot culture as Primulas or Cyclamen.

Hyacinthus Candicans, white 1 0
A showy bulbous plant, with tall spikes of bell-like white flowers.

Imantophyllum (See Clivea).

Iris Germanica. Many varieties; the well-known German or Flag Iris 1 0
Kœmpferi. This well-known, beautiful, flag-like flower of Japan contains a great diversity of color; some of the flowers rival the Orchid, measuring 10 to 12 inches. The principal colors are white, maroon, deep blue, violet, beautifully veined and mottled .. ..
The plants grow successfully in all soils, but when the soil is light it is well to have it planted where it can be watered.
A splendid named collection, single and double, in many shades of color, 10s. per doz.
Robinsoniana (the Lord Howe Island Wedding Flower). A tall-growing evergreen species, with white flowers 1 0
Spanish 0 6
Stylosa (Evergreen) blue flowers 1 0
,, Alba, pure white 1 0
All the Iris are worthy of special attention on account of their beautiful combination of colors, which is making them so popular.

Isolepsis Gracilis, a beautiful grass-like plant; good for baskets 1 0

Lachenalia (Cape Cowslip) 1 0
Aurea, beautiful golden yellow 1 0
Bicolor 1 0
Contaminata, white, with a blue tinge 1 0
Tricolour 1 0
Lachenalias are among the most distinct and beautiful of dwarf bulbous plants, and worthy of more cultivation.

Linum Triginum, yellow, winter flowering 1 0

Liatris Pycnostachia (Kansas Gay Feather). Flowers rosy purple, in spikes 1 foot long; begins to bloom at the top of spike, going down progressively 1 6

Lithospermum Purpurea Cœrulea 1 6

Lotus Pelyorhinchus (Coral Gem) A most charming trailing plant, especially suited for basket culture, with small slender silvery foliage and bright coral red flowers 1 0

s. d.

Mesembryanthemum 0 6
We have a collection of the most showy varieties: Orange, yellow, dark crimson, pink, and white. Succulent plants, suitable for rockeries and edges; free flowering.

Michaelmas Daisy (See Aster).

Mimulus Moschatus (Musk), flowers yellow, leaves sweetly scented 0 6

Montbretia (Crocrosmia), very floriferous bulbous plants, excellent for cutting and grouping; dazzling orange .. 1 6
Flore Plena, the first double Montbretia, like a yellow tuberose 1 6
Rosea, delicate rose 1 6
Drap D'or (Golden Flag), orange yellow 1 6

Nertera Depressa (Bead Plant), well adapted for culture in pots or shallow pans, with small orange berries 1 0

Nierembergia Gracilis, flowers white streaked with purple, with a yellow centre. An excellent and very floriferous species 1 0

Ophiopogan Jaburan, Variegatus, with violet blue flowers, freely produced foliage, golden variegation 1 6
Japonicus, with white flowers; foliage, silver variegation .. 1 6

Pampas Grass (See Gynerium).

Pancratium, handsome clusters of large, very fragrant, snow-white flowers 1 0

Pentstemon in variety, in all shades of color, useful hardy border plants; named varieties .. 1s. each; per doz. 9 0

Perennial Phlox are among the finest and most effective for summer and autumn display; as border plants nothing will rival them. We have a good collection of many colored named varieties .. .. .. 1s. each; per doz. 9 0

Phillo Cactus, Empress of Germany, a novelty in this family of plants; flowers of a rich rose color, and flowers abundantly, covering the foliage 1 6

Platycodon Grandiflora, blue 1 0
Grandiflora Album, white 1 0
With Campanula-like flowers; very pretty.

Poa Trivialis Variegata (Variegated Grass) 0 9

Polyanthes Tuberosa (Tuberose).
Single, Flowered 0 6
Double, Flowered 0 6
The Pearl, flowers double, dwarf habit 0 6
The delightful fragrance of the flowers on tall spikes render it useful for cutting; they bloom a long period.

Beware of Plant Hawkers

WE are reluctantly compelled, in self-defence, to refer to the dishonest practices of many hawkers of Plants and Shrubs. One of them called at the house of a lady friend of ours, offering for sale Rose Plants which he stated were grown at our Nurseries, at the same time producing one of our catalogues and drawing the lady's attention to the list of Roses contained therein.

As we never supply plants of any kind for hawking purposes, it follows that the hawker in this case was guilty of deliberate falsehood, involving positive injury to us, and we are sorry to say that he is not the only one guilty of such contemptible tricks.

These deceptive practices should enable the public to realize the risk they run in buying plants offered at their doors, as they are very rarely in vigorous condition.

SEARL & SONS.

HERBACEOUS, BULBOUS & OTHER PLANTS—Continued

	s.	d.
Polyanthus (Cowslip), varieties .. 3d. each; per doz.	2	0
An old favourite in English cottage gardens, and a free flowering plant; during the spring trusses of flowers are produced on short stems; colors various.		
Polygonatum Vulgare (Solomon's Seal)	1	0
An excellent border plant; exceedingly pretty.		
Polygonum Compactum, flowers white	1	0
Potentilla, pretty flowering plants, in various colors	1	0
Primula (English Primrose), Burgundy	1	0
Double Lilac	1	0
Double Mauve	1	0
Double White	1	0
Double Yellow	1	0
Sanguinea Plena	1	0
Single Mauve	1	0
Veris, Cowslip	0	6
Virginia Single	1	0
Vulgaris, Common Primrose .. .. 3d. each; per doz.	2	6
Primula Obconica, for pot culture	1	0
Sinensis, white, pink, red	1	0
Pyrethrum, flowering varieties .. .. .. per doz.	2	0
Romneya Coulteri. This is without doubt the finest herbaceous perennial known. It is a native of California (commonly called the Californian Poppy). It is a very attractive flower, but yet little known; the flowers are pure white, with yellow centre, the petals of which resemble crinkled tissue paper. As a cut flower it is excellent, lasting long in water. In England it is termed the herbaceous perennial of the first water. 6 feet	2	0
Rudbeckia Laciniata, Flore Plena (Golden Glow). A glorious herbaceous plant, and one worthy of a place in every garden. A fine habit of vigorous growth; 4 to 6 feet. Begins to bloom early in the season, and then continuously; flowers, double golden yellow like a Cactus Dahlia. As a cut flower it has no equal	1	0
Salvia Azurea, blue and white	1	0
Bethelli, rosy pink, tipped white	1	0
Coccinea, scarlet	1	0
Farinacea, white and violet; pretty	1	0
Horeii, purplish blue	1	0
M. Issanchon, red and white variegated	1	0
Patens, celestial blue	1	0
Splendens Grandiflora, red	1	0
A charming family of free-blooming herbaceous plants, quite hardy.		
Sauromatum Siamense (the Snake Lily), the stem of the foliage has markings like a snake	1	6

Saxifraga Sarmentosa.

Sow.. Searls' Sovereign Seeds

Saxifraga Filamentosa	1	0
Aaron's Beard, suitable for hanging baskets.		
Sedum Japonicum Fol Variegata	1	6
Jap nicum Macrophylla Aurea Marginata	1	6
Sieboldtii	1	0
Spectabile, large pink heads of flowers	1	0
Sedums are amongst the easiest of plants to grow; like Saxifragas they succeed in almost any position or rockwork, old walls, or in the mixed border. S. Spectabile is a fine herbaceous border variety.		
Shamrock. True Irish	0	6
Shasta Daisy, pure white, yellow centre	0	6
Solidago (Golden Rod), Canadensis, yellow		
Procera Folius Variegatus		
Rigida, yellow		
These produce golden flowers. A very useful plant.		
Spirea Japonica, or Astilbe Japonica, producing white plume-like flowers; very attractive	1	6
Astilbe Rosea, producing pink flowers	1	6
Sprekelia Formosissima (Jacobean Lily), crimson, very beautiful	1	6
Statice Dicksoni	1	0
Sternbergia (Mount Etna Lily), Lutea, yellow	1	6
Fischeriana	1	6
Macrantha	1	6
Stokesia Cyanus	1	0
A valuable herbaceous hardy evergreen, producing from Christmas till winter double starry flowers of a lilac-purple color.		
Thunbergia Hawtayneana, corolla violet purple, yellowish tube; a handsome herbaceous shrub	1	0

Tritoma Grandiflora.

Tritoma (Syn. Kniphofia), so-called Queen's Lily).		
Grandiflora	1	0
Madame Owanii, orange and red	1	0
Star of Baden Baden, orange	1	0
Uvaria, flowers coral red, shading to orange	1	0
Trollius Europeus, yellow	1	6
Gigantea, yellow	1	6
The Globe Flower. A very valuable class of plants.		
Tuberose Double, strong clumps	0	6
Excelsior Pearl, short stalks, long spikes, large flowers, full, double, and sweet	0	6
Single, strong clumps	0	6
Ready during August and September.		
Tweedia Cœrulea, a charming plant, remarkable for its changes in color—when first open pale blue with a tinge of green; then purple; when withered, lilac	1	0
Valotta Purpurea (the Scarborough Lily), orange scarlet ..	1	6
Vinca Major (Variegated Periwinkle)	1	0
Wahlenbergia Saxicola, flowers white; introduced from the mountains of New Zealand	1	0
Zingiber Officinalis, ginger of commerce, pretty flowers ..	1	6

Well Pleased With Them.

MESSRS. SEARL & SONS,

Dear Sirs,—The Bulbs arrived quite safely, and I am well pleased with them. Thanks for great care in filling the order.

Yours truly,

Adamstown, June 13, 1904. H. E. RUTLEY.

All Our Packet Seeds are POST FREE everywhere.

Searls' Decorative Palms

Every care is taken by us in packing, but we do not accept any responsibility for breakages.

Phœnix Rupicola.

SOME of the varieties are specially adapted for out-door cultivation, which, when planted on lawns make beautiful specimens, worthy of all the admiration they receive. We would always advise planting palms out during the summer months.

To help in giving a cheerful and bright appearance to the home, you will find on selection from our beautiful plants a great help, either in Conservatory, Hall, Drawing-room or Dining-room. Come and see them.

	s.	d.
Areca Bauerii ... ... from	1	6
Rubra ... ... ,,	3	6
Sapida ... ... ,,	1	6
Brahea Filamentosa. One of the best palms for embellishing the garden grounds. Most suitable for planting as a single specimen in lawns and elsewhere; the quickest growing Palm; should be planted out during the warmer parts of the year ... from	1	6
Carludovicia Palmata. A beautiful fan Palm; a fast grower ... from	5	0
Caryota. Urens (The Maiden-hair Fern Palm), the fronds resembling a giant maiden-hair ... from	1	6
Chamærops Excelsa ... ... ,,	1	6
Fortunii ... ... ,,	1	6
Humilis Macrocarpa, a hardy, graceful species ,,	2	0

The Chamærops are very hardy Palms, especially suited for the cooler parts of this State, where they grow grow into magnificent specimens. They will stand several degrees of frost.

Cocos Australis ... ... from	2	6
Coronata ... ... ,,	2	6
Plumosa ... ... ,,	2	6
Weddelliana ... ... ,,	3	6

The Weddelliana is the most graceful fernlike Palm in existence, very beautiful for table and drawing-room decorations, while the other varieties are suitable for outdoor culture.

	s.	d.
Corypha Australis. The New South Wales Cabbage Tree Palm; when planted out make fine specimens from	1	6
Cycas Circinalis, very showy and quite hardy out of doors ... ... from	2	6
Revoluta, the well-known Japanese Sago Palm; hardy, andmakes a handsome lawn specimen from	2	6
Diplothemium Maritimum (Wine Palm). One of the finest Palms for outdoor culture; makes a noble-looking lawn specimen; very hardy, and will also thrive close to the sea ... from	2	6
Hyophorbe Verschaffelti, a splendid species of palm, hands me ... from	2	6
Jubæa Spectabilis (the Chilian Sugar Palm) ... ... ,,	3	6

AN INVITATION. We welcome visitors to our Nurseries

Always something of interest to be seen at this the largest and most complete plant establishment in the States.

	s.	d.
Kentia Belmoreana. Curly Palms ,,	1	6
Canterburyana. The largest Mountain Palm ... ... ,,	1	6
Fosteriana. The Thatch Palm ,,	1	6
Moorei ... ... ,,	2	6

The Kentias are the hardiest, most beautiful, and most useful of all Palms. For decorative purposes they cannot be excelled. Specimen plants of the above can be supplied up to 10 feet high.

Latania Borbonica. A very beautiful fan-leaved Palm, native of China and Japan; has large, fan-shaped leaves of a cheerful green color; excellent for indoor decoration, and does well outside in sheltered position ... from	1	6
Livistonia Woodfordi. A Palm from Rubra (Livistonia Commersonii) ,,	3	6
South Sea Islands ... ... ,,	5	0
Licuala Jenningsii ... ... ,,	3	6
Macrozamia Miquelliana ... ,,	2	6
Denisonii ... ... ,,	1	6
Phœnix Acaulis ... ... from	2	6
Canariensis ... ... ,,	2	6
Dactylifera (Date Palm) ... ,,	2	6
Farinifera ... ... from	2	6
Reclinata ... ... ,,	2	6
Rupicola ... ... ,,	2	6
Sylvestris ... ... ,,	2	6
Tenuis ... ... ,,	2	6
Zanzibariensis ... ... ,,	2	6

The Phœnix Palms are all splendidly adapted for ornamenting and giving a tropical appearance to the garden, as they all thrive well outside. Plants in large sizes can be supplied up to 4 feet high. Safest when planted out during summer months.

Rhapis (The Japanese Bamboo Palm). Flabelliformis from	3	
Humilis ... ... ,,	3	6

Very handsome and graceful Palms.

Phœnix enuis.

Cocos Weddelliana.

THE prices quoted are for medium size, well furnished plants; but we can also supply splendid extra-sized, well-developed plants of nearly every variety. We have many thousands of Palms of all sizes, and will make special quotations for large orders.

* * *

SEARL & SONS,
86 King St.
Sydney.

Seaforthia Elegans. The Bangalow Palm of New South Wales; suitable for outdoor culture ... from	1	6
Sabal Blackburniana, the Giant Fan Palm from	1	6
Palmetto ... from	1	6
Umbraculifera from ...	1	6

These are all hardy, and make fine lawn specimens

Searls' Orchids

A SPLENDID VARIETY OF BEAUTIFUL PLANTS

		s.	d.
Ærides	Affine	from 7	6
	Cornutum	,, 7	6
	Odoratum	,, 7	6
	Virens	,, 5	0
Angræcum	Eburneum Superbum	from 10	6
Arpophyllum	Giganteum	,, 7	6
Bletia	Hyacinthina	,, 3	6
Brassia	Verncosa	,, 7	6
Calanthe	Rubens	,, 3	6
	Veitchii	,, 3	6
	Vestata Rubro Oculata ...	,, 5	0
Cattleya	Eldorado Splendens	,, 15	0
	Ernestii	,, 15	0
	Gaskelliana	,, 7	6
	,, Var. Alba ...	,, 10	6
	Gigas	,, 10	6
	,, Sanderiana	,, 15	0
	Intermedia	,, 5	0
	Labiata Ardens	,, 10	6
	,, Autumnalis ...	,, 10	6
	Mendelii	,, 15	0
	Mossiæ	,, 7	6
	,, Alba	,, 15	0
	Percivaliana	,, 10	6
	Schrœdereana	,, 10	6
	Triana	,, 7	6
Cœloginæ	Cristata ...	,, 7	6
	Pandurata	,, 7	6
Cypripedium	Barbatum ...	,, 3	6
	Boxallii	,, 5	0
	Caudatum	,, 10	6
	Grande	,, 10	6
	Harrisonianum	,, 5	0
	Insigne	,, 3	6
	,, Chantinii	,, 10	6
	,, Mauleii	,, 10	6
	Lawrencianum	,, 5	0
	Niveum	,, 10	6
	Sedenii	,, 5	0
	Selligerii	,, 10	6
	Spicerianum	,, 10	6
	Superciliatum	,, 5	0
	Venustum	,, 5	0
	Villosum	,, 5	0
Cymbidium	Lowianum ...	,, 5	0
	Odoratum	,, 5	0
Dendrobium	Agregatum	,, 5	0
	Chrysotoxum	,, 7	6
	Cirrhopetallum Medusæ ...	,, 15	0
	Crasinode	,, 5	0
	Creataceum	,, 5	0
	Crepidatum	,, 3	6
	Dearei	,, 7	6
	Densiflorum	,, 5	0
	Devonianum	,, 7	6
	Farmeri	,, 5	0
	Fimbriatum Oculatum ...	,, 5	0
	Formosum Giganteum ...	,, 7	6
	Hillii (Rock Lily)	,, 3	6
	Japonica	,, 5	0
	Leitcheana	,, 7	6
	Moschatum	,, 7	6
	Nobile	,, 3	6
	,, Siamense	,, 7	6
	Phalenopsis	,, 3	6
	Pierardii	,, 5	0
	Primulinum Giganteum ...	,, 7	6
	Speciosum (Rock Lily) ...	,, 3	6
	Thrysiflorum	,, 7	6
	Tortile Roseum	,, 5	0
	Undulatum	,, 3	6
	Wardianum Giganteum ...	,, 7	6
Laelia	Acuminata	,, 5	0
	Anceps Exquisite	,, 10	6
	Autumnalis	,, 7	6
	Cinabarina	,, 7	6
	Elegans	,, 21	0
	Perrinii	,, 10	6
	Purpurata Alba	,, 10	6
Lycaste	Harrisoniana ...	,, 5	0
Oncidium	Papilio Majus ...	,, 21	0
	Sphaceolatum	,, 5	0
Phajus	Grandifolius	,, 5	0
	Maculatus	,, 5	0
	Sieboldtii	,, 5	0
	Wallichii	,, 5	0
Saccolabium	Blumeii ...	,, 7	6
	Blumeii Majus	,, 7	6
	Guttatum	,, 5	0
	Harrissonianum	,, 10	6
Stanhopea	Tigrina ...	,, 10	6
Vanda	Gigantea	,, 15	0
	Teres Multiflora	,, 10	6

View in a Greenhouse at our Botany Nursery, showing Asparagus Tenuissimus, grown for use in our Floral Department. The centre of building is filled with Palms—Latania Borbonica, Cycas Circinalis, Cocos Plumosis, Circuligo, Sabals, Arecas, &c.; and (hanging from roof) Japanese Fern Balls.

PERFECT PALM PACKING

From Victoria we have received the following:

MESSRS. SEARL & SONS,

Dear Sirs,—Please find herewith cheque for Palms, which came promptly to hand, in very satisfactory condition.—Yours,

L. S. BENJAMIN.

St. Kilda, Dec. 28, '04.

SEARLS' EVER-BLOOMING

New Zonal Pelargoniums of 1904.

THESE of 1904 introduction have been reduced from **1s. 6d.** to a **1s.** During the year the displays in our shop window were greatly admired and resulted in our booking of many orders.

1904 ZONAL PELARGONIUMS, Everblooming

All at **1s.** each; **10s.** per dozen, post free **11s.**

DOUBLE.

Aime Henriot. Unusual color to describe, being a pretty shade of old-fashioned peach pink.
Alexandre. Rose magenta, spotted orange on upper petals.
Australian Gold. Soft cerise scarlet, tinted orange.
Beatrice Kelway. Flesh-tinted salmon and white.
Cæsar. Reddish violet.
Californie. Large flowers of bright orange.
Capt. Flayelle. Reddish crimson, enormous flowers.
Col. Barre. Magenta.
Comtesse D'Harcourt. Snow-white flowers, large.
Cousin Bele. Deep salmon, shading off to pure white margin.
Commandant Marchand. Crimson, tinted purple
Dr. Despres. Deep crimson, enormous pipe and trusses.
Dr. Cabanes. Purple pink, of a pleasing shade.
Ernest Kelway. Vivid scarlet.
Fraicheur. White, margined pink.
Eteranthe. Scarlet.
Fire Dragon (Cactus-flowered Zonale). Its light starry flowers and vividness of color resembling a Cactus Dahlia in miniature.
Golden Gate. Orange scarlet.
Guitare. Rich salmon, shading off to white margin.
Gustav Emich. Gigantic flowers, rich clear scarlet.
Guy de Maupassant. Orange scarlet, large blotch on upper petals.
Hedwige Buchner. Snow-white, enormous trusses.
Jeanne D'Arc. Most distinct; beautiful shade of light lavender pink, distinctly spotted with deep pink.
Jean Viand. Soft rose pink.
Le Colosse. Clear red.
Leon Xandrof. Blush white, suffused pink.
Madame Jouis. Deep salmon centre, white edges.
Madame Carnot. Very large trusses of perfectly formed pure white flowers.
Madame Charotte. Enormous trusses, of a mottled salmon shade.
Madame Landry. Deep salmon.
Madame Tarquin Noizet. Rosy salmon.
Madame H. Tilmant. White centre, margined scarlet.
Madame Coralie Bazac. Centre of each flower white, gradually attaining to a soft violet; edge of petals bright carmine.
Manzoni. Rosy salmon.
Miss G. Ashworth. Pure white.
Mrs. Gladstone. Pure white, shaded flesh-pink towards the centre.
M. Alphonse Ricard. Rosy scarlet.
Olive Schreiner. White, margined light red.
Pride of Algate. Salmon pink, margined white.
Rainbow. Rose, suffused with white.
Sombre Horizon. Deep crimson.
Stanislas. Rose, touched with carmine.
Thos. Meehan. Rosy lake.

SINGLE.

Albion. Single white.
Andrew Lang. Glowing scarlet, with white blotch on two upper petals; centre suffused with rich carmine.
Barbara Hope. Pale salmon pink, with white eye.
Chaucer. Cerise, beautiful bright.
Countess of Buckingham. Deep rose pink.
Countess of Morella. Scarlet, white centre.
Crabbe. Cherry red, large truss.
Dr. Nansen. Pure white.
Dream. Pale pink.
Ethel Lewis. Rose pink; distinct.
Eucharis. Beautiful pure white.
Florence Miskin. Cerise crimson, with white eye.
General French. A soft scarlet.
George Gordon. Bright rosy scarlet, pips 2¼ in. in diameter.
Iseult. Salmon, richly shaded orange; two upper petals suffused with pink.
H. de Percival. Soft blush.
Hall Caine. Bright cherry red, most telling color; pips measuring 2¾ inches in diameter.
Herrick. Rich glowing crimson-scarlet.
J. M. Barrie. Bright cerise, flower 3 inches across.
James Kelway. Brilliant vivid scarlet, fine habit and size of flower.
Kitty. Cherry red, with white eye; paler blotch in upper petal.
Kathleen. Clear rosy red.
Lady Malet. Pure white, with a highly-colored margin of reddish pink round each petal.
Lord Curzon. Rich magenta shade, habit dwarf and floriferous.
Lord Strathcona. Bright scarlet.
Madame Beuvron. Rosy pink, blotch on base of upper petal.
Mary Pelton. Very pale salmon, delicate and beautiful shade.
Mark Twain. Tinted white ground, freckled and flaked carmine, margin of petals rich lake.
Menelik. Magenta pink, one-third the culture pure white.
Mrs. Ewing. Pale salmon, tinted pink towards the centre.
Mrs. Simpson. White, with a well-defined ring of fiery scarlet pink; large white eye.
Mrs. E. Rawson. Rich orange scarlet, perfect shape.
Niagara. Single white, perfect shape.
Princess Alix. Pale rose.
Shelley. Rich deep crimson.
Sir Henry Irving. Soft, rosy magenta.
Sir Wilfred Laurier. Centre pure white, outer portion vivid magenta.
Snowflake. Single, white.
Snowstorm. Purest possible white.
Soldier's Tunic. Intense scarlet.
Trilby. Cerise, shading to scarlet, overlaid with rich plum purple, like shot-silk.
Virginia. Pure white.
W. E. Corder. Scarlet.
Wintie. Cherry red, white eye.
Zenobia. Clear bright rose.

ZONAL PELARGONIUMS

(Older Varieties).

DOUBLE. **1s.** each; **10s.** doz. Post free, **11s.**

Agnes Kelway. Immense trusses of rosy pink flowers.
Don Quixote. Crimson, white eye.
Friant. Fine, large yellow cinnabar flowers; beautiful.
Huber Chanon. Pink, white eye.
Jules Simon. Beautiful clear rose; dwarf and free.
King of Denmark. Salmon pink.
Lady Candahar. Deep self-salmon, large and full.
Madame Thibaut. Rich rose, shaded violet carmine.
Madame Lemoine. Double pink; very fine.
Napoleon. Spherical trusses of rigid habit, carrying circular blossoms of brick-orange shade; extremely floriferous.
Remarkable. Rich deep violet crimson, of fine shape.
Rois de Negres. Dark glowing crimson; very double.
Ukara. Trusses of fine large flowers, of pure white.
White Swan. Double white, fine round flowers.

ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

SINGLE. **1s.** each; **10s.** doz.

Blue Bell. Bluish lilac, good shape and truss.
Duke of York. Reddish magenta, deeper in upper petals.
Kate Greenaway. Large, pink.
Louis. Enormous trusses of deep purplish crimson.
Miss Blanche. Large trusses of fine-shaped flowers of a rosy violet, upper petals margined white.
Pierre Lebrum. Pink, white eye.
Salmon Vesuvius. Salmon, suffused coral, white eye.
White Clipper. Trusses of fine form; pips purest white.

VARIEGATED FOLIAGE PELARGONIUMS.

1s. each, except where otherwise priced.

Boule de Neige. Foliage green, margined silver.
Beauty of Calderdale. Yellow, with brown zone.
Dolly Varden. Foliage quite circular; the red bright and glaring. **1s. 6d.**
Enchantress. Highly-colored vandyke zone, deep golden margin. **1s. 6d.**
Happy Thoughts. White, green centre, zone salmon.
Lady Cullen. Bronze-red zone, edged crimson and gold.
Mrs Pollock. Bronze-red zone, belted and edged with crimson and gold.
Veronia. Leaves bright golden yellow; very distinct.

REGAL, SHOW, AND DECORATIVE PELARGONIUMS.

We can supply a collection of the above. **1s. 6d.** each; **15s.** per doz.; post free, **16s. 6d.**

Ivy-Leaved Pelargonium.

Buy Searls' Sovereign Seeds.

*

They are Reliable.

IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

DOUBLE. **1s.** each; **10s.** per doz.; post free, **11s.**

Fine for covering fences; showy and handsome.

Few people have an idea, and very few can form the slightest conception, of what splendid specimens these make when trained on trellises, and what is more surprising, all have been introduced within the last few years. As cut flowers, they are very useful. Those marked **1s. 6d.** are particularly good, and this year's introduction.

Alma. Bright salmon scarlet, the centre lit up with vermilion in a most pleasing manner; the flower is double and of fine shape.
Beauty of Castle Hill. Very pretty soft rose, dark blotch in upper petal. **1s. 6d.**
Beauty of Jersey. Lovely scarlet, shaded purple.
Flambeau. Large trusses, granite red; very distinct.
Furstin J. Von Hohenzollern. Flowers reddish magenta; fine shape; a novel and distinct variety.
Giroflee. Large double flowers of a magenta purple color. **1s. 6d.**
Gloire de Lorraine. Cerise, brightened with scarlet.
Her Majesty the Queen. The finest salmon-colored variety. **1s. 6d.**
His Majesty the King. A pleasing shade of dark cerise; trusses large, and produced in great profusion. **1s. 6d.**
Incomparable. Reddish rose, very large truss and full flowers.
Jeanne d'Arc. White, suffused light lavender; first-class.
Joseph de Maistre. Light amaranth, good truss and perfect form.
La Elegance. Variegated.
Lamartine. Orange scarlet; the brightest in this color. **1s. 6d.**
La Rosier. Satiny rose, lighter margin; perfect.
Madame Crouse. Silvery pink.
Miss Gulliver. Magenta, of a most beautiful and rich shade. **1s. 6d.**
Mrs. J. G. Day. Intense glowing shade of crimson rose; free flowering; robust and sturdy. **1s. 6d.**
Ryecroft Surprise. Crimson spots, shaded purplish rose.
Sabine. Bright rosy carmine; large and well-formed.
Sarah Bernhardt. White, upper petals feathered maroon.
Souvenir de Chas. Turner. Gigantic trusses, color deep pink shade, feathered maroon in the upper petal. **1s. 6d.**
Vestal Queen. Pink, upper petals rayed purplish crimson.

EVER-BLOOMING

New Zonal Pelargoniums of 1905.

1s. 6d. each; **15s.** doz.; post free, **16s.** doz.

These Zonal Pelargoniums are coming to the front again. In England they are special favourites, and we are glad to say that immense strides continue to be made in this class. We have in all now 175 varieties, and catalogue the majority. The Zonal Pelargoniums are most useful for outdoor culture.

SINGLE

Arctic Circle. Pure white, of fine quality
Beauty. Scarlet cerise.
Countess of Dudley. Vivid magenta, large pure white centre; a large truss.
General Buller. Large, rich crimson, distinct white eye; one of the best yet introduced.
General Wolseley. Clear rosy red.
Golden Horn. Golden yellow; fine form.
Hecla. Brilliant scarlet.
Olive Carr. Large trusses, deep rosy pink.
Paul Crampel. A brilliant scarlet.
Phonograph. Bright rose pink, large trusses.
Phyllis. Pale salmon rose; beautiful, faultless in form.
Sir John Llewellyn. Crimson self, orange base on upper petal.
The Maine. Soft rosy lake; very floriferous.
Winston Churchill. Clear magenta pink, large white centre; good.

DOUBLE.

A. Rouillard. Rich magenta; very effective.
Boule Noir. Intense shade of purple, very peculiar color.
Double Jacoby. Double, crimson maroon.
Emotion. Scarlet ground, mottled white.
G. Caillebotte. A dark shade of magenta.
Hermine. Pure white; good flowering variety.
Joyful. Deep salmon centre, broad white margin.
Lucio. A curious combination of colors, some petals being scarlet and others crimson; fine and robust.
Madame Grillot. Beautiful soft rose.
Ruy Blas. Mottled salmon, very deep centre.
Sir Hamilton. Rich purple-pink.

ALL OUR PACKET SEEDS · · ·
are Post Free everywhere.

Searls' Rhododendrons

THE Rhododendron having become so popular of late we thought it necessary to offer a Special List this year of the leading varieties. Rhododendrons may justly be classed amongst the most beautiful and attractive of evergreen flowering shrubs.

HYBRIDS

They are thought by many to require a bog or peaty soil to grow them successfully, but we have known them to do well in ordinary garden soil if well worked and heavily dressed with cow manure, which makes them vigorous and healthy.

WE SUPPLY STRONG PLANTS from **2/6** to **7/6** each.

Atropurpurea. Silvery purple.
Athene. White, yellow blotch.
Baron Crocea. Purplish rose.
Clio. White, greenish yellow spot.
Congestium Roseum. Bright rose, beautifully spotted
Evelyn. White flowers, large truss.
Elegans. Rosy red, wide compact truss.
Gratiosum. Light rose.
John Waterer. A free blooming dark crimson.
Lady Olive Guinness. Clear white, with dark markings.
Mr. C. S. McDonald. Crimson, with mauve tinge; very conspicuous.
Nosegay. Beautiful pink, large truss; good form.
Picta Grandiflora. White, free flowering, good truss.
Rænum. Rosy crimson, conical truss.
Speculator. Dark rosy purple, beautifully spotted.

Rhododendron Porticum Violaceum. Flowers, violet color. From **1s. 6d.**

What they say about us!

Toorak, Melbourne,
19th November, 1903.

MESSRS. SEARL AND SONS.

Dear Sirs,—Yours of the 10th instant, covering invoice and fumigation certificate of Palms shipped per "Moorabool," duly to hand. I now have pleasure in enclosing my cheque. Kindly acknowledge receipt.

The plants arrived in excellent condition, with the exception of the Cocos which had the pot broken badly. We are very pleased indeed with the Palms and the admirable form of packing.

I am, faithfully yours,
E. T—— W——.

The Manse,
14th January, 1904.

MESSRS. SEARL AND SONS.

Dear Sirs,—I have to thank you for your prompt attention to my order. The flowers arrived in perfect order, and opened up as fresh as if they had just been gathered.

Yours truly,
J.—— I——.

THE PETUNIA

As an Autumn flowering decorative plant is a great favourite everywhere. We supply in the Spring plants in 4 inch pots, including a double white fringed variety.

Double Varieties, 1s. each, **10s.** per doz.

VERBENAS.

A large bed of this fine dwarf free-blooming plant is most gratifying to the eye. The Verbena is of trailing habit, and flowers all through our long run of warm weather. We stock in named varieties the following colours:

Blue	**Heliotrope**	**Purple**	**Red and White**
Blue and White	**Mauve**	**Red**	**Rose**

White, &c., &c.

9d. each, **7s. 6d.** per dozen; post free, **8s. 6d.**

Searls' Rainbow Flower Seed Collection.

14 Packets for 2s.

You cannot do better than buy a packet if you desire strong growing plants and beautiful flowers.

SEARL & SONS,
86 King Street.

SEARLS' ROSES

For the past few years our Rose Plants have been produced in our new grounds at Burwood, and we venture to assert are unequalled for their size and quality.

Novelties of Last Year

1904.

Reduced to **1s. 6d.** each, **15s.** per doz., except where otherwise priced.

DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING.—In selecting ground to plant Roses, see that the drainage is good. If moist land, it should be well drained; this done, the ground should be trenched 18 to 24 inches deep, as the nature of the soil will admit, and be particular that the surface soil is left upon the top, introducing manure freely. After this treatment the beds will last for several years with occasional dressings of manure. After preparing the soil as above, make the ground even; and when digging the holes to receive plants, take out sufficient soil to let the roots down, say, four or five inches below the surface, open the soil for a good distance around so as to allow the roots to spread freely, sprinkle fine soil over them, cover all evenly, and tread down firmly so as to consolidate soil about the roots, then stake them carefully and give them a good watering.

Abbe Garroute. Color, inner petals coppery yellow and pink carmine, edges of petals china rose; large and full.

Alberic Barbier (Wichuriana). Very strong grower; flowers in clusters, semi-double or double, opening well, 2½ to 3½ inches in diameter, of a nice creamy white, canary yellow in the middle; tea scented.

Alice Grahame. Ivory white, tinted salmon; distinct and magnificent rose of the highest excellence and perfect form. This variety frequently varies, both in form and color; free and continuous blooming. **2s.**

Alice Lindsell (H.T.) Creamy white, with pink centre; very large, full, perfectly formed, robust, and very free. Gold medal, N.R.S.

Ards Pillar (H.T.) In this variety we have the perfection of an exhibition, garden, and pillar rose; rich velvety crimson; one of the finest varieties sent out of late years.

Belle Panachee. A striped variety of F. Dubrenil.

Blush Rambler (Clb. Polyantha). In growth it is similar to the well-known "Crimson Rambler," and equally vigorous. The flowers, which are produced in very large clusters, are almost single; soft blush, resembling Apple Blossom; most pleasing and attractive; sweetly scented.

Bob Davison (H.P.) Very full, and of most perfect form; dazzling scarlet, shaded crimson.

Capitaine Jouen (H.P.) Bright, vivid crimson, very large and full; growth very vigorous.

Chameleon. Flowers rosy flesh color, variable with a distinct and heavy blotch of deep crimson on the outside of the petals.

Clb. Madame de Watteville. A very vigorous climbing form of this beautiful Tea. It is said to be particularly free and good.

Comtesse du Cayla (China). Reddish carmine, tinted orange on reverse of petals to dark orange yellow, shaded carmine.

Comtesse Georges de Germiny (Tea scented). Rosy flesh, shaded with salmon, edges of petals paler.

Dr. Felix Guyon (T.) Large, strong grower, orange yellow, with fawn centre; good.

Edith d'Ombrain. White, with an occasional pale pink tinge; large, full flowers.

Elizabeth Kitto. Salmon pink, something in the way of Madame Abel Chatenay, but distinct.

England's Glory Clb. (H.T.) Strong climbing Dijon habit; large, very full salmon pink flowers; very distinct.

Florence Pemberton (H.T.) Creamy white, with "suspicion" of pink, the edges of the petals occasionally flushed peach; a superb variety; vigorous grower, of free branching habit; of phenomenal size, very full, perfect in form. This is beyond doubt a magnificent rose. **2s.**

Helene Welter. Brilliant rose, flowers very large and full and perfect form; bud long and carried on an erect stem.

Louis Ricard (H.P.) A large and showy Pæony-like flower, deep velvety crimson, shaded with vermilion and black; does not burn; of good habit.

Lady Battersea. Beautiful cherry crimson, with orange shading; blooms medium size.

Lady Waterlow Clbg. (H.T.) Pale salmon rose, edged with carmine; large semi-double flowers.

Madame Edmee Metz (H.T.) Very free, rosy salmon pink; fine, especially in autumn, and mildew proof.

Mad. N. Levavasseur. Dwarf Polyantha, semi-double, rosy crimson flowers, about 1 foot high; good; a fine decorative plant.

Marguerite Guillott (H.T.) Creamy white, changing to pure white as the flowers open; very large, full, and globular.

Marguerite Gigandet (Tea scented). Coppery yellow, reflexed with gold and tinted with red, especially in the centre; very large and full.

Magnafrano (H.T.) Deep rosy carmine; fine bold flower, with thick petals, produced singly on stout stems.

Miss Marie Corelli (H.P.) Deep salmon pink; free flowering and hardy.

Morning Glow. Flowers bright rosy crimson, richly suffused with orange and fawn; a brilliant and fascinating combination of colors

Mrs Allen Chandler (Bourbon). This is a pure white sport from the well-known Rose Mrs. Paul; not quite double.

Paul Lede (H.T.) Superb carmine rose, shaded with yellow; very large, full, and cupped.

Pearce (Piper, 1902). Pale lemon yellow; bud very long and pointed; flowers large, full; growth vigorous, very floriferous.

Princesse Charles de Ligne (H.T.) Outer petals rose color, centre brilliant carmine; large and double.

Professeur d'Andre. Deep carmine rose, marbled with white, opening with silvery edges to the petals; flower large and semi-double.

Princesse M. Merchertsky (H.T.) Vigorous, large, full flower; color china pink.

Queen of Sweden and Norway (Tea). A distinct variety; it is a free bloomer, often salmon or fawn white.

Rene Andre (Wichuriana). Flowers singly or in small clusters of three to four flowers, semi-double; buds dark saffron yellow, tinted dark orange red; scent of the Tea Rose.

Rose d'Herby's (T.) Large full flower, deep canary yellow, with buff centre.

Senateur Belle (H.T.) Very vigorous, large globular full flower; colour salmon pink, with dark yellow centre.

Souvenir de Helene (H.T.) Vigorous, large full flower, salmon white, shaded with silvery pink.

Tea Rambler. With Tea foliage and rambling habits; vigorous rambling growth; bunches of seven to thirty miniature flowers. The flowers are of a coppery pink, changing as they expand, to a soft salmon pink; Tea scented.

Wallflower (Rambler). It flowers all along the shoots from base to top, presenting a solid face of rosy lake crimson blooms, a most attractive and soft color. The flowers are larger, somewhat lighter in coloring than Crimson Rambler.

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES.

The persistence and abundance of the flowering of these plants fully justified their being called "Ever-Blooming Roses." The Tea Section improves with age, and the first or even the second flowering must not always be taken as a fair criterion of the perfume or beauty of the particular varieties.

All the Best of Recent Introduction.

TEA-SCENTED and HYBRID TEA-SCENTED.

1s. each ; **10s.** per doz. ; post free, **11s.**

Adrienne Christophie. Outer petals deep yellow, generally shaded rose ; base of petals apricot, centre coppery ; large and full ; growth vigorous.

Alexandra. Flowers pale buff, with orange-yellow centre, shaded with apricot and bronze ; very beautifully shaped, and exceedingly attractive both on the plant and when cut.

American Beauty. Rosy cerise, large petal and flower ; full and fragrant.

Andre Schwartz. Deep crimson, shaded scarlet, large and fairly full ; fragrant and very free flowering ; growth vigorous.

Anna Chatron (T.) Cream, tinted pink ; large and free ; vigorous habit ; each petal delicately edged pink.

Anna Olivier. Rosy flesh, shaded yellowish buff ; large and fairly full, very beautiful in bud ; growth vigorous.

Antoine Rivorie (H.T.) Pale rosy flesh, shaded salmon.

Archduchesse Marie Immaculata. Terra-cotta red, shaded coppery yellow ; large and full, excellent form, very fragrant and free flowering ; a good show variety ; growth vigorous.

Augustine Halem. Hybrid Tea, rosy red ; medium size ; very full, and of good form ; highly scented ; first-rate.

Auguste Comte (Tea.) Magnificent shaped flowers like Maman Cochet ; outer petals carmine red, centre reddish yellow. The buds are long and extraordinarily beautiful, lasting a long time, and highly perfumed ; very floriferous ; a splendid variety for cut flowers.

Aurora (Hybrid Tea). Centre of flowers rich bright salmon pink, shading paler towards the outside ; large, full, and imbricated ; buds very rich in color and of beautiful shape, flowers extra fragrant, and produced continuously in large masses ; growth vigorous.

Baron Gaston Chandon (H.T.) Outer petals pale fawn, centre orange and peach.

Barrone C. de Rochetaillee. Long canary-yellow buds, shaded pink, open flowers, sulphur, tinted with salmon, very long with stout petals ; continuous flowering.

Beauty Inconstant (T.) Coppery red, shaded carmine and yellow, variable ; a mixture of colors not easy to describe.

Beauty of Stapleford. Deep rose, bright carmine centre ; large, full, and excellent form ; very free.

Belle Siebrecht. Bright rosy pink, buds long and handsome, large and fairly full.

Beryl (T.) Deep golden yellow, fine long buds, very highly scented ; not full.

Bessie Brown (H.T.) This is one of the gems of the collection, a first-class grower, with extra large ivory white flowers with blush centre, petals of great substance. Awarded the gold medal by the H.R.S., 1900.

Boadicea (Tea scented). Flowers pale peach color, delicately tinted with pink and violet, the centre richly shaded with rose, an exceedingly beautiful and chaste blending of colors ; large, full, high-centred, of fine elongated form, with large stiff petals.

Bonna Well Scott (H.T.) Clear, rosy carmine, centre shaded orange ; large, full, fine form, sweet-scented ; vigorous.

Bridesmaid. A clear, bright pink sport from "Catherine Mermet."

Cannes La Coquette. Uniform creamy pink ; large, full, and well formed.

Catherine Mermet. Light rose, uniform color ; large, full, and of excellent form ; a fine show variety ; growth vigorous.

Charles de Legrady. Carmine, changing to deep rose ; large and fairly full ; beautiful bud ; foliage large and handsome ; growth vigorous.

Charlotte Gillemott (H.T.) Creamy white, large thick petals ; erect habit, fairly full and really fine Rose.

Clara Watson (H.T.) A beautiful light-colored rose, of perfect shape ; tree of good habit ; centre of flower shaded salmon and rose.

Corallina. Flowers deep rosy crimson, shaded with coral red, large petals ; specially beautiful in the bud state. This is a strong-growing variety, which, combined with its free-blooming qualities, renders it one of the most charming crimson Roses in cultivation for massing and cutting.

Comtesse de Frigneuse. Bright canary yellow, large and nearly full, buds long and handsome ; growth vigorous.

Comtesse de Labarthe. Rosy flesh, fine globular form and fairly full ; very free flowering ; one of the best winter flowering roses in cultivation ; growth vigorous.

Comtesse de Panisse. Rosy buff, shaded and veined with red ; large and full ; growth vigorous.

Comtesse de Nadaillac. Rosy flesh, shaded coppery yellow ; large, full, and of excellent form ; one of the finest show varieties, but unfortunately rather a poor grower.

Comtesse Riza du Parc. Salmon rose, very fine.

Corinna (T.) The various shades of color in this Rose are very difficult to describe, being a mixture of flesh roses shaded coppery salmon ; habit good.

Cornelia Koch (Syn. May Rivers). Pale straw color, or nearly white ; of extra size, good form, and very full ; grand autumn Rose.

Coronet (H.T.) An extra large Hybrid Tea from America ; color rose pink ; sweetly scented.

Countess of Pembroke (H.T.) Soft satiny rose, with deeper centre ; extra large, very full, of perfect form, and always opens well ; a vigorous grower, free bloomer, and deliciously scented.

Denmark (H.T.) A Danish variety of great merit, in the way of La France, but of a rather deeper shade ; growth very sturdy, and the flowers carried erect ; free blooming and fragrant ; a grand show Rose.

Devoniensis. Creamy white, blush centre ; large, full, and well formed ; one of the best.

Dr. Cazeneuve (H.T.) Buds almost black, open flowers, deep velvety crimson, the color of Louis Van Houtte ; one of the darkest-colored Hybrid Teas ; growth vigorous.

Dr. Grill. Light rose, with coppery yellow centre ; beautiful bud, but not quite full.

Duc de Plantier (Syn. Triomphe de Luxembourg). Coppery rose, yellowish centre, large and full ; growth moderate.

Duchess of Albany. In the way of La France, but deeper in color, more expanded in form, and larger in size ; the flowers are dark, even pink, very large and full, highly perfumed, and in all respects of first quality.

Duchess Marie Salviati. Variable, sometimes deep yellow, shaded rose, or clear saffron yellow ; free.

Duchess of Westminster (H.T.) Brightest cerise, very large, without the least coarseness ; very finely formed.

Duke of Connaught (H.T.) Bright crimson, shaded dark purple, large, full and well-formed flower ; an exceedingly pretty color for this class, but rather a poor grower.

Duke of York. Flowers variable, between rosy pink and white, sometimes pale with deep red centre, sometimes white, edged with carmine ; very full and lasting ; a beautiful decorative variety.

Edouard Gautier. Outer petals white, tinged with rose, the centre rich deep yellow ; large, full and well formed ; superb.

Edouard Littaye. Bright rose, slightly shaded with amaranth, very large and full ; free flowering and vigorous.

Eliza Fougier. Pure white, sometimes slightly tinged white rose, petals large and of good substance, in shape and form not unlike Niphetos, but of much stronger and healthier growth.

Emile Gonin (T.) Centre coppery orange, changing to pale, outer petals edged with carmine ; large and full ; a beautiful combination of colors.

Empress Alexandra of Russia (H.T.) Color red, shaded with orange and carmine.

Enchantress (T.) Flowers creamy white, slightly tinged with buff in centre ; very free flowering and vigorous ; a good garden variety.

Ernest Metz. Soft carmine rose, centre deeper, very large and full, buds long and handsome ; an excellent show variety ; growth vigorous.

Etoile de Angers. Light rose, base of petals deep rose, large and full, shape not unlike Madame de Watteville, but of a much deeper color ; habit vigorous and free.

Etoile de Lyon. Bright sulphur yellow, large and very full ; foliage handsome, growth vigorous ; a good show variety.

FOR
New Roses for 1905
SEE COLOURED SHEETS.

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES—Continued.

Edmond Deshayes. Creamy white, shaded flesh in the centre, large and full; a strong grower carrying erect flowers.

Exquisite (H.T.) Flowers bright crimson, shaded magenta, buds large, long and clean, profuse bloomer, very fragrant, one of the best.

Fiametta Nabonnand (T.) Flowers satin white, slightly tinged with pale rose.

Frances Dubrieul (T.) Velvety crimson, reflexed with cerise and amaranth; a very fine red Tea Rose, with buds of great beauty.

Frau Peter Lambert. Dark pink, shaded rose and salmon in the centre, large full flowers produced singly on stiff stems, very free.

Friedrich Harms (H.T.) A yellow Kaiserin, lemon yellow, with deep orange yellow centre.

Garden Robinson. Purplish carmine, paler centre, large, full, of good shape, and sweet; growth robust.

Glory Lyonnaise. White, immense flower; not full.

Golden Gate. Fawn color, centre copper or deep yellow.

Grace Darling. Creamy white, shaded peach, base of petals yellow, large, full and of good form; a fine show rose, but rather a poor grower.

Gruss an Teplitz (H.T.) Flowers large and cupped; very free and vigorous; color, bright crimson scarlet; a great acquisition.

Helene Combier (H.T.) Salmon pink, with coppery base; large, exquisite shape, and very free flowering.

Helene Guillot. Pinky-white, centre shaded orange-yellow and pink, large, full, camellia-shaped flower with thick glossy petals.

Homere. Pale rose, with salmon centre, petals bordered with pink, full, and of good form, but not large; buds very pretty; growth vigorous.

Hon. E. Gifford. Pale flesh color, changing to white, centre light rose, large and full; growth not very vigorous.

Innocente Pirola. Cream color, almost white, large, full, and of good form; very fragrant.

J. B. M. Camm (Bourbon). Very pale, opaque, salmon pink; large, full, and high centred; growth vigorous.

J. B. Yarronne. Deep carmine, centre coppery yellow, large, and nearly full, free flowering and highly scented; growth vigorous; first-rate.

Jean Ducher. Coppery yellow, shaded peach, variable, large and full.

Jean Forgeot (T.) Cream tinted pink and salmon; fine, long, handsome bud; good habit and free flowering.

Jean Pernet. Bright yellow, changing to deep yellow; large and full; vigorous and free flowering; one of the best yellow roses.

Jeanne Guillaumez. Salmon rose, shaded red; centre metallic red, with yellowish base, large, and fairly full, buds handsome, growth vigorous.

John Ruskin (H.T.) Blooms large and full and well formed, bright rosy carmine; petals massive, smooth, and circular; sweet-scented.

Joseph Metral. Deep magenta, shaded purple, fairly large and very full; growth vigorous.

Jules Finger. Rose, shaded salmon, changing to deep rose, very large and full; a fine show variety; growth vigorous.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. Pure white, centre slightly shaded with cream; large, very full, and of perfect form; free flowering and vigorous; one of the best roses recently introduced.

Killarney (H.T) Very free and perpetual; large, long, pointed buds; flesh tinted white and pink.

Kronprinzessin Victoria (Bourbon). Best described as White Malmaison.

Lady Mary Fitzwilliam. Bright clear rose, very large, globular and full, sweetly scented; abundant and continuous bloomer.

Lady Roberts (Tea-scented). Reddish apricot, the base of the petals coppery red; large, full, and of good shape.

L'Innocence. Large and globular, of a brilliant whiteness; very vigorous. A white seedling from Caroline Testout; one of the most prolific bloomers, and most useful for florists' work; splendid bushy habit.

La France (H.T.) Pale peach color, reverse of petals deep rose; large, full, and well formed; very free and fragrant; growth vigorous.

La Fraicheur (H.T.) Carmine rose, shaded lighter; fine cup-shaped flowers; very free and of moderate growth.

La Tulipe. Creamy white, shaded and veined with peach; very long bud.

La Tosca (H.T.) Vigorous, good habit, strong and erect stalk, large, well-shaped solitary flower; soft blush white.

Leo XIII. White, slightly shaded lemon.

Liberty (H.T.) Brilliant crimson, rivalling General Jacqueminot in color, large, and of beautiful elongated form. It is a steady and constant bloomer, and a remarkable keeper when cut.

Lord Tarquin. Pale flesh color; very free flowering; one of the best.

Louis Levique (T.) Reddish yellow, shaded vermilion; good habit.

Ma Capucine. Bronzy yellow, beautiful in the bud, but almost single when expanded; growth moderate.

Ma Tulipe (H.T.) Flowers fine deep crimson, semi-double, with large stiff petals like a tulip, fine for cutting; growth very vigorous.

Madame Henri Berger. China rose color, long pointed bud opening to large full flower; very sweetly scented.

Madame Ada Carmody. Ivory white, beautifully tinted and edged with various shades of pink; large, full, and of moderate growth.

Madame Charles. Rich apricot in the bud, opening to fawn, large bud; fairly full, vigorous.

Madame Abel Chatenay. Light buff, shaded rose; good form, stiff petals, bold flower; vigorous.

Madame la Comtesse de Caserta. Coppery red, large petals, thick, not very full; superb for bouquets.

Madame Anthony Choquens. Buds amaranth, reverse of petals deep rose; fine for cutting; first prize, Paris Exhibition, 1900.

Madame Cusin. Purplish rose or lilac, with yellowish centre; medium size, full, and well formed; distinct.

Madame Honore Defresne. Rich golden yellow, centre shaded red; large, full, and free.

Madame Falcot. Deep apricot yellow; centre deeper, large, and fairly full; very beautiful in the bud; free flowering and of vigorous habit.

Madame Jean Dupuy. Rosy yellow, changing to creamy white and yellow towards the margin; outer petals edged with rose, long pointed bud opening to large well-formed flower; very free and promising.

Madame Augustine Guinnoisseau (H.T.) Outer petals creamy white, sometimes shaded light pink, centre soft flesh color, large, full, and of excellent form; growth vigorous; a sport from the well-known rose La France.

Madame Pierre Guillot. Centre coppery orange, changing to paler outwards, edges of petals rosy carmine, with reverse yellowish white, large, and fairly full; a beautiful combination of color; rather a poor grower.

Madame Jules Grolez (H.T.) Brilliant China rose, very free, large shell-shaped petals; long, handsome bud; branching habit; highly scented.

Madame Hoste. Pale yellow, nearly white, centre deeper, large and full, buds long and handsome; a fine show rose; growth vigorous.

Madame Francois Jamain. Orange yellow centre, coppery, of medium size; blooms freely; very sweet.

Madame Hippolyte Jamain. Outer petals white, tinted blush, centre coppery yellow, large, full, and of fine cupped form; an excellent show variety; growth vigorous.

Madame Caroline Kuster. Light yellow, centre deeper and sometimes coppery, large, full, and globular; abundant bloomer.

Madame Lambard. Salmon rose, shaded pink, large, full, and of good form; exceedingly free flowering, and of vigorous habit; one of the best garden roses.

Madame Louis Laurens. Deep red, reflexed magenta.

Madame Etienne Levet (H.T.) Bright cherry red, large, full, well formed; very free, sweet.

Madame Antonie Mari. Ground color rose, freely washed and shaded white, very handsome buds which open well, and free from mildew.

Madame Charles Monnier. Rosy flesh, centre yellow and orange; in the autumn the blooms are entirely yellow and orange; large full flowers, very free, and almost of half-climbing habit.

Madame E. Perrin. Very large flower, coppery yellow, base of petals creamy white, shaded yellow and mauve; bright, very fine.

Madame Eugene Resal. Flowers variable, ranging from coppery red to bright China rose on orange ground. The most beautiful blending of colors we have seen.

Madame Joseph Schwartz. White, sometimes tinged rose, medium size and fairly full; exceedingly free flowering; growth vigorous. This variety might be best described as a white Comtesse Labarthe.

Madame Caroline Testout (H.T.) Deep, bright, fleshy rose; in the way of La France, but not so full and of much darker color; petals immensely large and incurving; very free flowering, and of vigorous growth.

Madame Vermorel. Rose and coppery yellow centre, shaded and lined with red.

Madame Viger (H.T.) Beautiful pale rose, edges and reverse of petals silvery white, tinted with carmine, autum flowers almost white, long and handsome buds which open well; growth vigorous. First prize at Paris Exhibition, 1900.

Madame de Watteville. Creamy white, each petal edged with rose like a tulip, large and full, stout petals; quite distinct; exceedingly fragrant.

Madame Welche. Outer petals pale yellow, centre deep apricot yellow; variable; large and full; free flowering, and a vigorous grower.

Mademoiselle Christine de Noue. Very large, full, and good form, rosy lake, outer petals darker and shaded with purple; a vigorous grower.

Maman Cochet. Flesh-colored rose, sometimes shaded carmine, sometimes salmon yellow; large, full, and well formed, buds long and handsome; a first-class variety.

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES—Continued.

Mamie. Rosy carmine, with a distinct yellow zone at base of petals; the blooms are very large, full, and perfectly formed.

Marie Guillot. Pure white, large and full; vigorous.

Marian Vergara (T.) A rich magenta, shaded vermilion; does not fade when cut; very full and free; moderate grower.

Marie Christiana Reine d'Espagne (T.) Poppy red, full and high-petalled; first-class.

Marie Van Houtte. Very pale yellow, generally edged with rose; large, full, and well formed; a good old variety.

Marie Ducher. Transparent rose, large, full and well formed; free flowering and of vigorous growth.

Marion Dingee. Dark crimson, cupped, very free blooming; effective.

Marquis of Salisbury (H.T.) Very bright velvety red, medium size, semi-double, very free blooming; a very effective garden Rose.

Marquise Litta (H.T.) Carmine rose, with vermilion centre; large, full. An excellent addition to the dark-red, ever-blooming Roses, and can be highly recommended.

Marquise de Vivens. Bright rose, centre shaded yellow, long-pointed bud, not full; very free and fragrant.

Maurice Rouvier. Pale fleshy rose, veined deep rose, centre darker, large and full.

Mavourneen (H.T.) Delicate silvery white, shaded rosy flesh.

Mdlle. Francisca Kruger. Coppery yellow, shaded peach, variable, large, full, and of good form; very free flowering; growth vigorous.

Mdme. Ellie Lambert. Large, full, and well formed, beautiful flesh rose, passing to satiny white at edge of petals; very free and sweet.

Medea. A very large globular flower, very full and well formed, lemon yellow, with canary centre; vigorous grower and free bloomer.

Meta. Crushed strawberry color, suffused with saffron, base of petals coppery yellow; long, pointed buds.

Mildred Grant. Enormous flower on strong firm stalk, fine form with magnificent guard petals, pale rosy white; a very fine rose.

Miss Ethel Brownlow. Pink petals, shaded yellow at base, large and full.

Mrs. James Wilson. Large, full, and well formed; color intermediate between The Bride and Marie Van Houtte; very free blooming.

Mrs. E. Mawley (T.) Color, the richest salmon rose; flowers very large and full, very high centre; plant a good grower, one of the best of the new Roses; gold medal, 1899.

Mrs. B. R. Cant (T.) Deep rose on outer petals, and in the autumn frequently a rich red; inner petals soft silvery rose, suffused with buff at the base; of good substance, and symmetrical in form. A hardy variety and vigorous grower.

Mrs. Reynolds Hole (T.) Large full flower, deep shaded crimson, produced singly on long stalk; vigorous; fine brown foliage.

Mrs. Robert Garrett (H.T.) An improved M. de Caroline Testout, but of better habit; long pointed buds.

Mrs. Stephen Tresseder. Lemon yellow, sport from Anna Oliver; it has all the good qualities of Oliver, and will prove a good exhibition flower; a lovely rose in every way.

Muriel Grahame (T.) Pale cream, faintly flushed with rose. A sport from Catherine Mermet, which it resembles in growth and character.

Niphetos. Pure white or pale lemon, very long beautiful bud.

Papa Gontier (H.T.) Semi-double, very large petal, bright rose, reverse rosy crimson, fine well formed bud.

Paul Nabonnand. Satiny rose, veined with peach, large, full, and well-formed.

Perle de Lyon Rich golden yellow, very large and full, centre orange yellow.

Perle Von Godesburg. Golden yellow, sport of Kaiserin A. Victoria.

Perle des Jardins. Deep canary yellow, very large bud, of globular and good habit; free flowering; one of the best.

Pierre Guillott (H.T.) Crimson, shaded magenta, large, full, and free.

President. Rose, shaded salmon, large, and good form.

Prince de Bulgarie. Silvery flesh, very delicately shaded with salmon, long bud opening to full cupped-shaped flower; a distinct and very charming variety.

Princess Beatrice. Outer petals pale yellow, centre rich golden.

Princess Bonny. Beautiful bright rose; very free flowering and sweetly scented; a splendid rose.

Princess de Sagan. Velvety crimson, with purplish shade, and reflexed with amaranth, of medium size; beautiful bud in autumn.

Prinzessin E. von Ratibor (T.) Blood-red buds, shaded off to dark velvety red; perpetual flowering, and a superb variety.

Professor Ganiviat. Bright purplish rose; good winter rose.

Queen Mab (China). Soft rosy apricot, shade with orange.

Queen of Greece (T.) Flowers deep soft rose pink, shaded yellow, quite a distinct color.

Rainbow. A sport from Papa Gontier, bright red, striped pale pink, variable, large, but not full; free flowering and vigorous.

Robert Scott. Very large, Hybrid Perpetual-like bloom, but free blooming as a Tea, clear rosy pink, paler towards the outside; very good.

Rose d'Evian (H.T.) Buds magenta, opening flowers inside petals carmine, outside rose; large, full, and cupped petals of great substance. **1s. 6d.**

Rosslyn. Soft, rosy flesh-colored flowers.

Rubens. Creamy white, rosy centre.

Safrano. Deep apricot, changing to fawn when expanded; splendid winter bloomer.

Safrano Fleurs Rouges Red Safrano). Salmon red, shaded yellow, fairly large, but not full, buds long and handsome; best in autumn and spring; desirable for cut flowers; growth vigorous.

Sappho. Outer petals fawn color, suffused with rose, centre deep apricot yellow, large, very full, and of good form; growth moderate.

Senateur Loubet. Light rose, centre shaded yellow, reverse of petals coppery, buds long and handsome; free flowering and vigorous.

Souvenir de Victor Hugo. Light China rose, centre yellowish; outer petals shaded carmine, large and full.

Souvenir d'Elise. Creamy white, with yellowish centre, petals sometimes rosy edged, large and full.

Souvenir d'un Ami. Salmon rose, large and fairly full.

Souvenir du Rosieriste Rambaux. Creamy yellow, edged carmine rose, medium size, cupped and fragrant.

Souv. de President Carnot (H.T.) Rosy flesh, shaded with white at edges of petals; good form; a fine free flowering addition to this class.

Souvenir de Auguste Legros. Bright red, shaded deep crimson, large, full, and of perfect form, buds long and handsome; free flowering and vigorous.

Souvenir de Catherine Guillot T.) Color orange red, tinted carmine on yellow ground; an exceedingly beautiful combination of colors.

Souvenir de la Malmaison. Pale flesh, with deeper centre; very large and full; continuous bloomer.

Souv. de David d'Angus (T.) A dwarf growing variety, with beautiful deep crimson flowers, borne in great profusion.

Souvenir de Madame Ernest Cauvin (H.T.) Pale rosy flesh, centre pale yellow, almost white, sometimes shaded with orange; large, full, and good shape.

Souvenir de J. B. Guillot (T.) Bright strawberry red, changing to Capucine yellow, something in the way of Beauty Inconstant, but with a deeper shade of color.

Souvenir de Lady Ashburton. Coppery red, shaded salmon and yellow; variable; large, and nearly full.

Souvenir de Madame Pernet. Salmon rose, base of petals shaded yellow; large, fairly full, and of fine cupped form; very free flowering, and a vigorous grower.

Sou. de Mad. Sablyrolles. Rosy apricot, shaded yellow, slightly edged carmine, stout petals, large globular flower; vigorous.

Souvenir de Paul Neyron. Creamy white, centre rosy buff, large, full, and of excellent shape; a fine show variety; growth dwarf and compact.

Souvenir de W. Robinson (T.) This rose varies greatly in color, sometimes pink, sometimes orange red; very pretty and distinct.

Souv. de Pierre Notting (Tea-scented). Fine apricot yellow, washed with golden yellow, and shaded with orange; very large and full, opening well. It has received several gold medals.

Souvenir de Therese Levet. Dark crimson, outer petals shaded maroon, large, full, and of good form; one of the darkest roses in this class; growth moderate.

Souvenir de Wotten (Hybrid Tea). Bright red, uniform color, large, and fairly full; free flowering; growth moderate.

Sunset. Deep apricot, large and full, good in all stages; sport from Perle des Jardins; freer bloomer than that variety.

Sulphurea. Flowers bright sulphur-yellow, distinct and striking; plant hardy, of good habit, and very free blooming, with rich bronze foliage which contrasts handsomely with the color of the flowers; a fine yellow bedding or massing rose.

Sylph (T.) Flowers ivory white, tinted with peach color; large, high centre; deep stiff petals; erect habit. A grand exhibition rose, and a grand acquisition in the way of Madame Elie Lambert.

Tennyson (H.T.) This magnificent seedling from a well-known variety, White Lady, we believe to be the finest light-colored Hybrid Tea in cultivation. The flowers are large, very full and handsome; their color is pearly white, shaded with flesh color.

The Bride. Pure white, sometimes with a greenish tinge, sometimes tinted rose; large, full, and of excellent shape; one of the finest white roses in cultivation; growth vigorous.

Thea. Pure white, continuous bloomer.

The Meteor (H.T.) Rich dark velvety crimson, full, and of good form; free flowering and vigorous, but does not always open well.

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES—Continued.

The Queen. Pure white, large, and fairly full, buds long and handsome; growth vigorous; a sport from Souvenir d'un Ami.
Triomphe de Angers (H.T.) Deep crimson, shaded maroon; large, full, and of good form; very free flowering; growth moderate.
Triomphe de Pernet Pere. Light red, large, full, and free.
Viscountess Folkstone. Uniform creamy pink, very large, full, and globular; very effective, free blooming, and exceedingly sweet; vigorous grower.
Waban. A sport from Catherine Mermet, which it follows in form and habit; color soft carmine pink, the edges of the outer petals more deeply tinted.
White Maman Cochet (H.T.) In every respect equal to the now celebrated Pink Maman Cochet; cream rather than white.
White Lord Tarquin. A pure white sport from Lord Tarquin; a constant bloomer.
White Pearl. Creamy white, outer petals edged rose.
William Francis Bennett (H.T.) Deep bright rose, long beautiful buds, not full when open; very fragrant.
Zephyr (T.) Flowers pale sulphur yellow, changing to white as the flowers expand; large, full, of cupped form; very free and fragrant.

CLIMBING ROSES.

1s. each, **10s.** per doz.; post free, **11s.**

Ards Rover (H.P.) Probably the finest dark climbing rose extant; deep crimson, shaded maroon, perfect shape; a climber as dark as Prince C. de Rohan.
Bardo Job. Tea-scented, bright crimson, large, but not full.
Beaute de l'Europe. Deep yellow, reverse coppery; large, full, and shapely.
Belle Seibrecht (H.T.) We now offer a strong climbing sport from the rose that Messrs. Alex. Dickson & Son—the premier rose growers of the last few years—describe as undoubtedly "the finest rose grown." Such an expression, coming from so high an authority, needs no comment.
Billiard and Barre (T.S.) A beautiful climber, of good habit; large flowers, with stout petals; color, rich golden orange; superb.
Capt. Christy. Flowers similar to the dwarf variety.
Celine Forestier. Noisette, pale yellow, centre as a rule coppery yellow, large and full; free flowering and vigorous; one of the best.
Cheshunt Hybrid. Hybrid Tea, brilliant cherry carmine, very large, full, and well formed; highly scented, but not very continuous bloomer.
Clb. Caroline Testout (H.T.) A climbing form of the beautiful and popular variety, Caroline Testout.
Cloth of Gold. Noisette, pale sulphur yellow, centre deeper, large, full, and well formed; free flowering and vigorous.
Comptesse Labarthe (T.) A strong climbing sport of the old bushy variety; for covering arches, fences, or training up verandahs, it will prove a valuable acquisition. The most prolific bloomer of all Tea roses.
Devoniensis. Tea-scented, creamy white, blush centre, large, full, and finely shaped, very free flowering, and extremely vigorous.
Duchesse de Auerstadt. Tea-scented, yellow, centre deep nankin, large, full, and of fine cupped form; free flowering and vigorous.
Francois Crousse (T.S.) Bright crimson, sometimes fiery red, large, full, and of good shape; hardy for its class, and a good acquisition as a red climbing rose.
Glorie de Limbourne. Tea-scented, bright canary yellow, centre salmon yellow, large, full, and of good form.
Glorie de Dijon. Tea-scented, buff, shaded salmon, centre orange, large, full, and well formed; most suitable for cool districts.
Grand Duc Ludwig (Red Marechal Niel). Carmine red, shaped like Marechal Niel; good climber; sweet scented.
James Sprunt. Very rich scarlet crimson, large, full, globular, blooms in clusters, sweet; a Bengal rose.
Josephine Violet. Outer petals pale cream, centre coppery rose.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H.T.) A climbing sport from the dwarf of same name; of extra vigorous growth, and without doubt the best climber of its color; creamy white.
La France. A climbing sport from this well-known variety introduced from America. It possesses all the excellent qualities of the parent, the flowers being, if anything, superior to the dwarf variety. Unfortunately, it is a rather uncertain climber, some plants having a tendency to degenerate to the old variety, while others, worked from the same stock, are vigorous climbers. In any case it is, however, a much more vigorous growth than the parent, and already on this point well worth growing.
La France d. 89. Brilliant rosy red; very large and free flowering, very sweet scented, good pillar rose.
Lady Loch. Creamy white, primrose-yellow centre, very delicate tints; well formed, large, nearly full.
Lamarque. White centre, tinged with yellow, medium size, full; blooms in clusters; free.
L'Ideal. Coppery rose and yellow, with deeper shades and stripes; variable; producing beautiful buds of the Ma Capucine type; said to be a seedling from Wm. Allan Richardson.
Madame Berard. Salmon rose, shaded yellow, large, full, good shape, free, nearly thornless.
Mad. Dellespaul. Tea-scented, light yellow, centre salmon rose, cupped form; vigorous and free.
Mad. Wagram Comtesse de Turenne. A beautiful climber; flowers of a satin rosy color, a new color in climbers; vigorous and free; very good.
Mad. Andre Duron. Clear cherry red, large, fairly full, fine foliage; vigorous.
Madame Joseph Combet (H.T.) **(Climber).** Creamy white, blooms large and full with well-arranged petals; foliage thick and glossy; growth vigorous. The wood has the peculiarity of being absolutely thornless. Can be thoroughly recommended.
Marechal Niel. Rich golden yellow; very large, globular; full, exceedingly fragrant; unrivalled as a climber.
Meteor. The "Climbing Meteor" is identical with the original dwarf variety in color, but has a strong climbing habit, and produces abundance of flowers. Crimson is rather a scarce color in the class of Everblooming Roses, and we are sure this climber will be appreciated.
Mons. Desir (H.T.) Velvety crimson, shaded violet; very fragrant.
Mrs. C. Guilfoyle. A seedling from Madame Berard, which it very much resembles, but of a more pleasing shade; thornless.
Niphetos. Tea-scented, pure white, long buds, free flowering; a sport from Niphetos, but better all round; growth vigorous.
Noella Nabonnand. Tea-scented, extra large, semi-double, velvety crimson flowers with very large petals; very sweet; handsome in bud, more vigorous than Reine Marie Henriette.
Paul's Carmine Pillar. Flowers single, brightest rosy carmine; free bloomer and extra strong grower; flowers produced all up the stems; very good for pillars, arches, or for pegging down.
Perle des Jardins. Tea-scented; a climbing sport from this popular yellow rose, possessing all the good qualities of the parent; a great acquisition.
Reine Marie Henriette (H.T.) Bright rosy cerise, sometimes crimson, large and full, long petal, good shape; free.
Rev. T. C. Cole. Bright yellow, large, full, and well-shaped; free, intermediate between Marechal Niel and Cloth of Gold.
Reve d'Or. Deep coppery yellow, large, full, and well formed; fragrant and free; an excellent pillar rose.
Solfaterre. Sulphur yellow, nice bud, not very full; growth vigorous.
Souvenir de la Malmaison (Bourbon). A sport from the well-known dwarf variety, equally as free flowering, and exceedingly vigorous.
Souvenir de Wotton (H.T.) Another welcome addition to our red climbers; of extraordinary vigour and beautifully scented; a sport from our dwarf of the same name.
Souvenir de Madame Metral (H.T.) Bright red, with a shade of vermilion; perfect shape, very large and full; first-rate.
Triomphe de Guillot Fils. White, shaded rosy salmon, base of petals yellowish; very large and full, well shaped and sweet.
Waltham Climber, No. 3 (H.T.) Crimson, large, very fragrant; fine globular show flower.
White Marechal Niel *(Noisette)* **(Climber).** A light sport from Marechal Niel; identical in growth and foliage with this unequalled variety, but flowers are very pale, with lemon centre.
Wm. Allan Richardson. Deep orange yellow; small, full and free.

GENERAL LIST OF

Hybrid Perpetual Roses.

1s. each: **10s.** per dozen; post free, **11s.**

Abbe Bramerel. Deep red, shaded crimson; large, full, and of good form.
Alfred Colomb. Bright fiery red, large and full; splendid.
Alfred K. Williams. Bright carmine red, flowers large, imbricated, full and of good form.
Beauty of Waltham. Cherry color to bright rosy carmine, large and full, form cupped; one of the best.
Bellefleur (H.P.) An almost single pillar and hedge rose, fiery crimson.
Ben Cant. Color deep, clear crimson, with slightly darker flushes in the centre, and dark veining throughout.
Black Prince. Dark crimson, cupped, large, full and very finely shaped.
Bladud (H.P.) White, flush centre; very large and beautiful.
Captain Christy. Delicate flesh color, deeper in the centre, very effective flowers, large; growth moderate; blooms well in autumn.
Charles Darwin. Deep crimson, after the style of Camille de Rohen; sweet scented, good flower; a good exhibition H.P.
Charles Lamb. Bright red, lovely clear color, very beautiful in the bud; foliage handsome; habit hardy, and is invaluable for garden decoration and cutting.
Charles Lefebvre. Brilliant crimson, shaded purple in centre; flowers large, globular, and of grand form.
Crown Prince. Bright purple, centre shaded with lurid crimson; very large and double; very floriferous.
Dr. Andry. Bright red, very large, full, and of fine form; one o the best and most effective.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES—Continued.

Dr. Hogg. Reddish violet, the nearest approach to blue; pretty bell-shaped petals; very vigorous.

Dr. Sewell. Brilliant carmine scarlet, shaded with purple, back of petals bright red, large, full, and finely cupped; growth vigorous, free in flowering, and effective in appearance.

Duchess of Bedford. Flowers dazzling light scarlet crimson, surpassing in brilliancy any known rose of its color; large, full, and of perfect globular shape; a vigorous grower, with fine foliage.

Duke of Albany. Vivid crimson, darker as the flower expands.

Duke of Connaught. Rich, bright velvety crimson; exquisite shape.

Duke of Edinburg. Brilliant scarlet crimson, shading to maroon, flowers large and freely produced.

Earl of Dufferin. A splendid rose of rich, dark velvety crimson, shaded maroon; large, good shape.

Emperor de Maroc. Rich velvety crimson, shaded marcon; a most distinct variety; growth vigorous.

Frau Karl Druschki (H.P.) Snowy white, extra fine in bud, a strong growing variety, producing flowers of exceedingly handsome appearance, both on plant and when cut.

General Jacquieminot. Rich, velvety scarlet, changing to brilliant crimson, magnificent buds; very showy and good.

Grand Mogul (Wm. Paul and Sons). This splendid rose is a seedling from A. K. Williams, producing flowers of a deep and brilliant crimson, shaded with scarlet and black; in dull weather and late in summer the flowers are darker, approaching to maroon.

Heinrich Schultheiss. Delicate pinkish rose.

Helen Keller. Bright rosy cerise, petals large, shell shaped, good substance; full and free.

Her Majesty (Bennett). Very clear and bright satiny pink flowers, exceedingly large and very full, the petals most symmetrically arranged; of an unusually robust and rapid growth, very handsome glossy foliage.

Jean Liabaud. Velvety crimson, shaded with black, large, full, and of fine form. Figured in the *Rose Annual.*

Jean Soupert. Carmine crimson, shaded with fiery scarlet and black, changing to rich purple; large, full, very free and sweet.

John Bright. Very rich glowing crimson, exceedingly bright; flowers large, full, and of fine globular form; one of the brightest-colored varieties yet introduced.

John Hopper (Ward). Rose, reverse of petals purplish lilac; large, full, and good.

John Stuart Mill. Bright clear red, beautiful orm, fine, shell-like petal, fine flower.

Jubilee. Large, pure red, shaded crimson, and maroon; very free; an American novelty.

L. Ami Lourey. Dark velvety crimson, shaded bright red; almost perpetual.

Lord Beaconsfield. Deep rosy crimson, flowers very large and double, exquisitely formed.

Lord Macaulay. Rich scarlet crimson, sometimes maroon crimson; flowers of large size and fine form; strong in growth and free in blooming; foliage handsome; one of the best of the dark roses for the garden.

Lord Raglan. Scarlet crimson, edges violet crimson; large and full.

Louis Van Houtte (Lacharme). Bright scarlet crimson, shaded with amaranth and purple; large, full, and globular; fine shape.

Mabel Morrison. White, sometimes very delicately flushed with pink; large, and of good form; a fixed sport from Madame la Baronne de Rothschild; identical with that variety except in color.

Madame la Baronne de Rothschild. Clear, fresh pink; flowers large and of grand globular form; growth very vigorous; one of the most important and beautiful of the light roses; a first-class exhibition rose.

Madame Victor Verdier. Intense carmine, large and full, form cup; blooms in clusters.

Marchioness of Downshire (H.P.) Satiny pink, shaded rose.

Margaret Dixon. White, sometimes shaded rose.

Marie Baumann. Bright carmine, very large, smooth, and of exquisite form; first-class.

Merrie England (H.P.) This beautiful rose is a striped sport from that grand old variety, Heinrich Schultheiss. It has proved very constant, and, so far, is the best striped rose we have seen.

Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink, large, full, well-shaped, and very fragrant; a vigorous grower; the best light rose of its class.

Mrs. F. W. Sandford. A sport from Mrs. J. Laing; delicate pale blush, shading to white.

Mrs. Harry Turner. Dazzling crimson scarlet, with rich maroon shading, very fiery and brilliant in color; flowers large and full.

Paul Dupuy. Deep velvety crimson; good.

Paul Neyron. Dark rose color, very large but somewhat coarse, free flowering and very effective; growth robust.

Pierre Notting. Blackish red, shaded with viole; very large and full, form globular, habit good; a first-class rose.

Prefect Limbourg. Dark velvety red, shaded with violet, large and full.

Pride of Reigate. A sport from the Countess of Oxford, producing flowers of the same color, but beautifully striped and splashed with white, of pale pink.

Pride of Waltham. Delicate flesh color, richly shaded with bright rose.

Prince Arthur. Rich, deep crimson, large and abundant bloomer.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Crimson maroon, shaded with blood-red, very rich and velvety; large and full, distinct and good.

Princess Alice. Rich deep rose, with a fine satin-like gloss; large, cupped, and very double, with petals of great substance.

Princess de Bearn. Rich black crimson; a fine dark rose.

Queen of Queens. Pink with blush edges, centre deeper, large and full; erect form; free flowering.

Rev. Allan Cheales. Large peony-shaped flowers; a novelty in the way of color, being a pure lake, with reflex silvery white backs of petals.

Roger Lambelle (the White-Margined Rose) (H.P.) The flowers resemble a very large double Petunia, petals crenated and cupped; color deep crimson, with a distinct white margin surrounding each petal. It is one of the great novelties of the season.

Silver Queen (Wm. Paul and Sons). The flowers of this variety are silvery bluish in color, shaded in the centre with delicate rosy pink; very distinct and lovely; the growth is vigorous, foliage handsome, and the habit is unusually good, the flowers standing well above the foliage.

Sou. de Mad. Frogere. White, shaded rose, large, full and cupped, fine long buds.

Souvenir de Charles Montault. Fiery crimson, large flowers; fine.

Souvenir de Spa. Deep red, with scarlet reflex, large and globular.

Souvenir de William Wood. Dark blackish maroon, shaded with scarlet; large, full, and very effective.

Souvenir de Monsieur Boll. Cerise red, color uniform throughout; very large, full, and of perfect form; very sweet; one of the best.

Star of Waltham (William Paul). Deep crimson color, rich and effective; a magnificent flower of immense size, very full and fine form; one of the best.

Ulrich Brunner Fils. Bright cerise red, flowers very large; a seedling from Paul Neyron, of magnificent petal, and in all respects very fine.

Victor Verdier. Rosy carmine, purplish edges; a large showy, free-growing rose; very effective.

Victor Hugo. Rich crimson red, shaded purple, large.

Xavier Olibo. Dark velvety crimson, shaded amaranth.

POLYANTHA ROSES.

	s.	d.
Annie Marie de Montravel. Pure white, about the size of a florin, very full and beautifully imbricated; produced in large bunches; habit dwarf and bushy	1	0
Blanche Rebatel. Deep rose to crimson, very small flowers produced in large clusters, resembling the Lawrencians, or Fairy China Roses, but more profuse blooming, of better habit, and altogether superior	1	0
Clara Pfitzer. Light carmine, edged silvery white, medium size, imbricated; very free blooming, fragrant	1	0
Etoille d'Or. In the way of Perle d'Or, but rather smaller; outer petals pale chrome, centre deep lemon; the expanded flowers nearly white; a very pretty and useful variety	1	0
Eugenie Lamesch (Dwarf Polyantha). Opening flowers ochre yellow, changing to clear yellow, shaded with rose, of good shape, very fragrant	1	0
George Pernet. Delicate salmon rose; rather larger than Annie Marie de Montravel	1	0
Leonie Lamesch (Dwarf Polyantha). Bright coppery red, shaded with deep red and yellow; very rich, and a new color in this section; very sweet	1	0
Madame E. Nolte. Chamois yellow, changing to white	1	0
Marie Pavie. Rosy white, medium size, full and well-formed; distinct	1	0
Mdlle. Cecile Brunner. Delicate salmon pink, with deep salmon or coppery centre; small, very full, and pretty shape; very free, and delicately scented	1	0
Miniature. Small, daisy-like flowers, produced in great profusion, white, tinted with rose; habit very dwarf and bushy	1	0
Perle d'Or. Nankeen yellow, buds deep apricot, medium size, and very full; very constant and free blooming, dwarf, vigorous grower	1	0
Red Pet. Brightest dark crimson, continuous bloomer	1	0
Souvenir d'Elise Chatelon. Deep rose, vigorous	1	0

Climbing Polyantha and Rambler Roses.

	s.	d.
Aglaia. Yellow rambler	1	0
Claire Jacquier. Nankeen yellow, pretty little flowers in large clusters	1	0
Climbing White Pet. White	1	0
Crimson Rambler	1	0
Euphrosyne. Pink	1	0
Helene (P.) The finest of all the ramblers; the habit of growth and foliage is identical with the unrivalled favorite, Crimson Rambler, but the flowers are of a delicate shade of rose pink, shaded carmine	1	0
Thalia. White	1	0
The Dawson. Climbing Polyantha, growing in long, arch-like sprays, which are covered with enormous bunches of brilliant rosy-pink flowers	1	0

Banksian Roses.

Alba. Pure white, very small and full, produced in bunches; very sweet; a strong climber	1	0
Fortunei. White, large flower, very vigorous	1	0
Fortune's Yellow. Bronzy yellow, semi-double; moderate climber	1	0
Lutea. Similar, but of buff yellow	1	0

Hybrid Noisette Roses.

Allister Stella Grey (Climber). A beautiful variety, bearing enormous clusters of small, pale yellow flowers, with orange centre. Splendid for buttonhole and other decorative work	1	0
Boule de Neige. Pure white	1	0
Eliza Bœlle. White, rose centre	1	0

Moss Roses.

Blanch Moreau. White	1	0
Marie de Blois. Deep red	1	0
Mm. Lobb. Deep rose	1	0
Pink Moss	1	0
Red Moss	1	0
White Bath	1	0

Provence Rose.

Cristata, or **Crested Moss.** Bright rose, buds with a beautiful mossy crest	1	0

Summer Roses.

(AUSTRIAN BRIARS.)

Copper-Colored Variety (Rosa Lutea Punicea). Flowers single, the upper surface of the petals intense dark scarlet, the reverse chrome yellow; very effective	1	0
Persian Yellow. The richest yellow; large and double	1	0
Soleil d'Or *(Pernet-Ducher,* 1900). Color varying from orange-yellow to reddish-gold, shaded with nasturtium-red; conical shaped buds, opening to large, full, globular flowers; perfectly hardy, and very free flowering. A cross between Persian Yellow and a Hybrid Perpetual	1	0

Standard Roses.

2/6 each

We have a good assortment of Standard and Half Standard Roses, 2ft. to 4ft. stems.

Selection of Sorts must be left to us.

Wichuriana Roses.

(The Creeping Roses for covering banks.)

Dorothy Perkins. A beautiful shell pink; the flowers are borne in large clusters of small double blooms, and very sweetly scented; of strong climbing habit—something in the way of the climbing ramblers	1	0
Manda's Triumph. Large clusters of double white flowers, sweet-scented	1	0
Pink Roamer. Flowers 2 inches across, rich bright pink	1	0
South Orange Perfection. A free grower, close to the ground; large numbers of pretty flowers, white, tipped with pink	1	0
Universal Favourite. Large, double pink flowers, with dense green foliage	1	0

Violets.

Nothing can be more beautiful than some of the lovely varieties here enumerated. They are everybody's favourites. They cheer the most saddened spirits and gladden the most buoyant. They carry well per post, and should be well mulched and protected during the heat of summer.

Admiral Avellan. A very distinct variety. The blooms are single, in color rich purplish crimson (an entirely new shade in this class of flowers), fragrant, and carried on long stalks. 6d. each, 5s per doz.

California. A fine large, single violet of recent introduction; color medium blue; straight long stalks. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Count Brazza (Syn. Swanley White). This is one of the best double white violets in cultivation. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Italia. A strong-growing variety, large, violet-purple, single. 3d. each, 3s. per doz.

John Raddenbury. Single, color pale blue; a very strong-growing violet, and very hardy, the flowers produced on long footstalks. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

La France. Blooms are single, blue, with metallic lustre, fragrant; petals enormously large and round, carried well above the foliage on strong upright stems, affording great facility in gathering; under good cultivation, the flowers are of unusual size. 1s. each, 9s. per doz.

Marie Louise. Double, color rich lavender blue, with light centre; flowers very large, free blooming, and deliciously fragrant. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

May Jackson. A beautiful seedling, large, single, pale blue flowers; superior to John Raddenbury. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Neapolitan. Double, color a double shade of mauve, very strongly scented; a favourite variety. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

Princess of Wales. Large and fine variety; color bright blue; large flowers. We can confidently recommend all growers and lovers of this family to obtain this variety. 3s. per doz.

White Czar. This is a single white variety, very much superior to the common white violet. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Half-Rate Railway Freights for despatch of Flowers & Floral Designs only

MILES.	Not Exceeding— 3 lb.	7 lb.	14 lb.	28 lb.	42 lb.	56 lb.	70 lb.	84 lb.	98 lb.	112 lb.	Each additional 28 lb. or part thereof.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1 to 22	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 6	0 6	0 9	0 9	0 9	0 9	0 3
23 to 86	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 6	0 6	0 9	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	0 6
87 to 150	0 3	0 6	0 6	0 9	1 3	1 6	1 9	2 3	2 9	3 0	0 9
151 to 300	0 6	0 9	1 0	1 6	2 0	2 6	3 0	3 6	4 0	4 6	1 3
301 to 510	0 9	1 0	1 3	2 0	2 9	3 6	4 3	5 0	5 9	6 6	1 9
Over 510	1 0	1 3	1 6	2 3	3 0	4 0	5 0	5 9	6 9	7 6	2 0

Patrons wishing to send Birthday and other Greetings in Flowers to friends in Brisbane, Melbourne, Adelaide, Hobart, and Launceston, can have them despatched through us on four hours' notice.

TRY OUR

LAWN GRASS.

For Patching up dried-out Spots.

And you will soon notice a great improvement in the appearance of your Lawn.

Searls' Flowering Bulbs

ALL BULBS POST FREE to any part of Australia.

WE take every precaution possible to be sure of the correctness of names as well as the thorough soundness of our Bulbs, and we feel sure there will be no comp'aint on either of these grounds. Any Bulbs not in this list can also be supplied.

Please Note our "Collections" (see page 49). In cases where it is deemed advisable to leave the selecting in our hands the greatest care will be taken to send only Bulbs which we know will give satisfaction. Send us the aspect of land to be used, and climatic conditions.

Anemones.

These truly magnificent flowering tubers are deserving of a place in every garden, and we cannot too highly recommend them, their variety of color, from deep crimson to white and striped, rendering them very attractive. The brilliancy of some and exquisitely delicate coloring of others making them indispensable.

Blue. 1s. per doz.

Chrysanthemum Flowered. 1s. 6d. per doz.

Dutch. Double mixed, including many brilliant shades of color 1s. doz., 5s. per 100, 40s. per 1000.

Dutch. Single mixed, all colors, a splendid assortment. 1s. doz., 5s. per 100, 40s. per 1000.

Fulgens. Single (*The Windflower*). This is a charming variety, bearing a profusion of bright scarlet flowers through winter and spring; very conspicuous, and ought to be in every collection. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz

Fulgens. Double, equally beautiful. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Scarlet. Very showy. 1s. per doz.

St. Brigid. A beautiful strain of the Chrysanthemum-flowered Anemone, with double and semi-double flowers of the most brilliant colors. 2s. per doz

The Bride. Single variety, beautiful pure white; flowers very early. 1s. per doz.

White. Single variety, extremely beautiful, pure white; flowers very freely. 1s. per doz.

WE OFFER 12 each of all Anemones listed (9 doz. in all), Post Free - - 10/6

Allium Neapolitanum.

Lovely pure white flowers in large umbels, does best in cool climates. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

Amaryllis.

Belladonna (*Belladonna Lily*). Delicate pink; very sweet scented; extremely valuable for cut flower and decorative purposes. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Formosissima (Sprekelia) (*The Jacobean Lily*). Showy bulbous plants, with beautiful brilliant crimson flowers; a very handsome border plant. 1s. each.

Kermesemum. Terra-cotta. 1s. each.

Vittata (Hippeastrum), Hybrids. These produce flower stems from eighteen inches to two feet, surmounted by remarkably handsome, large heads of trumpet-shaped flowers; of easy culture; fine border plants. 1s. each, 10s. per doz.

The Amaryllis and their species form one of the most gorgeous and attractive classes of bulbs in cultivation. The flowers, which are funnel-shaped, are of most beautiful and delicate colors, ranging through various shades.

Anomatheca Cruenta.

A charming plant for edgings, bearing a great many flowers of a lilac shade. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Babiana.

Very showy bulbs, suitable for small borders; should be planted in a light sandy compost. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz.

Brunsvigia.

Multiflora. 1s. each

This magnificent border plant forms a handsome crown of flowers on a stem of about three feet, containing from eighteen to twenty-four separate large blooms; the colors are pink and white, with a delightful perfume; will flower first season.

Chlidanthus Fragrans.

6d each, 5s. per doz.

Large, yellow, lily-like flowers; exceedingly beautiful and deliciously fragrant.

Crocus.

A beautiful little flower of various colors, very bright and fresh, with distinct long wire-like foliage; thrive best in cold climate.

Blue. 2s. 6d. per doz.
Mixed. 2s. 6d. per doz.
Striped. 2s. 6d. per doz
White. 2s. per doz.
Yellow. 2s. per doz.

Anemone (Chrysanthemum Flowered).

Freesia.

We can highly recommend the Freesia. They have a most delightful perfume, bearing a great profusion of beautiful flowers, and should be in every flower garden. They are, without doubt, one of the best introductions known in bulbous flowers, their strong yet exquisite scent surpassing every other kind. Fine for pot culture.

Freesia Leichtini. Yellow, sweetly scented. 1s. doz., 5s. per 100.

" **Refacta Alba.** 6d. doz., 3s. per 100, 25s. per 1000

Messrs. Searl & Sons.

Dear Sirs,—The plants came safe this morning, and I am more than pleased with them. They are really most beautiful. With thanks.

Yours sincerely,

Bathurst, June 13, 1904. *SAMUEL STOW.*

BULBS—Continued.

Gladioli.

No garden is complete without this magnificent section of the bulb family. Needs no description.

CULTURE OF THE GLADIOLI.

The culture of the Gladioli is exceedingly simple, as they will grow in any average soil; but to grow them to perfection the soil should be of a sandy or loamy nature, and should be well worked or trenched to a depth of 18 inches. No new or green manure should be used in preparing the soil, but old well-rotted stable manure, dug well in so that it does not touch any of the Bulbs, will greatly assist in keeping the ground in a moist open condition, and will promote a strong, hardy growth. A dressing of bone manure can, however, be incorporated with the soil with perfect safety. If planted in rows the bulbs should be 8 to 10 inches apart, and the rows 2 feet, and covered to a depth of 2 to 3 inches. When the shoots are about 12 inches high they should be tied up to keep them straight. The soil between the bulbs should be well stirred and kept clean. It will not be necessary to water them unless the season is a very dry one, if the ground has been well worked as we recommend, but if watering is resorted to let it be done thoroughly if less frequently. A top dressing of manure over the surface of the soil is an excellent practice in summer. After the plants have finished blooming and show signs of ripening, by their yellow and brown leaves, the bulbs should be lifted and the shoots cut off close to the bulbs; and when the bulbs are properly dried the old sole or bulb should be removed and the new bulbs stored in a dry place until ready for replanting.

Named Varieties. 1s. each, 10s. per doz.

Mixed Varieties, for using in masses. 6s. per doz.

EARLY FLOWERING.

Colvillei, Alba, "The Bride," a beautiful pure miniature white variety. 3s. per doz.

Rosy Gem. About 2 feet high; branching; color white, striped rosy purple; very free and hardy.

Hyacinthus Candicans.

An entirely distinct species, producing spikes 5 feet long, covered with white, bell-shaped flowers; quite hardy. 6d. each.

Hyacinths.

These magnificent plants will do well in any good soil; nothing can be more beautiful or fragrant than a bed of this old English favourite. We particularly recommend the single varieties for fine spikes. These charming plants require a light rich soil. The bulbs we offer are fine strong sound ones—the very best sorts procurable, and form very interesting subjects for water culture.

Single Red	**Double Red**
„ Blue	**„ Blue**
„ White	**„ White**
„ Yellow	**„ Yellow**

Of these distinct colors we can supply almost any shade of either the Single or the Double variety, such as rose, lilac, pink, blush, dark blue, light blue, &c. &c. 8d. each, 7s. per doz.

IN THE OPEN GARDEN.—Hyacinths prefer a good sandy loam, enriched with old stable manure; peaty soils also suit them if well drained, or peat mixed with loamy or sandy soil grow them splendidly; do not succeed in dry soils. They should be planted in rows or in clumps 6 to 12 inches apart, and the crown of the bulb must be covered with at least an inch of soil. If the shoot, when it comes through the ground, shows an inclination to open and reveal the flower buds which it encloses, cover it up at once with an inverted flower pot, the object being to draw the flower stem from the bulb while it is enclosed in the leaves, and before the flower is exposed to the sun. If this is not done it sometimes happens that the flower begins to color when only a portion of it has appeared, and the beauty of the spike is thus lost. Allow the flower pot to remain until the flower stem is well through and above ground, then remove it, and fine spikes will be secured. The bulbs must be lifted when they have done flowering and their foliage has died down.

HYACINTHS GROWN IN POTS are very beautiful. Plant in 6-inch pots, in rich, loamy, sandy or peaty soil, well mixed; drain the pots well, place them in a shady or dark place until shoots appear above ground, and water sparingly, but when in full growth give a liberal allowance.

TO GROW HYACINTHS IN WATER. (Glasses for this purpose see below).—Place the Hyacinth in the glass sufficiently filled with water to allow the base of the bulb barely to touch it, and place them in a dark cupboard for about three weeks, until the roots are well started and the shoot is at least half-an-inch long, then remove them by degrees to a well-lighted position in the room near the window, and as close to the glass as possible. Renew the water once a week, and keep it filled up to the base of bulb only.

Hyacinths grown in water are most interesting and make lovely plants, spikes often 9 inches long; they are very easily grown, and do well in this climate.

Hyacinth Glasses for growing Hyacinths in. 9d. each, 6s. per doz.

Mixed Varieties. 4s. per doz., 25s. per 100.

Early Roman. Pure white. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

ALL OUR PACKET SEEDS are Post Free everywhere.

Iris Kœmpferi.

(Giant Japanese Varieties).

We have a fine collection of all the most beautiful Iris. The blooms we exhibit each season in our window are perfect revelations of gorgeous beauty, and in range of colors are quite apart from all other flowers. Flowering period, September to December. 1s. each, 9s. per doz.

Iris.

Iris. Spanish, mixed. Very beautiful shades of color. 3s. per doz.

Ixias.

Choice Varieties, including scarlet, white, yellow, &c. 1s. 6d. per doz., 8s. 6d. per 100, 75s. per 1000.

Ixia, tall, white, beautiful. 2s. per doz.

„ Viridiflora, green, 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

Jonquils.

Single Yellow. Much admired for their beauty and delicious fragrance; flower early, and last a long time. 1s. 6d. per doz.

Anemone.

Double Yellow. Beautiful, sweetly-scented. 2s. 6d. per doz.

Campernelli. Splendid for Vases. 2s. 6d. per doz.

NARCISSI.

These truly glorious flowers grow well in all parts of N.S.W.; and when the cost of the brilliant display they make and the length of time they remain in flower is considered, it will be easily realised that a garden is incomplete which does not possess a good assortment of them.

To facilitate selection, we have placed a number opposite each variety **indicating the order of flowering,** thus rendering it easy for customers to insure a display throughout the season over which the flowering extends.

We have denoted the relative order in time of flowering by (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Thus (1) indicates a first early variety and (5) a late variety.

SELF-YELLOW TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

Ard Righ (Irish King) **(1).** Large trumpet, yellow perianth. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

BULBS—Continued.

Bulbicodium (Four-hoop Petticoat Narcissus). Color like the Buttercup; small flowers, large corolla, with small outer petals. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Countess of Annesley (1). Sulphur yellow perianth; rich, full yellow trumpet. 4d. each, 3s. per doz.

Emperor (3). Deep primrose perianth; imbricated sepals; large, rich yellow trumpet; beautiful. 6d. each, 5s. per doz., 25s. per 100, £7 per 1000.

Golden Spur (1). Deep yellow; trumpet large and lobed; early. 6d. each. 5s. per doz.

Major (3). Rich yellow; twisted perianth; hardy, late. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Maximus (3). Rich golden yellow; twisted perianth; large, late. 6d. each, 5s. per doz., 20s. per 100.

Obvallaris (Tenby Daffodil) (1). Rich yellow throughout; perfect form; most beautiful. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

P. R. Barr (4). Primrose perianth; rich, full yellow trumpet; free bloomer. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

WHITE-WINGED OR BICOLOR TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

Empress (3). White perianth, great substance; rich yellow trumpet. 6d. each, 5s. per doz., 25s. per 100, £7 per 1000.

Grandis (5). Large and finely imbricated; pure white perianth, large full yellow trumpet. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Horsefieldii (1). White perianth, rich yellow trumpet; large. 6d. each, 5s. per doz

Princeps (1). Pale lemon perianth, often lighter than the trumpet. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

WHITE AND SULPHUR-COLORED TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

Albicans (3). White perianth, trumpet primrose, passing to white; elegantly recurved. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Cernuus (1). Perianth and trumpet silvery white. 1s. each, 9s. per doz

Moschatus (White Spanish Daffodil) (1). Charming dwarf variety. 1s. each, 10s. per doz.

INCOMPARABILIS OR CHALICE CUPPED DAFFODILS.

Autocrat (3). Very handsome flower; full self yellow. 3d. each, 2s. 6d per doz.

Beauty (4). Red cup 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Cynosure (2). Large primrose perianth, and changing to white; stained orange scarlet cup. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Gwyther (3). Large, broad yellow perianth; crown suffused orange. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Lorenzo (3). Perianth primrose, passing to white; cup yellow. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Princess Mary (4). Broad white perianth; cup much expanded; smooth and suffused orange. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Prince Teck (4). Creamy white perianth; large expanded cup. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Queen Bess (1). Pure white perianth, large, much expanded; pale yellow cup. 4d. each, 3s. per doz.

Sir Watkin (Giant Welsh Chalice Flower) (2). Rich sulphur yellow perianth; cup yellow, tinged with orange; beautiful, 6d. each, 5s. per doz., 25s. per 100, £7 per 1000.

Stella (3). Large white perianth; yellow cup. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

LEEDSII.

Duchess of Brabant (3). Perianth white; cup canary. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Madge Matthews (3). Large white perianth; elegant white cup; distinct. 1s. each.

Minnie Hume (3). Large white perianth; large spreading cup, passing from lemon to white; a chaste flower. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz., 15s. per 100, £6 per 1000.

Mrs. Langtry (3). Broad white perianth; large white cup, edged bright canary yellow. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

White. Silver white, lovely flower. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

POETICUS.

Alba Plena Odorata (5). Double white, Gardenia flowered; useful for cutting. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Ornatus (Pheasant's Eye) (4). Single; pure white imbricated perianth; flat cup, edged scarlet. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Poetarum (5). Broad pure white perianth, with conspicuous orange scarlet flat cup; a beautiful and showy flower. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

Our General Nursery Stock . .

Is unrivalled, and we are always extremely careful that every plant sent out is in the best condition possible for taking root in its new home.

DOUBLE DAFFODILS.

Double Yellow (Aurantius Plenus) (2). Double yellow, with orange centre. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Orange Phœnix (Albus Plenus Aurantius) (3). White with orange nectary; beautiful. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Sulphur Phœnix (Albus Plenus Sulphureus) (3). White, with sulphur nectary; exquisite. 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Telamonius Plenus (2). Grand double yellow trumpet Daffodil. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

POLYANTHUS OR BUNCH-FLOWERED NARCISSI.

Bathurst. Pale lemon; good; large flower; very early. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Double Roman. White, orange nectary; early. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Grand Monarque. White perianth, yellow cup; immense truss; the finest of all; late. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Grand Primo. White perianth, yellow cup. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz, 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Ixias.

Grand Soliel d'Or. Deep rich yellow, with orange cup. 2d. each 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Paper White. Charming pure white, exquisite perfume; early. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

BARRI.

Conspicuus (4). Broad spreading perianth; broad short cup, conspicuously edged orange scarlet; the most beautiful of this type. 4d. each, 3s. per doz., 20s. per 100, £5 per 1000.

Flora Wilson (4). Pure white perianth; cup stained orange scarlet; very striking flower. 9d. each, 8s. per doz.

Golden Mary (3). Showy, bright golden yellow; late flowering. 6d. each, 5s. per doz., 30s. per 100.

BURBIDGEI

Baroness Heath (3). Perianth yellow; cup suffused orange scarlet. 1s. each, 9s. per doz

Burbidgei (3) Clear white cup, margined bright cinnabar red; a beautiful early flowering form of Poeticus. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1000.

Messrs. SEARL & SONS.

Dear Sirs —Many thanks for your promptness in sending wreath, which arrived in excellent condition and was much admired. Please find P.O. notes for amount.

Yours truly,

Hereford, Kelso, Nov. 7, '04. G. RUTHERFORD.

BULBS—Continued.

Falstaff (3). Perianth snow white; cup lemon, margined orange. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz., 15s. per 100.

John Bain (3). Large white perianth; citron cup. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz., 15s. per 100.

Lachenalia.

Aurea. Golden. 6d. each.

Very free flowering; flowers yellow, margined with green, red and orange; spotted leaves.

Leucojum Æstivum.

(Snowflake.)

A very beautiful substitute for the old English Snowdrop, and does admirably here. 6d. per doz., 3s. 6d. per 100.

Pulchellus Majus (*The Giant Snowflake*). 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Liliums.

(Ready for Delivery in June.)

The Lilium family all thrive well in New South Wales; the bulbs we offer are colonial grown.

Lilium Lancifolium Rubrum, 9d. } Charming varieties.
" " **Roseum,** 9d. }
" " **Album,** pure white, 9d.
" **Longiflorium,** pure white. 6d.
" **Harrisi** (True Easter Lily). 1s. each.
" **Candidum,** pure white, very handsome. 9d. each.
" **Tigrinum** (Tiger Lily), Single and Double. 6d. each.
" **Auratum** (Golden Rayed Lily of Japan). 1s. 6d.

Montbretia.

Crocosmæflora. Distinct varieties. Extremely hardy free growing plants, which flower profusely when thoroughly established. The flower stems are from 2½ to 3 feet in height and gracefully arched, and the colors are charming—bright orange, golden yellow, orange and bright vermillion, striped vermillion, and rose. They grow well in any soil 3s. per doz.

Muscaria or Grape Hyacinths.

Mixed colours. Very beautiful, pale blue and snow white; do well in cold climate. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

Nerine.

Japonica (The beautiful Japanese Spider Plant). A charming variety. In September, after the leaves have withered, it sends up flower stalks 9 to 12 inches high, which are crowned with umbels of bright red flowers with long curved stamens. 6d. each, 4s. per doz.

Sarniensis (Guernsey Lily). This belongs to the Amaryllis tribe of bulbous plants. It thrives well in the open ground; flowers pale salmon colour. 1s. each.

Ornithogalum.

This is a very handsome bulb, bearing a spike of pure white flowers with pure black centre, the blooms retaining their freshness for some time after being cut.

Arabicum. Very large. 3d. each, 2s, per doz.

Ranunculus.

A favourite pretty flower. They bloom very freely, and are of magnificent colors and each individual flower is a perfect specimen in itself. A light soil is the most suitable, and if a little sand is added so much the better.

French, mixed. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100.
Persian, mixed. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100.
Turban, mixed. 1s. per doz., 5s per 100, 40s. per 1000.
" scarlet. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100.
" white. 1s. per doz.
" black. 1s. per doz.

Scilla.

Wood Hyacinth. A beautiful little spring blooming bulb; will succeed in almost any situation, being perfectly hardy; flowers are of various colors, principally blue shades, and are produced on a short stem; some of the varieties are very dwarf and exquisitely beautiful. 3d. each, 2s. per dozen.

Sparaxis.

We have a very fine collection of the above, embracing every shade of color, and beautifully marked. They are of very easy culture, and a very few planted amongst other bulbs will secure a dazzling display of beauty. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 8s. 6d. per 100, 70s. per 1000.

Pulcherrima (Dierama). 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Tigridia.

Pavonia (The Tiger Flower), so called from the peculiar markings of its beautiful single crimson flowers, which are spotted with yellow; it is very hardy; height 10 to 12 inches. 6d. each, 4s. per doz.
Canariensis. Yellow, scarlet spots 6d. each.
Conchiflora. Yellow and red spotted. 6d. each
Grandiflora Alba (White Tiger Flower); white, spotted crimson; large 9d. each.
Lilacina. Purplish lilac, dark in centre. 1s. 6d. each.
Speciosa. Bright yellow, spotted red 1s. 6d.

Tritelia Uniflora.

A very pretty white flower, with a delicate band of blue along the centre of each flower. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Tritonia.

Choice Mixed. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 8s. 6d. per 100, 70s. per 1000.
Lineata. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz.
Longiflora. A very useful decorative flower; allied to the Ixias, of a rich salmon color; distinct. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz.

Turban Ranunculus.

Tulips.

Double, Mixed. 2s. per dozen, 12s. per 100.
Single, mixed. 2s. per doz, 12s. per 100. For massing in beds. These single varieties are quoted cheaper than ever offered before, and should induce planting in quantity.

This genus of old favourite flowers can be grown in parts of our State with great success, and flowered the first season after planting. They prefer a rich sandy loam, but any ordinary land can be enriched by the addition of plenty of old stable manure to grow them successfully; if the soil is inclined to be stiff the addition of sand would be serviceable. The cooler districts of our State will grow them admirably, but they will do fairly well in other parts if a cool or shady position is selected and plenty of water given, should the weather be dry during the growing season.

Vallota.

Vallota Purpurea (*Scarborough Lily*), bright orange scarlet, free flowering and showy. 1s 6d. each.

Watsonia.

O'Brieni Alba. A most beautiful snow-white variety; should be in every garden. 4d. each, 3s. per doz.

O'Brieni Alba is a magnifficent plant; when in flower it is from 5 feet in height, and throws up enormous spikes, and produces side shoots which flower in succession for a month or six weeks. Suitable for cutting.
Rosea. Very pretty. 4d. each, 3s. per doz.

Dry bulbs can be supplied up to the end of June.

Special BULB Collections

COLLECTION OF DAFFODILS.

100 SUPERB BULBS FOR - - 20/-

Five each of the following varieties:

Albicans. White perianth, with primrose trumpet.
Ard Righ. Large trumpet, yellow perianth.
Barri Conspicuus. Edged orange scarlet.
Burbidgei. White perianth, cup margined red.
Countess of Annesley. Sulphur and yellow.
Cynosure. Primrose and orange scarlet.
Duchess of Brabant. White and Yellow.
Emperor. Primrose perianth, yellow trumpet.
Empress. White perianth, yellow trumpet.
Golden Spur. Deep Yellow.
Horsfieldii. White perianth, yellow trumpet.
John Bain. Nearly white; beautiful.
Maximus. Rich golden yellow.
Obvallaris (Tenby Daffodil). Rich yellow.
Poeticus Ornatus. White, cup edged scarlet.
Poeticus Poetarum. Pure white perianth, orange cup.
Poeticus Plenus. Double white.
Princeps. Pale lemon perianth.
Stella. Large white perianth, yellow cup.
Telamonius Plenus. Double yellow.

For those not requiring so many Daffodils as 100, we will supply 50 for 10/-, five each of 10 sorts (our selection).

1905

REMITTANCES.

On account of our very low quotations it must be distinctly understood that a remittance must accompany every order.

ASSORTED COLLECTIONS.

No. 1 Collection, 5/- 70 IN ALL.

12 **Anemones.** Attractives colors; single and double mixed.
12 **Freesias.** Delightfully fragrant; pure white.
1 **Gladiolus.** Fine showy flowers.
2 **Hyacinths.** Delightful perfume.
6 **Ixias.** Assorted colors; flowers profusely.
3 **Narcissus.** Spring flowering bulbs.
12 **Ranunculus.** Brilliant colors and showy.
2 **Scillas.** Exquisite little flowering bulbs.
12 **Snowflakes.** White bells with green tips.
3 **Sparaxis.** Various colors; graceful habit.
3 **Tritonias.** Elegant and beautiful.
2 **Watsonia Alba.** Pure white; very free flowering.

No. 2 Collection, 10/- 102 IN ALL.

24 **Anemones.** Attractive colors; single and double mixed.
20 **Daffodils.**
12 **Freesias.** Deliciously fragrant; pure white.
2 **Gladioli.** Fine showy colors.
4 **Hyacinths.** Mixed colors; fragrant.
6 **Ixias.** Charming little flowering plants.
6 **Narcissus.** Assorted bunch flowered varities.
12 **Ranunculus.** Bright showy colors.
2 **Scillas.** Dwarf and exquisitively beautiful.
12 **Snowflakes.** White bells, green tops.
6 **Sparaxis.** Beautiful colors.
6 **Tritonias.** Very bright and free flowering.
6 **Tulips.** Unique colors; single and double mixed.
1 **Watsonia Alba.** Pure white; very free flowering.
1 **Watsonia Rosea.** Lovely pink shade.

No. 3 Collection, 20/- 163 IN ALL.

24 **Anemones.** Mixed colors; very beautiful.
12 **Babiana.** Very showy, splendid for borders.
24 **Freesias.** Most lovely perfumed flowers.
4 **Gladioli.** Choice sorts.
1 **Hippeastrum.** Beautiful Hybrid.
6 **Hyacinths.** Mixed colors; rich, fragrant.
12 **Ixias.** Beautiful colors; light and graceful.
4 **Green Ixias.** Charming shade; uncommon color.
6 **Narcissus.** Named varieties of these favorites.
6 **Narcissus, Paper White.** Exquisite.
2 **Nerine Japonica** (Japanese Spider Plant).
24 **Ranunculus.** Brilliant colors.
2 **Scillas.** Beautiful blue; dwarf growth.
12 **Snowflakes.** Pure white bells, tipped green
12 **Sparaxis.** In charming colors; graceful.
8 **Tulips.** Mixed; single and double.
2 **Watsonia Alba.** White.
2 **Watsonia Rosea.** Rose flowers.

We Supply DUNLOP HOSE As being the Best for the Garden.

PRICES PER FOOT (In Three Qualities.)

DUNLOP BRAND.				OCEANIC BRAND.				MELBOURNE BRAND.			
SIZE.	2 Ply.	3 Ply.	4 Ply.	SIZE.	2-Ply.	3 Ply.	4 Ply.	SIZE.	2 Ply.	3 Ply.	4 Ply
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
½-inch ..	0 7	0 8	0 10	½-inch ...	0 6	0 7	0 8	½-inch .	0 6	0 7	0 8
¾-inch ..	0 9	0 9	1 0	¾-inch ..	0 7	0 8	0 10	¾-inch .	0 7	0 8	0 9
1-inch ..	0 11	1 0	1 3	1-inch	0 9	0 10	1 0	1-inch ..	0 8	0 9	0 11

Measurement of Internal Bore taken.

50 ft. COILS. Armored Hose, 6/- per Coil extra.

All Hose manufactured at the Australian Mills of the Dunlop Co. and is always fresh and free from perish. We can send you a sample piece on application.

DUNLOP GARDEN HOSE

Does not Kink or Burst. Lasts for Years.
Manufactured by
THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE CO., of AUS. LTD.,
Melbourne, Sydney, Adelaide, Perth, Brisbane, & Christchurch N.Z.

We do not issue any NOVELTY SHEET of Fruits this year, but the New Sorts and those of recent introduction are given in this List.

SEARLS'

FRUIT TREES

EVERY CARE IS TAKEN BY US IN PACKING, BUT WE DO NOT ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGES.

Our Patrons may rely on receiving healthy and robust stock, whilst every precaution is taken in packing to prevent injury in transit.

APPLES.

Worked high on Blight Proof Stocks. **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz., where not otherwise priced.

Adams' Pearmain. Medium size, flesh crisp; a grand dessert fruit.

Allington Pippin. An early cropper, and appears to be free from blight. **1s. 6d.**

Allsopp's Early. One of the best Apples grown; a great favourite.

* **Apple of Commerce.** A magnificent new American Apple; large round fruit, splendid flavour. **1s. 6d.**

Arkansas Black. Large deep black crimson, nearly round; good keeper, and very valuable.

Armorel. A fine late Apple, good color, sure cropper, and very hardy.

* **Babbitt** (new). Excellent cooking; hardy, very productive. **2s.**

Beauty of Bath. Early dessert; medium size, round.

Belle de Pontoise. Very large, said to be a foot in circumference; color bright red, mottled with brown, flesh firm and briskly flavoured.

Ben Davis. Medium to large; dessert; most suitable for market.

Bismarck. Large, cooking.

Black Ben Davis. Seedling of Ben Davis, but a decided improvement in that it is of a more solid red color, better quality and keeper, and a certain cropper.

Boston Busset. Medium, juicy; highly recommended for export.

Canda Reinette. Large, oblate flattened, rather irregular; juicy, sub-acid flavour.

Carolina Red June. Medium, oval or conical; flesh white, tender.

Carrington. Early dessert, medium roundish; flesh white, very tender.

* **Champion.** In America is considered one of the best shipping varieties. **1s. 6d.**

* **Clayton** (new). Large, conical, yellow and red. **2s.**

Cleopatra. Medium to large, dessert Apple, but occasionally blighty.

* **Climax.** A chance seedling, raised in New Zealand. **1s. 6d.**

Cox's Orange Pippin. Medium size, rich flavour; suitable for export.

* **Dickinson Emperor** (new). Large red, good; Scotch. **2s.**

Duchess of Oldenburgh. Medium size, roundish oblate; flesh whitish, very juicy; splendid cooking and fair dessert.

* **Early Harvest** (new). Medium, roundish, bright straw color when ripe. **2s.**

Esopus Spitzenberg. Dessert Apple, for home use, but too delicate for market; large.

Five Crown Pippin (London Pippin). Large, roundish, with five distinct ridges round the eye; a grand all-round Apple.

* **Gannon Grove.** A seedling raised at Hurstville, N.S.W.; an early cropper. **2s.**

* **Gano** (new). Medium size, red striped, handsome. **2s.**

Golden Russet. Medium size, roundish oblate; dessert; recommended for expert.

Granny Smith. A very heavy bearer; recommended for export.

Gravenstein. Known also as Carpenter, Scotch Red Streak, and Gloria Mundi; large, roundish; cooking.

Hawthornden. Large roundish, firm and juicy; a famous cooking Apple.

* **Huntsman** (new). Large yellow, distinct dots; very good. **2s.**

Irish Peach. Medium size, oblong in shape; skin clear yellow, handsomely striped with bright red; flesh yellowish white, tender; good cropper.

* **Jeneton** (Ralls) (new). Medium, roundish oblong, pale red, striped light yellow. **2s.**

* **John Sharp.** A seedling from New Zealand; an improved Pomme de Neige; very productive. **1s. 6d.**

Jonathan. Medium size, roundish, tender and juicy; a profitable dessert fruit.

* **Korobowka** (new. Sturdy grower; considered one of the earliest Apples. **2s.**

* **Ligne Tillisch** (new). Fruit enormous size; considered the heaviest cropper extant. **2s.**

Lord Nelson. A large and good cooking Apple.

* **Marjorie Hay.** A very early dessert Apple, raised from Irish Peach; fruit large, conical, striped and mottled with lovely red; flesh white, tender, juicy. **1s. 6d.**

* **Minkler** (new). Medium, good, long keeper. **2s.**

* **Mo Pippin** (new). Striped red on pale ground; keeps through winter. **2s.**

Mobbs' Royal. Very large, juicy, sub-acid; cooking.

Munro's Favourite. Skin clear yellow, with a reddish brown cheek and a little russet; cooking.

Pomme de Neige. Dessert Apple; good for export; medium size; flesh very white, juicy.

Prince Alfred. Large, firm, juicy and rich; a grand export Apple.

* **Ramsdell's Sweet** (new). Large, conical, dark red, blue bloom, flesh yellow; very productive. **2s.**

Ribston Pippin. Dessert; a good export Apple; medium size.

Rome Beauty. Large, roundish, inclining to conical; skin greenish yellow, mottled and shaded with light red and streaks of darker red.

Ruby Gem. Flesh snowy white, tender, crisp, juicy, and delicious; medium.

* **Santa Clara King** (new) Large, roundish, deep yellow, covered with red on sunny side. **2s.**

Scarlet Nonpariel. Medium; flesh yellowihs white, very firm, juicy, rich and spicy.

Sharpe's Early. Early dessert, medium size, roundish.

* **Stayman Winesap.** Sent from America as the very best and most handsome long keeping and shipping Apple. This variety we would specially bring under the notice of growers of Apples for shipping. **1s. 6d.**

Stewart's Seedling (Ballarat Seedling). Of largest size; flesh white, very firm and solid; a fine cooking Apple.

Sturmer Pippin. Medium; flesh firm, crisp and very rich.

Trivett's Seedling. Medium size.

Twenty-Ounce. Large; cooking; flesh rather coarse, sub-acid.

* **White Doctor** (new). Large, roundish, greenish yellow; good cropper. **2s.**

Winter Pearman. Medium; roundish, inclined to conical; flesh whitish, firm, crisp.

* **Winterstein.** As its name implies, a late variety of Gravenstein or Carpenter. Raised by Luther Burbank, who describes it as a clean grower and heavy cropper; fruit, like Gravenstein, are very highly colored, and a perfect dessert variety. **1s. 6d.**

* **York Imperial** (new). Medium, oblong, angular, yellow, shaded re **2s.**

APRICOTS.

On Seedling Apricot and on Peach Stocks. The heavy clay lands of this district produce every year good crops of the finest fruit when on Apricot stocks, and the trees are likely on dense soil to last longer. However, for those districts where the Peach stock is more favoured, we work on Peach stocks very largely. **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per dozen.

Alsace. Large, roundish; very rich.

Bleinheim (Shipley's). One of the best late Apricots; large, a little pointed.

Bobby Allen. A splendid second early Apricot; really the first large Apricot to reach market.

Campbellfield's Seedling. Fruit very large, very rich, juicy and good.

Camden Park Superb. Very large, oval; flesh pale, very meaty, fairly juicy, good flavour.

Cullin's Early. Large; flesh deep orange, very rich.

FRUIT TREES—Continued

APRICOTS—Continued.

De Chancellor. Of excellent quality, deep orange yellow, high flavour.

Dundonald. A favourite variety; very large.

Elruge. This we consider, for flavour, size, and productiveness, the best in our collection.

Early Moorpark. A fine Apricot; very large, deep rich orange in skin, and flesh very rich.

Hemskirke. One of our best Apricots, suitable both for canning and market; fruit large.

Moorpark (Temple's). Fruit large, round; skin deep reddish orange, with an abundance of rich juice.

Mansfield Seedling. Very large, rich, sugary, and vinous.

Newcastle Early. A large fruit; heavy cropper.

Red Masculine. The earliest Apricot; fruit small, round.

Royal. A well-known variety; a heavy and constant cropper; ripe third week in December.

River's Large Red. A prolific bearer, needs thinning; fruit fairly large; flesh orange, very rich and vinous.

Warwick. Large, oval; a splendid mid-season fruit; its size and appearance will always sell it.

BANANAS.

This is a tropical fruit, but Bananas will bear well in many parts of the State, especially in the interior. A sheltered situation must be chosen.

Cavendishii. The well-known dwarf Banana, producing immense bunches of large, delicious fruit, with a delicious flavour. Price, **2s. 6d.**

Giant Sugar. Fruit small, but produced in immense bunches; flavour particularly rich and delicious. Price, **2s. 6d.** each.

Plaintain. The hardiest of the tribe, ripening its fruit even in this locality. Price, **1s. 6d.** each.

CHERRIES.

Worked on Seedling Mazzard Stock, avoiding the suckering so troublesome where the common suckers are used. Warm, dry, deep soil is necessary, with special regard to drainage. If these conditions are observed, the Cherry is a most profitable fruit crop. **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per dozen, where not otherwise priced.

Bedford Prolific. Large, dull brownish black; flesh tender and rich.

Belle de Montreuil. Very large, round, marbled with red; flesh firm, deep red; sugary, perfumed.

Belle de Orleans. Above medium size; flesh tender, very juicy and sweet.

Bigarreau Black. Very large, heart-shaped; skin smooth and even, jet black when ripe.

Bigarreau Gaucher. Fruit very large, nearly round; skin brownish red; flesh reddish, firm, juicy and good.

Bigarreau Napoleon. Large size, regularly heart-shaped, more pointed than Bigarreau; skin amber in the shade, dotted with red, with a fine crimson cheek.

Bigarreau Twyford. Large, obtuse, heart-shaped; skin a bright shining red, very smooth and glossy.

Black Republican (Lewelling). A hybrid of Napoleon and Black Tartarian, having the solid flesh of the former, and the color and flavour of the latter.

Black Tartarian. Of large size, heart-shaped; skin glossy, purplish black; flesh purplish, half-tender, very juicy, rich, and delicious; a superb fruit.

California Advance. A heavy cropper; a dark purple.

Chapman. From California, a seedling of Black Tartarian, larger and finer, a better bearer and much earlier.

Claremont. Eorly pale cherry, of large size; skin waxen white in the shade, clear, rich vermilion in the sun.

Centennial. A seedling from that fine cherry, Napoleon Bigarreau.

Early Lyons. Very large and solid, ripening early.

Early Purple Gean. Medium to large, with rich flavour; the earliest variety.

Florence. Large, heart-shaped; flesh amber, very firm, with a rich, sweet flavour.

May Duke. Fruit medium to large size; skin rich, dark red when fully ripe.

Ohio Beauty. Large, obtuse, heart-shaped; skin light yellow, almost covered with fine red.

* **Precoce de Boppard** (new). Sent to us from the Continent as the earliest Cherry known, ripening there in March; this being equivalent to September or October in this country, should see this cherry ripe three weeks to a month before Early Purple Gean. Fruit dark glossy red, striped and spotted flesh; a good grower and constant cropper. **2s.**

St. Margaret. Very large, roundish, heart-shaped; skin shining black; flesh purple, very juicy.

Tilley's Seedling. A variety raised in Goulburn district by W. Tilley, who speaks of it as one of the best dark cherries, preceding Black Tartarian.

Werder's Early Black. Large, roundish, heart-shaped; skin black; most profitable for market culture.

CITRUS FRUITS.

CITRONS.

1s. 6d. each; **15s.** doz.

Bengal. Fruit large, round; a grand preserving variety.

Knights. Fruit large, oblong; skin rough; the best for candied peel.

LEMONS.

On Orange and Lemon Seedlings. **1s. 6d.** each; **15s.** doz.

Common. A very hardy lemon, bearing when the finer varieties do not.

Genoa. This is likely to prove a decided acquisition to our Citrus growers; fruit medium size, oval, with very thin rind, and a strong pleasant acid flavour.

Lisbon. Too well known to need description.

Lisbon Variegata. Similar to Lisbon, but fruited foliage, variegated; a little coarser than Lisbon.

Lisbon Thornless. Fruit larger than Lisbon, a little coarser; tree spreading; a vigorous grower.

Messina. This is the lemon which has been so largely in evidence in Sydney Fruit markets; contains an extra amount of highly acid juice.

Sicily. A Lemon of splendid quality, almost destitute of rag, with an abundance of richly acid juice; of medium size; thin, smooth, very tough skin.

Villa Franca. A summer bearing Lemon; pulp very rich in acid; in Florida considered best for market.

LIMES.

1s. 6d. each.

East Indian. Fruit of large size, very juicy; tree a free grower, very prolific.

Persian. Fruit small, very sweet and juicy; very productive.

MANDARINS.

1s. 6d. each; **15s.** doz.

Beauty of Glen Retreat. A Queensland variety raised by W. T. Parker, Esq.; the best Mandarin; an enormous cropper.

Canton. Fruit medium size, quite flat; skin pale yellow; a rich high flavour; very prolific.

Emperor. The largest Mandarin; skin almost red and loosely attached; flesh very juicy; profitable for market.

Scarlet. Fruit very large in size; skin almost scarlet; flesh very juicy.

Thorny. The best flavoured of the Mandarins; fruit medium sized, quite flat; flesh very juicy.

NEW MANDARINS.

Lisbon Thornless. Fruit larger than Lisbon, a little coarser; tree a spreading, vigorous grower.

Oonshiu. From Japan. It has the reputation of being frost-proof; fruit large; skin very thin, separating from the pulp, which is very juicy, with a brisk high flavour; has no seeds.

Parker's Special. Larger than Glen Retreat, and some weeks earlier; fruit roundish, flattened, remarkably solid; skin bright scarlet.

Poorman's. A useful variety for preserving or for marmalade; fruit large; a free bearer.

Preserving Varieties.

Cumquat. Fruit small, round; skin deep yellow; only useful for preserving. **1s. 6d.**

REMITTANCES.

We quote very LOW PRICES.
We expect REMITTANCE with Order.
. . . SEARL and SONS.

FRUIT-TREES—Continued.

ORANGES.

Worked on Seedling Orange or Lemon Stocks. **1s. 6d.** each; **15s.** dozen.

Bahia or Navel. Fruit very large, round; skin thin, very juicy and rich; the very best of oranges.

Blood (Maltese). Fruit medium size; skin deep red.

Holdfast. Of large size, roundish; skin pale yellow, very smooth and thin.

Homasassa. Medium size; skin very smooth and thin; solid and heavy; sweet and juicy.

Jaffa. From California, and considered to be "unsurpassed by any other variety;" tree a strong vigorous grower; very productive.

Joppa. Large, oblong; skin particularly thin, smooth and bright.

Mediterranean Sweet. Early, prolific, and continuous bearer; absolutely thornless; fruit medium sized.

Parramatta. Large, round; skin deep yellow; flesh very juicy; best for market.

Siletta. Large, roundish; skin pale yellow, very smooth and thin; an enormous bearer.

St. Michael. Large; skin deep yellow, smooth and thin; most profitable for market.

Valencia, Late. Fruit large, oblong, very firm and solid.

Washington Navel. Large, very even, of perfect shape and color; vigorous grower, and requires more room than most varieties.

White Siletta. One of the earliest to ripen; skin very fine and thin; pulp rich and juicy.

SHADDOCKS.

1s. 6d. each.

Blood. Fruit enormous size, very solid flesh, with a sweet juice.

Common. Fruit of large size.

Manilla. Fruit small, juice rich and sweet.

CUSTARD APPLE

(Cherimoyer).

This delicious fruit is well worth a trial in the warm inland districts, as, when established, it is much more hardy than is generally supposed. Price, **1s. 3d.** each.

Rough Fruited. Only differs from other variety in having a rough skin.

FIGS.

In good soils the fig is inclined to grow too rankly and to drop its fruit before maturity. To check this, root-prune during early winter, cutting the roots with a sharp spade about as far from the stem as half the height of the tree. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz.

Adam. Very large, long; skin pale brown; an enormous early fig.

Black Genoa. Very large; skin dark purple, almost black.

Blue Ischia. Medium size; skin very dark purple, almost black when ripe; flesh deep red.

Blue Provence. Small, roundish, rich and juicy; very heavy bearer.

Brown Ischia. Large, roundish, obvate; skin chestnut-colored; flesh purple.

Brown Turkey. The best of figs; fruit large, oblong or pyriform; skin dark brown, with thick blue bloom.

Brunswick. Large; skin fine violet, brown in the sun, dotted with pale brown specks.

Castle Kennedy. Large, short and thick; very rich and sugary; early.

Green Ischia. Large, roundish; skin covered with a pale brown tinge in the sun; flesh purple, rich and good.

Marsailles (White Genoa). Fruit above medium size, quite round; skin pale yellowish green; flesh white; a splendid fig for drying.

GRAPE VINES.

A well-drained subsoil is essential to the successful growth of grape vines. We offer a very choice selection of the very best sorts. Price, **6d.** each; **5s.** per doz.; except where otherwise priced.

The sorts specified in the large type can be supplied on **phylloxera-resisting stocks** at **1s** each, **10s.** per dozen. We supply at the cheaper rate in every case unless otherwise specified.

Almeria (or Daria). Bunches and berries large, light amber color.

Barbarossa. Bunches long, tapering; berries large, round, purple.

BAXTER'S SHERRY (or Camden Sherry). A deep golden color, heavy reddish bloom.

Black Champion. Bunches very large; ripens early.

BLACK HAMBRO. Bunches large; berries large, roundish, black.

Black Damascus. Bunches and berries large; skin black; a fine late table grape.

BLACK PRINCE. A superb grape; bunches long; berries oval, rather thinly set; skin thick, deep black.

Black St. Peter (or Black Alicante). Berries very large, with a blue bloom.

BLACK MONUKKA. One of the few seedless grapes; bunch and berry large; skin black; late. **1s.** each.

BOWOOD MUSCAT. A seedling of Muscat of Alexandria; rich flavour; a larger berry and a better setter; white.

CHAMPION MUSCAT. Of recent introduction; berry very large, round, with a Muscat flavour; medium. **1s.**

Chasselas Vibert. Bunches long and tapering; large amber berries.

CENTENNIAL. The grandest white Grape we have; berries enormous; unsurpassed for its gigantic size and fine appearance. **1s.**

CRYSTAL. Largely grown in Adelaide for market, reaching Sydney when grapes are all but over; pale amber.

Doradillo. Grown largely in South Australia for the Sydney market, where it arrives end of March; berry large, rich amber. **1s.**

Ferdinand de Lesseps. Berries fairly large; pale yellow; mid-season.

Golden Chasselas, or Royal Muscadine. Bunch and berry medium size, round; deep golden; early.

GROS COLMAN. Very large; skin tough; purplish black; a very fine late Grape.

Gordo Blanco (White Muscat). An improvement on Muscat of Alexandria in that it sets the fruit much better.

Golden Champion. Large berries; deep golden.

Golden Hambro. Large oval berries, amber color; rich flavour.

Lady Downs. Bunches long, rather loose; berries large, roundish oval; skin thick, reddish purple, becoming quite black if allowed to hang, with a heavy bloom; flesh firm, sweet and very rich.

LADY'S FINGER. Bunches and berries large; peculiarly pointed; deep yellow; very late.

MADRESFIELD COURT BLACK MUSCAT. Rich in Muscat; berries black, large and thickly set; late.

Malaga. Bunches large; skin deep black, very thick.

MRS. PEARSON'S GOLDEN QUEEN. A very handsome Grape, firm, juicy and rich. **1s.**

MRS. PRINCE'S BLACK MUSCAT. A really splendid black Muscat; berries largest size, deep shining black; skin thin, very tough; very rich in Muscat flavour.

MUSCAT-HAMBRO (Snow's). Berries very large, rather oval, sometimes almost round; skin deep purple; flesh very juicy, with a rich and distinct Muscat flavour.

MUDGEE BLOCK SHERRY. Late black; a fine shipping Grape. **1s.**

Red Prince. Berries very large, quite round, of a deep red color; sets closely, not like Black Prince; flavours distinct but not rich; a noble Grape, but requires a warm situation and light soil. Price, **1s.** each.

RED HANNAPORT. Considered the heaviest and best cropper yet introduced; Muscat flavour. **1s.**

SYRIAN. A superb Grape; bunches produced up to 15 lbs. weight; white at first but changing to tawny.

Trebbiano. In a cold vinery in England it has produced bunches of the gigantic weight of 26 lbs.; berry large, whitish, after the style of our Sherry. Price, **1s.** each.

TRENTHAM BLACK. Ripening with Black Hambro; bunches large, tapering and shouldered; berries medium, jet black. Price, **1s.** each.

Waltham Cross. Bunches and berries very large, round; pale amber, very rich; makes a good raisin; late.

GUAVAS.

Almost excellent fruit, either for dessert or preserving. The purple variety is thoroughly hardy, and will stand pretty severe winters. Price, **1s. 6d.** each; **15s.** per doz.

Parker's Hybrid. An enormous fruit, twice the size of the ordinary yellow Guava.

Purple. The hardiest variety; fruit small, but borne in immense crops.

Yellow. Fruit as large as a hen egg, semi-transparent; splendid for dessert.

MEDLAR.

The fruit must be gathered as soon as ripe, and stored inside till it becomes quite soft, when it is most delicious. Price, **1s. 6d.** each.

Royal. A variety highly esteemed in England for its flavour and productiveness.

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

LOQUATS.

A most useful fruit, coming in before any other fruit is ripe. Many worthless seedlings are now grown, and the fruit is little more than seeds.

Herd's Large. Of enormous size, and when thinned and annually manured is the size of a hen's egg. Budded plants, **2s.** each.

One-Seeded. A variety of large size; a free bearer, with usually only one seed. Worked plants, **2s.** each.

Quick's Early. A very early and most prolific variety. Worked plants, **2s.** each.

Mammoth. An extremely large variety, with very thick flesh and a single small seed; flavour very rich and good: very juicy. Grafted plants, **2s.** each.

MULBERRIES.

Some of the free-growing varieties are very suitable for planting for shelter for trees. Price, **1s. 6d.** each; **15s.** per dozen.

Alba. The silk-worm Mulberry.

Black English. The best variety, very long lived, and makes a handsome tree. **2s.** each.

Cape. A fast growing tree, useful for shelter, and the fruit useful for culinary purposes.

Downing's Everbearing. Fruit very large, measuring 1¼ inches long, very juicy, with an agreeable flavour.

Hick's Fancy. Produces its fruit continuously during three months; fruit of large size, very juicy.

NECTARINES.

This fruit, being so closely allied to the Peach, requires a similar soil and treatment to that fruit. The remarks in "Pruning and Thinning" apply particularly to this fruit. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz.; except where otherwise priced.

Albert Victor. Fruit very large; skin yellowish white, overspread with a carmine blush; flesh greenish white; a freestone.

Cardinal. Very prolific, and its earliness should make it a valuable variety for the orchardist.

Goldmine. Size enormous, measures 9¾ in. by 7⅞ ins.; skin nearly all covered with bright bronzy red; flesh beautiful cream color, juicy, melting and sugary.

Early Rivers. The earliest Nectarine; fruit very large, measuring 9¼ inches in circumference, and weighing 8 ozs.; flesh tender, juicy; a freestone.

Elruge. Fruit large, roundish; skin greenish, dotted with red in the shade, with a rich red blush in the sun; freestone.

Hunt's Tawny. Large, round; skin yellowish, with a deep purple cheek in the sun; flesh orange, deep red at the stone; rich and juicy; freestone.

Irrewarra. Fruit medium, highly colored, splendid flavour; freestone.

Judd's Seedling. Very large, roundish, deep purplish red skin, with rich, luscious yellow flesh. Ripens second week in March.

Lady Carrington. A large variety; clingstone, with a thick juicy flesh, and therefore splendid for market.

* **Lee's Seedling** (new). Raised in Victoria; thoroughly hardy. **2s.**

New Boy. Large, brilliant crimson; flesh white, juicy, and sugary; good flavour.

Newington. A fine clingstone; flesh melting, rich, and very juicy.

* **Oldham Hill** (new). Raised by Mr. J. Doust, of Camden. **2s.**

* **Precocede Croncels** (new). A variety from France, described as the earliest; yellowish, with dark plum color; freestone. **2s.**

Red Roman. Fruit large, rather pointed, very firm and juicy; clingstone.

Stanwick. The King of Nectarines; fruit of the largest size, very juicy, high flavour; a freestone, ripening February.

W. C. Fripp. Fruit very large, dark yellow, with a bronzy red cheek; a freestone. **1s. 6d.**

Victoria. Fruit large, roundish, flattened at the top; skin greenish yellow, crimson on the sunny side; flesh firm.

PAPER POT PACKING.

We save our patrons 25% in freight and packing charges by using Paper Pots for plants sent by rail or steamer unless otherwise instructed.

Searl & Sons, 86 King Street.

NUTS, FILBERTS, &c.

ALMONDS.

Worked on Seedling Almond Stock. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz.

Brande's Jordon. Upright-growing variety, bearing large sweet nuts; of the Papershell class, and, parting readily from the husk, is easily prepared for market.

Burbank Seedling. Another acquisition for which we have to thank the eminent pomological scientist, Mr. Luther Burbank. It is reputed to be a hardy and heavy cropper, blooming very late in the spring, consequently escaping the damage so often caused to this crop by late frost, and can be highly recommended. **1s. 6d.**

Golden State. Of Californian origin, where it is described as a heavy and regular bearer, with a smooth kernel and soft shell. **1s. 6d.**

I.X.L. A sturdy upright grower, with large foliage; nuts large, with, as a rule, single kernels; shell soft.

Large Papershell. A variety of common Papershell, but much larger; shell very tender; kernel large, white, and sweet.

* **Princess** (new). A fine Pearlshell type of nut. **2s.**

CHESTNUTS.

Price, **1s. 6d.** each.

Japanese Giant Chestnut. As its name implies, a large Chestnut from Japan, bearing fruit three times the size of the Spanish, and coming into bearing at a very early age.

Spanish. The well-known Sweet Chestnut, bearing its fruit in burrs; a splendid shade tree, attaining great age and enormous size; comes into full bearing about the sixth season after planting.

FILBERTS.

Price, **1s. 6d.** each.

Frizzled. Nut of medium size, oval, compressed; husk hairy, deeply cut; shell thick, kernel sweet and good.

Red. Remarkable for the crimson skin of its kernel; nut of medium size, ovate; shell thick, kernel with a peculiar excellent flavour.

WALNUTS.

Juglans Cinerea. The butter nut of America; nuts produced very freely; kernel has a peculiar oily flavour. Price, **2s.** each.

Juglans Cordiformis. Also of Japanese origin; the nut is flat or heart-shaped, something like a chestnut; shell very thin, smooth, not furrowed; kernel deliciously sweet, and easily extracted whole when the shell is cracked. Price, **2s.**

Juglans Nigra. The American Black Walnut; perhaps a little quicker grower than Regia, and nuts not so large. Price, **2s.** each.

Juglans Regia. The English or Persian Walnut; a most handsome shade tree, and deserves planting on that account apart from its value as a nut producer. Price, **1s. 6d.**

Juglans Seiboldli. A Japanese variety, very hardy, and a very handsome tree; bears while young; nuts produced in clusters of from 15 to 20 in each; husk thin; kernel very mealy and rich. Price, **2s.**

OLIVES.

We offer several sorts of the best European varieties, and supply Grafted Plants. **2s.** each.

PEACHES.

Worked on Seedling Peach Stocks. This delightful and profitable fruit succeds best on a deep open loam, thoroughly drained, and in a moderately warm climate. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz., except where otherwise priced.

Early Varieties.

* **Admiral Dewey** (new). An early yellow fleshed freestone; comes in with Brigg's Red May; handsome deep rich yellow, covered with purplish crimson. **2s. 6d.**

Alexander's. Large half melting, juicy, rich and vinous; freestone.

Ameliaberta. A cross between Amelia and Elberta, and of higher color; ripens after Hale's Early and before Early Crawford; a large yellow fleshed freestone, containing all the good qualities of Elberta and earliness of Amelia. **1s. 6d.**

Akarana. Another N.Z. seedling, ripening in February; fruit large, round, and highly colored; flesh sweet, sugary, and peachy; good grower. **1s. 6d.**

Bell's November. This remarkably early peach was brought under our notice two years ago by the raiser, who sent Beautiful Ripe Peaches on 7th November; in appearance it resembles Briggs' Red May, but is hardly so highly colored as that variety; like all early peaches, it is a partial slipstone; it is the First Peach of the Season, in some time before Queensland Flat China, and nearly three weeks before Briggs'; for orchardists this peach will be a gold mine, and for private gardens a great acquisition, as it commences the peach season nearly a month earlier **2s.**

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

PEACHES—Continued.

Briggs' Red May. The standard of extra early Peaches; fruit not largest, juicy, and rich; freestone.

Camden Superb (Devlin's Red). Profitable market sort, medium size, globular; ripe by Christmas.

Carmen. A very hardy Peach, ripening with Early Rivers; pale yellow and red, with white flesh.

Downing. Large, very even, very juicy, with a high flavour; a partial freestone.

Early Rivers. A handsome peach, fruit large; skin waxy white, with clear carmine cheek; flesh whitish, very juicy.

Early Newington. Fruit large, round; flesh firm, very juicy; a clingstone.

***Edward VII.** (new). A remarkably early kind, but has not yet fruited with us. **2s. 6d.**

Flat China. This peach is almost superseded by the American varieties in all but the districts near the coast, which are free from late frosts; fruit flat; flesh very juicy.

Hales' Early. Fruit medium size, roundish; flesh tender, very juicy; freestone.

Highs' Early Canada. Very large, tender, rich and melting.

Lady Ingold. The earliest yellow-fleshed Peach; ripening immediately after Hales' Early; large, very even; very rich and good; a freestone.

Lovell. Originated in California; perfectly round, yellow, freestone, of very rich flavour, also dries well; ripe during February. **1s. 6d.**

Mahuta. A seedling raised by Hay & Sons, Auckland, who describe it as a fruit of largest size and most handsome appearance, a perfect freestone, ripening during February and March; deep golden yellow flesh, somewhat resembling Foster. **1s. 6d.**

Ruby Red. A seedling raised in the Parramatta district by Mr. Arthur Franks, who describes it as a greatly improved Camden Superb (Deolius Red). It is a clingstone, ripe early in January, a heavy and constant cropper, and in the market realises 50 per cent. over other peaches in at the same time. It is wonderfully firm, having been picked and handled for seven or eight days without any injury. **2s.** each.

Triumph. Very large, handsome appearance and rich flavour.

Midseason Varieties.

Camden Excellent. Fruit large; flesh tender and juicy.

Early Crawford. Very large; flesh yellow, very rich; a freestone.

Early York. Medium size, globular; skin almost white, with a lovely red cheek; fine high flavour; freestone.

Elberta. Very large, quite globular; flesh yellow, very fine grained; freestone.

George IV. Large, round; flesh whitish yellow, melting, rich flavour; freestone.

Grand Admirable. Very large, firm, very juicy and good; clingstone.

Kia-Ora. A seedling from Elberta. Of superior flavour; a better cropper and hardier tree. **1s. 6d.**

Mountain Rose. Large size; flesh whitish; freestone.

Orange Free. A freestone variety, much resembling its namesake Orange Cling, and ripening about same season; very highly recommended by American Pomologists. **1s. 6d.**

Powell's Beauty. Yellow flesh, very large; good cropper.

Royal George. Large, round and even; flesh whitish, very tender and juicy; freestone.

Royal George Cling. Large, quite round; flesh whitish, firm; clingstone.

Shanghai Seedling, or Red Shanghai. A splendid form of the Shanghai.

Shanghai. Of the very largest size, frequently weighing 8 ounces, oblong; flesh whitish; very rich flavour; clingstone.

Shanghai Freestone. Seedling of old Shanghai raised some 3 years ago; it is a perfect freestone, quite as large as its parent. **1s. 6d.**

Wheatland. A yellowish-fleshed Peach after the type of Elberta, rather round.

Late Varieties.

Bonanza. Round and even; flesh white, melting, with a rich vinous flavour; freestone.

Brandywine. A splendid freestone, resembling Early Crawford.

Camden Golden. Skin clear, golden colour, very rich and sugary; freestone.

Cope's Perfection. A deep yellow freestone, beautifully marbled with red, ripening at Easter. Raised by Mr. Cope of Bowral; it should be eminently suited for cooler districts of the State. **1s. 6d.**

Comet. Large, round, with a slight point; flesh deep yellow, a little red at the stone; freestone.

Emma. Fruit as large as Elberta; is marketable four to five weeks later, which should bring it on the market in February, when good freestone peaches are not to be had.

Globe. Fruit very large, quite round; flesh tender and melting; freestone.

Gold Dust. Large, solid, yellow-fleshed cling of very handsome appearance.

Hawkesbury Champion. Very fine sort in appearance, of recent introduction, and highly commended.

Lady Palmerston. Fruit medium to large; flesh tender, very melting and rich; a freestone.

Lord Palmerston (Pavie de Pompone). Fruit large, quite round; flesh white, tender, and juicy; clingstone.

McDevitt's Late Cling. Its size is enormous, good even shape, and in color is beyond anything we have seen, being a rich deep yellow; the standard variety used in canning factories in America.

Nicholl's Orange. Fruit of large size, quite round; flesh deep yellow, rather firm, juicy; clingstone.

***Osprey Improved** (new). Raised by D. Hay and Son, of New Zealand; a freestone, ripening end of February. **2s.**

Princess Royal. Fruit very large; flesh greenish white, firm, but melting; clingstone.

Red Italian. Free, very large, round; flesh deep yellow, fine grained, luscious; freestone.

Red Italian Cling. A variety of old Yellow Italian; its color is deep rich red.

Salway Fruit medium size, round; flesh fine yellow, firm, juicy freestone.

Sea Eagle. Large, pale yellow, almost white; freestone.

Wonderful. Rather oblong; skin golden yellow, with a brilliant carmine cheek; freestone.

Yellow Italian. Oblong, pointed, one-sided; skin deep orange, with a rich red cheek; flesh deep yellow, firm, juicy.

PEARS.

WORKED on Seedling Pears. There is a growing demand for this fruit, and, although longer in coming into bearing than most trees, the high prices which are always obtained for good samples, and the great age to which the trees attain, combine to make them a profitable crop. A deep rich soil is essential for the finest fruits, and some shelter from prevailing winds. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz.

Early Varieties.

Citron des Carmes (Madeline). Fruit medium, obvate, tapering to the stalk; skin pale yellowish green; flesh white, juicy.

Clapp's Favourite. Fruit very large, optuse pyriform, strongly resembling Bartlett in shape, but without the strong flavour of that variety.

Jargonelle (English). Fruit large, pyriform; skin smooth, greenish yellow, brown in the sun; flesh yellowish white, rather cross-grained. Ripens December.

Lawson (Comet). Fruit largest, obtuse pyriform; skin bright yellow, very smooth, with a crimson cheek; flesh fine-grained, juicy, and very rich.

Le Conte. Of the same type as the preceding; fruit very large, bell-shaped; skin remarkably smooth, of a rich creamy yellow; flesh fine-grained, juicy, with a musky aroma.

Williams Bon Chretien *(Bartlett).* This Pear is too well known to need any description, and is being largely planted for canning.

Midseason Varieties.

Buerre Bosc. Fruit large, pyriform, tapering gradually; flesh white, melting, very buttery, with a rich flavour.

Beurre de Caplamont. Fruit medium size, long turbinate; skin smooth clear yellow, with a light cinnamon red cheek; flesh fine-grained, buttery, melting, sweet.

Brockworth Park. Fruit large, obtuse, pyriform; skin smooth, pale yellow, flushed with red in the sun; flesh white, buttery, melting, very juicy.

Fertility. Large fruit of brilliant color and high flavour; the tree is a vigorous and healthy grower, and most valuable for market.

Flemish Beauty. Fruit very large, obtuse pyriform; skin pale yellow, reddish brown in the sun; flesh yellowish white, juicy.

Garber's Hybrid. Yellow as an orange, larger than Keiffer, better in quality and four weeks earlier.

Le Lectia. Fruit of large size, true pyriform; skin grass green mottled with dark green; very juicy.

Louis Bonne of Jersey. Fruit large, oblong pyriform, a little one-sided; flesh greenish white, very juicy and melting.

Marie Louise. Fruit medium, oblong pyriform, a little one-sided; skin fine, deep yellow; flesh white, exceedingly buttery and melting.

Winter Varieties.

Bailey's Bergamot. Fruit medium size, in shape like Gansell's, but a month later, and more certain cropper.

Beurre Easter. Very large, somewhat square in shape; skin greenish yellow, with sometimes a brownish red cheek; flesh white, very fine grained, buttery, melting, and very rich.

Catillac. Very large, broadly turbinate; skin yellow, with a brownish red cheek; flesh firm and only fit for cooking, for which it is admirably suited.

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

PEARS—Continued.

Conference. Large pyriform; skin very smooth and shining, with occasionally a sprinkling of russet; flesh a most beautiful shade of salmon pink, very juicy and melting, with a high vinous flavour. New.

Elizabeth Cole. Above medium; skin green, partly covered with yellow; flesh very tender, buttery, melting.

L'Inconnue. Skin light yellow, netted and patched with russet; flesh whitish, juicy, melting, very sweet.

Madame Cole. Medium size, obtuse pyriform; skin yellow, almost covered with brown russet; a dessert pear of the highest excellence.

P. Barry. Very large, elongated pyriform; skin deep yellow, nearly covered with a rich golden yellow; flesh whitish, fine, juicy.

Uvedales St. Germains (*Large Baking*). Valuable for its cooking qualities, and is a heavy and constant cropper. If carefully gathered will keep right through the winter.

Vicar of Winkfield. Large size, long pyriform; skin smooth, pale yellow, with occasionally a brown-red cheek; flesh greenish white, juicy, sometimes buttery.

Winter Cole. Raised from Winter Nelis, which it rather resembles, but is even better than that variety; fruit medium size; flesh yellowish.

Winter Nelis. Medium size; flesh yellowish white, fine grained, buttery, and very melting, abounding with juice of a rich saccharine, aromatic flavour; a dessert fruit of highest quality.

Fame. A constant cropper; fruit is of largest size, fine russety brown; melting and rich.

Wilder Early. A delicious early pear. Tree very hardy, reliabl bearer, and not liable to blight.

PERSIMMONS.

OWING to the losses in the imported plants, we are now raising the whole of our Persimmons here. These are a vast improvement on those from Japan, having a perfect mass of fibrous roots, and will transplant as well as an apple. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz.

Among. Fruit medium size, roundish; skin light orange; flesh brownish; an early variety.

Dai Dai Maru. Fruit of the largest size, square or four-sided, rather flattened; skin deep orange; flesh yellow, almost seedless; a fine variety.

Haychi Ya. Fruit very large, oblong, rather pointed; skin light red.

Hayakume. Fruit very large, round, covered at the end with heavy russet; skin vermilion; flesh brown, rich and luscious.

Korukumo. Fruit medium size, almost round; skin yellowish red; flesh orange, with very few seeds.

Okamee. A little-known variety, of the favourite square shape, very large, rather flattened; skin reddish orange, and almost seedless.

Tanenashi. This is a seedless variety, and is largely grown for market under that name.

Yeddo-ichu. Fruit medium size, round, rather pointed; skin light yellow, russety; flesh amber; a late variety.

Yemon. Fruit large, with distinct ribs; skin deep yellow, with little russet; flesh orange, with no seeds.

PLUMS.

WORKED on Seedling Myrobolan, also Peach Stocks. This most luscious fruit requires less attention and can endure more hardship as to soil and situation than some fruits. It, however, responds freely to care and attention, and owing to its constant and heavy bearing, is one of the most profitable fruit crops. On the non-suckering—(Myrobolan)—stock it forms a much hardier and longer-lived tree than when worked on the Peach stock. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz.

Early Varieties.

Angelina Burdett. Above medium size; skin thick, dark purple, with a heavy blue bloom; flesh yellowish; a freestone.

Black Cluster. A N. S. Wales seedling; heavy and constant cropper, but not of first quality; skin almost black, with a thick blue bloom.

Cherry, or Early South American. Rather small, round; skin a fine lively red; flesh greenish yellow, very juicy, with a pleasant lively flavour.

Clyman. It first attracted attention from its extreme earliness, ripening four to six weeks in advance of any other. Fruit of large size, round; skin a dark purple, covered with a heavy blue bloom.

Denniston's Superb. A seedling of the Green Gage, nearly as rich in flavour, and a third larger; flesh very thick; freestone.

Diamond. A magnificent fruit of the very largest size, and handsome appearance; fruit oval; skin black, covered with a blue bloom; flesh deep yellow.

Evans' Early. Medium size, roundish oval; skin deep purple, with a violet bloom; flesh greenish, very juicy.

Green Gage. The highest flavoured of all dessert plums; fruit of medium size, round; skin yellowish green; flesh pale green.

***Lincoln** (new). Fruit very large, 6 inches in circumference, deep reddish purple; early; a heavy cropper. **2s.** each.

The Czar. Large oval; skin quite black, with a heavy violet bloom; flesh yellow, tender, very juicy, rich, and of excellent flavour.

Washington. Fruit of the largest size, roundish oval; skin dull yellow, with a pale crimson blush; flesh yellow, firm, very sweet and delicious; a freestone.

Late Varieties.

Coe's Golden Drop. Large; skin light yellow; flesh yellow, firm, rich, sweet and delicious, and making a splendid prune when dried; a close clingstone.

Coe's Late Red. Of medium size, nearly round; skin light purplish red, with a thin blue bloom; flesh yellowish, rather firm, juicy, rich and vinous; a freestone.

Duane's Purple. Very large, oval or oblong, larger on one side than the other; skin reddish purple in the sun, pale red in the shade, a few golden specks beneath the skin, and covered with a lilac bloom.

Grand Duke. Large, almost oval, narrowing to the stem, with a neck; skin purplish black, with a heavy bloom; flesh deep yellow, firm, very rich and juicy.

Jefferson. Largest size, oval, slightly narrowing to the stalk; skin golden yellow, with a purplish red cheek, covered with a white thin bloom; flesh deep orange.

Loutherboro. Large, roundish oval; skin almost black, with a deep violet bloom; flesh yellowish, firm.

Magnum Bonum (White Egg). Very large, frequently six inches in circumference; oval, narrowing to both ends; skin of a deep golden color, with numerous white dots; flesh yellow; clingstone.

Magnum Bonum (Red). Large, oval, a little swollen on one side; skin pale in the shade, deep red in the sun; flesh greenish, rather firm, juicy; a freestone.

Monarch. Very large, roundish, oval; skin dark purplish blue; flesh yellowish, very firm, rich, juicy, with a high vinous flavour.

Pond's Seedling. Very large, oval, tapering to the stalk, with a distinct neck; skin yellowish, nearly covered with carmine, and a few brownish dots; flesh yellowish, a little course, but juicy and sugary. A beautiful plum.

Reine Claude de Bavay. Large, roundish, slightly depressed; skin greenish yellow, with stripes and splashes of green; flesh yellow; freestone.

Reine Victoria. Very large, short, oval; skin rich bluish purple; flesh orange red, very juicy, rich and excellent.

Sultan. Medium size, round; skin dark purplish red; flesh greenish yellow, firm, sweet; clingstone.

JAPANESE PLUMS.

THIS comparatively new type of plum has been largely planted throughout Australia, and is becoming popular in localties unsuited to the profitable production of the European varieties. Like the majority of Japanese Fruits, they are wonderfully prolific, very handsome in appearance, and although probably not equal to the European sorts in flavour, form an attraction for the table or fruiterer's window. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** dozen, except where otherwise marked.

Abundance (Botan). Fair to large size, always pointed; skin brilliant carmine all over; stone like a cherry; flesh thick, yellow, very juicy, of fair flavour; clingstone.

Akarana. A new early plum recommended by Hay & Son of New Zealand; fruit much resembles Botan; luxuriant foliage, which should guard against sun scald so prevalent in plums; large size, firm, and should be invaluable as an early variety to supersede the old Cherry. **2s.**

Apple (Hybrid Plum). Having strong resemblance to Simmonii. The tree is a fine, strong grower, with good foliage.

Bartlett. Fruit pale crimson, turning to deep crimson, flesh salmon-coloured, firm and juicy.

Burbank. Largest size, round; skin deep yellow in the shade, clear cherry red in the sun, with a hazy lilac bloom; clingstone.

Climax. Raised by Luther Burbank. "The most wonderful early plum ever grown; one that will change the whole business. A new king amongst fruits; as large as Wickson, heart-shaped, delicious flavour; ripens before any other good plums; tree upright growth, leaves large." We have only a limited stock of this very valuable new plum, offering at **1s. 6d.**

Combination. Raised by Burbank, announced as "the best plum ever tasted;" large, globular, very uniform in size, extremely sweet, with a distinct pineapple flavour. **2s.**

First. Another new hybrid by Burbank; the earliest, largest, handsomest, and most prolific of all early plums. Fruit large, pale amber, faint blush on sunny side, transparent, moderately firm, juicy, and a prodigious cropper. **2s.**

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

JAPANESE PLUMS—Continued.

Chalco. The fruit, which ripens just before Burbank, is large, flat like a tomato, deep reddish purple, with very sweet, somewhat firm, yellow flesh; the fruits are almost stemless, crops so prolific that they surround the older branches

Cyca Smoma. The upright bloom plum, and identical with the preceding, except in its habit of growth and season of ripening, which is first week in January, or nearly a month earlier.

General Saigo. One of the best flavoured of the class; fruit large, roundish, sometimes a little pointed; flesh the color of an apricot, and with rather that flavour.

Gold. In appearance a marvel of beauty, the golden globes being borne all along the limbs, not in clusters, but singly; in colour clear, deep golden; flesh very firm, juicy, of fair flavour.

Hale (true). Large, bright orange, mottled with cherry red, superb in quality; flesh yellow, soft and juicy; cling; very late.

Kelsey. Perhaps the best known of all this class; fruit very large, heart-shaped, with an elongated apex; skin fine clear yellow, covered with bright red in the sun; flesh deep yellow; a partial clingstone; ripens March

King Cole. Fruit largest size, globular; skin clear rich carmine; flesh yellow, with a rich vinous flavour; a very handsome variety, ripening amongst the earliest.

Large Red. This was the first of Oriental Plums to reach Australia, and, with the exception of Burbank, the most largely planted. Of largest size, up to 8 inches round, weighing 5½ ounces, oval; skin brilliant red; flesh yellowish.

October Purple. Fruit large, quite round skin deep purple, almost black; flesh yellow, very thick, juicy, with distinct and quite new flavour; a marvel to bear.

Ogon (Large Yellow). Large size, quite round; skin rich deep amber all over; flesh very yellow, firm, almost transparent, with a splendid flavour; a clingstone, ripens January

Prunus Simonii. A Chinese variety, and a truly magnificent fruit. Fruit very large, flat like China peach; skin deep crimson; stone small, round; flesh yellow, firm, with a delicious flavour and aroma.

Satsuma (Blood). There are two varieties of blood plums. This, the true Satsuma, is, we think, the better fruit. Fruit medium size, round; flesh dark red.

Shiro. Medium to large, uniform in size, clear light yellow, with thin white bloom; flesh firm and juicy, rich, sub-acid; clingstone.

Sultan. Raised by Burbank. Of huge size, oval, deep purplish crimson; flesh firm, solid, sweet and dark crimson in color; very productive.

Wickson. Of largest size, exceeding Kelsey growing beside it. On 1st February showing flushings of color, and then quite saleable but during third week it reaches perfection.

PRUNES.

ON Seedling Myrobolan Stocks. This fruit presents great possibilities in Australia, as the value of prunes annually imported is enormous. The process of manufacture is very simple, very little plant being required; in fact, in California they are simply sun-dried, and in that form realise a higher price than those dried in evaporation. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz.

Bulgarian. Of largest size, roundish oblong; skin deep purple, with a thick heavy blue bloom; flesh yellowish, firm.

Fellemberg or Italian Prune. Medium to large, long, oval; skin dark purple, covered with a dense blue bloom; a clingstone.

Giant. Its size is not its only good quality; it is equally as heavy a bearer as the Prune d'Agen; fruit uniform in size, with a honey-yellow flesh.

Golden Prune. Very large, roundish oval; skin thin, tough, of a beautiful golden color; flesh yellow, very rich and sugary, of exquisite flavour; dries beautifully; splendid for canning; freestone.

***Imperial** (new). Introduced by F. Coffee, Esq., to this State. Described as uniformly large; more oval than d'Agen, and almost the same color; a thin skin. **3s. 6d.**

Oregon Silver. Another of the handsome and profitable yellow Prunes; very rich in saccharine contents, and dries with very little loss of weight, retaining its light yellow color; a close clingstone.

Pacific. For marketing in the fresh state is quite without a rival, its size and appearance always placing it easily first. In addition, it is a perfect Prune, drying readily and with very little loss of weight.

***Pearl.** Another of Burbank's productions. A seedling of d'Agen; white, semi-transparent, with a heavy bloom; makes a splendid Prune of attractive flavour and fragrance. **2s.** each.

Prune d'Agen (French Prune). This is the Prune almost exclusively used in France for drying. Fruit medium size, oval, with a neck; skin violet purple, covered with a thick bloom; flesh greenish yellow, very rich, with a honey-like juice.

Splendor. This is Burbank's best in the Prune line; can best be described as Prune d'Agen, but three times its size, and, what is the most important point in a good commercial Prune, equal to that standard variety in its sugar contents.

***Sugar.** This new prune was raised by Luther Burbank, who describes it as his greatest wonder amongst prunes, being far superior to P. d'Agen, in that it is a better grower, better bearer, and requires less careful pruning; fruit even in size and very large, averaging 13 or 15 to lb.; very rich in sugar (hence its name) and is being extensively planted in California; stock limited. **2s.**

Tragedy. A Californian variety, largely planted there for its early season of ripening. Fruit very large, oblong, pointed; skin thick, deep purple, with a heavy blue bloom; flesh yellow, rich in sugar; a freestone.

QUINCES.

ALMOST hardy fruit tree, enduring the extremes of drought and flood, and still bearing heavy crops annually. If fairly treated, cut back every year, and the fruit thinned, will produce enormous crops of large, showy, marketable fruit. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz., except where otherwise priced.

Apple Shaped. Fruit large, roundish, like an apple. For stewing it is unrivalled; in color a deep fine gold.

Bourgeat. Very large, rich golden yellow; smooth, velvety skin; beautiful large foliage; quite distinct.

Champion. A splendid new American variety; fruit very large and handsome; flesh tender, with a very delicate flavour; a splendid keeper, and carries well.

Fuller. A regular bearer and strong grower; fruit ripens early, large size, bright lemon yellow, high flavour.

Large Orange. Somewhat resembling Apple Shaped, but uniformly larger, and with a slight neck.

Missouri Mammoth. Fruit enormous size, of very even outline, mild, pleasant flavour, and unsurpassed for cooking.

Pear Shaped. Skin pale yellow; flesh very firm in texture, and not so bright in color when cooked as some varieties.

Pineapple. The name comes from its flavour, which is suggestive of Pineapple.

Portugal. The largest of all Quinces. For stewing it is unrivalled, turning a deep rich crimson; oblong; skin much paler yellow than any other.

Reas Mammoth. Of similar appearance to the Orange Quince, but averaging one-third larger; fruit round, very smooth and handsome; a very early bearer; flesh tender, mild.

Van Deman. Raised by Burbank, and was awarded the Wilder Medal at the meeting of the American Pomological Society; a seedling of Portugal.

Before closing Catalogue

Just look over our
1905 Novelty List
And Read the
Inset about the
Gerbera Jamesoni.

SEARL and SONS, 86 King Street

Small or Berry Fruits

CURRANTS.

In order to produce very large Red and White Currants, the plants should be cut in closely, *i.e.*, the young wood should be shortened every year to six or nine inches, so that the plants, when pruned, are like the stool in an osier bed. Black Currants do not require this treatment, bearing freely on the young wood. Price, **7s**. per doz. ; **40s**. per 100.

RED AND WHITE CURRANTS.

Himalayan. Very large, black, round ; foliage very handsome,

La Versailles. A very free-growing, productive variety of the finest flavour ; fruit of the largest size, deep dark red.

Red Imperial. A new variety of great merit ; fruit large, bright, clear red ; bunches early.

White Dutch. Of a fine yellowish white color, almost transparent ; very productive.

White Imperial. Fruit as large as White Dutch ; clearer.

White Transparent. Fruit very large, yellowish white, very clear.

BLACK CURRANTS.

Black Naples. Berries nearly three-quarters of an inch in diameter.

Carter's Black Champion. The bunches are large, produced in clusters; berries very large, jet black, and richly flavoured.

ELŒAGNUS LONGIPES.

Perfectly hardy. The fruit is produced along the whole length of the branches, is oval in shape, about one-half inch long, of a deep orange-red color. Price, **1s. 6d**. each.

BLACKBERRIES, &c.

Japanese Wineberry. The fruit is similar to raspberry in shape, color being bright glossy scarlet ; sweet, juicy, and of agreeable flavour. **1s.** each or **10s.** per doz.

Lawton. Medium size, black, early, habit upright. **1s.** each or **10s.** per doz.

Mammoth (new). This is, without doubt, the very best thing in the way of Blackberries we have ever seen ; ripens October, November and right on to March, in clusters of magnificent dark red berries. **1s. 6d.** each ; **15s.** per doz.

The Logan Berry. The fruit is sometimes an inch and a quarter long, the shape of a blackberry, the color of a dark red raspberry, and a combination of the flavours of both. **1s. 6d.** each or **15s.** per doz.

Wilson's Early. Large black fruit soft and sweet. **1s** each or **10s.** per doz.

GOOSEBERRIES.

Standard Sorts.

Price **1s.** each ; **9s.** per doz. ; **50s.** per 100.

RASPBERRIES.

A really useful fruit, and of easy cultivation. Price, **3s.** per doz. ; **20s.** per 100.

Antwerp Red. Large and fine flavour.

Antwerp White. Large, mild, sweet flavour.

Cuthbert (Queen of the Market). A sturdy grower, not requiring tying or staking.

Golden Queen. Abundant bearer, and producing fruit of the largest size.

Northumberland Fillbasket. Deep red, good size and flavour.

STRAWBERRIES.

The most suitable soil is a deep rich loam or even clay, deeply dug and and enriched with strong manure. Plant in rows two feet apart each way, and keep ground constantly stirred, cutting off all runners, as they appear at least three times a year. Before the fruit ripens a layer of straw should be placed between the rows. Price, **1s.** per doz., **5s.** per 100, except where otherwise marked. Special quotations per 1000.

British Queen. An old variety of undoubted merit.

Captain. The fruit is very large and handsome, of splendid flavour, and enormously prolific.

Crescent Seedling. Hardy, of splendid color, an enormous bearer ; suitable for market and unequalled for home use.

Edith. A fine bearer ; very hardy.

Federation. One of the largest Strawberries in cultivation ; sure cropper, and very hardy ; will stand the drought better than any other variety ; color, very bright red ; flesh white and of good flavour. **6s.** per 100.

Glenfield Beauty. Fruit produced in bunches, rich flavour and color ; free grower ; excellent. **6s.** per 100.

Jesmond. An established favorite, of great merit ; excellent flavour.

Keen's Seedling. Good flavour ; very hardy.

My Favourite. An A1 variety ; a good bearer, producing fine fruit ; does well in dry districts where other sorts fail.

Mammoth. Somewhat similar to Marguerite, but of superior flavour.

Noble (Laxton's). We have over 50 varieties in fruit, and we find none will withstand our hot summer like Noble. Fruit of immense size, roundish, a little flattened ; an enormous bearer ; ripens very early.

Marguerite. Largely grown for market on account of its appearance, size, and prolific-bearing qualities ; fruit large, elongated, shining red.

Pink Prolific. A new variety, which has a great reputation ; listed for the first time by us this season. **6s.** per 100.

Royal Sovereign. In color a bright glossy scarlet, coloring well to the point ; flesh white, exceedingly firm, with a rich vinous flavour. Plant hardy and vigorous, with strong, bold foliage ; in all respects the finest early Strawberry, and has received many awards as the best new Strawberry. **6s.** per 100.

Sharpless. An American variety. Fruit very large, clear bright red, with a shining surface ; flesh very firm and solid, rich and vinous ; a prolific bearer, and stands carriage well. **6s.** per 100.

The Creswell. A magnificent berry, very suited to warm districts, where it is a most prolific cropper. Fruit very large, of a bright glossy red color ; extra strong plants.

Trollope's Victoria. Fruit very large, nearly globular ; skin light crimson ; flesh light scarlet, very juicy, with rich and aromatic flavor ; one of the best.

PARCELS POST RATES

Through the great facility of the Parcels Post we can send Plants and Seeds to the various States with great success. Splendid accounts have reached us of the safe arrival of Roses, Carnations, &c., sent to all parts of Australia.

Destination.	Under 1 lb.	Under 2 lb.	Under 3 lb.	Under 4 lb.	Under 5 lb.	Under 6 lb.	Under 7 lb.	Under 8 lb.	Under 9 lb.	Under 10 lb.	Under 11 lb.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
New South Wales	0 6	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	1 9	2 0	2 3	2 6	2 9	3 0
New Zealand, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, West Australia	0 6	1 2	1 8	2 2	2 8	3 2	3 8	4 2	4 8	5 2	5 8

Farm Calendar for New South Wales.

We have taken the climate of the coastal districts of New South Wales as our basis, but for the colder districts of the State it will be necessary to make allowance for variation of climate; for instance, if the season of any particular district is a month later than that of Sydney, it will only be necessary to take January Calendar as a guide for February sowing, and so on through the year.

JANUARY.—Sow Maize for grain crop, Field Turnips, Field Cabbage, Buckwheat for green crop, Johnson Grass (late sowing), Rape (for autumn sheep feed), Soja Beans for Green fodder (late sowing), and Thousand Headed Kale (late sowing).

FEBRUARY.—Sow Field Cabbage (late sowing). Field Turnips, Carrots (if previous sowing failed), Rape (for autumn sheep feed), Buckwheat. Cape and Skinless Barley for green fodder, Maize for green crop, Parsnip as field crop, and Thousand Headed Kale.

MARCH.—Sow Broad-leaved Lucerne, Rape for autumn sheep feed, Rye, Prairie, and Cocksfoot Grasses, and Clovers for pasture; Burnett Grass for green fodder; Buckwheat; Black or Golden Tares alone or mixed with Oats, Barley, or Rye; sow Oats, Cape and Skinless Barley, Rye, and Scarlet Clover separately for green crop; Carrot (if former sowing a failure).

ALL OUR PACKET SEEDS are Post Free everywhere.

APRIL.—Sow Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for grain and green crop, Cape and Skinless Barley and Scarlet Clover for green crops, Rye for grain and green fodder, Horse Beans and Field Peas, Rape for winter crop, Black and Golden Tares for green fodder (alone or mixed with Oats, Barley, or Rye, Broad-leaved Lucerne, Cocksfoot, Prairie, and Ryegrass, and Clovers for pasture, Burnett Grass, Sainfoin.

MAY.—For winter feed sow Rape; for late crop Field Beans and Peas; Black and Golden Tares for green fodder, separately or mixed with Oats, Barley, or Rye; Broad-leaved Lucerne, Rye Grass, Prairie Grass, and Cocksfoot Grass, Clovers for permanent pasture; Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for grain and green crop, Barley (Cape and English) for grain, Cape and Skinless Barley for green crop, Rye for grain and green fodder, Scarlet Clover for green crop, Onions (broadcast or in drills).

JUNE.—Sow Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for grain and green crop, Barley (Cape and English) for grain, Cape and Skinless Barley for green crop, Rye for grain and green crop, Onions (broadcast or in drills); for late crop Field Beans, Peas, Field Cabbage to be transplanted August or September; also Field Peas, Rape for winter crop.

JULY.—Sow Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for late crop and green stuff (late districts), Barley (Cape and English) for grain, Cape and English and Skinless Barley for green fodder, Rye for green crop; Tobacco in seed bed, planting out in October; Onions, Rape for winter crop.

AUGUST.—Sow Grass Seeds and Clovers and Broad-leaved Lucerne, if favourable season; Chicory, Field Pumpkin, Onions (broadcast or in drills) in the colder districts; Oats for green fodder (late districts), Barley (Cape, Skinless, and English) for grain, Rye for green stuff; plant Sugar Beet, Potatoes, Sunflower for fowl feed, and Rape for winter green crop; sheep and cattle are very partial to it.

SEPTEMBER. Sow Field Carrot, Cattle Melon, and Chicory; Buckwheat late in month; for green fodder, Johnson Grass, Amber Cane, Planters' Friend, Sorghum and Hungarian Millet; Maize for seed crop and green fodder; Field Pumpkin, Mangel, Sugar Beet, Sunflower, Cocksfoot, Rye Grass, and Prairie Grass and Clovers, and Broad-leaved Lucerne, if favourable season; also Couch Grass; Cow Pea for green crop or manure.

OCTOBER.—Sow Broad-leaved Lucerne, if favourable season, and Couch Grass; Soja Beans for pulse, Teosinte, Sunflower Seed for poultry feed; Cow Pea, Cattle Melon, and Pumpkin. Don't fail to sow Amber Cane, Planters' Friend, Sorghum, Pearl Millet, Broom Millet, Johnson Grass, Hungarian Millet, Maize, and Buckwheat, all for green fodder.

Pretty YOKO MATS from 10D. each

NOVEMBER.—Sow Planters' Friend, Amber Cane, Buckwheat, Sorghum, Johnson Grass, Hungarian Millet, Pearl Millet for green stuff; Maize for seed crop and green fodder, Pie Melon, Field Pumpkin, Soja Beans for pulse, Sunflower for poultry feed, Cow Peas for green crop and green manuring.

DECEMBER.—Sow for green fodder Johnson Grass and Hungarian Millet, Buckwheat, Amber Cane, Planters' Friend, Sorghum, Broom Millet; Maize for seed crop and green fodder, Soja Beans for green crop. If weather favourable, sow Purple Top Swede; one of the best root crops, yields enormously.

Searls' Sovereign Farm Seeds

We require two days' notice to despatch Agricultural and Farm Seeds. We give NO GUARANTEE.

We do not pay Carriage on Agricultural and Farm Seeds.

Alsike Clover. A heavy-yielding and excellent Clover, but requires a moist situation. Sow in September, if the land is moist, otherwise March or April; 5 to 6 lbs. of seed for mixing with pasture grasses will be sufficient.——**1s. 6d.** per lb.

Buckwheat.

SILVER HULLED. Matures earlier than the old common variety; is longer in bloom, and yields larger crop.——**9s.** per bushel.

JAPANESE. Matures a fortnight earlier than the Silver Hulled, is as heavy a cropper, and possesses all its good qualities.——**10s.** per bushel.

CULTURE.—A fast-growing fodder plant, can be sown for succession from end of September to March, giving a heavy crop in a few weeks, in the absence of frost. Very attractive to bees, and the flowers yield honey freely. Poultry are fond of the seed, and the straw is valuable for pig food. Prefers alluvial, but will succeed on average land, well drained and worked. Sow the seed 4 to 5 pecks broadcast, and 1½ to 2 pecks in drills, per acre, and then lightly roll the surface.

Cattle Pumpkin.

MAMMOTH——**5s.** per lb. GRAMMA——**6s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—The month to sow is October, though it is frequently sown earlier, or even later should the weather be unfavourable. Manure should be distributed near and over the surface, and dug in. The holes where the seeds are sown should be well prepared and manured also, and only 3 or 4 plants be allowed to remain in each of the hills, which should be 3 to 6 yards apart. One pound of seed will sow an acre.

Cattle Cabbage, Large Drumhead.——**4s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—To furnish plants for transplanting into the field in August or September, sow in June in seed beds of poor soil. Sowings can also be made in January or February, but June is the best month. One pound of seed will give plants for one acre. Land must be strong, rich, and well worked, and any ordinary manure can be used in large quantities. Bone dust, at the rate of 3 to 4 cwt. per acre.

Cattle Melon. Excellent food for cattle and pigs.——**5s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Dig deeply or trench the ground, add farmyard or artificial manure abundantly; plant in hills 3 to 4 yards apart, and sow a few seeds in each hill, September or October are the best months to sow, but later plantings may be made in favourable seasons. Half-pound of seed will sow an acre.

Chicory, Large Rooted. Grown as a field crop; roots used, when roasted, for mixture with Coffee. Perennial plant with large blue flowers.——**2s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—As a root crop, Chicory should be grown in drills 18 inches apart and about an inch deep, the seedlings to be thinned to 9 inches apart in rows. A loamy or sandy soil is most suitable. Stable manure must not be used at time of sowing, but if the ground is not in sufficient heart, guano or bone dust may be applied. Keep ground free from weeds until the foliage overshadows it. Sow during August and September. Five pounds of seed is ample for an acre.

Crested Dogstail. A valuable grass for sheep pastures; forms a compact turf, resisting drought. Good lawn grass, but not strong-growing enough for cutting as fodder. Its chief value is for permanent pastures.——**2s.** per lb.

As prices for Agricultural and Farm Seeds fluctuate, we impress that we are not bound by these prices.

FARM SEEDS—Continued. **Prices Fluctuate.**

Cocksfoot Grass. Produces heavy crops, greedily eaten by all kinds of stock; can be either depastured or cut for hay; grows rapidly after cutting or grazing, and flourishes on various soils and situations. Grows best in the cooler districts of the State. Two bushels to an acre.——**10s.** per bushel.

Cow Pea or Catiang Bean (Viga Catiang). The Cow Pea produces large crops of fodder during dry seasons, and stock are fond of it, and land which is poor or worn-out cannot be better manured than by digging in a crop of the Cow Pea.——**3d.** per lb.

White. Black eye.
Clay Colored. Light shade of brick-red.
Black. Same size as others, perfectly black.
Whip-poor-Will. Speckled liver color.

CULTURE.—Spring is the time to sow, and if the crop is intended for green feed, sow in drills 2½ to 3 feet wide, and thinning the plants to 1 foot apart in the drills. About 10 lbs. of seed will sow an acre in this way, but for green manuring about 40 lbs. should be sown broadcast, and the crop ploughed down as soon as the seed pods have formed. For this purpose it can be sown during early summer.

Dwarf Essex Sowing Rape.——**4d.** per lb.; **28s.** per cwt. Special price for large lots.

RAPE AS A GREEN CROP.—Rape is one of the best rotation crops for the Australian farmer, and can be grown on any soil suitable for root crops. There is no better green crop for putting value on sheep or lambs for market. Land should be prepared for rape by ploughing well during the winter, and exposing it to the action of the atmosphere; the land should then be cross-ploughed, harrowed, and worked to a fine surface by January; when sown broadcast, from 5 to 7lb. is used per acre. Rape can also be grown for green manure, and if ploughed under as soon as the plants have made a strong growth makes an excellent manure for barley and wheat, and will clean and refresh the soil. For sheep feed the seed should be drilled the same as for turnips; sow 3 to 4 lbs. per acre, and when the seed comes too thick, thin the young plants like turnips, and cultivate the crop in a similar manner. Sheep must not be turned in until the crop is full grown.

Fresh Plants

DAILY AT 86 KING STREET, SYDNEY

We re-stock daily at our City Depot plants of seasonable flowering Annuals, so that our city customers may get them perfectly fresh. They are sent to King Street in boxes filled with soil, and are thus kept perfectly fresh up to the moment you purchase them.

All our Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce, Herb, and other Culinary Plants, are offered to you under the same healthy conditions.

We feel sure that this mode of handling our plant business will help you to better results in your garden.

Searl and Sons

Florists and Nurserymen

Evergreen Meadow Grass. Stands drought well; suitable for lawn mixtures for cooler districts. — **2s.** per lb.

Field Carrot. Large Red Altringham. Long Red Surrey.——**3s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Prefers deeply tilled land of a light loamy or sandy description. Choose land in good heart, and never use stable manure when putting in this crop. Four pounds will sow an acre in drills. Sow during September. Sowing may be made in February or March, will give a fair return, though not equal to the September sowing.

Field Horse Bean (Heligoland or Tick).— **5s.** to **6s.** per bushel.

CULTURE.—Plough deeply and work well; a good strong soil or even clay is preferable to light or sandy soil. April is the best month to sow, later sowing can be made in May, June, or July. One bushel will sow an acre in drills 2 to 3 feet apart; the earlier sowing grow more vigorously and require less seed.

Field Pea. A valuable horse or pig feed, and both seed and straw are serviceable.
Partridge or Grey, **6s.** bushel. Large Blue, **10s.** bushel.

CULTURE.—If well drained and deeply ploughed, any fair loamy strong soil, or a sandy loam, will suit this crop; and the land need not be very rich, as a strong haulm is not desirable. The seed can either be sown in drills or broadcast. Sow in April, May, or June. 1½ to 2 bushels per acre.

Florida Velvet Bean. Stock are very fond of it, either as green fodder or when matured and the Beans are dry. It will do well on poor land, drawing its nourishment largely from the air, and has a very beneficial effect on the soil as a fertiliser.——**6d.** per lb. Special price for quantity.

CULTURE.—Sow in the spring in hills 4 feet apart, and the same distance between the rows, two or three beans in each hill. 15 lb. to 20 lb. will sow an acre.

Guinea Grass. It likes a rather moist situation, and should be cut when young and tender. Cattle and horses eat it greedily. It can be cut several times during the year.———**2s. 6d.** per lb.

Hard Fescue. A taller variety and a good pasture grass for soil of light nature. Not advised for heavy land, but on suitable soils, though by no means fertile, it is both productive and nutritious. **1s.** per lb.

Italian Rye Grass. This is an excellent grass to grow for green fodder for dairying purposes. On rich, moist soil it will yield three or four heavy cuttings in a year. It is only a biennial, however, and not suitable for permanent pasture. Two bushels will sow an acre. ——**5s. 6d.** per bushel.

Johnson Grass (or Evergreen Millet) (Sorghum halepense). ——**1s. 6d.** per lb.; **1s. 3o.** per 28 lbs. Special quotations for large parcels.

CULTURE.—A splendid fodder plant, it is in reality a Millet, and has proved invaluable during periods of drought. It spreads rapidly even on poor land, its runners sending up a shoot at every joint. Its remarkable adaptability to all sorts of soil, and its resistance to drought render it most valuable. It can be cut three times a year, and it will give 5 tons of hay per acre. The best time to cut it for that purpose is when the plant comes into bloom. Sow and cover lightly 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Sow during spring; it will not stand frost.

Lucerne. Quotations for large parcels at any time on application.—— **1s.** per lb. retail.

Every dairy or home-farm and station should have its Lucerne paddock, and if the small selector is wise, he will make his first care to sow a small paddock of this invaluable crop on the best land he has, being careful that the soil is thoroughly well worked. The land intended for it must be well and deeply tilled, and deep alluvial soil is most suitable, although any well-worked average land will produce fine crops. Sow, in drills, about 10 lbs., and broadcast about 15 lbs. of seed to the acre. March and April are good months.

Mangel Wurzel (or Mangold). This most valuable root crop should be visible on every dairy farm. It greatly adds to the quality of milk, and can be stored for many months if required; useful for feeding cows and pigs. The Long Red and Yellow Globe are the varieties most esteemed.——**1s. 6d.** per lb.; post free, **2s.**

Long Red. The best variety for deep, well-worked rich land.
Yellow Globe. Most suitable for shallow soils; keeps well.

CULTURE.—Good, deeply-worked soil will produce the heaviest crops; plough deeply twice; scarify, roll, and harrow lightly. Sow in drills 4 feet apart, and thin to 12 to 18 inches between each plant; 3 to 4 lbs. of seed is sufficient for an acre, soak seed in warm water for 24 hours to hasten germination. August and September are the best months.

Meadow Fescue. A splendid grass for permanent pasture on all good fairly moist soils. Its leaves are succulent and tender, and it never forms rank tufts. Cattle like it. —— **1s.** per lb.

Meadow Foxtail.—A dwarf, spreading habit renders it valuable for grazing purposes. Does not come to full maturity until the second year after sowing, and should only be used in permanent pasture mixtures.——**1s. 6d.** per lb.

FARM SEEDS—Continued.

Native Trefoil. Produces during good seasons large amount of feed; sheep are very fond of this plant. Closely allied to the well-known Lucerne.——**1s.** per lb.

Onion, as a "Field Crop." Farmers should not permit Victoria and other States to almost exclusively supply this market, as, given a good season, the returns are large, and it is seldom that rates ruling in Sydney markets fall below a good payable price.

	s.	d.
Brown Spanish .. .. per lb.	5	0
Brown Globe .. .. ,,	5	0
Extra Early Flat Red .. .. .. ,,	6	0
Extra Early Yellow Globe .. .. ,,	6	0
Silver Queen .. .. ,,	7	0
Silver King .. .. ,,	7	0
Silver Skin Pickling .. .. .. ,,	7	0

CULTURE.—Use a good, rich, well-worked soil, made solid and compact, before and after sowing, by the roller. Cover seed as lightly as possible, only pressing it in with the roller. This secures the proper position of the bulbs above ground. On weedy land drill or sow in rows; drop grains of barley along the line, a foot apart, so that the rows may be distinguished and loss of plants prevented in using hoe. Barley should be pulled up when it has served its purpose. To produce large-sized Onions, the seed should be sown in prepared beds in April, and when grown enough to handle, transplant in rows 2 feet apart, and 9 inches apart in the rows. Sow for the main crop of Onions in August, in the colder parts of the State, warmer parts in May, June, and July, according to situation.

Sow in Drills, with machine ..	4 lbs.	seed to the acre, ordinary crop.
,, ,, (open) with hand	8 ,,	,, ,,
,, ,, with machine ..	8 ,,	,, ,, for pickling onions.
,, ,, (open) with hand	15 ,,	,, ,, ,,
Sow Broadcast	20 ,,	,, ,, ,,

Paspalum Dilatatum. Successful in Northern River districts, particularly suitable for pasturing cattle. Is a good winter grass, and stands hot weather admirably, yields bountifully, and will soon spread, as it seeds freely. The seed, being very light, requires careful sowing, at the rate of 2 lbs. per acre mixed with other grasses, or 6 lbs. per acre sown alone. Sow in the spring and early summer.——**1s. 3d.** per lb.; special price for large lots.

ROOTS can be planted nearly all the year round, but the best time is early spring, and right through the summer when they take root and make vigorous growth at once. Plant 5 feet apart each way, and if allowed to seed the first season the intervening ground will soon be covered. **16s.** per 1000, or **2s. 6d.** per 100.

Pearl Millet (Pencilaria Spicata). Whilst young the shoots are prostrate, but afterwards assume an upright habit, and grow 8 to 10 feet. The fodder is much relished by stock, but not so valuable as other varieties; 10 to 12 lbs. will sow an acre broadcast. Sow October and November.——**1s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Plough, harrow, and roll, and lightly harrow a second time before drilling. Sow drills 3 feet apart—Sorghum at the rate of about a peck per acre; Millets rather less. September to December are the best months for sowing.

Perennial Rye Grass. Produces an abundance of fibrous roots, starts very early in spring. Possesses most nutritious qualities, and is relished by all kinds of stock. It bears depasturing well, and will succeed in any average soil. In the cooler districts it thrives admirably, and yields surprising results. Seed from old pastures should be insisted on. Two bushels will sow an acre.——**5s.** to **6s.** per bushel.

Poverty Bay Perennial Rye Grass. The best variety of this fine grass, so suitable for the cooler districts. It is more vigorous in growth than any other strain and yields a much larger amount of herbage.——**6s. 6d.** to **7s. 6d.** per bushel.

Prairie Grass. A very early Spring Grass, growing very rapidly at that season, and continues to yield a fair amount of herbage throughout the autumn and winter in favourable seasons. It seeds very freely, and soon spreads by self-sowing. A nutritious fodder and pasture grass; Will afford five or six cuttings in the year. It will give the best results on rich, moist land, but will do fairly on any soil. Two to three bushels will sow an acre.——**5s.** per bushel.

Red or Creeping Fescue. Another variety of Sheep's Fescue, spreading or creeping roots, making it a desirable grass for binding loose, sandy soils, or light soils liable to occasional floods.——**1s.** per lb.

Red Perennial Clover, or Cow Grass. Has splendid fattening qualities, and should be in every pasture mixture sown in the cooler districts; makes fine hay. It is a biennial, but when grazed under favourable conditions of soil and climate, assumes the character of a perennial. Sow in autumn, 2 lbs. only when included in pasture mixtures.——**1s. 6d.** per lb.; a parcel of 20 lbs., **1s. 3d.** per lb.

Rib Grass. When moisture is abundant the Rib Grass yields an enormous amount of rich herbage. Sow with grasses 2 or 3 lbs., or 20 lbs. if alone.— **6d.** per lb.

Red Top Grass. A splendid heavy cropping grass, making splendid hay or chaff, and growing to a height of 3 feet. Stands drought well, but dies down during frosty weather, to grow again strongly in the spring or summer; suits warmer parts of the State. Sow in the spring, at the rate of 2 lbs. to 3 lbs., mixed with other grasses; 12 lbs. if sown alone for hay.——**4s.** per lb.

Rough-Stalked Meadow Grass. Suitable for pastures, and relished by stock. All meadow grasses prefer light soils, may be sown any time during the autumn or spring, when the soil is in suitable condition and weather favourable.——**1s. 9d.** per lb.

Rye (the Old English Rye).——**5s.** to **6s.** per bushel.

CULTURE.—This excellent forage plant will grow on poor or rich land, can be sown alone or with tares, and yields most nutritious green fodder. It gives good straw, straight and strong. Sow from March to July, broadcast; 1 bushel per acre.

Sainfoin (or Esparcette)——**1s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Particularly suited to our dry climate, and with an occasional dressing of manure will maintain its vigour for eight or ten years. A rather light soil, deeply worked and well drained, is most suited for it. Sow the seed broadcast at the rate of 40 lbs. per acre. Sow March and April.

Scarlet Clover. Excellent for a green crop, of fine quality; large yield, quick growth, and relished by all kinds of stock. If sown on grazing land, care must be taken that it is kept fed down, as if eaten by stock when in flower it has an injurious effect. Sow 20 lbs. per acre.——**9d.** per lb.

Sheep Burnet.——**1s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—This forage plant is a perennial, and is specially adapted for poor, arid soils which would not grow Lucerne, and produces most nutritious feed for sheep and cattle. Burnet can be sown alone, or with grass seeds for hay or pasture. Sow in March and April broadcast, at the rate of 30 to 40 lbs. per acre; 5 to 6 lbs. when mixed with grass seeds.

Sheep's Fescue. A very hardy pasture grass, most suitable for sowing on the tablelands of the State; will grow luxuriantly even on poor land. It stands a dry season fairly well, is relished by stock, and is suitable for a lawn grass in cooler districts.——**1s.** per lb.

Smooth-Stalked Meadow Grass *(Poa Pratensis)* (Kentucky Blue Grass). A good pasture grass; suits the coast and cool districts, and will thrive in poor land. It forms a thick turf, and prefers sandy loam. One of the very best herbage grasses in cultivation.——**1s.** per lb.

Soja Bean (Var. Soja d'Etampes).——**1s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Cut when in flower it makes excellent hay, and forms a fine green fodder. Sow broadcast, at the rate of about 7 lbs. per acre, from October to January.

Sorghums and Millets. Most useful forage plants; produce enormous crops on any well-worked average soil during the hottest months, and on rich alluvial land yield enormous crops. Can either be cut green for fodder or ensilage, or ripened and cut into chaff. Quotations on application.

Amber Sugar Cane	Kaffir Corn
Sorghum Saccharatum	Broom Millet
Planter's Friend	Hungarian Millet

Sunflower.——**1s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Seed makes excellent poultry food. Sow August to November in drills 3 to 4 feet apart, and thin same distance between each plant; 7 lbs. of seed per acre.

Sugar Beet. From this root nearly all sugar is made not produced from cane; roots make excellent feed for dairy cattle and pigs, heavy crops.——**1s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Much the same as that of Mangel Wurzel, but plants should stand closer in the rows, 4 to 6 inches, as it is not desirable to have large roots for sugar making.

Sweet-Scented Vernal Grass. This perennial grass is liked on account of the perfume it imparts to meadow hay. As it starts early, it is a useful grass in pastures where the land is of a moist character. A pound or two should be added to all permanent pasture mixtures. ——**1s. 6d.** per lb.

Swede and other Field Turnips.——**2s.** per lb.; post free, **2s. 6d.**

Imperial Purple Top Swede.—Splendid heavy Swede; fine shape, excellent quality, and keeps well. For several years this splendid variety has been awarded the premier position.

Skirving's Purple Top Swede.—Heavy cropper and a well-known variety.

CULTURE.—Any rich, strong land will produce fine Turnips if well ploughed, harrowed and rolled. The best time to sow Swedes is January or February. Sow in drills 4 feet apart, and thin the plants to 18 inches apart; 2 to 3 lbs. of seed will sow an acre.

FARM SEEDS—Continued.

Tagosaste. This is a hard wooded tree scrub 16 to 18 feet high. A valuable forage plant, which stock are fond of—bees are fond of its flowers. Valuable in hot, dry districts, as it roots deeply.——**4s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Sow in the autumn and spring on sandy poor land, and thin out the plants to 10 or 13 feet apart.

Tares (or Vetches). — **9s.** per bushel. Special prices for large lots.

LARGE BLACK. GOLDEN.

CULTURE.—Valuable for hay or green fodder. Prefers a strong, well-worked soil, and will even grow in clayey ground during moist seasons if well manured. On average land one ploughing will be sufficient; roll the ground after sowing. Sow in March, April, and May, with barley or rye; tares yield an immense amount of forage. It may be preserved like other green crops. It is also a good crop for ploughing in; may be sown broadcast at a bushel or a bushel and a half to the acre with half or a whole bushel of rye or barley. The latter keeps the tares off the ground, and helps to a heavier crop.

Teosinte.——**5s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—It suits only the warmer districts of this State and Queensland. Resembles maize in appearance, but sends up a great number of shoots, and yields an enormous weight of forage. When it has reached a height of 3 or 4 feet will, if cut for fodder, give 3 or 4 cuttings; but, if allowed to grow 12 feet, cattle will only eat the tops. Sow October and November.

Thousand-Headed Kale. Yields immense quantities of green food; grows 4 to 5 feet high, and can be fed down two or three times. This plant does not impoverish the land to any great extent, and does not cause lambs or sheep to scour or blow.——**3s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—To furnish plants for transplanting, sow in June in seed beds of poor soil; may sow also in January or February, but June is the best month for Thousand-Headed Kale required during winter and early spring. One pound of seed will give plants for one acre if raised in a seed bed and planted out—or sow in drills 2 to 3 lb. per acre, thinning where required. Land must be strong, rich, and well worked, and horse, cow, or pig manure may be used in large quantities. Bone dust at the rate of 3 to 4 cwt. per acre will not be too liberal a dressing where farmyard manures are not available.

Timothy. In good soil yields splendid crops of fodder, while in poor soil it is productive sown with other grasses for grazing. A very productive and nutritious grass, suitable for hay, green fodder, or as one of the grasses in permanent pasture mixtures. Sow in autumn or spring.——**9d.** per lb.

Tobacco.——**2s.** per oz.

CULTURE.—Rich land should be chosen; a sandy loam suits it best. Sow in a seed bed in a sheltered position during July and August, planting out when strong enough in October. Mixing with sand when sowing secures a more even distribution. One ounce will produce sufficient plants for an acre.

Trefoil Yellow Clover. Not so valuable as Red or White Clover, but it is hardy for sheep pasture, and very useful in the colder districts; is difficult to eradicate.——**1s.** per lb.

..TO..

Bazaar Promoters

LADIES' and gentlemen who take special interest in the conduct of Bazaars or Fetes for charitable or other purposes are respectfully informed that we supply

FERNS and OTHER PLANTS

with **YoKo Mats** if desired, at prices which insure their READY SALE after having done service in the ornamentation of the Bazaar.

White Clover. Valuable in pastures, either for dairying or fattening, and will thrive on comparatively poor land. In dry and hot weather the herbage withers, but again makes vigorous growth in the spring. Sow February to May; 2 to 4 lbs. will be sufficient for an acre if mixed with grasses.——**1s. 6d.** per lb.; a parcel of 20 lbs., **1s. 3d.** per lb.

Wood Meadow Grass. Valuable for sowing on natural pastures in country shaded by timber; also grows well in open country; nutritious; not remarkable for abundance; desirable for pasture mixtures.——**2s.** per lb.

Yarrow. Valuable for sheep when mixed with common pasture grasses; does well in dry soils; 2 lbs. of seed per acre in mixture.——**3s. 6d.** per lb.

LAWN GRASS SEEDS

Couch Grass.

DOOB GRASS OF INDIA
BERMUDA GRASS OF AMERICA } Use 10 lbs. per acre.

In dry seasons this grass is invaluable; esteemed as pasture grass, possessing flesh-forming properties. It will grow during the hot months of summer, and start into fresh green growth after rain. Its long shoots soon cover the surface of the land, rooting at every joint.

For a lawn or bowling green this is without doubt the most suitable grass for the coastal and warmer districts.——**1s. 6d.** per lb (Special prices for large lots.)

LAWNS OF COUCH GRASS can be made either by turfing or by chopping up the roots into short pieces of about 2 or 3 inches, and planting them in rows about 6 inches apart, covering them right over. A lawn or bowling green can be kept in good order only by constant care, and must be cut regularly. The grass must be top-dressed once a year, and thoroughly watered during hot or dry weather. Lawns and greens can be formed with Couch Grass from seed if sown at the proper season at the rate of about 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Sow August, September, or October. — **1s. 6d.** per lb.

Lawn Grass.—For the cooler districts of the State.—**1s. 6d.** per lb.; **25s.** per bushel of 20 lbs.

Our extensive experience guides us in the selection and proportioning of Grass Seeds suitable for lawns. We can confidently recommend our seed as being free from weeds and coarse grasses, and such as will give satisfaction; but as this mixture is exclusively made up of English grasses it is more particularly suitable to the cooler regions. The seed should be sown liberally, and the grass should be regularly cut and watered during dry, hot weather. Sow at the rate of 40 to 50 lbs. per acre.

Buffalo Grass (Roots only).—Should be planted about 1 to feet apart, according to the size of the roots; cut up roots into pieces with two or three joints, or plant in clumps and allow space to cover when they begin to run; once established, it makes rapid progress. After planting, top-dress with manure, and water regularly until the roots begin to grow.——Roots, **2s. 6d.** per 100.

Australian Salt-Bush.—An effectual drought-resisting plant.——**5s.** per lb.

SEED GRAIN

Seed Wheat.

PURPLE STRAW. STEINWEDEL'S. SPRING (ALLORA).

We quote for these and other varieties when reliable stocks are procurable.

Seed Oats.—Write for prices.

WHITE TARTARIAN. BLACK TARTARIAN. ALGERIAN.

Seed Barley.—Write for prices.

CAPE. SKINLESS (for Green Stuff.)

Seed Maize.—When possible, the Maizes we supply will be selected cobs, topped and tailed. We quote for large or small lots.

GOLDEN KING. A first-class variety.

NINETY-DAY. In large demand for green fodder.

CULTURE.—A rich, chocolate soil, not too sandy, is best for a maize crop. Plough deeply, roll, and pass a light harrow over it before planting. Sow 15 to 16 lbs. for seed crop in drills 3 ft. to 4 ft 6 in. apart. For a green crop sow broadcast—say a bushel per acre, or ¼-bushel in drills. Ninety-Day is best for that purpose. Keep land well scarified between rows, especially during dry weather; destroy weeds, sow end of September to end of year.

HORTICULTURAL SUNDRIES

Budding Knives.—We offer the best makes of the above. Price, **2/6** and **3/-**

Carnation Bands.—For preventing the calyx from bursting. **2**d. per doz.

Cuffs (Ladies' Basket).—Splendid for protecting the sleeves. **3**d. per pair.

Faultless Sprayer.—For spraying Insecticides on various plants. Keep plunger well oiled, wash out reservoir with hot water and thoroughly dry before laying away. **6/-** each, carriage extra.

FLOWER POTS and SAUCERS.

Pots.

3 inch	... ...	**1/-** per doz.
4 ,,	... ...	**1/3** ,,
5 ,,	... ...	**2/-** ,,
6 ,,	... ...	**2/6** ,,
7 ,,	... ...	**3/6** ,,
8 ,,	... ...	**6/-** ,,
9 ,,	... ...	**9/-** ,,
10 ,,	... ...	**12/-** ,,
12 ,,	... ...	**18/-** ,,

Saucers.

5 inch	... ...	**1/3** per doz.
6 ,,	... ...	**1/9** ,,
7 ,,	... ...	**2/9** ,,
8 ,,	... ...	**4/-** ,,
9 ,,	... ...	**4/6** ,,
10 ,,	... ...	**6/-** ,,
12 ,,	... ...	**8/-** ,,

Although we use every care in packing the above, we accept no responsibility whatever in regard to breakages.

Garden Forks, 1/- and **1/6**

Gardening Gloves.—Colonial made, extra good from **2/-** per pair. Colours assorted.

Garden Lines.—We can supply these if required. **1/9** each.

Garden Trowels, 1/- and **1/6**

Gent's Gauntlets.—Imported, strong leather, splendid for hedge cutting. **4/-** per pair.

Gishurst Compound.—A very efficacious dressing for the destruction of aphis, green fly, red spider and thrips; also for dressing apple trees infested with blight or other insects; and is death to the pests of the orange tree—scale and cocus. In boxes 1 lb, **1/6**; 3 lb., **4/6**.

Hanging Wire Baskets.—For growing ferns.

8 inch	... ...	**8**d. each
10 ,,	... ...	**10**d. ,,
12 ,,	... ...	**1/-** ,,

Hemp.—A splendid coarse soft twine for tying up plants and shrubs. Balls **6**d. each.

Hyacinth Glasses.—For growing and flowering Hyacinth Bulbs in water. Various colours. **9**d. each, **7/6** per doz.

Indelible Black Pencils.—Only suitable for writing wooden labels. **4**d. each.

Indelible Ink.—For writing only on zinc labels. In bottles, **9**d. each.

Kuolo.—Certain death to slugs, snails, etc. **1/-** per tin and directions.

Nikoteen.—In bottles sufficient to make 5 gallons wash, **1/3**; 10 gallons, **2/6**; 20 gallons, **3/6**. Certain death to aphis, scale and all other insect pests; harmless to plant life. This has proved itself to be the best remedy yet introduced. Directions on each bottle.

Potting Soil, 2/6 per bushel.

Powder Distributors.—A cheap and effective way of distributing insecticide for small use; cannot be excelled. **6**d. each.

Pruning Knives—We keep only the best. Price, **2/6** and **3/-**

Raffia Fibre.—Imported. The most popular tying material known to horticulturists. We recommend damping before using. Very strong. **1/3** per lb., **8**d. per ½-lb. Special prices for large parcels.

Seccateurs.—Prices, **3/-**, **3/6** and **4/6**

Silver Sand, 2/6 per bushel.

Slug Guards.—Made of perforated zinc, for putting over and protecting young plants. **4/6** per doz.

Shirley's Garden Fertiliser.

Specially prepared for us.

For vegetables and flowers this manure is a fertiliser of a very high class, containing potash, lime, nitrogen and phosphoric acid in the proportions best suited to become the food of plants; can be used either liquid or dry. In tins of about 6 lbs., **1/-**

Sphagnum Moss.—For filling baskets, etc. **5/-** per bushel.

Soluble Fir Tree Oil (Insecticide).—The Cheapest and Best of all Insecticides. Sold in bottles of ½-pint. **2/-** each.

Soft Wood Flower Sticks.—White (Imported).

18 inch,	**1/3**	per 100,	**9**d.	per 50	
24 ,,	**1/9**	,,	**1/-**	,,	
30 ,,	**2/3**	,,	**1/3**	,,	
36 ,,	**2/9**	,,	**1/6**	,,	
42 ,,	**3/9**	,,	**2/-**	,,	
48 ,,	**4/9**	,,	**2/6**	,,	

Stakes—Colonial Hardwood.

	Per 100.	Per 50.	Per doz.
30 in., ½ x ½ ...	**3/-** ...	**1/6** ...	**6**d.
36 ,, ½ x ½ ...	**4/-** ...	**2/-** ...	**7**d.
42 ,, ½ x ½ ...	**5/-** ...	**2/6** ...	**8**d.
48 ,, ⅝ x ⅝ ...	**6/-** ...	**3/-** ...	**1/-**
54 ,, 1 x 1 ...	**8/6** ...	**4/3** ...	**1/3**
60 ,, 1 x 1 ...	**9/-** ...	**4/6** ...	**1/6**
72 ,, 1 x 1 ...	**12/-** ...	**6/-** ...	**2/-**

This is an excellent stake, and can be used for almost any kind of work; nicely pointed and very durable.

Virgin Cork.—Most ornamental, and quite essential for giving a rustic appearance in the bush-house, for covering plant boxes, and various other purposes. **6**d. per lb.

Verge Shears.—The best and strongest kind. **2/-** per pair.

Wood Garden Labels.—Plain.

4 inch,	**8**d.	per bundle of	100
5 ,,	**9**d.	,,	,,
6 ,,	**1/-**	,,	,,
9 ,,	**1/6**	,,	,,
12 ,,	**2/-**	,,	,,

Zinc Labels.—Very strong, can be written on with indelible ink only. For trees and shrubs. Various shapes and sizes. From **2/-** to **4/-** per 100.

FLOWERS

OUR WINDOW is a constant source of pleasure to the public. After our New Dressings it is sometimes very difficult to get a view of the display without looking over someone's shoulder. This is, of course, a very gratifying fact to us, particularly as all the flowers exhibited are the product of

Searls' Sovereign Seeds.

Lovers of flowers make it their pleasure whenever in the city to pay us a visit, knowing that they can always depend on seeing the choicest seasonable flowers, together with floral designs such as only adept hands can produce.

A large staff of lady artists, the majority of whom are experts in their various departments, are busily engaged arranging the beautiful floral designs which carry their silent messages of love, sympathy, etc., to relatives and friends.

FLORAL PACKING.

The care we exercise in packing and despatching Floral Designs and Flowers always ensures satisfaction to our patrons, and the continuous rapid growth of this branch of our business convinces us that our methods of despatching our country orders is giving complete satisfaction.

POST or TELEGRAPH ORDERS.

Executed immediately on receipt. Cash must accompany orders by post from new customers. When remitting always allow extra for special boxes.

All letters, telegrams, etc., should be addressed—

SEARLS', Sydney.

Bridal, Ball and Shower Posies

THE LATEST and NEWEST STYLES.

WE have acquired a reputation for the artistic designing of Bridal and Ball Bouquets, of which we are very proud They are made of the very choicest hot-house Flowers and Ferns, and arranged by artists of large experience, and cannot fail to please. Price, from **10/6** to **63/-**

BRIDAL and BALL POSIES.

Customers who desire less expensive articles of beautiful Flowers and Ferns can be supplied with Posies of Flowers to match dresses, etc. Price, from **5**/- to **21**/-

BRIDESMAIDS' POSIES.

If it is desired that the flowers in these Bouquets should be selected and arranged so as to harmonise with the dresses worn, particulars about the dresses should be sent to us as early as possible, as more time is consumed in their preparation. Price, from **10/6** to **42**/-

PRESENTATION BOUQUETS.

Made up in artistic style and of the choicest flowers, at prices and in sizes suitable for any occasion.

BASKETS OF FLOWERS

Are presents that are always acceptable, and one that can be given on any occasion. We supply them arranged in the most graceful style with the choicest Flowers, Ferns and Coloured Foliage. Price, from **5**/- to **63**/- each.

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Our country clients having friends leaving for Europe can have floral offerings delivered aboard the mail steamers at Sydney, Brisbane, Melbourne, or Adelaide, with their cards attached, bidding them *bon voyage*, etc., which always constitutes a pleasing farewell memento.

Ladies' Dress and Hair Sprays.

In the arrangement of these we use the very choicest flowers, such as Stephanotis, Gardenias, Orchids, Bouvardias, Tea Rosebuds, etc., and the very finest variety of Maiden Hair Ferns, to make them as light and graceful as possible. Price, from **1**/- to **5**/- each.

Funeral Emblems

IN NATURAL FLOWERS.

Orders for Designs required by Public Companies, Masonic and other Institutions, can be prepared on short notice.

ANCHORS and CROSSES.

Our Extra Quality we make up of the very best Flowers and Ferns, and can highly recommend them. Price, from **5**/- to **63**/- each.

WREATHS.

From **3**/**6** to **21**/- each. These are generally kept in stock, and can be despatched immediately on receipt of telegram or letter.

EXTRA QUALITY from **21**/-. The Flowers used are of the very choicest quality, beautifully arranged with Maiden Hair and other graceful Fern, and cannot fail to please.

BOUQUETS, WREATHS, CROSSES, and ALL FLORAL EMBLEMS can be delivered by our London Agent to ANY PART OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, our Cable Code arrangements being very perfect to meet any emergency.

Church Decoration

IN NATURAL FLOWERS.

OUR

Extensive Nurseries

enable us to supply flowers for CHURCH DECORATION at very reasonable prices, all cut with long stalks and plenty of the pretty Foliage and Ferns which are essential for this purpose.

Wedding Bells.

Composed of Cape Flowers, all sizes, from **10**/**6** to **42**/-. Very handsome and effective for Wedding Celebrations.

Pampas and other Grasses.

We hold a stock of these in their respective seasons. They are most effective for general decorative work.

Ladies' Fans.

Artistically mounted with the most suitable Flowers and Ferns.

White or Coloured Flowers.

Made into any device, such as Stars, Maltese Crosses, etc., to order, at moderate prices and with the greatest artistic taste.

Cut Flowers and Ferns

Sent out loosely or arranged in Epergnes, for Table or Church Decoration, etc.

Gent.'s Coat Bouquets.

3d., 6d. and **1**/- each. Composed of Orchids, up to **1**/**6** each.

Shop, looking to King Street.

A Corner of Floral Department, 60 x 40.

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Searl & Sons,

Florists and Nurserymen,

SEARLS' **Sovereign Seeds.**

The Floral Displays in Searls' Windows are principally the product of Searls' Sovereign Seeds and Bulbs.

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